Summary report-

- 1) We started with understanding the data by checking the data types of all columns and then a basic clean up.
- 2) Then we saw a lot of categorical fields that had a value 'Select', which looks like some kind of default value. This could be treated as Null so we replace all cells having 'Select' with Null.
- 3) Then we checked the missing values in all fields. We categories fields in three different pattern- i) Columns having %nulls < 25, ii) columns having %nulls between 25 and 40, and iii) columns having %null >40.
 - a. For columns having %nulls > 40 \rightarrow We simply dropped all such fields.
 - b. For columns having %nulls between 25 and 40 → All of them were categorical variables. And, we treated Null as an information. We filled Null with 'NA'.
 - c. For columns having %nulls $< 25 \rightarrow$ We treated such columns by filling nulls with mode/50th percentile value.
- 4) We then checked the outliers in the numeric columns.
- 5) We started analyzing data by performing EDA. Found that most of the yes-no fields are singular in nature, i.e. they mostly contains only one value.
- 6) We then wrapped all the transformation steps into functions, which could help us to transform train and test data as per our need with a very minimal code required.
- 7) We used LabelEncoder() to encode categorical variables.
- 8) We then performed model training. We used statsmodel's Logit class to train the model.
- 9) By checking the p-score and VIF, we performed feature selection.
- 10) We then finally performed an exercise to find the optimal cutoff point.