



# B1- Unix and C Lab Seminar

B-CPE-100

Day 06

Pointers are back





# Day 06

### Pointers are back

repository name: CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR

repository rights: ramassage-tek

language: C group size: 1

• Your repository must contain the totality of your source files, but no useless files (binary, temp files, obj files,...).





- You are only allowed to use the **my\_putchar** function to complete the following tasks, but don't push it into your delivery directory, and don't copy it in *any* of your delivered files.
- If one of your files prevents you from compiling with \* .c, the Autograder will not be able to correct your work and you will receive a O.



Create your repository at the beginning of the day and submit your work on a regular basis! The delivery directory is specified within the instructions for each task. In order to keep your repository clean, pay attention to gitignore.



Most of the day's functions exist in the **string** library. Use **man** to obtain a full explanation of how a function works. Beware that none of your deliveries contains a function from this **string** library!



Don't forget to write unit tests for all your functions! Check out DayO4 if you need an example, and re-read this document.





### my\_strcpy

Write a function that copies a string into another. The destination string will already have enough memory to copy the source string.

It must be prototyped the following way:

```
char *my_strcpy(char *dest, char const *src)
```

The function returns dest.

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_strcpy.c

### Task 02

### my\_strncpy

Write a function that copies n characters from a string into another.

The destination string will already have enough memory to contain n characters.

It must be prototyped the following way:

```
char *my_strncpy(char *dest, char const *src, int n);
```

The function returns dest.

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_strncpy.c



Add '\O's if n is strictly greater than the length of the string. Do not add '\O' if n is strictly lower than the length of the string (because dest is not supposed to contain more than n bytes.

# Task 03

#### my\_revstr

Write a function that reverses a string. It must be prototyped the following way:

```
char *my_revstr(char *str);
```

The function returns str.

Delivery: CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_revstr.c





### my\_strstr

Reproduce the behavior of the strstr function. Your function must be prototyped the following way:

```
char *my_strstr(char *str, char const *to_find);
```

Delivery: CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_strstr.c



Check out the my\_strcmp and my\_strncmp functions.

### Task 05

#### my\_strcmp

Reproduce the behavior of the strcmp function. Your function must be prototyped the following way:

```
int my_strcmp(char const *s1, char const *s2);
```

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_strcmp.c

### Task 06

### my\_strncmp

Reproduce the behavior of the *strncmp* function. Your function must be prototyped the following way:

```
int my_strncmp(char const *s1, char const *s2, int n);
```

The function should return the same values as strcmp(3).

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_strncmp.c





#### my\_strupcase

Write a function that puts every letter of every word in it in uppercase. It must be prototyped the following way:

char \*my\_strupcase(char \*str);

The function returns str.

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_strupcase.c

### Task 08

#### my\_strlowcase

Write a function that puts every letter of every word in it in lowercase. It must be prototyped the following way:

char \*my\_strlowcase(char \*str);

The function returns str.

Delivery: CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_strlowcase.c

### Task 09

#### my\_strcapitalize

Write a function that capitalizes the first letter of each word. It must be prototyped the following way:

char \*my\_strcapitalize(char \*str);

The function returns str.

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_strcapitalize.c



The sentence, hey, how are you? 42WORds forty-two; fifty+one will become Hey, How Are You? 42words Forty-Two; Fifty+One.





### my\_str\_isalpha

Write a function that returns 1 if the string passed as parameter only contains alphabetical characters and 0 if the string contains another type of character. It must be prototyped the following way:

```
int my_str_isalpha(char const *str);
```

The function returns 1 if str is an empty string.

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_str\_isalpha.c

### Task 11

#### my\_str\_isnum

Write a function that returns 1 if the string passed as parameter only contains digits and 0 otherwise. It must be prototyped the following way:

```
int my_str_isnum(char const *str);
```

The function returns 1 if str is an empty string.

Delivery: CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_str\_isnum.c

# Task 12

#### my\_str\_islower

Write a function that returns 1 if the string passed as parameter only contains lowercase alphabetical characters and 0 otherwise.

It must be prototyped the following way:

```
int my_str_islower(char const *str);
```

The function returns 1 if the str is an empty string.

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_str\_islower.c





#### my\_str\_isupper

Write a function that returns 1 if the string passed as parameter only contains uppercase alphabetical characters and 0 otherwise.

It must be prototyped the following way:

```
int my_str_isupper(char const *str);
```

The function returns 1 if str is an empty string.

Delivery: CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_str\_isupper.c

### Task 14

#### my\_str\_isprintable

Write a function that returns 1 if the string passed as parameter only contains printable characters and **O** otherwise. It must be prototyped the following way:

```
int my_str_isprintable(char const *str);
```

The function returns 1 if str is and empty string.

Delivery: CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_str\_isprintable.c



man isprint

### Task 15

#### my\_putnbr\_base

Write a function that converts and displays a decimal number into a number in a given base.

The number is given as an int and the base is provided as a string.

The base contains all the symbols that can be used to print a number (for instance, 0123456789 for the decimal base, 01 for the binary base, 0123456789ABCDEF for the hexadecimal base).

The function must deal with negative numbers, and be prototyped the following way:

```
int my_putnbr_base(int nbr, char const *base);
```

Delivery: CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_putnbr\_base.c





### my\_getnbr\_base

Write a function that converts and returns a number (provided as a *string*) in a given base into a decimal number. The function must deal with negative numbers, and several successive + or - before the number. If any error occurs, the function must return **0**. It must be prototyped the following way:

int my\_getnbr\_base(char const \*str, char const \*base);

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_getnbr\_base.c

### Task 17

### my\_showstr

Write a function that prints a string and returns **O**. If this string contains non-printable characters, they must be printed hexadecimally (in lowercase letters) with a backslash before the given value. It must be prototyped the following way:

int my\_showstr(char const \*str);

Delivery: CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_showstr.c



For instance, I like  $\n$  ponies! will be printed as I like  $\a$  ponies!.





#### my\_showmem

Write a function that prints a memory dump and return **0**. It must be prototyped the following way:

```
int my_showmem(char const *str, int size);
```

Each line of the output manages 16 characters and is divided into three columns:

- The hexadecimal address of the line's first character,
- the content in hexadecimal,
- the content in printable characters.

Any non printable characters must be replaced by a dot.

**Delivery:** CPool\_DayO6\_\$ACADEMICYEAR/my\_showmem.c



Don't forget the padding if there aren't enough characters to have a valid alignment.

