

Grupo Juan Pablo Orozco

Juan Andres Sando Gomez

C.C. = 1001234045

Sln

①

$$A=1$$

$$t = -2 \quad y \quad t = -1$$

$u(t)$  - escalon unitario

$$x(t) = u(t+2) - u(t+1)$$

$$A=2 \quad t=1 \quad y \quad t=2$$

$$y(t) = 2[u(t-1) - u(t-2)]$$

$$t=2 \quad y \quad t=3$$

$$y(t) = 1[u(t-2) - u(t-3)]$$

$$y(t) = 2[u(t-1) - u(t-2)] - [u(t-2) - u(t-3)]$$

$$z(t) = x(t) + y(t)$$

$$- P > 3, \quad z(t) = 0$$

$$- 1 \leq t \leq 2, \quad z(t) = 2$$

$$- -1 \leq t \leq 1, \quad z(t) = 0$$

$$- -2 \leq t \leq -1, \quad z(t) = 1$$

$$z(t) = [u(t+2) - u(t+1)] + 2[u(t-1) - u(t-2)] - [u(t-2) - u(t-3)]$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad x(t) = 4 \sin(8\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4}) + K \cos(4\pi t) + 5 \quad \text{con } K = 2(a+1) \quad a=5$$

$$\text{Sustituir } K = 2(a+1) = 2(\frac{5+1}{1}) = 12$$

$$x(t) = 4 \sin(8\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4}) + 12 \cos(4\pi t) + 5$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{j\theta} - e^{-j\theta}}{2j}$$

$$4 \sin(8\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4}) = 4 \frac{e^{j(8\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4})} - e^{-j(8\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4})}}{2j}$$

$$4 \sin(8\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4}) = 2j \int [e^{j(8\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4})} - e^{-j(8\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4})}]$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{4 \sin(8\pi t + \frac{\pi}{4})\} = 2j e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}} \mathcal{F}\{f(t-4)\} - 2j e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}} \mathcal{F}\{f(t+4)\}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{e^{j\theta} + e^{-j\theta}}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{12 \cos(4\pi t)\} = 6 \mathcal{F}\{f(t-2)\} + 6 \mathcal{F}\{f(t+2)\}$$

$$\mathcal{F}\{5\} = 5 \cdot \delta(f)$$

— un impulso por ser constante

$$F(x(t)) = 2je^{j\frac{\pi}{4}} f(f-4) - 2je^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}} f(f+4) +$$

$$6f(f-2) + 6f(f+2) + 5f(f)$$

1er punto

$$(2) w(t) = z(t) \cdot r(2(t+12)-6)$$

