REC-CIS

♣ JANANY M 2023-CSCS-A J2 •

## CS23333-Object Oriented Programming Using Java-2023

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Started Sunday, 6 October 2024, 12:22 PM
Completed Sunday, 6 October 2024, 12:27 PM
Duration 5 mins 24 secs

Question **1**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

### 1. Final Variable:

- Once a variable is declared final, its value cannot be changed after it is initialized.
- It must be initialized when it is declared or in the constructor if it's not initialized at declaration.
- It can be used to define constants

final int MAX\_SPEED = 120; // Constant value, cannot be changed

### 2. Final Method:

- A method declared final cannot be overridden by subclasses.
- It is used to prevent modification of the method's behavior in derived classes.

public final void display() {
 System.out.println("This is a final method.");
}

### 3. Final Class:

- A class declared as final cannot be subclassed (i.e., no other class can inherit from it).
- It is used to prevent a class from being extended and modified.
- public final class Vehicle {
   // class code
  }

Given a Java Program that contains the bug in it, your task is to clear the bug to the output.

you should delete any piece of code.

For example:

Test	Result
1	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
// Final class definition
       inal class FinalExample {
           // Final variable
           final int MAX_SPEED = 120; // Constant value
           // Final method
public final void display() {
    System.out.println("The maximum speed is: " + MAX_SPEED + " km/h");
10
11
13
      public class Test {
           public static void main(String[] args) {
15
                    Create an instar
                 FinalExample example = new FinalExample();
17
                example.display();
                // Uncommenting the following line will result in a compile-time error
// because FinalExample is a final class and cannot be subclassed.
// class SubclassExample extends FinalExample { }
19
20
21
22
23
                System.out.println("This is a subclass of FinalExample.");
24
25
26
```

Test	Expected	Got
1	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.

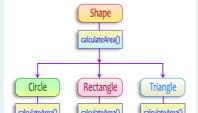
Passed all tests!

Question **2**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

Filag question

Create a base class Shape with a method called calculateArea(). Create three subclasses: Circle, Rectangle, and Triangle. Override the calculateArea() method in each subclass to calculate and return the shape's area.

In the given exercise, here is a simple diagram illustrating polymorphism implementation:



```
abstract class Shape {
public abstract double calculateArea();
}

System.out.printf("Area of a Triangle:%.2f%n",((0.5)*base*height)); // use this statement sample Input:

4  // radius of the circle to calculate area PI*r*r

5  // length of the rectangle

6  // breadth of the rectangle to calculate the area of a rectangle

4  // base of the triangle

3  // height of the triangle

OUTPUT:

Area of a circle:50.27
```

# Area of a Triangle :6.00 For example:

Area of a Rectangle :30.00

### Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 import java.util.Scanner;
     // Abstract class Shape
abstract class Shape {
         public abstract double calculateArea();
      // Circle class
     class Circle extends Shape {
10
       private double radius;
11
12
       public Circle(double radius) {
       this.radius = radius;
}
13
14
15
        @Override
         public double calculateArea() {    return Math.PI * radius * radius; // Area of circle: \pi r^2 }
17
19
20
21
22
      // Rectangle class
     class Rectangle extends Shape {
    private double length;
    private double breadth;
23
25
26
         public Rectangle(double length, double breadth) {
27
28
29
               this.length = length;
this.breadth = breadth;
31
32
          @Override
33
34
35
          public double calculateArea() {
    return length * breadth; // Area of rectangle: length * breadth
36
37
38
39
     // Triangle class
class Triangle extends Shape {
          private double base;
private double height;
40
41
42
43
         public Triangle(double base, double height) {
44
               this.base = base;
this.height = height;
46
48
          @Override
          public double calculateArea() {
    return 0.5 * base * height; // Area of triangle: 0.5 * base * height
49
50
52 }
                                                                                                                                                            -
```

Test	Input	Expected	Got	
1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	
2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	

### Passed all tests!

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

F Flag question

As a logic building learner you are given the task to extract the string which has vowel as the first and last characters from the given array of Strings. Step1: Scan through the array of Strings, extract the Strings with first and last characters as vowels; these strings should be concatenated.

Step2: Convert the concatenated string to lowercase and return it.

If none of the strings in the array has first and last character as vowel, then return no matches found

input1: an integer representing the number of elements in the array.

input2: String array.

Example 1:

input1: 3

input2: {"oreo", "sirish", "apple"}

output: oreoapple

Example 2:

input1: 2

input2: {"Mango", "banana"}

output: no matches found

Explanation:

None of the strings has first and last character as vowel.

Hence the output is no matches found.

Example 3:

input1: 3

input2: {"Ate", "Ace", "Girl"}

output: ateace

#### For example:

Input	Result	
3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple	
2 Mango banana	no matches found	
3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace	

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v import java.util.Scanner;
        public class VowelStringExtractor {
             // Method to extract strings with vowels as first and last characters
public static String extractVowelStrings(String[] stringArray) {
    StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
    String vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"; // String containing all vowels
                     // Iterate through the array of strings
10
                     // Iterate through the array or Strings
for (String s : stringArray) {
    // Check if the string is not empty and if both the first and last characters are vowels
    if (s.length() > 0 && vowels.indexOf(s.charAt(0)) != -1 && vowels.indexOf(s.charAt(s.length() - 1)) != -1
        result.append(s); // Append matching string to the result
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
                    // Return the concatenated string in lowercase or "no matches found" return result.length() > 0 ? result.toString().toLowerCase() : "no matches found";
19
20
21
22
              public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
23
24
                    // Input for the number of strings
25
26
                    int n = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
27
28
29
                    // Input for the strings in one line
31
                    String input = scanner.nextLine();
String[] strings = input.split(" "); // Split input into an array
32
33
                     // Process and output the result
35
                      String result = extractVowelStrings(strings);
                    System.out.println(result):
37
39
                    scanner.close(); // Close the scanner
40
41
42
43
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
	3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple	oreoapple	
	2 Mango banana	no matches found	no matches found	
	3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace	ateace	

Passed all tests!

■ Lab-08-MCQ
Jump to...
FindStringCode