

# $\operatorname{CS}$ 1131-2 - Advanced Programming

Project - Spring 2022

Students: Jana Abu Hantash Sadeem Bin Mahfouz Mawaddah Alagha

Instructor: Akila Sarirete

Date Last Edited: May 15, 2022

# Contents

1		t 1: Introduction
	1.1	Goal and Learning outcomes
2		t 2: Problem Statement and Design
	2.1	UML class diagram
3	Par	t 3: Our Program's Code
	3.1	Book Class
		3.1.1 Book Class Header File
		3.1.2 Implementation of the Book class
	3.2	Club Member Class
		3.2.1 Club Member Class Header File
		3.2.2 Implementation of the clubMember class
	3.3	Books Array Class
		3.3.1 Books Array Class Header File
		3.3.2 Implementation of the Books Array class
	3.4	Members Array Class
		3.4.1 Members Array Class Header File
		3.4.2 Implementation of the Members Array class
	3.5	Ratings Class
		3.5.1 Ratings Class Header File
		3.5.2 Implementation of the rating class
	3.6	Book Club Class
		3.6.1 Book Club Class Header File
		3.6.2 Implementation of the BookClub class
	3.7	View Class
		3.7.1 View Class Header File
		3.7.2 Implementation of the View class
	3.8	Control Class
	0.0	3.8.1 Control Class Header File
		3.8.2 Implementation of the control class
	3.9	TestDriver
		Makefile
4		t 4: Code Execution 2
	4.1	Print all members
	4.2	Print all books
	4.3	Rate a book
	4.4	Print All books rated by members
	4.5	Print best book rated by members
	4.6	Print most rated book by members
	4.7	Delete or Add a book
	4.8	Remove or Add a Member
5	Par	t 4: Conclusion and Reflections
	5.1	Functional Dependencies
	5.2	Conclusion

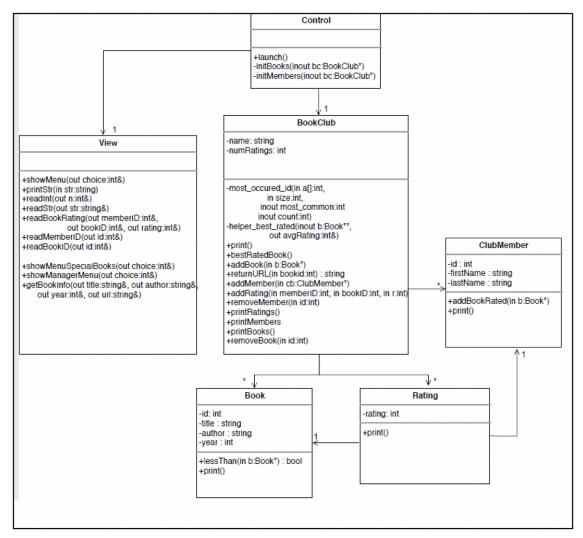
## 1 Part 1: Introduction

## 1.1 Goal and Learning outcomes

We wrote a C++ program to manage the data for a book club with books and club members in this project. We implemented our program using objects from the different classes based on a UML class diagram provided to us by the instructor. This project wasn't easy to implement, but it did help us practice more for c++ codes. We learned more about implementing a design that is given as a UML class diagram, implementing a program separated into control, view, entity, and collection objects, and working with statically allocated and dynamically allocated arrays.

# 2 Part 2: Problem Statement and Design

## 2.1 UML class diagram



Akila Sarirete 2 Effat University

# 3 Part 3: Our Program's Code

## 3.1 Book Class

As indicated in the UML diagram the Book Class contains member functions to set and get the id, title, author, and the year the book was published. The Book class also included a default constructor that sets all data members to default values, and an overloaded constructor that takes an identifier, a title, author, and year as parameters, and initializes all the data members. We implemented the lessThan() member function, as indicated in the UML diagram. This function compares the title of this book in this class with the title of the book passed in as the parameter.

#### 3.1.1 Book Class Header File

```
#ifndef BOOK
  #define BOOK
  #include <string>
  #include <iostream>
  using namespace std;
9
  class book
10 {
11
    private:
      // Member variables
12
       int id;
13
       string title;
14
       string author;
16
       int year;
17
    public:
18
       // Getters
19
       int getID();
20
21
       string getTitle();
       string getAuthor();
22
23
       int getYear();
24
25
       // Setters
       void setID(int);
26
       void setTitle(string);
27
28
       void setAuthor(string);
       void setYear(int);
29
30
       // Default Constructor
31
       book();
32
33
       // Overload constructors
34
       book(int , string , string , int);
35
36
37
       // Lessthan Function
       bool LessThan(book *b);
38
39
       // Display Function
40
       void print();
41
42
43 };
44 #endif
```

Akila Sarirete 3 Effat University

## 3.1.2 Implementation of the Book class

```
#include "book.h"
3 // Getters
4 int book::getID(){
5 return id;
6 }
8 string book::getTitle(){
9 return title;
10 }
11
12 string book::getAuthor(){
return author;
14 }
15
int book::getYear(){
17
   return year;
18 }
19
20 // Setters
void book::setID(int book_id){
id = book_id;
23 }
void book::setTitle(string book_title){
   title = book_title;
26
27 }
void book::setAuthor(string book_author){
author = book_author;
31 }
32
void book::setYear(int book_year){
      year = book_year;
35 }
36
37 // Default Constructor that will set default values for all member variables
38 book::book()
39 {
      id = 0;
40
      title = " ";
41
      author = " ";
42
      year = 0;
43
44 }
45
_{
m 46} // Overload constructors that will set the values of each object in this class
47 book::book(int book_id, string book_title, string book_author, int book_year)
48 {
    id = book_id;
49
50
    title = book_title;
51
    author = book_author;
    year = book_year;
52
53 }
54
_{55} /* This function compares the book on the title of this book in this class with
_{56} the title of the book passed in as the parameter \ast/
57 bool book::LessThan(book *b)
59
    if (title < b->title)
        return true;
60
61
        return false;
62
63 }
65 // This function will Display all data saved for every object in this class
66 void book::print()
```

## 3.2 Club Member Class

As indicated in the UML diagram the ClubMember Class contains member functions to set and get the id, first name, and last name of a club member. The ClubMember class also included a default constructor that sets all data members to default values, and an overloaded constructor that takes an identifier, first name, and last name as parameters, and initializes all the data members. We implemented the lessThan() member function, which compares the first and last name of this clubMember in this class with the other clubMember object passed in as the parameter.

#### 3.2.1 Club Member Class Header File

```
#ifndef CLUBMEMBER
  #define CLUBMEMBER
4 #include <string>
5 #include <iostream>
6 #include "book.h"
7 #include "clubMember.h"
8 using namespace std;
10 using namespace std;
11
  class clubMember
12
13
14
    private:
      // Member variables
      int id;
17
      string firstName;
      string lastName;
18
19
20
    public:
      // Getters
21
22
      int getID();
      string getFirstName();
      string getLastName();
24
25
      // Setters
26
27
      void setID(int);
      void setFirstName(string);
28
       void setLastName(string);
29
30
      // Default constructor
31
32
      clubMember();
33
       // Overload constructors
34
35
      clubMember(int, string, string);
36
37
       //Functions
      bool lessThan(clubMember* c);
38
      void addBookRated(book* b);
39
40
41
       // Display function
42
       void print();
43 };
44
45 #endif
```

Akila Sarirete 5 Effat University

#### 3.2.2 Implementation of the clubMember class

```
#include "clubMember.h"
3 // Getters
4 int clubMember::getID(){
5 return id;
6 }
8 string clubMember::getFirstName(){
9 return firstName;
10 }
11
12 string clubMember::getLastName(){
13 return lastName;
14 }
15
16 // Setters
void clubMember::setID(int member_id){
18 id = member_id;
19 }
20
void clubMember::setFirstName(string fname){
firstName = fname;
23 }
void clubMember::setLastName(string lname){
   lastName = lname;
26
27 }
_{
m 29} // Default constructor that will set default values for all member variables
30 clubMember::clubMember()
31 {
32
    id = 0;
   firstName = " ";
33
    lastName = " ";
35 }
36
37 // Overload constructors that will set the values of each object in this class passed in by
      the parameter
38 clubMember::clubMember(int member_id, string fname, string lname)
39 €
      id = member_id;
40
      firstName = fname;
41
      lastName = lname;
42
43 }
44
_{45} /* This member function compares the first and last name of this clubMember in this class
_{
m 46} with the other clubMember object passed in as the parameter */
47 bool clubMember::lessThan(clubMember *c)
48 {
49
    if (firstName < c->firstName && lastName < c->lastName)
50
        return true;
    else
51
        return false;
52
53 }
54
void addBookRated(book* b){
56 }
_{58} // This function will Display all data saved for every object in this class
59 void clubMember::print(){
   cout << endl;</pre>
60
    cout << "ID = " << id << endl;
61
    cout << "First Name = " << firstName << endl;</pre>
   cout << "Last Name = "<< lastName << endl;</pre>
    cout << "----"<< endl;
65 }
```

## 3.3 Books Array Class

This class is responsible for creating an array that includes pointers pointing to objects in the book class. We have a default constructor that will automatically create and reserve a space in memory for the books array. The method functions in this class are responsible for adding, finding, removing, printing books from and of the books Array.

The add function will add a new pointer in the array that points to the new book object added to the class in alphabetical order using the less than function implemented in the book class. The find function will receive a book id and search for it in the books array and return true or false accordingly. It also takes a double pointer of the book class and when we find the book with the specific ID we will make this pointer point to the pointer that points to the book object that we found in the array. The delete function will receive a book id, search for it in the books array, and then replace the pointer that we want deleted with the one next to it, and it will move all elements in the array one place to the left. The print function will display all books available in the books array.

## 3.3.1 Books Array Class Header File

```
#ifndef BOOKSARRAY
  #define BOOKSARRAY
  #include "book.h"
6 #include <iostream>
  using namespace std;
  // This class is responsible to create an array that includes pointers pointing to objects
      in the book class.
  class BooksArray {
    private:
11
        int size, index; // Memeber varaibles to save the size and index of the array.
13
        book** books; // Create a pointer to a pointer object in the book class.
14
      BooksArray(); // Default Constructor
17
      void add(book* b); // Add a new pointer in the array that points to the new book object.
18
      bool find(int num, book** bo); // This function will receive a book id, and a double
      pointer to an object inside the book class to search for it in the books array.
      void deleteBook(int id); // Delete the pointer that points to a book object from the
20
      books array.
      void print(); // Print all books available in the books array.
22
23
       ~BooksArray(); // Destructor
24
25 };
26 #endif
```

Akila Sarirete 7 Effat University

#### 3.3.2 Implementation of the Books Array class

```
#include "BooksArray.h"
_{3} // Create a default constructor
4 BooksArray::BooksArray()
5 {
    // Max size of the array.
6
    size = 30;
    // This variable will represent the number of items found in the array.
    index = 0;
9
    // Create and reserve a space in memory for a dybamic array that will include pointers to
      objects in book class.
    books = new book*[size];
11
12 }
13
_{14} // This function will create and reserve a space in memory to save info about the new book
      object.
_{15} /* Then, it will create a pointer that points to this new book object, add it to the array
      of books,
16 and order it alphabetically according to the book title. */
void BooksArray::add(book* b)
18 {
19
    // First, we checked if the index is still inside the max size of the array.
    if (index < size)</pre>
20
21
22
      // If the index is equal to zero, no books have been added by users till now in the
      books array.
       if (index != 0)
23
      {
24
25
         // Declaring a bool variable to control the loop when it's done.
        bool check = false;
26
27
         // This loop will access every element found in the books array.
         for ( int i =0; i < index; i++)</pre>
28
29
           /* This loop will compare the passed book object with every book found in the
30
           array for it to be ordered alphabetically. */
31
           if(b -> LessThan(books[i]))
32
33
             /* If the Book object passed was less than the book found at a specific position "
34
             the following loop will move all elements one place to the right. */
35
             for (int j = index-1; j>=i; j--)
36
37
             {
               books[j+1] = books[j];
38
39
             }
             index++; // Increment index after we added an element to the array.
40
41
             // Finally, we will add the new object passed in the parameter at position "i."
42
43
             books[i] = b;
44
             break;
45
        }
46
        /* If the variable check was still false, this means that the new book object is less
47
        all the books found in the array, so we will add it at the end of the array. */
48
        if (!check)
49
           books[index++] = b;
50
      }
51
52
      else
        // No elements are found in the list so we will add the new book object at the
54
      beginning of the array.
        books[index++] = b;
55
56
      }
    }
57
58
    else
     cout << "Sorry! We can not add more books." << endl;</pre>
```

```
60 }
_{62} // This function will receive a book id, and a double pointer to an object inside the book
       class to search for it in the books array.
63 bool BooksArray::find(int id, book** bo)
64 {
     // If the index is equal to zero, no books have been added by users till now in the books
65
      array.
     if (index != 0)
66
67
       // This loop will access every element found in the books array.
68
       for (int i = 0; i < index; i++)</pre>
69
70
         // For every pointer in the array that points to book objects, we will get its id and
71
       compare it with the id passed in the parameter.
         if (books[i]->getID() == id)
72
73
           // Make the single pointer of the double pointer passed by the parameter equal to
74
       the book object we found.
           *bo = books[i];
75
76
           return true; // If we found the book with the same id, we would return true.
         }
77
       }
78
     }
79
     else
80
       cout << "No Books are available in the list." << endl ;</pre>
81
     return false; // If we did not find the book with the same id, we would return false.
82
83 }
84
85 // This function will receive a book id to search for it in the books array and then delete
       the pointer that points to this object from the array.
86 void BooksArray::deleteBook(int id)
88
     // If the index is equal to zero, no books have been added by users till now in the books
       array.
     if (index != 0)
89
90
91
       // This loop will access every element found in the books array.
       for (int i = 0; i < index; i++)</pre>
92
93
         // For every pointer in the array that points to book objects, we will get its id and
94
       compare it with the id passed in the parameter.
         if (books[i]->getID() == id)
95
96
           {
             /* When we find the book with the same id passed by the parameter at a specific
97
       position "i,"
             the following loop will make the element at position "i" equal to the next element
98
             a different book object. Then it will move all elements one place to the left. */
99
              for (int j = index+1; j>=i; j--)
100
             {
               books[i] = books[i+1];
             index --; // Decrement index after we removed an element from the array.
104
105
             break;
106
107
       }
     }
108
109
     else
       cout << "No Book is found with this ID = "<< id << endl;</pre>
111 }
113 // This function will print all books available in the array.
void BooksArray::print()
115 {
    // If the index is equal to zero, no books have been added by users till now in the books
116
       array.
if (index != 0)
```

Akila Sarirete 9 Effat University

```
118
        cout << "\nDisplaying all Books: \n" << endl ;</pre>
119
       // This loop will access every element found in the books array.
120
       for (int i = 0; i < index; i++)</pre>
          cout << "Book Number " << i + 1 << ": " << endl;</pre>
          // For every pointer in the array that points to book objects, we will print its
124
       information.
          books[i]->print();
126
127
     }
128
     else
       cout << "No books are in the list." << endl;</pre>
129
130 }
131
   // Destructor
132
   BooksArray::~BooksArray(){
133
     for ( int i = 0; i < size; i++) {</pre>
134
         delete books[i];
135
136
137
     delete [] books;
138 }
```

## 3.4 Members Array Class

This class is responsible for creating an array that includes pointers pointing to objects in the club member class. We have a default constructor that saves the size and index of the members array. The method functions in this class are responsible for adding, finding, removing, printing club members from and of the members Array.

The add function will add a new pointer in the array that points to the new member object added to the class in alphabetical order using the less than function implemented in the club member class. The find function will receive a member id and search for it in the members array and return true or false accordingly. It also takes a double pointer of the club member class and when we find the member with the specific ID we will make this pointer point to the pointer that points to the member object that we found in the array. The delete function will receive a member id, search for it in the members array, and then replace the pointer that we want deleted with the one next to it, and it will move all elements in the array one place to the left. The print function will display all club members in the member array.

## 3.4.1 Members Array Class Header File

```
#ifndef MEMBERSARRAY
  #define MEMBERSARRAY
  #include "clubMember.h"
  #include <iostream>
  using namespace std;
9
  class MembersArray {
    private:
10
11
        // Private member variables
        clubMember* members[10]; // Create a static array that includes pointers pointing to
      objects in the club member class.
        int size, index; // Memeber varaibles to save the size and index of the array.
14
    public:
15
      MembersArray(); // Default Constructor
17
      void add(clubMember* m);// Add a new pointer in the array that points to the new club
18
      member object.
      bool find(int id, clubMember** mem); // This function will receive a book id, and a
19
      double pointer to an object inside the members class to search for it in the members
```

```
void deleteMem(int id);// Delete the pointer that points to a club member object from
the members array.

void print();// Print all books available in the books array.

y;
#endif
**Print all books available in the books array.
```

## 3.4.2 Implementation of the Members Array class

```
#include "MembersArray.h"
3 // Create a default constructor
4 MembersArray::MembersArray()
5 {
    // Max size of the array.
    size = 10:
    // This variable will represent the number of items found in the array.
    index = 0;
9
10
11
12 }
13
_{14} // This function will create and reserve a space in memory to save info about the new club
      member object.
15 /* Then, it will create a pointer that points to this new club member object, add it to the
      array of members,
16 and order it alphabetically according to the members first and last names. */
void MembersArray::add(clubMember* m)
18 {
    // First, we checked if the index is still inside the max size of the array.
19
20
    if (index < size)</pre>
21
      // If the index is equal to zero, no members have been added till now in the members
22
      array.
      if (index != 0)
24
      {
        // Declaring a bool variable to control the loop when it's done.
25
        bool check = false;
26
         // This loop will access every element found in the members array.
27
        for ( int i =0; i < index; i++)</pre>
28
29
           /* This loop will compare the passed club member object with every member found in
30
           array for it to be ordered alphabetically. */
31
           if(m -> lessThan(members[i]))
32
33
            /st If the Book object passed was less than the club member found at a specific
34
      position "i",
            the following loop will move all elements one place to the right. */
35
             for ( int j = index-1; j>=i; j--)
36
37
               members[j+1] = members[j];
38
             }
39
             index++; // Increment index after we added an element to the array.
40
41
             check = true;
             // Finally, we will add the new object passed in the parameter at position "i."
42
             members[i] = m;
43
44
             break:
          }
45
46
47
         /* If the variable check was still false, this means that the new club member object
      is less than
        all the club members found in the array, so we will add it at the end of the array. */
        if(!check)
49
50
           members[index++] = m;
      }
51
      else
52
```

Akila Sarirete 11 Effat University

```
// No elements are found in the list so we will add the new club member object at the
       beginning of the array.
         members[index++] = m;
       }
56
57
     }
58
     else
       cout << "Sorry! We can not add more members." << endl;</pre>
59
60 }
61
62 // This function will receive a members id to search for it in the members array, and a
       double pointer to an object inside the club member class.
63 bool MembersArray::find(int id, clubMember** mem)
     // If the index is equal to zero, no members have been added till now in the members array
65
     if (index != 0)
66
67
       // This loop will access every element found in the members array.
68
       for (int i = 0; i < index; i++)</pre>
69
70
         // For every pointer in the array that points to club member objects, we will get its
71
       id and compare it with the id passed in the parameter.
        if ( members[i]->getID() == id)
72
73
           // Make the single pointer of the double pointer passed by the parameter equal to
74
       the club member object we found.
75
           *mem = members[i]:
           return true; // If we found the club member with the same id, we would return true.
76
77
       }
78
     }
79
80
       cout << "No members are available in the list.";</pre>
81
     return false; // If we did not find the club member with the same id, we would return
82
       false.
83 }
_{85} // This function will receive a club member's id to search for it in the members array and
       then delete the pointer that points to this object from the array.
86 void MembersArray::deleteMem(int id)
87 {
     // If the index is equal to zero, no members have been added by users till now in the
       members arrav.
     if (index != 0)
89
90
91
       // This loop will access every element found in the members array.
       for (int i = 0; i < index; i++)</pre>
92
93
         // For every pointer in the array that points to club member objects, we will get its
       id and compare it with the id passed in the parameter.
         if ( members[i]->getID() == id)
95
96
         {
           /* When we find the club member with the same id passed by the parameter at a
97
       specific position "i,"
          the following loop will make the element at position "i" equal to the next element
98
       that points to
           a different club member object. Then it will move all elements one place to the left
99
           for (int j = index+1; j>=i; j--)
100
           {
             members[i] = members[i+1];
           index --; // Decrement index after we removed an element from the array.
           break;
         }
106
       }
107
108
```

Akila Sarirete 12 Effat University

```
else
109
       cout << "Club Member is not found with this ID."<< id << endl;</pre>
110
111 }
112
113 // This function will print all club members available in the array.
void MembersArray::print()
115 {
     // If the index is equal to zero, no members have been added by users till now in the
116
       members array.
     if (index != 0)
118
     {
       cout << "\nDisplaying all Club Members: " << endl;</pre>
119
       // This loop will access every element found in the members array.
120
       for (int i = 0; i < index; i++)</pre>
          cout << "Club Member " << i + 1 << ": " << endl;</pre>
123
         // For every pointer in the array that points to club member objects, we will print
124
       its information.
          members[i]->print();
125
126
127
     }
128
     else
       cout << "No members are found in the list.";</pre>
129
130 }
```

## 3.5 Ratings Class

The rating class is the class that will combine 2 other classes together the book and club member classes. In the private member variables we created a pointer object in the book and club member classes. The overloaded constructor in this class will receive a double pointer to an object from the book class, a double pointer to an object from the club members class, and the rating the user entered. This class includes a function to print all rating information that includes the book's title, the members name, and the rating the member entered for the book.

## 3.5.1 Ratings Class Header File

```
1 #ifndef RATING
2 #define RATING
  #include "book.h"
  #include "clubMember.h"
5
7 using namespace std;
9 class rating
10 {
11 private:
    // Private member variables
12
13
    int rate;
    book*\ bo; // Create a pointer object in the book class.
14
    clubMember* member; // Create a pointer object in the member class.
15
17 public:
18
    /* Overloaded constructor that will receive a double pointer to an object from the book
19
      class.
    a double pointer to an object from the club members class, and the rating the user enters.
    rating(book **b, clubMember **mem, int rating);
21
22
    // Setter Function
23
24
    void setRating(int r);
25
    // Getter Functions
26
    int getRating();
27
    book* getBook();
```

Akila Sarirete 13 Effat University

## 3.5.2 Implementation of the rating class

```
#include "rating.h"
3 /* Overloaded constructor that will receive a double pointer to an object from the book
      class.
_{4} a double pointer to an object from the club members class, and the rating the user enters.
5 rating::rating(book **b, clubMember **mem, int r){
   // Assign the member variable "bo" which is a single pointer that points to the book class
       to the single pointer passed by the parameter so that we can access a book object.
    bo = *b;
    // Assign the member variable "member" which is a single pointer that points to the member
       class to the single pointer passed by the parameter so that we can access a club member
9
    member = *mem;
10
   rate = r;
11 }
12
13 // Setter Function
void rating::setRating(int r){
15
  rate = r;
16 }
17
18 // Getter Functions
19 int rating::getRating(){
   return rate;
20
21 }
22
23 // This function will return a single pointer variable that points to an object in the book
     class.
24 book* rating::getBook(){
return bo;
26 }
27
28 // This function will return a single pointer variable that points to an object in the club
      member class.
29 clubMember* rating::getClubMember(){
30
  return member;
31 }
32
33 // The following function will print a book rating done by a club member.
34 void rating::print(){
  cout << "Book Name: " << bo->getTitle() << endl;</pre>
   cout << "Club Member: " << member->getFirstName() << " " << member->getLastName() << endl;</pre>
37
    cout << "Rating: "<< rate << endl;</pre>
    cout << "----
                                      -----" << endl:
38
39 }
41 // Destructor
42 rating::~rating(){
delete bo;
delete member;
45 }
```

Akila Sarirete 14 Effat University

## 3.6 Book Club Class

The book Club class is one of the main classes found in this project as it combines the books Array, members Array, and the rating classes all together to get the output desired. We created an array to save pointers pointing to rating class objects as it combines the book class and the club members class. The private variables in this club include objects from the books Array, members Array, and the rating classes. This way we can access the books array and the members array that includes pointers to their object classes. The method functions included in this class are responsible for adding, removing, printing club members and books. There are functions that will add a new rating object to the rating class and add its pointer in the ratings array, and print all book ratings given by club members. Method functions in this class can also check for the most occurred book id in the ratings array, and find the highest rating of a book in the ratings array.

#### 3.6.1 Book Club Class Header File

```
#ifndef BOOKCLUB
  #define BOOKCLUB
  #include "MembersArray.h"
5 #include "BooksArray.h"
6 #include "rating.h"
8 #include <string>
9 #include <iostream>
10 using namespace std;
12 class BookClub
13 {
    private:
14
      // Private member variables
      string ClubName;
      int NumRatings;
18
      int index;
19
      rating ** ratings; // Create a double pointer to an object in the ratings class.
20
21
      BooksArray books; // Create an object in the BooksArray class
      MembersArray members; // Create an object in the members class
22
23
24
    public:
25
      // Getters
26
      string getClubName();
27
28
      int getNumRatings();
29
30
      void setClubName(string);
31
      void setNumRatings(int);
32
33
      // Constructor
34
35
      BookClub(string);
36
      void most_occured_id(); // Check the most occured book id in the ratings array.
37
      void bestRatedBook(); // Find the highest rating of a book in the ratings array.
38
      void addRating(int, int, int); // Add a new rating object to the rating class and its
39
      pointer in the ratings array.
      void printRatings(); // Print all book ratings given by club members.
40
41
      void addMember(clubMember *m); // Add a new club Member object to the clubMember class
42
      and its pointer in the members array.
      void addBook(book *b); // Add a new book object to the book class and its pointer in the
       books array.
44
      void removeMember(int id); // Remove a club memeber object from the clubMember class and
45
       its pointer in the memebers array.
```

Akila Sarirete 15 Effat University

```
void removeBook(int id); // Remove a book object from the book class and its pointer in
the books array.

void printMembers(); // Print all members in the club.

void printBooks(); // Print all books in the club.

};

#endif
```

#### 3.6.2 Implementation of the BookClub class

```
#include "BookClub.h"
3 // Getters
4 string BookClub::getClubName(){
5 return ClubName;
6 }
7 int BookClub::getNumRatings(){
   return NumRatings;
8
9 }
10
11 // Setters
void BookClub::setClubName(string n){
     ClubName = n;
13
14 }
void BookClub::setNumRatings(int r){
16
     NumRatings = r;
17 }
18
19 // Overloaded constructor
20 BookClub::BookClub(string name){
      ClubName = name;
21
22
      NumRatings = 30;
      // Create and reserve a space in memory for an array that will include pointers to the
      rating class.
      ratings = new rating*[NumRatings];
24
      // This variable will represent the number of items found in the ratings array.
25
26
      index = 0:
27 }
28
_{
m 29} /* This function will receive a pointer variable to the club member class, and it will call
      the add method function found in the MembersArray class.
_{
m 30} Then it will pass the club member object to the add function to insert it in to the array of
       pointers that points to club member objects. */
void BookClub::addMember(clubMember* m){
   members.add(m);
32
33 }
34
35 /* This function will receive a pointer variable to the book class, and it will call the add
       \label{lem:method function found in the BooksArray class.}
36 Then it will pass the book object to the add function to insert it in to the array of
      pointers that points to book objects. */
37 void BookClub::addBook(book* b){
      books.add(b);
39 }
40
41 /* This function will receive a member's id, and then it will call the delete method
      function found in the
42 MembersArray class to delete this object from the club Member class and its pointer in the
      array.*/
43 void BookClub::removeMember(int id){
44
   members.deleteMem(id);
45 }
47 /* This function will receive a book's id, and then it will call the delete method function
      found in the
48 BooksArray class to delete this object from the book class and its pointer in the array.*/
49 void BookClub::removeBook(int id){
```

Akila Sarirete 16 Effat University

```
books.deleteBook(id);
51 }
52
_{53} // This function will call the print method function found in the MembersArray class to
     print all club members information.
54 void BookClub::printMembers(){
   members.print();
   cout << "-
56
57 }
58
59 // This function will call the print method function found in the BooksArray class to print
      all books information.
60 void BookClub::printBooks(){
  books.print();
    cout << "---
62
63 }
64
65 // This function will check the most occurred book id found in the rating class to present
      it to the user as the most rated book in this club.
66 void BookClub::most_occured_id()
67 {
    int max_count = 0;
68
    // Create a pointer variable to a rating class.
69
    rating * most_common;
70
    // Consider the first element in the array contains the most occured id.
71
    most_common = ratings[0];
72
73
    // If the index is equal to zero, no books have been added by users till now in the books
74
      array.
75
     if (index != 0)
76
      // This loop will access every element found in the books array.
77
      for (int i=0; i<index; i++)</pre>
78
79
        int count = 1;
80
        for (int j=i+1; j<index; j++)</pre>
81
82
            // We will compare the book id that the pointer points to at position i with all
       the other elements in the list at position j.
            // Compare every book ID found in the rating array, and when they are equal, the
84
       count variable will be incremented.
             if (ratings[i]-> getBook() -> getID() == ratings[j]-> getBook() -> getID())
85
            // When the count for a specific id is greater than the max count, we will make
87
       the new count equal to the max_count.
            if (count > max_count)
88
                 max_count = count;
89
        }
90
        // Make the pointer variable most_common point to the most rated book in the ratings
91
       array.
92
        if (count == max_count)
        {
93
94
             most_common = ratings[i];
        }
95
       }
96
       cout << "\nMost Rated Book by club members id: " << endl;</pre>
97
       /* Since the most_common variable is a pointer variable to a rating class object, we
98
       first accessed the member function
      in the rating class to get that specific book. Then we accessed the member function in
99
      the book class to
       print the information of this book. */
100
       most_common->getBook()->print();
101
    }
102
    else
103
104
      cout << "No rate added." << endl;</pre>
107 cout << "\n----";
```

```
108
109 }
110
111 // This function will find the highest rating for a book.
void BookClub::bestRatedBook(){
    // Create a pointer variable to a rating class.
113
     rating* best;
114
     // Consider the first element in the array is the best rating to a book.
     best = ratings[0];
     // If the index is equal to zero, no books have been added by users till now in the books
118
       array.
     if (index != 0)
119
120
       // This loop will access every element found in the books array.
121
       for (int i = 0; i < index ; i++)</pre>
           // Compare each rating in the array with the rating of the pointer variable "best."
124
           if (ratings[i]->getRating() > best->getRating())
126
127
             // When the program finds a rating greater than the pointer variable "best" rating
       , we will make it equal to the pointer variable "best."
             best = ratings[i];
128
           }
129
130
       // Access the pointer variable best and display its elements to the user.
       best->print();
133
134
     else
135
     {
       cout << "No rate added." << endl;</pre>
136
137
     cout << "\n-----
138
139 }
140
_{141} /* This function will take in the parameter the members id, books id, and rating
_{\rm 142} and then it will add a new rating object to the rating class
and add a pointer pointing to it in the ratings array. */
void BookClub::addRating(int m_ID, int b_ID, int r){
145
     // Create a double pointer to the book class.
     book** bo= new book*();
146
     // Call the find function from the BooksArray class to check if the booking ID given is
147
       found in our books Array.
     if(books.find(b_ID, bo))
148
149
       \ensuremath{//} Create a double pointer to the Club member class.
       clubMember** mem= new clubMember*();
       // Call the find function from the MembersArray class to check if the members ID given
       is found in our members Array.
       if (members.find(m_ID, mem))
         /* If both members are avaiable in our arrays we will create a new ratings object in
       the
          rating class by passing to it a double pointer to the book class with the specific
156
157
          book id, a double pointer to the club members class with the specific members id,
          and the rating the user entered.*/
158
         ratings[index++] = new rating(bo, mem, r);
160
         // We will then add a pointer that will point to this new object into the ratings
       array.
       }
161
       else
162
         cout << "No member was found with ID = " << m_ID << endl;</pre>
163
164
165
166
       cout << "Book is not found with ID = "<< b_ID << endl;</pre>
167 }
168
169
```

```
170 // This function will print all book ratings given by club members.
171
   void BookClub::printRatings()
172 {
173
     // If the index is equal to zero, no ratings have been added by users till now in the
       ratings array.
     if (index != 0)
174
175
       // This loop will access every element found in the ratings array.
       for(int i=0; i<index; i++)</pre>
177
178
          // Access every pointer to the rating object found in the array and print its elements
179
         ratings[i]->print();
180
181
     }
182
183
     else
184
     {
       cout << "No rating added." << endl;</pre>
185
186
     cout << "----
187
188
189 }
```

## 3.7 View Class

The view class displays the menu to the user to either print all members, print all books, rate a book, print all books rated by members, print best book rated by members, print most rated book by members, delete or add a book, remove or add a member, or to exit the show menu. Functions included in the view class will read integers, strings, ratings, member id, and book id. When the user enters the choice seven or eight they will be presented with a menu that will ask the user to further specify whether they would like to add or remove a book or club member.

## 3.7.1 View Class Header File

```
#ifndef VIEW_H
2 #define VIEW_H
4 #include <iostream>
5 #include <string>
6 using namespace std;
  class View
9
10 {
11
    public:
      void showMenu(int&);
12
13
      void printStr(string);
      void readInt(int&);
14
      void readStr(string&);
15
16
17
      void readBookRating(int&);
      void readMemberID(int& id);
18
      void readBookID(int& id);
19
20
21
      void choiceSeven(int &ch);
       void choiceEight(int &ch);
22
23
24 };
26 #endif
```

Akila Sarirete 19 Effat University

#### 3.7.2 Implementation of the View class

```
#include <iostream>
3 using namespace std;
5 #include <string>
7 #include "View.h"
9 // This function will display the first menu presented to the user.
void View::showMenu(int &choice)
11 {
       cout << endl << endl;</pre>
12
       cout << "What would you like to do:" << endl;</pre>
13
       cout << " (1) Print all members" << endl;</pre>
14
      cout << "
                  (2) Print all books" << endl;</pre>
15
      cout << "
                  (3) Rate a book" << endl;</pre>
16
       cout << "
                  (4) Print All books rated by members" << endl;</p>
17
                  (5) Print best book rated by members" << endl;
       cout << "
1.8
       cout << "
                  (6) Print most rated book by members" << endl;</p>
19
      cout << "
                  (7) Delete or Add a book" << endl;</p>
20
      cout << "
                  (8) Remove or Add a Member" << endl;</p>
21
       cout << " (0) Exit" << endl << endl;</pre>
22
23
      // When the user enters 0 the program will end.
24
25
       cout << "Enter your selection: ";</pre>
       cin >> choice;
26
27
       if (choice == 0)
          cout << " --
                           ----- Thank You For Coming -----" <<
28
       endl;
29
          return;
30
      // The following while loop will make sure that the user entered a choice within the
31
       while (choice < 1 || choice > 8) {
           cout << "Enter your selection: ";</pre>
33
34
           cin >> choice;
35
36 }
37
void View::printStr(string str) {
       cout << str;
39
40 }
41
42 void View::readInt(int &n) {
      cin >> n;
43
44 }
45
46 void View::readStr(string &str) {
      getline(cin, str);
47
       // It will read a line of string from the input stream.
48
49 }
50
void View::readBookRating(int &rate)
52 {
    // Take the rating from user and make sure the rating given by user is in the range 0 and
53
      10.
    cout << "Enter the Rating (0-10): ";</pre>
54
     cin >> rate;
55
    while (rate < 1 || rate > 10){
56
       cout << "Please Enter a Rating between 0 and 10: ";</pre>
57
58
       cin >> rate;
    }
59
60 }
61
62 void View::readMemberID(int &memID) {
// read the member's ID
```

```
cout << "Enter the Member ID" << endl;</pre>
65
        readInt(memID);
66 }
68 void View::readBookID(int &bookID) {
    // read the book's ID
69
       cout << "Enter the Book ID" << endl;</pre>
70
        readInt(bookID);
71
72 }
73
_{74} // This function will display a menu to the user when the user enters num seven and give
       them a choice to add or delete a book.
void View::choiceSeven(int &ch){
     cout << endl;</pre>
     cout << "What would you like to do:" << endl;</pre>
77
     cout << " (1) Add a new Book" << endl;
cout << " (2) Delete a Book" << endl;</pre>
78
79
     cout << " (0) Return to Show Menu\n" << endl;</pre>
80
81
     cout << "Enter your selection: ";</pre>
82
83
     cin >> ch;
     if (ch == 0)
84
         return;
85
86
     // Make sure that the user entered a choice within the range.
87
     while (ch < 1 || ch > 2) {
88
         cout << "\nEnter your selection: ";</pre>
89
          cin >> ch;
90
       }
91
92 }
_{94} // This function will display a menu to the user when the user enters num eight and give
       them a choice to add or delete a club member.
void View::choiceEight(int &ch){
     cout << endl;</pre>
96
     cout << "What would you like to do:" << endl;</pre>
97
     cout << " (1) Add a new Club Member" << endl;</pre>
98
     cout << " (2) Remove a Club Member" << endl;</pre>
     cout << " (0) Return to Show Menu\n" << endl;
100
101
     cout << "Enter your selection: ";</pre>
102
     cin >> ch;
     if (ch == 0)
104
105
         return:
106
     // Make sure that the user entered a choice within the range
107
     while (ch < 1 || ch > 2) {
108
          cout << "\nEnter your selection: ";</pre>
109
          cin >> ch;
110
111
112 }
```

## 3.8 Control Class

Control class is the class that will control all the classes that we created. The lunch function in this class is the only function that will be called in the test driver to start the whole program. Which initializes all members, books, ratings in the club, and it will call the show menu in the view class to be presented for the user. Depending on the user's choice the control will call the action desired accordingly.

#### 3.8.1 Control Class Header File

```
#ifndef CONTROL_H
2 #define CONTROL_H
4 #include "BookClub.h"
5 #include "View.h"
  //Control class that controls the classes and initializes students and courses in the school
      , and allows user to do inputs from there to print or whatever.
8 class control
9 {
    public:
10
      control(); // Default Constructor
11
12
      void launch(); // Main function that will be called in the testDriver to start the whole
      void initBooks(BookClub*); // Initializing the books data.
14
      void initMembers(BookClub*); // Initializing the members data.
15
      void initRatings(BookClub*); // Initializing the ratings data.
16
      void insert_new_book(BookClub*); // Add a new book object and add a pointer to it in the
18
       books array.
      void insert_new_mem(BookClub*); // Add a new club member object and add a pointer to it
      in the members array.
20
    private:
21
22
      // Private member variables
23
      View view;
24 }:
25
26 #endif
```

## 3.8.2 Implementation of the control class

```
#include "control.h"
3 // Constructor
  control::control(){
6 }
  void control::launch()
9 {
   // Create and reserve a space in memory for a new object in the BookClub class with the
10
      name Effat Uni then make a pointer variable that points to the object of the BookClub
     BookClub* effatClub = new BookClub("Effat Uni");
11
    // Initialize all Books in the club.
13
    initBooks(effatClub);
14
    // Initialize all Members in the club.
    initMembers(effatClub);
16
    // Initialize all Ratings in the club.
17
    initRatings(effatClub);
18
19
    int choice = 0;
20
    int ch = 0;
21
22
```

Akila Sarirete 22 Effat University

```
while (1)
23
24
      view.showMenu(choice):
25
26
      // If the user did not give a value for the variable choice, the loop would break.
      if (choice == 0)
27
        break;
28
29
      // When choice == 1, we will call the member function found in the BookClub class to
30
      print all members.
      else if (choice == 1)
31
         effatClub -> printMembers();
32
33
      // When choice == 2, we will call the member function found in the BookClub class to
34
      print all books.
      else if (choice == 2)
35
         effatClub -> printBooks();
36
37
      // When choice == 3, we will read the member id, the Book id, and the rating value for
38
      that book.
      // Then, we will call the member function found in the BookClub class to add the rating
39
      the user entered.
      else if (choice == 3){
40
        int b_ID, m_ID, r;
41
        view.readMemberID(m_ID);
42
        view.readBookID(b_ID);
43
        view.readBookRating(r);
44
        effatClub -> addRating(m_ID, b_ID, r);
45
46
47
      // When choice == 4, we will call the member function found in the BookClub class to
48
      print all ratings.
      else if (choice == 4)
49
         effatClub->printRatings();
50
51
      // When choice == 5, we will call the member function found in the BookClub class that
52
      will print the best book rated by members.
      else if (choice == 5)
54
         effatClub -> bestRatedBook();
55
56
      // When choice == 6, we will call the member function found in the BookClub class that
      will print the most rated book by members.
57
      else if (choice == 6)
         effatClub -> most_occured_id();
58
      // When choice == 7, we will give the user a choice to either add a new book or delete
60
      an existing book from the array.
      else if (choice == 7){
61
        int ch, id;
62
        view.choiceSeven(ch):
63
         // If ch is 0 we will call the function launch again to display the menu again.
64
        if (ch == 0){
65
          launch();
66
67
          break;
         else if (ch == 1)
68
69
           insert_new_book(effatClub);
         else if (ch == 2){
70
           view.readBookID(id);
71
72
           effatClub -> removeBook(id);}
73
74
      // When choice == 8, we will give the user a choice to either add a new club member or
75
      delete an existing member from the array.
      else if (choice == 8){
76
        int ch, Mid;
77
78
         view.choiceEight(ch);
         // If ch is 0 we will call the function launch again to display the menu again.
79
         if (ch == 0){
80
          launch();
81
```

```
break; }
else if (ch == 1)
82
83
           insert_new_mem(effatClub);
84
         else if (ch == 2){
            view.readMemberID(Mid);
86
            effatClub -> removeMember(Mid);}
87
88
       }
     }
89
90 }
91
   void control::insert_new_book(BookClub* effatClub)
92
93 {
     // Variable to control the while loop.
94
     char ch = 'y';
95
     while (ch == 'Y' || ch == 'y'){
96
       int year, id;
97
       string title, author;
98
99
       // Read the information given for the new book.
100
       cout << "\nEnter Book's ID : ";</pre>
101
       view.readInt(id);
       // cin.ignore () ignore or clear one or more characters from the input buffer.
       cin.ignore();
104
105
       cout << "\nEnter the Book's Title: ";</pre>
106
       view.readStr(title);
107
108
       cout << "\nEnter Author's Name: ";</pre>
109
       view.readStr(author);
112
       cout << "\nEnter the Release Year of the book: ";</pre>
       view.readInt(year);
113
114
       // Create a new object to the book class with the new information the user entered, then
        create and reserve a space in memory for a pointer variable that points to the object
       of the Book class.
       book* Book = new book(id, title, author, year);
117
       // Call the member function found in the BookClub class to add the pointer variable
       created into the book array.
118
       effatClub -> addBook(Book);
       cout << "\nBook has been added successfully." << endl;</pre>
120
                                                                     ----" << endl;
       cout << "--
121
       cout << "Enter (Y/y) to add another Book: ";</pre>
122
123
       cin >> ch;
     }
124
125
       cout << "
       " << endl;
126 }
127
void control::insert_new_mem(BookClub *effatClub)
129 {
     // Variable to control the while loop
130
131
     char ch = 'y';
     while (ch == 'Y' || ch == 'y'){
       int id;
133
134
       string Fname, Lname;
135
       // Read the information given for the new clubMember
136
       cout << "\nEnter your ID: ";</pre>
137
       view.readInt(id);
138
       // cin.ignore () ignore or clear one or more characters from the input buffer.
139
       cin.ignore();
140
141
       cout << "\nEnter your First Name: ";</pre>
142
       view.readStr(Fname);
143
144
```

```
cout << "\nEnter your Last Name: ";</pre>
145
        view.readStr(Lname);
146
147
148
       // Create a new object to the club member class with the new information the user
       entered, then create and reserve a space in memory for a pointer variable that points to
        the object of the club member class.
       clubMember* member = new clubMember(id, Fname, Lname);
       // Call the member function found in the club member class to add the pointer variable
       created into the members array.
       effatClub -> addMember(member);
151
       cout << "\nClub Member has been added successfully." << endl;</pre>
       cout << "-----
154
       cout << "Enter (Y/y) to add another Member: ";</pre>
156
       cin >> ch:
     cout << "
158
       " << endl;
159
160 }
161
void control::initMembers(BookClub *effatClub) {
       cout << "Initializing the Members data...." << endl;</pre>
       // Initialize the demo books data
164
        effatClub->addMember(new clubMember(200, "Mawaddah", "Eyad"));
       effatClub->addMember(new clubMember(201, "Sadeem", "Bin Mahfouz"));
166
       effatClub->addMember(new clubMember(202, "Jana", "Abu Hantash"));
167
       effatClub->addMember(new clubMember(203, "Tasneem", "Alaa"));
effatClub->addMember(new clubMember(204, "Sara", "Salah"));
168
169
170 }
171
void control::initBooks(BookClub* effatClub)
        // Initialize the demo books data
173 {
        cout << "Initializing the books data...." << endl;</pre>
174
        effatClub->addBook(new book(8356, "Hunger Games", "Suzanne Collins", 2008));
       effatClub->addBook(new book(9492, "Alchemist", "Paulo Coelho", 1988));
176
        effatClub->addBook(new book(5539, "The Fault in Our Stars", "John Green", 2012));
177
       effatClub->addBook(new book(3604, "Five Feet Apart", " Mikki Daughtry", 2018));
178
       effatClub->addBook(new book(7746, "Wonder", "R. J. Palacio", 2012));
effatClub->addBook(new book(2893, "The bird of happiness", "Tim Herdon", 2011));
179
180
       effatClub->addBook(new book(9130, "Maybe You Should Talk to Someone", "Lori Gottlieb",
181
       effatClub->addBook(new book(4579, "All the Light We Cannot See", "Anthony Doerr", 2014))
182
       effatClub->addBook(new book(9457, "Blink: The Power of Thinking Without Thinking", "
183
       Malcolm Gladwell", 2005));
       effatClub->addBook(new book(1391, "Surrounded by Psychopaths", "Thomas Erikson", 2019));
       effatClub->addBook(new book(3521, "Women in business", "David evans", 2002));
185
186
187 }
188
void control::initRatings(BookClub* effatClub)
190 {
191
        // Initialize the demo ratings data
       cout << "Initializing the Ratings data...." << endl;</pre>
192
        effatClub->addRating(201, 9492, 7);
193
194
       effatClub->addRating(200, 9492, 7);
       effatClub->addRating(203, 5539, 3);
195
       effatClub->addRating(200, 5539, 7);
       effatClub->addRating(201, 1391, 5);
197
        effatClub->addRating(201, 7746, 5);
198
       effatClub->addRating(200, 2893, 9);
199
       effatClub->addRating(202, 5539, 7);
200
        effatClub->addRating(203, 1391, 9);
201
       effatClub->addRating(202, 4579, 8);
202
        effatClub->addRating(203, 4579, 6);
       effatClub->addRating(204, 3604, 7);
```

```
effatClub->addRating(201, 3604, 4);
effatClub->addRating(203, 9492, 10);
205
206
         effatClub->addRating(202, 1391, 1);
207
208
         effatClub->addRating(200, 1391, 9);
         effatClub->addRating(204, 4579, 5);
209
         effatClub->addRating(204, 1391, 6);
effatClub->addRating(200, 4579, 7);
210
211
         effatClub->addRating(203, 8356, 4);
212
         effatClub->addRating(202, 1391, 2);
213
         effatClub->addRating(204, 3521, 7);
214
         effatClub->addRating(202, 9457, 6);
effatClub->addRating(202, 9130, 3);
215
216
         effatClub->addRating(204, 4579, 8);
217
```

## 3.9 TestDriver

```
#include "control.h"
int main()

{
   control cntrl;
   cntrl.launch();
   return 0;
}
```

## 3.10 Makefile

```
1 TARGETS = project
3 all:
       $(TARGETS)
5 project:
             TestDriver.o book.o clubMember.o rating.o BooksArray.o MembersArray.o BookClub.
     o control.o View.o
    g++ -o project TestDriver.o
                                      book.o clubMember.o rating.o BooksArray.o MembersArray
     .o BookClub.o control.o View.o
8 TestDriver.o: TestDriver.cc book.h clubMember.h rating.h BooksArray.h MembersArray.h
     BookClub.h control.h View.h
    g++ -c TestDriver.cc
book.o: book.cc book.h
   g++ -c book.cc
12
14 clubMember.o: clubMember.cc clubMember.h
g++ -c clubMember.cc
16
17 rating.o: rating.cc rating.h
18
   g++ -c rating.cc
19
20 BooksArray.o: BooksArray.cc BooksArray.h
2.1
  g++ -c BooksArray.cc
22
23 MembersArray.o: MembersArray.cc MembersArray.h
g++ -c MembersArray.cc
25
BookClub.o: BookClub.cc
                            BookClub.h
27
  g++ -c BookClub.cc
29 control.o: control.cc
                            control.h
  g++ -c control.cc
31
32 View.o:
          View.cc
                   View.h
g++ -c View.cc
34
35 clean:$
36 rm -f *.o project
```

Akila Sarirete 26 Effat University

## 4 Part 4: Code Execution

Our program will give a choice for the user to print all members, all books, the best-rated book, and the most rated book in the club. The program also gives the user a choice to add a rating and add or delete a club member or a book in the club.

## 4.1 Print all members

```
Last login: Thu May 12 16:22:08 on ttys001
  janaabuhantash@Janas-MacBook-Pro CommentedProject % make project
3 g++ -c TestDriver.cc
4 g++ -c book.cc
5 g++ -c clubMember.cc
6 g++ -c rating.cc
  g++ -c BooksArray.cc
8 g++ -c MembersArray.cc
g g++ -c BookClub.cc
10 g++ -c control.cc
11 g++ -c View.cc
            project
                     TestDriver.o
                                       book.o clubMember.o rating.o BooksArray.o MembersArray.o
12 g++ -o
       BookClub.o control.o View.o
13 janaabuhantash@Janas-MacBook-Pro CommentedProject % ./project
14 Initializing the Members data....
15 Initializing the books data....
16 Initializing the Ratings data....
17
18
19 What would you like to do:
    (1) Print all members
20
21
    (2) Print all books
    (3) Rate a book
22
    (4) Print All books rated by members
    (5) Print best book rated by members
24
25
    (6) Print most rated book by members
    (7) Delete or Add a book
26
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
27
    (0) Exit
29
30 Enter your selection: 1
32 Displaying all Club Members:
33 Club Member 1:
34
35 ID = 202
36 First Name = Jana
37 Last Name = Abu Hantash
39 Club Member 2:
_{41} ID = 200
42 First Name = Mawaddah
43 Last Name = Eyad
44
45 Club Member 3:
46
47 \text{ ID} = 201
48 First Name = Sadeem
49 Last Name = Bin Mahfouz
50 -----
51 Club Member 4:
53 ID = 203
54 First Name = Tasneem
55 Last Name = Alaa
57 Club Member 5:
```

Akila Sarirete 27 Effat University

```
58
59 ID = 204
60 First Name = Sara
61 Last Name = Salah
62 -----
```

## 4.2 Print all books

```
3 What would you like to do:
    (1) Print all members
    (2) Print all books
    (3) Rate a book
6
    (4) Print All books rated by members
    (5) Print best book rated by members
    (6) Print most rated book by members
    (7) Delete or Add a book
10
11
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
    (0) Exit
12
13
14 Enter your selection: 2
15
16 Displaying all Books:
18 Book Number 1:
_{20} ID = 9492
21 Book Title = Alchemist
22 Author Name = Paulo Coelho
23 Release Year = 1988
25 Book Number 2:
_{27} ID = 4579
28 Book Title = All the Light We Cannot See
29 Author Name = Anthony Doerr
30 Release Year = 2014
32 Book Number 3:
33
_{34} ID = 9457
35 Book Title = Blink: The Power of Thinking Without Thinking
36 Author Name = Malcolm Gladwell
37 Release Year = 2005
38
39 Book Number 4:
40
_{41} ID = 3604
42 Book Title = Five Feet Apart
43 Author Name = Mikki Daughtry
44 Release Year = 2018
45
46 Book Number 5:
_{48} ID = 8356
49 Book Title = Hunger Games
50 Author Name = Suzanne Collins
Release Year = 2008
52 ----
53 Book Number 6:
54
55 ID = 9130
56 Book Title = Maybe You Should Talk to Someone
57 Author Name = Lori Gottlieb
58 Release Year = 2019
60 Book Number 7:
```

```
61
62 ID = 1391
63 Book Title = Surrounded by Psychopaths
64 Author Name = Thomas Erikson
65 Release Year = 2019
67 Book Number 8:
69 ID = 5539
70 Book Title = The Fault in Our Stars
71 Author Name = John Green
72 Release Year = 2012
74 Book Number 9:
75
76 \text{ ID} = 2893
77 Book Title = The bird of happiness
78 Author Name = Tim Herdon
79 Release Year = 2011
80
81 Book Number 10:
83 ID = 3521
84 Book Title = Women in business
85 Author Name = David evans
86 Release Year = 2002
88 Book Number 11:
89
90 \text{ ID} = 7746
91 Book Title = Wonder
92 Author Name = R. J. Palacio
93 Release Year = 2012
```

## 4.3 Rate a book

```
3 What would you like to do:
    (1) Print all members
    (2) Print all books
    (3) Rate a book
6
    (4) Print All books rated by members
    (5) Print best book rated by members
    (6) Print most rated book by members
    (7) Delete or Add a book
10
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
11
    (0) Exit
12
14 Enter your selection: 3
15 Enter the Member ID
16 3521
17 Enter the Book ID
18 200
19 Enter the Rating (0-10): 6
20 Book is not found with ID = 200
23 What would you like to do:
    (1) Print all members
    (2) Print all books
25
26
    (3) Rate a book
    (4) Print All books rated by members
27
    (5) Print best book rated by members
28
    (6) Print most rated book by members
    (7) Delete or Add a book
30
31 (8) Remove or Add a Member
```

```
32 (0) Exit
33
34 Enter your selection: 3
35 Enter the Member ID
36 200
37 Enter the Book ID
38 3521
39 Enter the Rating (0-10): 6
```

## 4.4 Print All books rated by members

```
1 What would you like to do:
    (1) Print all members
    (2) Print all books
    (3) Rate a book
    (4) Print All books rated by members
    (5) Print best book rated by members
    (6) Print most rated book by members
    (7) Delete or Add a book
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
    (0) Exit
1.0
11
12 Enter your selection: 4
13 Book Name: Alchemist
14 Club Member: Sadeem Bin Mahfouz
15 Rating: 7
16 -----
17 Book Name: Alchemist
18 Club Member: Mawaddah Eyad
19 Rating: 7
21 Book Name: The Fault in Our Stars
22 Club Member: Tasneem Alaa
23 Rating: 3
25 Book Name: The Fault in Our Stars
26 Club Member: Mawaddah Eyad
27 Rating: 7
29 Book Name: Surrounded by Psychopaths
30 Club Member: Sadeem Bin Mahfouz
31 Rating: 5
33 Book Name: Wonder
34 Club Member: Sadeem Bin Mahfouz
35 Rating: 5
37 Book Name: The bird of happiness
38 Club Member: Mawaddah Eyad
39 Rating: 9
40 -----
41 Book Name: The Fault in Our Stars
42 Club Member: Jana Abu Hantash
45 Book Name: Surrounded by Psychopaths
46 Club Member: Tasneem Alaa
47 Rating: 9
49 Book Name: All the Light We Cannot See
50 Club Member: Jana Abu Hantash
51 Rating: 8
53 Book Name: All the Light We Cannot See
54 Club Member: Tasneem Alaa
55 Rating: 6
57 Book Name: Five Feet Apart
```

```
58 Club Member: Sara Salah
59 Rating: 7
61 Book Name: Five Feet Apart
62 Club Member: Sadeem Bin Mahfouz
63 Rating: 4
           ______
65 Book Name: Alchemist
66 Club Member: Tasneem Alaa
67 Rating: 10
69 Book Name: Surrounded by Psychopaths
70 Club Member: Jana Abu Hantash
71 Rating: 1
73 Book Name: Surrounded by Psychopaths
74 Club Member: Mawaddah Eyad
75 Rating: 9
77 Book Name: All the Light We Cannot See
78 Club Member: Sara Salah
79 Rating: 5
81 Book Name: Surrounded by Psychopaths
82 Club Member: Sara Salah
83 Rating: 6
85 Book Name: All the Light We Cannot See
86 Club Member: Mawaddah Eyad
87 Rating: 7
88 -----
89 Book Name: Hunger Games
90 Club Member: Tasneem Alaa
91 Rating: 4
       _____
93 Book Name: Surrounded by Psychopaths
94 Club Member: Jana Abu Hantash
95 Rating: 2
97 Book Name: Women in business
98 Club Member: Sara Salah
99 Rating: 7
101 Book Name: Blink: The Power of Thinking Without Thinking
102 Club Member: Jana Abu Hantash
Rating: 6
           _____
105 Book Name: Maybe You Should Talk to Someone
106 Club Member: Jana Abu Hantash
107 Rating: 3
109 Book Name: All the Light We Cannot See
110 Club Member: Sara Salah
111 Rating: 8
             ______
113 Book Name: Women in business
114 Club Member: Mawaddah Eyad
115 Rating: 6
```

Akila Sarirete 31 Effat University

## 4.5 Print best book rated by members

```
What would you like to do:
    (1) Print all members
    (2) Print all books
    (3) Rate a book
    (4) Print All books rated by members
    (5) Print best book rated by members
    (6) Print most rated book by members
    (7) Delete or Add a book
11
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
12
    (0) Exit
13
15 Enter your selection: 5
16 Book Name: Alchemist
17 Club Member: Tasneem Alaa
18 Rating: 10
```

## 4.6 Print most rated book by members

```
3 What would you like to do:
    (1) Print all members
    (2) Print all books
    (3) Rate a book
    (4) Print All books rated by members
    (5) Print best book rated by members
    (6) Print most rated book by members
    (7) Delete or Add a book
10
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
11
12
    (0) Exit
13
14 Enter your selection: 6
16 Most Rated Book by club members id:
18 ID = 1391
19 Book Title = Surrounded by Psychopaths
20 Author Name = Thomas Erikson
Release Year = 2019
```

## 4.7 Delete or Add a book

```
What would you like to do:
    (1) Print all members
    (2) Print all books
    (3) Rate a book
    (4) Print All books rated by members
    (5) Print best book rated by members
    (6) Print most rated book by members
10
    (7) Delete or Add a book
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
11
    (0) Exit
12
14 Enter your selection: 7
16 What would you like to do:
    (1) Add a new Book
    (2) Delete a Book
(0) Return to Show Menu
```

Akila Sarirete 32 Effat University

```
20
21 Enter your selection: 2
22 Enter the Book ID
23 3604
25
26 What would you like to do:
   (1) Print all members
27
    (2) Print all books
    (3) Rate a book
29
    (4) Print All books rated by members
30
    (5) Print best book rated by members
31
    (6) Print most rated book by members
32
    (7) Delete or Add a book
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
34
    (0) Exit
35
36
37 Enter your selection: 2
39 Displaying all Books:
41 Book Number 1:
_{43} ID = 9492
44 Book Title = Alchemist
45 Author Name = Paulo Coelho
46 Release Year = 1988
48 Book Number 2:
50 ID = 4579
51 Book Title = All the Light We Cannot See
52 Author Name = Anthony Doerr
Release Year = 2014
55 Book Number 3:
57 ID = 9457
58 Book Title = Blink: The Power of Thinking Without Thinking
59 Author Name = Malcolm Gladwell
Release Year = 2005
61
62 Book Number 4:
63
64 ID = 8356
65 Book Title = Hunger Games
66 Author Name = Suzanne Collins
67 Release Year = 2008
69 Book Number 5:
71 ID = 8356
72 Book Title = Hunger Games
73 Author Name = Suzanne Collins
74 Release Year = 2008
76 Book Number 6:
78 \text{ ID} = 9130
79 Book Title = Maybe You Should Talk to Someone
80 Author Name = Lori Gottlieb
81 Release Year = 2019
82
83 Book Number 7:
85 ID = 1391
86 Book Title = Surrounded by Psychopaths
87 Author Name = Thomas Erikson
```

```
88 Release Year = 2019
89
90 Book Number 8:
92 ID = 5539
93 Book Title = The Fault in Our Stars
94 Author Name = John Green
95 Release Year = 2012
97 Book Number 9:
98
99 ID = 2893
100 Book Title = The bird of happiness
101 Author Name = Tim Herdon
Release Year = 2011
104 Book Number 10:
105
106 ID = 3521
107 Book Title = Women in business
108 Author Name = David evans
Release Year = 2002
```

## 4.8 Remove or Add a Member

```
1 What would you like to do:
2 (1) Print all members
    (2) Print all books
3
    (3) Rate a book
    (4) Print All books rated by members
    (5) Print best book rated by members
    (6) Print most rated book by members
    (7) Delete or Add a book
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
9
    (0) Exit
10
12 Enter your selection: 8
13
14 What would you like to do:
15 (1) Add a new Club Member
16
    (2) Remove a Club Member
    (0) Return to Show Menu
17
19 Enter your selection: 1
20
Enter your ID: 205
22
23 Enter your First Name: Dr. Akila
25 Enter your Last Name: Sarirete
26
27 Club Member has been added successfully.
_{\rm 29} Enter (Y/y) to add another Member: n
30 -----
31
32
33 What would you like to do:
34 (1) Print all members
    (2) Print all books
    (3) Rate a book
36
37
    (4) Print All books rated by members
    (5) Print best book rated by members
38
    (6) Print most rated book by members
39
   (7) Delete or Add a book
    (8) Remove or Add a Member
41
42 (0) Exit
```

```
43
44 Enter your selection: 1
46 Displaying all Club Members:
47 Club Member 1:
_{49} ID = 202
50 First Name = Jana
51 Last Name = Abu Hantash
53 Club Member 2:
55 ID = 200
56 First Name = Mawaddah
57 Last Name = Eyad
59 Club Member 3:
60
61 ID = 201
62 First Name = Sadeem
63 Last Name = Bin Mahfouz
64
65 Club Member 4:
67 ID = 203
68 First Name = Tasneem
69 Last Name = Alaa
70
71 Club Member 5:
_{73} ID = 204
74 First Name = Sara
75 Last Name = Salah
76
77 Club Member 6:
_{79} ID = 205
80 First Name = Dr. Akila
81 Last Name = Sarirete
82
83
85 What would you like to do:
86 (1) Print all members
   (2) Print all books
87
   (3) Rate a book
88
   (4) Print All books rated by members
89
   (5) Print best book rated by members
   (6) Print most rated book by members
91
   (7) Delete or Add a book
   (8) Remove or Add a Member
93
   (0) Exit
94
96 Enter your selection: 0
97 ----- Thank You For Coming -----
98 janaabuhantash@Janas-MacBook-Pro CommentedProject %
```

# 5 Part 4: Conclusion and Reflections

## 5.1 Functional Dependencies

Due to the significant amount of work and time needed for this project to be done, we had to divide the work required for the project between the three members. The work includes: writing code for different classes, commenting on the code, working on the presentation, and writing the report. First, the code was written collaboratively by all members of the group. We then sat together to discuss all the errors, and we started debugging the code. We had multiple discussions and zoom meetings, and we met to work together on campus.

The work was divided between us as the following:

#### Jana Abu Hantash

- rating.h/rating.cc
- $\bullet$  membersArray.h/ membersArray.cc
- booksArray.h/ booksArray.cc
- Presentation

#### Sadeem Bin Mahfouz

- Book.h/Book.cc
- bookClub.h/ bookClub.cc
- Report

## Mawaddah Alagha

- ClubMember.h/ ClubMember.h.cc
- View.h/ View.cc
- control.h/ control.cc

## 5.2 Conclusion

This project was a significant challenge for all of us. While creating the code, we faced various problems and errors. We first created two classes to save book objects and club members' objects for this project. To combine all the different objects found in books or club members' classes, we created two classes that hold a dynamic or static array of pointers that points to objects in books or members' classes. Finally, we worked on the rating class that will combine an object from the book class, an object from the members class, and a rating entered by the user. The more we got into this code, the more we learned and understood the bigger picture of classes, pointers, arrays, and dynamic pointers. This project has improved our coding skills and we have learned a lot from it.

Akila Sarirete 36 Effat University