Find the intersection of two sorted arrays. OR in other words, Given 2 sorted arrays, find all the elements which occur in both the arrays. Input Format \cdot $\;$ The first line contains T, the number of test cases. Following T lines contain: 1. Line 1 contains N1, followed by N1 integers of the first array 2. Line 2 contains N2, followed by N2 integers of the second array Output Format The intersection of the arrays in a single line Example Input: 1 3 10 17 57 6 2 7 10 15 57 246 Output: 10 57 Input: 1 6123456 216 Output: 16

```
|#include<stdio.h>
 2 ₹
    int main(){
         int k;scanf("%d",&k);
 3
 4 ₹
         while(k!=0){k--;
         int a,b;scanf("%d",&a);
 5
 6
         int arr[a];
         for(int i=0;i<a;i++)scanf("%d",&arr[i]);</pre>
 7
         scanf("%d",&b);
 8
 9
         int brr[b];
         for(int i=0;i<b;i++)scanf("%d",&brr[i]);</pre>
10
         int i=0,j=0;
11
         while(i<a&&j<b){</pre>
12 v
13 v
             if(arr[i]==brr[j]){
                 printf("%d ",arr[i]);
14
                 i++;j++;}
15
             else if(arr[i]<brr[j])i++;</pre>
16
17
             else j++;}}}
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
*	1 3 10 17 57 6 2 7 10 15 57 246	10 57	10 57	~
~	1 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 1 6	1 6	1 6	~

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     int main(){
         int k;scanf("%d",&k);
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         while(k!=0){k--;
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              else if(arr[i]<brr[j])i++;</pre>
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              else j++;}}}
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	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1 3 10 17 57 6 2 7 10 15 57 246	10 57	10 57	~
*	1 6 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 1 6	1 6	1 6	*

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[j] - A[i] = k, i! = j.

Input Format:

First Line n - Number of elements in an array

Next n Lines - N elements in the array

k - Non - Negative Integer

Output Format:

1 - If pair exists

0 - If no pair exists

Explanation for the given Sample Testcase:

YES as 5 - 1 = 4

So Return 1.

For example:

Input	Result
3	1
1 3 5	
4	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
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    1 |#include <stdio.h>
    2 v int main(){
             int a;scanf("%d", &a);
int arr[a];
    3
    4
             for(int i=0;i<a;i++)scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
int c=0,k;scanf("%d", &k);
for(int i=0;i<a;i++){</pre>
    5
    6
    7 🔻
    8 *
                   for(int j=i+1;j<a;j++){</pre>
                        if(arr[j]-arr[i]==k){c=1;break;}}}
    9
              printf("%d\n",c);}
   10
  11
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
	mpac	Lxpected	301	
*	3 1 3 5 4	1	1	*
~	10 1 4 6 8 12 14 15 20 21 25 1	1	1	~
~	10	0	0	~

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[j] - A[i] = k, i!= j.

Input Format:

First Line n - Number of elements in an array

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k - Non - Negative Integer

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1 - If pair exists

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For example:

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3 1 3 5 4	1

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

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```
1 #include <stdio.h>
    int main(){
 3
        int a;scanf("%d", &a);
        int arr[a];
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        for(int i=0;i<a;i++)scanf("%d", &arr[i]);</pre>
 5
 6
        int c=0,k;scanf("%d", \&k);
 7
        int i=0, j=1;
 8 ,
        while(j<a){
 9
            int d=arr[j]-arr[i];
            if (d==k&&i!=j){
10 •
11
                c=1;break;}
            else if(d<k)j++;</pre>
12
13
            else i++;}
        if(c==1)printf("1");
14
15
        else printf("0");
16 }
```

Г	ı	Input	Expected	Got	
~		3 1 3 5 4	1	1	~
~		10 1 4 6 8 12 14 15 20 21 25 1	1	1	~
~		10	0	0	~