## **ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING SYSTEM**

PHASE3: development of environmental monitoring

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## 1. Collect Data:

You'll need to interface with environmental sensors to gather data. For this example, let's assume you have a temperature and humidity sensor connected to your Raspberry Pi.

## Input:

pip ins import time

import board

import adafruit\_dht

dht\_sensor = adafruit\_dht.DHT22(board.D4) # GPIO pin where the sensor
is connected

while True:

try:

temperature\_c = dht\_sensor.temperature

humidity = dht\_sensor.humidity

print(f"Temperature: {temperature\_c}°C, Humidity: {humidity}%") print(f"Error: {e}") except RuntimeError as e: time.sleep(60) # Collect data every 60 secondstall adafruitcircuitpythondht Create a Python script to collect sensor data: Output: Temperature: 25.0°C, Humidity: 50.0% Temperature: 25.1°C, Humidity: 49.9% Temperature: 25.2°C, Humidity: 50.2% 2. Data Processing and Analysis: You can perform data analysis on the collected data to identify trends or anomalies. For this example, let's calculate the average temperature and humidity over a specific time period. Input: import time data = [] while True: try:

```
temperature_c =
dht_sensor.temperature humidity =
dht_sensor.humidity
data.append((temperature_c, humidity))
time.sleep(60) except RuntimeError as e:
print(f"Error: {e}")

if len(data) >= 10:
    avg_temp = sum([temp for temp, _ in data]) / len(data)
avg_humidity = sum([hum for _, hum in data]) / len(data)
print(f"Average Temperature: {avg_temp}°C, Average Humidity:
{avg_humidity}%")
    data = [] # Reset data
output:
```

Average Temperature: 25.0°C, Average Humidity: 50.0%