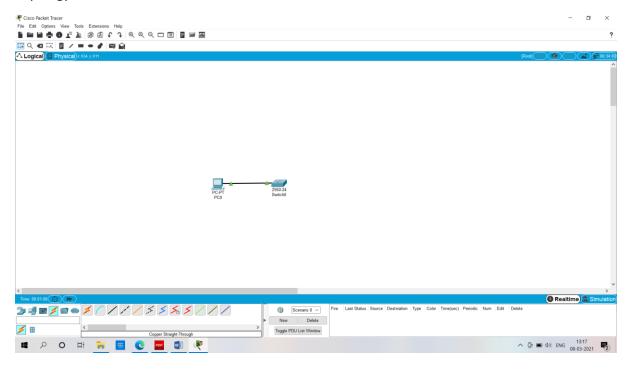
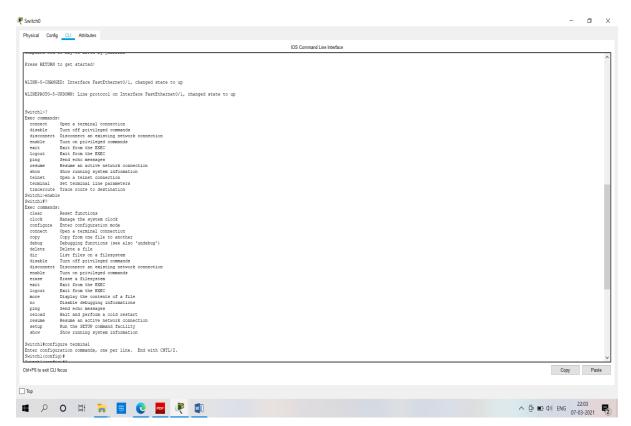
CMPE - 206 LAB REPORT

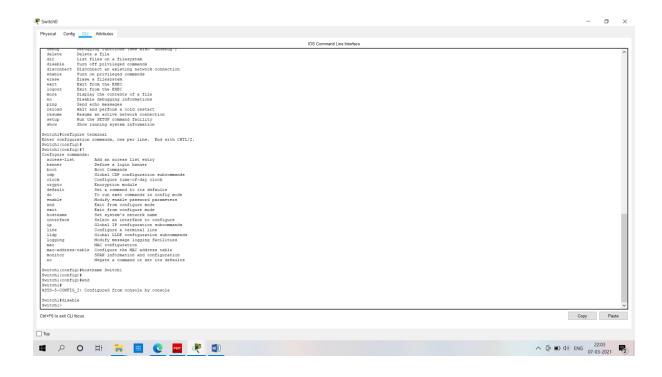
LAB 1.1 BASICS

Topology:

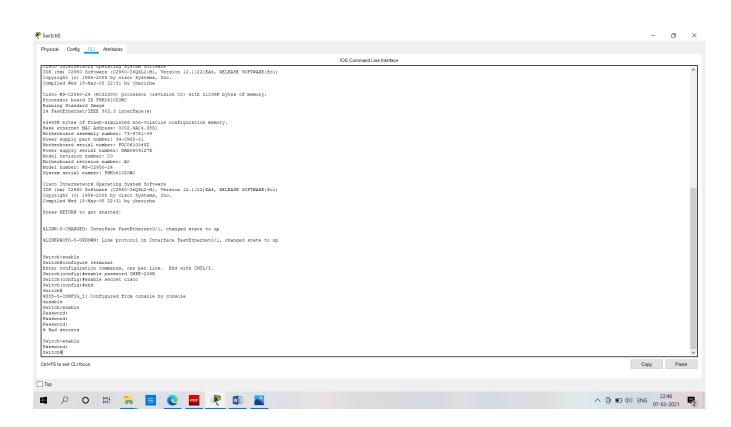


TASK 1 - Connect to a switch



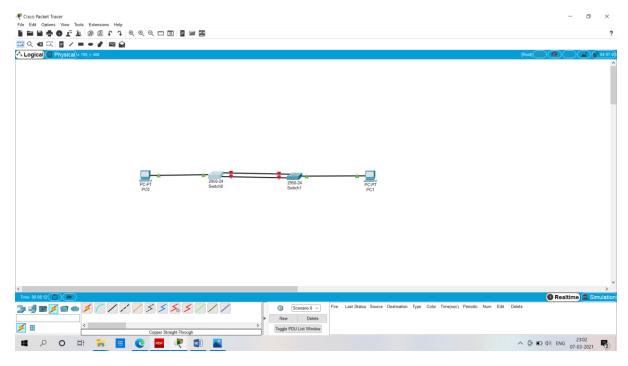


TASK 2 - Configure basic security

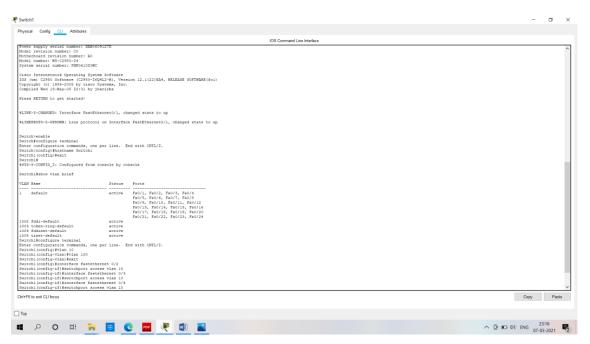


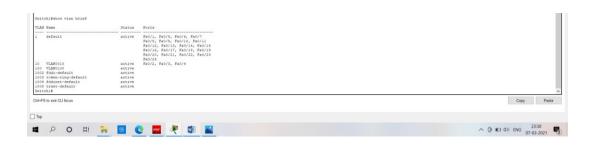
LAB 1.2 VLAN

Topology:



CLI Commands:





LAB 1.3 STP

Introduction:

Spanning Tree Protocol is a communication protocol that operates in data link layer to prevent bridge loops. It creates a free topology for Ethernet networks. When a message is sent in a given network it will have multiple path which may flood the network that leads to bridge looping forever. STP creates a network disabling all links that form a loop and a single path for the message to travel. To construct a spanning tree, they execute an algorithm for finding out the minimal tree in the network. If the link fails algorithm is executed again without the failed link.

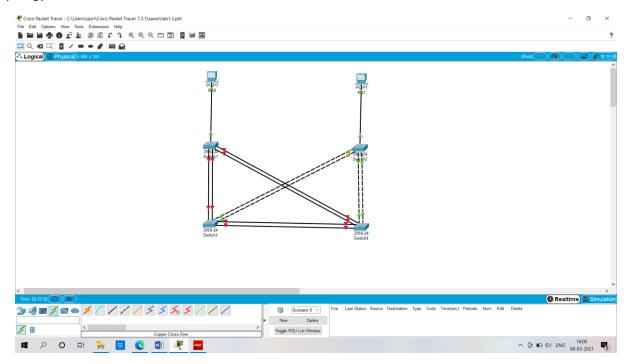
Advantages:

- Simplification of bridging logic avoids bridging problem when many computers use LAN at the same time.
- Prevention of loops When there are multiple network it uses single active path to avoid loops.
- Preventing connection problems Has various backups that become active when the main connection experiences technical hiccups.

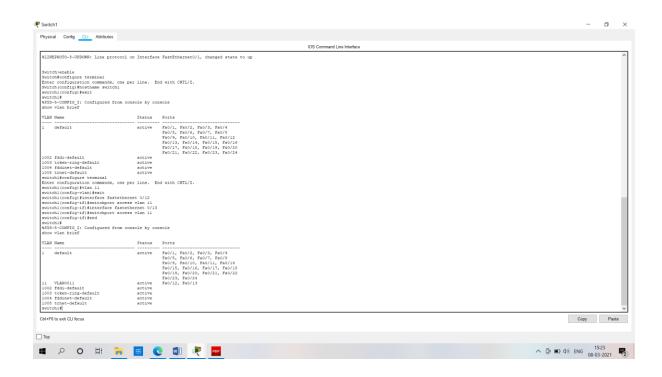
Disadvantages:

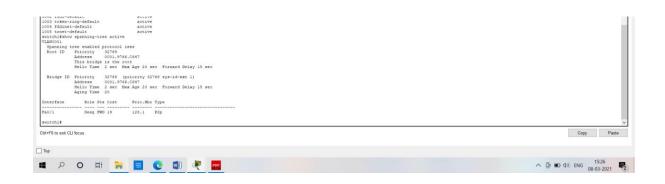
- All the traffic will flow along a single path that has been defined bt STP.It means blocking alternative, and sometimes more direct path.
- The full network capacity can never be realized.
- Time consuming.

Topology:

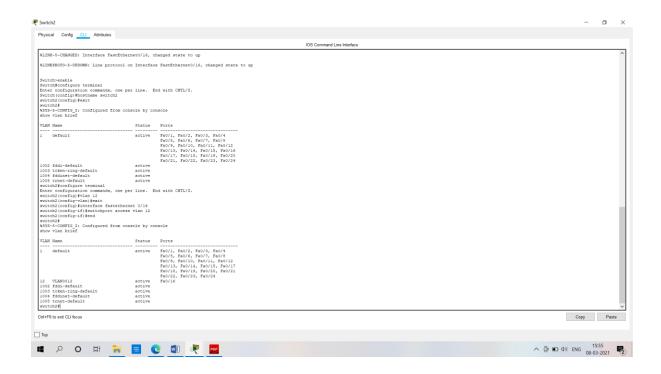


Switch1:



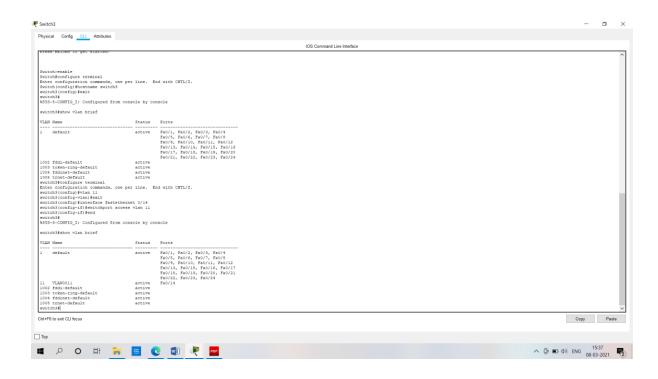


Switch 2:



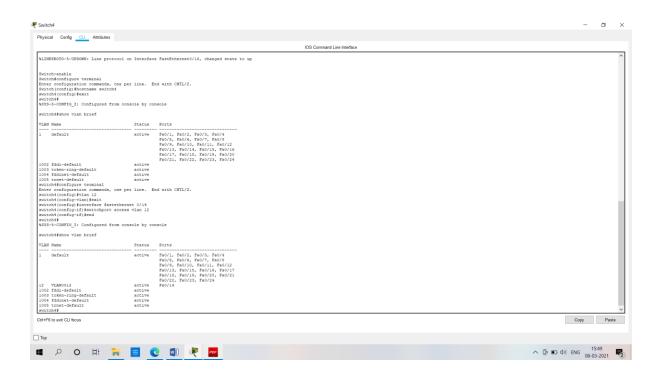


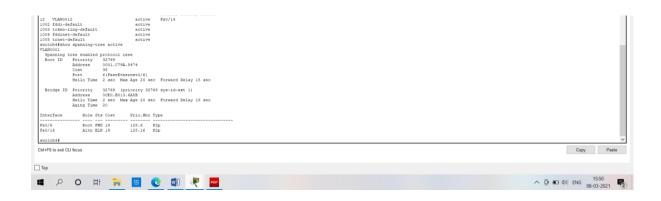
SWITCH 3:





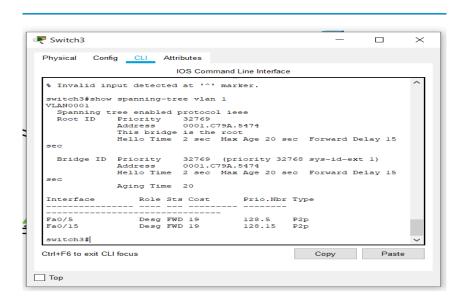
Switch 4:





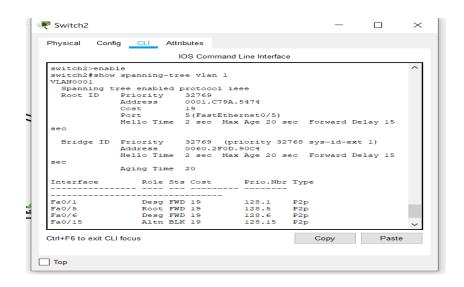
TASK 1: Examine the default Spanning tree

P1DSW1 is switch 3 in the above topology



- a. It is executing VLAN0001 spanning tree.
- b. Priority 32769, Sysid ext 1, MAC address 0001.C79A.5474
- c. The switch here is still in first round sending so it believes it is the root.
- d. VLAN 1 is the default port where it has its own protocols and all switch ports are members of vlan1.
- e. BPDU timer value 2 sec
- f. Max age for BPDU 20 sec
- g. Forward delay timer 15 sec

P2ASW2 is switch 2



- a. Priority 32769, Sysid ext 1, MAC address 0001.2F0D.90C4
- b. Priority 32769, MAC address 0001.C79A.5474
- c. The root port is switch3.
- d. Cost of using is 19
- e. Values of hello time, maximum age, and forward delay are 2, 20 and 15 sec respectively.
- f. Yes, because it the default timer.
- g. All are network protocols in spanning tree. All are standards of STP network protocol.
- h. STP is a network protocol building a loop free logical topology for Ethernet networks. It prevents bridge loops and broadcast radiation. Per-VLAN spanning tree(PVST) is a kind of proprietary network protocol by CISCO which is basically a default STP.PVST+ uses 802.IQ VLAN encapsulation which differs from STP.
- i. The convergence time for STP IEEE 802.1D Standard is 30 to 50 seconds.

j.