Capítulo 11

Thursday, November 19, 2020

3:36 PM

1.1

3. Mostrar que
$$y = \hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \times passa por (\bar{x}, \bar{y})$$
 $\hat{\beta}_0 + \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x} = (\bar{y}_1 - \hat{\beta}_1 \bar{x}) + \hat{\beta}_1 x = \bar{y}$

Logo a equação í satisfeita.

$$\hat{\beta}_{1} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{(Y_{i} - \bar{y})(x_{i} - \bar{x})}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{i} - \bar{x})^{2}}$$

Versos que
$$\sum_{i=1}^{i=1} (Y_i - \bar{y})(x_i - \bar{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})Y_i - \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})\bar{y}$$

 $= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})Y_i - \bar{y}\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i - \bar{x}$
 $= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})Y_i - \bar{y}\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i^{n}$
Logo $E[\hat{\beta},] = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x}) E[Y_i] = E[E(Y_i | x_i)] = E[\beta_0 + \beta_1 x] = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x$
 $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \bar{x})^2$

Logs
$$E[\hat{\beta},] = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x}) E[Y_i] = E[E[Y_i] \times \overline{Y}] = E[\beta_0 + \beta_1 \overline{x}] = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \overline{x}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{(x_i - \overline{x})(\beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x})^2}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x})^2 + \beta_1 \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i (x_i - \overline{x})$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \overline{x})^2$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}(x_{i} - \bar{x}) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}^{2} - \bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}^{2} - 2\bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i} + \bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i}^{2} - 2\bar{x} \sum_{i=1}^{n} 2\bar{x} x_{i} + \sum_{i=1}^{n} \bar{x}_{n}^{2}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_{i} - \bar{x})^{2}$$

3.
$$E[\hat{\beta}_{0}] = E[\hat{\gamma}_{N}] - E[\hat{\beta}_{1}.\bar{x}]$$

$$= 12...(\beta_{0} + \beta_{1}x_{1}) - \beta_{1}.\bar{x}$$

$$= \beta_{0} + \beta_{1}\bar{x} - \beta_{1}\bar{x}$$

$$= \beta_{0}$$