



# Financial Report

2023-24

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# From the Executive Vice President & Chief Operating Officer

**A**s we turn the page on another remarkable fiscal year for the University of Virginia, I am pleased to share not just numbers, but also how these figures have shaped our amazing institution. Imagine for a moment Grounds on any given day—bustling with students eager to learn; groundbreaking scientific research taking shape in our labs; expert medical staff providing the best in compassionate, personalized patient care; and vibrant dialogue occurring in our classrooms. Behind every one of these incredible moments lies the legacy of our founder, Thomas Jefferson, and his vision for a model university that contributes to the intellectual fabric of the Commonwealth and our nation. Behind every one of these incredible moments also lies a financial foundation comprised of fiscal sustainability, measurable results, and operational excellence.

It is through responsible stewardship that we, today, uphold Mr. Jefferson's more than 200-year-old vision for a preeminent, world-class university. Forbes ranked UVA No. 1 as its 2024 Best-Value Public College in Virginia and the Princeton Review again placed UVA No. 1 as its 2024 Best Public School for Financial Aid. In addition, Forbes ranked both UVA and UVA Health among the top America's Best Employers by State in 2024. We maintained our triple-A bond rating, which placed UVA as one of only four public universities in the nation to receive such a distinction from all three major rating agencies.

During Fiscal Year 2024, we made measurable progress with advancing many of the 2030 Great and Good Strategic Plan's key initiatives. Returning from winter break, President Ryan announced that the University's "Honor the Future" fundraising campaign had crossed the \$5 billion threshold, 18 months ahead of its June 2025 target. Seven major capital projects, with a combined value of \$408.5 million, were successfully completed to include a fully renovated Edgar Shannon Library, the School of Data Science's new space, and two new upper-class residences along Brandon Avenue. We were very excited to break ground at Fontaine Research Park on the future Paul and Diane Manning Institute of Biotechnology.

Just as Grounds continues to expand, so must our efforts to further our UVA sustainability goals to be carbon neutral by 2030 and fossil fuel-free by 2050. Work got underway this past year on UVA's first, "zero combustion" fossil fuel free central energy plant that will heat and cool ten buildings and the future biotechnology institute within Fontaine Research Park. Efficiency upgrades to existing structures have generated savings of approximately \$20.2 million over the past three years. Since 2010, we have reduced carbon emissions by 44.6 percent, total waste generation by 51.6 percent, and reactive nitrogen losses by 43.6 percent, which exceeds our 2030 Sustainability goal.

Through stable leadership and governance, careful financial management, philanthropic growth, and responsible infrastructure development, I am proud of the progress made during the past fiscal year. This report fully reaffirms our continuing commitment to advancing

**JENNIFER (J.J.) WAGNER DAVIS**

*Executive Vice President and  
Chief Operating Officer*



the University's strategic priorities through agility, sustainability, and a dedicated workforce.

## UVA HEALTH

Once again, UVA Health earned several well-deserved national rankings for excellence in customer service and patient safety. Among them include being rated by Newsweek as Virginia's No. 1 Best-in-State Hospitals and among the top 40 hospitals nationally. UVA Health's neurosurgery, oncology and cardiology specialties were also rated by Newsweek as being among the World's Best Specialized Hospitals. For the third year in a row, U.S. News & World Report ranked UVA Health Children's Hospital No. 1 in Virginia. UVA Health's medical centers in Culpeper, Haymarket, and Manassas earned "A" Hospital Safety Grades for fall 2023 from The Leapfrog Group, a national nonprofit that rates hospitals on how well they provide high-quality patient care. We hope to expand on this excellence in service and access for Virginians through UVA Community Health's acquisition of a physician group and ambulatory facility in Warrenton.

## FINANCIAL FOUNDATIONS

Our financial foundations are grounded in disciplined decision-making, prudent risk management, resource allocation, and our unwavering focus on creating value for the University and its many stakeholders. UVA's triple-A bond ratings and Stable Outlook were reaffirmed by all three major rating agencies – Moody's, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch. Moody's highlighted key UVA credit strengths, including the University's thorough financial planning, investment and risk management, and remarkable donor support. Fitch Ratings affirmed UVA's rating outlook as stable, noting its exceptional student demand and national presence as a flagship research institution.

The Board of Visitors approved \$5.4 billion for the consolidated Fiscal Year 2023-2024 operating budget. For the third consecutive year, the Academic Division budget included a 5 percent base merit salary increase – which was supplemented in December 2023 with an additional mid-year 2 percent increase consistent with the Commonwealth of Virginia's approved budget amendments. The UVA Medical Center's \$3 billion budget reflects continued growth in patient services across units operated by UVA Health, but also accounts for rising costs of wages, medical supplies, utilities, and some pharmaceuticals. The University's consolidated operating budget includes those divisions as well as the University of Virginia's College at Wise, whose operating budget for the fiscal year totaled \$71.7 million.

## From the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

### AFFORDABILITY

Our Board seeks to keep tuition and fee rates at an affordable level while continuing to meet 100 percent of demonstrated financial need for all undergraduate students. As a result of the remarkable success of our Honor the Future campaign, we were able to use philanthropic gifts to significantly expand AccessUVA to benefit even more middle- and lower-income students than ever from the Commonwealth. As a result, the financial aid program is now able to provide Virginia families with an income of \$50,000 or less with grants and scholarships that equal or exceed tuition, fees, housing and dining. Virginia families with an income of \$100,000 or less will receive grants and scholarships that equal or exceed tuition and fees. Virginia families with an income of \$150,000 or less will receive at least \$2,000 in need-based grants. While the University is committed to remaining affordable, it must balance the need to be both accessible to students as well as to maintain and advance the high quality of our teaching, research and healthcare missions of UVA.

Recognizing the difficulties our students and their families encountered with the delayed launch of the new Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) platform, our Student Financial Services immediately set forth to help them successfully navigate and overcome the barriers to receiving financial aid. Enrollment deadlines were extended for newly admitted first-year and transfer students, and our Virginia College Advising Corps, a public service, “near-peer” adviser program, directly connected with approximately 5,000 Virginia high school students. As a result of UVA’s extra efforts, the FAFSA issues had minimal impact on our new and returning students and, in fact, we saw a record increase in enrollment of students from lower-income households.

### PHILANTHROPIC SUCCESS

Our early success with surpassing the University’s “Honor the Future” \$5 billion fundraising goal has inspired us to find new ways to further engage supporters as we continue working towards the campaign’s June 2025 target date. In October, David and Kathleen LaCross became one of the campaign’s top five donors when they enhanced a prior commitment to the Darden School of Business. Their final gift, thanks to matching funds from UVA, totaled more than \$100 million. Our philanthropic priorities extend University-wide, supporting every school and unit in the Academic Division, UVA Health and UVA Wise by benefiting new and existing programs, providing key support for capital projects, and investing in a broad array of merit- and need-based scholarships.

We closed Fiscal Year 2024 as UVA’s second-highest fundraising year on record with total commitments of \$618 million. This was the seventh consecutive year where we have recorded \$500 million or more in total commitments from our loyal alumni and supporters. One philanthropic highlight was the \$10 million commitment from Scott and Beth Stephenson to provide a scholarship program for students pursuing a Bachelor of Science in Data Science, a newly established undergraduate major in the School of Data Science. Not only did we receive the highest number of seven-figure commitments, or more, in UVA history, but the University also experienced a 19 percent increase in overall alumni donor participation. In addition, we moved from 14th to 6th place in undergraduate alumni participation among universities nationwide. That shared sense of purpose among donors also resulted in us securing this past fiscal year a remarkable 175 percent increase for new commitments of future support.

### ENDOWMENT AND INVESTMENTS

Since 1974, UVA has leveraged a diverse investment portfolio to support the institution’s academic and financial priorities. Fifty years later, this

essential endowment program has evolved into its current entity, known as the UVA Investment Management Company (UVIMCO), and is a vibrant and unique partnership between it, the University, and associated organizations. At the conclusion of Fiscal Year 2024, UVIMCO’s assets under management were \$14.2 billion in the Long Term Pool (LTP) and \$88.3 million in the Short Term Pool. Since 2020, UVIMCO’s assets under management have grown approximately 43 percent, from \$9.9 billion to \$14.2 billion. By generating returns in excess of the University’s spending rate plus inflation, UVIMCO is providing a stable source of income to support the University’s missions through scholarships, professorships, research match funding, and other important initiatives.

Over the past 10 and 20 years, the LTP has generated annualized returns of 8.7 percent and 9.7 percent, respectively, exceeding the policy portfolio and the required return needed to preserve the purchasing power of the endowment. According to Wilshire Trust Universe Comparison Service (TUCS) data, UVIMCO consistently outperforms its institutional peers. Over the past 20 years, UVIMCO’s annualized return of 9.7 percent has well exceeded the 7.3 percent garnered by median peers.

### CAPITAL PROJECTS

The Major Capital Program for Fiscal Year 2024 was approved by our Board for \$2.5 billion to include almost \$985 million in projects under construction. It has been an exciting time to see so many improvements being made to our existing and future academic, living, and dining facilities. Gaston and Ramazani Houses, featuring graduate housing and cutting-edge dining options along Brandon Avenue, opened in time for the 2024-2025 academic year. We celebrated the openings of the Molly and Robert Hardie Football Operations Center, the new 60,000 square foot School of Data Science, a renovated Shannon Library, and a repurposed Don R. Pippin & John C. Wyllie Hall that now houses UVA Wise’s Department of Nursing. Modest renovations and designs for a new 5,000 square foot addition to the UVA Center for Politics also received approval this past year. Advancing the 2030 Strategic Plan’s interconnected pillar of “creativity,” the Board authorized the concept, site, and design guidelines for our future world-class Center for the Arts venue along the Emmet-Ivy corridor.

### INVESTING IN OUR PEOPLE

Our committed and skilled workforce of more than 30,000 faculty and staff across Grounds, UVA Wise, and UVA Health are the backbone of the University. Recruitment and retention continue to be a core focus for UVA executive leadership and our Human Resources (HR) team. The launch of the new UVA External Career and UVA External Health Careers websites have increased awareness and visibility of job opportunities as well as streamlined job application processes and automated the candidate and manager processes. During Fiscal Year 2024, HR processed almost 93,000 candidate applications and facilitated more than 2,000 new hires across the Academic Division. Within UVA Health, we were able to hire 4,575 new medical staff from the almost 71,000 applications received by HR.

Among the thousands of accomplished professionals welcomed to our dedicated workforce during Fiscal Year 2024 was Lori McMahon as Vice President of Research. Lori previously served as Vice President of Research and Professor of Neuroscience at the Medical University of South Carolina. Prior to that, she spent 23.5 years at the University of Alabama at Birmingham (UAB), to include serving as Director of the Comprehensive Neuroscience Center and Dean of the UAB Graduate School.

## **From the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer**

Also in June, UVA Wise celebrated the arrival of its next Provost and Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs, Gary Johnson. A comparative literature graduate of UVA, Gary is a lifelong proponent of helping students and families appreciate the value of a liberal arts education. Prior to his appointment at Wise, he served as provost at Lenoir-Rhyne University in North Carolina as well as provost and executive vice president for academic affairs at Hastings College in Nebraska.

Leslie Kendrick became the University's 13th dean of the School of Law on July 1, 2024. An expert on torts and freedom of speech, she previously served as vice dean of the Law School from 2017 to 2021, as well as special adviser to the provost on free expression and inquiry, director of the Center for the First Amendment, and as a fellow at the UVA Shannon Center for Advanced Studies.

The Medical School celebrated the retention of renowned neuroscientist John Lukens and the hiring of biomedical engineer Evan Scott, who is a researcher and Director of the Harrison Family Translational Research Center for Neurodegenerative and Alzheimer's Disease.

Our HR staff also continues to exceed expectations with its novel and engaging Pipelines and Pathways program, which enables us to attract and retain skilled, local professionals for hard-to-fill jobs. To date, the program has enrolled 732 new program participants and hired 150 new employees – a win-win for UVA and the local community.

### **SAFE AND SECURE ENVIRONMENT**

In today's ever-changing public safety landscape, protecting and securing the University remains a leading priority. A new mobile safety application was launched for the benefit of anyone who might be on or near Grounds to have access to urgent safety information. We have significantly invested in Community-Oriented Policing Services (COPS) and the hiring and training of highly qualified officers. Additionally, we have enhanced our staffing in all areas of the Department of Safety and Security (DSS) so that we have the operational capacity and expertise to address the ever growing and complex challenges that impact public safety. Renovation began at Zehmer Hall to provide DSS with a centralized public safety complex when it opens in August 2025. Bringing added energy and tangible outcomes to our Great and Good Strategic Plan, the Community Safety Implementation Group (CSIG) was reorganized to diversify its community and university membership. The group's actionable initiatives are to enhance community safety, reduce violence, and promote holistic well-being within Charlottesville and Albemarle County.

In summary, this past year's strategic investments and achievements in leadership, infrastructure, financial accessibility, and sustainable practices underscore our steadfast commitment to best prepare our students for a rapidly evolving world and empower our faculty and staff to excel. Through strong philanthropic support and responsible fiscal management, UVA is well-positioned to sustain its legacy as a top-tier public institution while supporting a vibrant and inclusive community of students, faculty, and staff. Guided by Thomas Jefferson's vision, the University remains dedicated to fostering innovation, academic freedom, and public service, ensuring that it remains a model of excellence and opportunity for generations to come.

Very truly yours,

Jennifer (J.J.) Wagner Davis  
Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer



# Management Responsibility



December 13, 2024

To the President and Board of Visitors of the University of Virginia:

We are pleased to submit the annual Financial Report of the University of Virginia for the year ended June 30, 2024. Management is responsible for the objectivity and integrity of the accompanying financial statements, which have been prepared in conformance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, and Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for Public Colleges and Universities. The financial statements, of necessity, included management's estimates and judgments relating to matters not concluded by year-end. The financial information contained elsewhere in the annual Financial Report is consistent with that included in the financial statements.

Management is responsible for maintaining the University's system of internal control, which includes careful selection and development of employees, proper division of duties, and written accounting and operating policies and procedures augmented by a continuing internal audit program. Although there are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of accounting controls, management believes that the University's system provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded from unauthorized use or disposition and that the accounting records are sufficiently reliable to permit the preparation of financial statements that conform in all material respects with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Auditor of Public Accounts for the Commonwealth of Virginia, using the reports of independent certified public accountants for the component units, provides an independent opinion regarding the fair presentation of the financial statements of the University's financial position. Their examination was made in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and included a review of the system of internal accounting controls to the extent they considered necessary to determine the audit procedures required to support their opinion. The Audit, Compliance and Risk Committee of the Board of Visitors meets periodically and privately with the independent auditors, the internal auditors and the financial officers of the University to review matters relating to the quality of the University's financial reporting, the internal accounting controls, and the scope and results of audit examinations. The committee also reviews the scope and quality of the internal auditing program.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Augie L. Maurelli".

Augie L. Maurelli  
Vice President for Finance  
& Chief Financial Officer



# Commonwealth of Virginia

*Auditor of Public Accounts*

Staci A. Henshaw, CPA  
Auditor of Public Accounts

P.O. Box 1295  
Richmond, Virginia 23218

December 13, 2024

The Honorable Glenn Youngkin  
Governor of Virginia

Joint Legislative Audit  
and Review Commission

Board of Visitors  
The University of Virginia

James E. Ryan, President  
University of Virginia

## ***Independent Auditor's Report***

### **Report on Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinions***

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, and remaining fund information of the University of Virginia, a component unit of the Commonwealth of Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, aggregate discretely presented component units, and remaining fund information of the University of Virginia as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of UVA Community Health, Inc., a blended component unit of the University, or the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University, which are discussed in Notes 1, 15, and 16. UVA Community Health, Inc., accounts for 2.39 percent of total assets and deferred outflows; 0.83 percent of net position; and 9.94 percent of total operating, net nonoperating, and other revenues of the business-type activities of the University as of June 30, 2024. The financial statements of UVA Community Health, Inc., and the discretely presented component units of the University were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for these component units, are based solely on the report of the other auditors.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions. Except for UVA Community Health, Inc., the financial statements of the component units of the University that were audited by other auditors upon whose reports we are relying, were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

## **Emphasis of Matters**

### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As discussed in Note 1 of the accompanying financial statements, the University implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 99, Omnibus 2022, related to guidance on the financial statement presentation for certain derivative instruments. The University also implemented GASB Implementation Guide No. 2021-1 Question 5.1, related to capitalizing groups of assets. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

### **Correction of 2023 Financial Statements**

As discussed in Note 1 of the accompanying financial statements, the fiscal year 2023 financial statements have been restated to correct misstatements. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the University's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the following be presented to supplement the basic financial statements: Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 10 through 20; the Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Employer Contributions, and the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Virginia Retirement System Pension Plans on pages 82 through 83; the Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset), the Schedule of Employer Contributions, and the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – Virginia Retirement System OPEBs on pages 84 through 86; and the Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – UVA Administered OPEBs on page 87. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Combining Schedule of Net Position on page 88 and the Supplementary Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position on page 89 are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Combining Schedule of Net Position and the Supplementary Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the letter from the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer on pages 3 through 5 and the transmittal letter on page 6 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2024, on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**Staci A. Henshaw  
AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS**



# Management's Discussion & Analysis

# Management's Discussion & Analysis

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the financial position and results of activities of the University of Virginia (the University) for the year ended June 30, 2024. Comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2023, has been provided where applicable. Management has prepared this discussion, which should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes that follow this section.



## Academic Division

The University, a public institution of higher learning, offers a diverse range of degree programs across 12 schools, from baccalaureate to postdoctoral levels, including doctorates in 55 programs. The University is recognized internationally for the quality of its faculty and its commitment to the primary academic missions of instruction, research, public service and medical care. The University consistently ranks among the nation's top public colleges and universities, both for its excellent academic programs as well as for its affordability and value. Its emphasis on the student experience is extraordinary among major public institutions, and its dedication to new advances in research permeates all of its schools and colleges.

## Medical Center

The Medical Center is an integrated network of primary and specialty-care services ranging from wellness programs and routine checkups to the most technologically advanced care. The hub of the Medical Center is a licensed hospital with 696 beds in a state-designated Level 1 trauma center located in Charlottesville. In addition, primary and specialty care are provided at convenient clinic locations throughout Central Virginia communities. The University's Medical Center has a tradition of excellence in teaching, advancement of medical science and patient care, consistently ranking among the best health care systems in the nation. In addition to the Charlottesville area operations, the Medical Center operates UVA Community Health; a three-hospital system in Northern Virginia with 260 total beds and a physicians group.

## College at Wise

Located in southwestern Virginia, the College at Wise is a public liberal arts college that offers baccalaureate degrees in 34 majors and seven pre-professional programs, including dentistry, pharmacy, engineering, forestry, medicine, physical therapy and veterinary medicine.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

### Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the University at the end of the fiscal year and includes all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the University. The net position is an indicator of the prudent utilization of financial resources and the overall health of the University, while the change in net position reflects the current year's activities. Assets and liabilities are generally measured using current values. One notable exception is capital assets, which are stated at historical cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are methods of allocating the cost of a tangible or intangible asset, respectively, over its useful life to indicate how much of an asset's value has been consumed.

The University's Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, is summarized as follows:

<b>SUMMARY OF THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (in thousands)</b>	<b>2024</b>		<b>INCREASE (DECREASE)</b>	
			<b>AMOUNT</b>	<b>PERCENT</b>
Current assets	\$ 1,282,280	\$ 1,218,851	\$ 63,429	5.2%
Noncurrent assets				
Long-term investments	10,992,365	10,613,668	378,697	3.6%
Capital assets, net	5,507,724	5,144,249	363,475	7.1%
Other	807,706	917,750	(110,044)	(12.0%)
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>18,590,075</b>	<b>17,894,518</b>	<b>695,557</b>	<b>3.9%</b>
Deferred outflows of resources	167,483	130,888	36,595	28.0%
<b>Total assets and deferred outflows of resources</b>	<b>18,757,558</b>	<b>18,025,406</b>	<b>732,152</b>	<b>4.1%</b>
Current liabilities	757,838	785,955	(28,117)	(3.6%)
Noncurrent liabilities	4,311,416	4,243,124	68,292	1.6%
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>5,069,254</b>	<b>5,029,079</b>	<b>40,175</b>	<b>0.8%</b>
Deferred inflows of resources	297,935	367,987	(70,052)	(19.0%)
<b>Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources</b>	<b>5,367,189</b>	<b>5,397,066</b>	<b>(29,877)</b>	<b>(0.6%)</b>
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 13,390,369</b>	<b>\$ 12,628,340</b>	<b>\$ 762,029</b>	<b>6.0%</b>

\*Amounts have been restated for error corrections. See Note 1 for additional information. Additionally, certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to June 30, 2024 presentation.

### Current Assets and Liabilities

Current assets primarily consist of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, and accounts receivable. Current liabilities primarily consist of accounts payable, unearned revenue and the current portion of long-term liabilities.

Current assets cover current liabilities 1.7 times, an indicator of good liquidity and the ability to weather short-term demands on working capital. Current assets cover 3 months of total operating expenses, excluding depreciation and amortization. For 2023-24, one month of operating expenses excluding depreciation and amortization equaled approximately \$431 million.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

### Endowment and Other Investments

**Performance.** The major portion of the University's endowment and other investments continues to be maintained in a long-term investment pool managed by the University of Virginia Investment Management Company. The return for the long-term investment pool was a gain of 7.5 percent in fiscal year 2023-24. This performance figure includes realized and unrealized gains and losses, along with cash income. Total investment gain for all funds was \$774.6 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

**Distribution.** The University uses its endowment funds to support operations by distributing endowment earnings with the objective of balancing the annual funding needed to support the endowed programs against the preservation of future purchasing power. The endowment spending-rate policy is approved by the Board of Visitors and is based on total return, not just cash earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the total distribution for the University's endowment was \$287.1 million, excluding fiduciary funds, or 4.1 percent of the market value of the endowment as of June 30, 2022, the measurement date.

**Endowment investments.** The total of endowment investments as of June 30, 2024 is \$7.2 billion, compared to \$7.0 billion for the year ended June 30, 2023.

From a net position perspective, earnings from the endowment are expendable; however, about two-thirds of the earnings are restricted as to use by donors. A significant portion of the unrestricted earnings, the remaining one-third of the endowment, is internally designated by the University for scholarships, fellowships, professorships, and research activities.

Including endowment investments held by the nine related University-Associated Organizations reported as component units, the combined University system endowment was just under \$9.8 billion as of June 30, 2024.

### Capital and Debt Activities

A critical factor in sustaining the quality of the University's academic and research programs and residential life is the development and maintenance of its capital assets. The University continues to implement its long-range plan to modernize its older teaching and research facilities, construct new facilities, and fund major maintenance obligations.

Capital projects consist of replacement, renovation, and new construction of academic, research, and health care facilities, as well as significant investments in equipment and information systems.

Some of the largest new or ongoing projects during the year are listed as follows:

<b>MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS DURING 2023-24 (in thousands)</b>	<b>PROJECTED COST</b>	<b>FY2024 ACTUAL EXPENSES</b>
Institute of Biotechnology	\$ 350,000	\$ 23,362
Virginia Guesthouse	167,900	75,602
Shumway Hall	139,700	89,428
Peter Jefferson Parkway 3rd Floor Infusion Clinic	11,257	2,460
UH Focused Ultrasound & MRI	10,717	2,166
UHE US-1&2 Substation Replacement	5,070	1,969
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 684,644</b>	<b>\$ 194,987</b>

As infrastructure and building projects were completed or otherwise acquired during the year, the University's capital asset balances grew significantly. \$557 million of completed projects were added to depreciable capital assets during the fiscal year. The largest infrastructure and building projects completed or acquired during the year are listed below:

<b>MAJOR PROJECTS COMPLETED OR ACQUIRED DURING 2023-24 (in thousands)</b>	<b>CAPITALIZED COST</b>
Shannon Library Renewal	\$151,280
Brandon Avenue Upper Class Residence Hall Phase II	104,255
Football Operations Center	73,104
Contemplative Commons Building	67,691
Data Science Building	44,001
Wise Wyllie Library Renovation and Conversion	14,500
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$454,831</b>

Financial stewardship requires the effective management of resources, including the prudent use of debt to finance capital projects. As evidence of the University's effective stewardship, the University has received the highest long-term and short-term debt ratings from all three major rating agencies, including Moody's Investors Service (Aaa/P-1), Standard & Poor's (AAA/A-1+) and Fitch Ratings, Inc. (AAA/F1+). The University of Virginia is one of only four public institutions to have achieved the highest long-term debt ratings from all three agencies. These ratings not only serve as an official recognition of the University's financial strength, but also enables the University to obtain future debt financing at optimum pricing. In addition to issuing its own bonds, the University utilizes its commercial paper program, backed by a general revenue pledge, to provide interim financing for its capital improvements and provide a source of short-term liquidity. Outstanding commercial paper is typically converted to long-term debt financing as appropriate, within the normal course of business.

The University's debt portfolio comprises a strategic mix of maturity structures and both variable- and fixed-rate obligations. This mix is achieved through issuing a combination of variable- and

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

fixed-rate debt, including commercial paper. The University also modifies its debt mix through the use of interest rate swaps in accordance with its Board-approved interest-rate risk-management policy. The University had just under \$3.3 billion of debt outstanding as of June 30, 2024.

### Net Position

The four net-position categories represent the residual interest in the University's assets and deferred outflows of resources after liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are deducted. The University's net position on June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, is summarized below:

NET POSITION (in thousands)	2024	2023*	INCREASE (DECREASE)	
			AMOUNT	PERCENT
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,444,334	\$ 2,304,697	\$ 139,637	6.1%
Restricted				
Nonexpendable	1,436,450	1,357,154	79,296	5.8%
Expendable	4,760,511	4,835,455	(74,944)	(1.5%)
Unrestricted	4,749,074	4,131,034	618,040	15.0%
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 13,390,369</b>	<b>\$ 12,628,340</b>	<b>\$ 762,029</b>	<b>6.0%</b>

\*Amounts have been restated for error corrections. See Note 1 for more information.

**Net investment in capital assets** represents the University's capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Capitalized assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, increased by \$363.5 million and were offset by a \$223.9 million increase in debt and other long-term liabilities used to finance those capital assets, for a net change of \$139.6 million.

**Restricted nonexpendable net position** represents the historical value (corpus) of the University's permanent endowments, which cannot be expended due to donor restrictions. The increase in nonexpendable net position included new gifts of \$30.3 million as well as \$47.6 million in related matches from the Strategic Investment Fund.

**Restricted expendable net position** includes spendable earnings on permanent and quasi-endowments, gifts, grants and contracts, and loan funds that are subject to externally imposed restrictions governing their use. Restricted expendable net position decreased this year as restricted funds were used for capital construction.

**Unrestricted net position** includes all other activities that are both spendable and not subject to externally imposed restrictions. The majority of the University's unrestricted net position has been internally designated for the core mission activities of instruction, research, health services programs and initiatives, and capital projects that align with the University's highest priorities. Unrestricted net position increased due to increased operating income of the Medical Center, higher student tuition revenue, and investment returns on unrestricted assets.



## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents the University's results of activities for the year. Presented below is a summarized statement for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023:

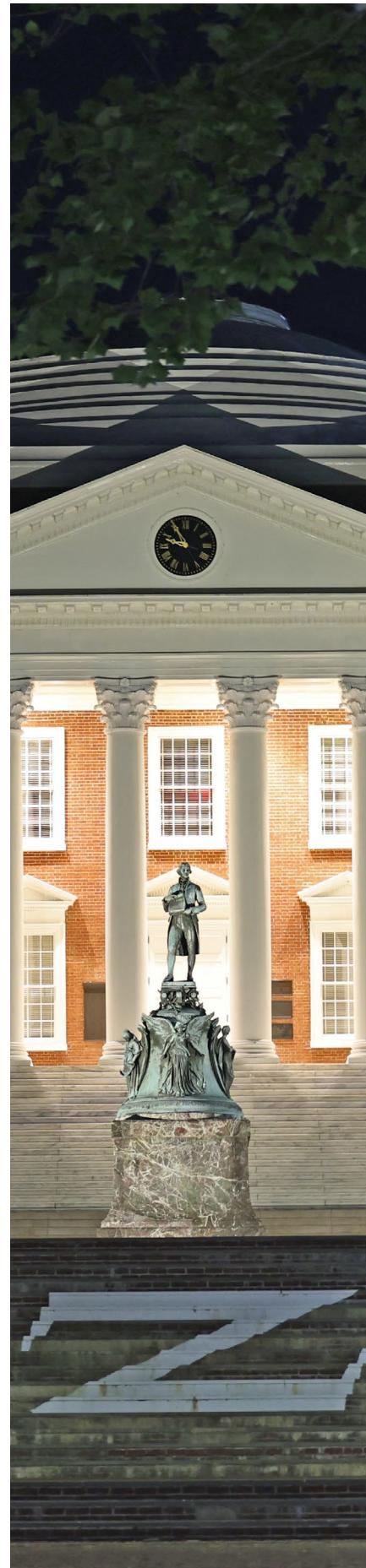
SUMMARY OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION <i>(in thousands)</i>	2024	2023*	INCREASE (DECREASE)	
			AMOUNT	PERCENT
<b>Operating revenues</b>				
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 729,784	\$ 690,969	\$ 38,815	5.6%
Patient services, net	3,305,862	2,902,577	403,285	13.9%
Sponsored programs	535,532	452,569	82,963	18.3%
Other	330,148	283,524	46,624	16.4%
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>4,901,326</b>	<b>4,329,639</b>	<b>571,687</b>	<b>13.2%</b>
<b>Operating expenses</b>	<b>5,557,762</b>	<b>4,928,837</b>	<b>628,925</b>	<b>12.8%</b>
<b>Operating loss</b>	<b>(656,436)</b>	<b>(599,198)</b>	<b>(57,238)</b>	<b>(9.6%)</b>
<b>Nonoperating revenues (expenses)</b>				
State appropriations	317,850	275,561	42,289	15.3%
Gifts	243,598	231,662	11,936	5.2%
Investment income	774,624	228,401	546,223	239.2%
Pell grants	19,170	16,715	2,455	14.7%
Nonoperating grant revenue	15	3,044	(3,029)	(99.5%)
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(123,229)	(127,083)	3,854	3.0%
Build America Bonds (BAB) rebate	8,281	9,193	(912)	(9.9%)
Other net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	1,794	(60,750)	62,544	103.0%
<b>Net nonoperating revenues</b>	<b>1,242,103</b>	<b>576,743</b>	<b>665,360</b>	<b>115.4%</b>
<b>Income (loss) before other revenues, expenses, gains, or losses</b>	<b>585,667</b>	<b>(22,455)</b>	<b>608,122</b>	<b>2,708.2%</b>
Capital appropriations, gifts, and grants	136,441	226,448	(90,007)	(39.7%)
Additions to permanent endowments	32,177	36,757	(4,580)	(12.5%)
<b>Total other revenues</b>	<b>168,618</b>	<b>263,205</b>	<b>(94,587)</b>	<b>(35.9%)</b>
<b>INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION</b>	<b>754,285</b>	<b>240,750</b>	<b>513,535</b>	<b>213.3%</b>
<b>NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR AS RESTATED*</b>	<b>12,636,084</b>	<b>12,387,590</b>	<b>248,494</b>	<b>2.0%</b>
<b>NET POSITION - END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$13,390,369</b>	<b>\$ 12,628,340</b>	<b>\$ 762,029</b>	<b>6.0%</b>

\*Amounts have been restated for error corrections. The variance between FY23 ending net position and FY24 beginning net position is due to change in accounting principle. See Note 1 for additional information.

GASB principles determine the categorization of revenues and expenses as either operating or nonoperating activities. Because GASB Statement No. 34 requires that revenues from state appropriations, Pell grants, and gifts be considered nonoperating while the expenses funded from these revenues are categorized as operating (with the exception of interest on capital debt, which remains nonoperating), the University will nearly always demonstrate an operating loss on its Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

### Revenues

The University maintains a diverse stream of revenues, which decreases its dependence on any single source and allows it to adapt during difficult economic times. The University's revenues, for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, are summarized on the next page:



## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

SUMMARY OF REVENUES (in thousands)	2024			2023			TOTAL INSTITUTION INCREASE (DECREASE)	
	ACADEMIC DIVISION & WISE	MEDICAL CENTER	TOTAL INSTITUTION	ACADEMIC DIVISION & WISE	MEDICAL CENTER	TOTAL INSTITUTION	AMOUNT	PERCENT
<b>Operating revenues</b>								
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 729,784	\$ -	\$ 729,784	\$ 690,969	\$ -	\$ 690,969	\$ 38,815	5.6%
Patient services, net	-	3,305,862	3,305,862	-	2,902,577	2,902,577	403,285	13.9%
Federal, state, and local grants and contracts	453,869	-	453,869	390,774	-	390,774	63,095	16.1%
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	81,663	-	81,663	61,795	-	61,795	19,868	32.2%
Sales and services of educational departments	33,192	-	33,192	36,240	-	36,240	(3,048)	(8.4%)
Auxiliary enterprises revenue, net	187,162	-	187,162	157,383	-	157,383	29,779	18.9%
Other operating revenues	-	109,794	109,794	-	89,901	89,901	19,893	22.1%
<b>Total operating revenues</b>	<b>1,485,670</b>	<b>3,415,656</b>	<b>4,901,326</b>	<b>1,337,161</b>	<b>2,992,478</b>	<b>4,329,639</b>	<b>571,687</b>	<b>13.2%</b>
<b>Nonoperating revenues</b>								
State appropriations	317,850	-	317,850	275,561	-	275,561	42,289	15.3%
Private gifts	240,641	2,957	243,598	227,550	4,112	231,662	11,936	5.2%
Investment income	683,501	91,123	774,624	194,171	34,230	228,401	546,223	239.2%
Nonoperating grant revenues	15	-	15	3,044	-	3,044	(3,029)	(99.5%)
Other nonoperating revenues	187,788	23,639	211,427	241,350	-	241,350	(29,923)	(12.4%)
<b>Total nonoperating revenues</b>	<b>1,429,795</b>	<b>117,719</b>	<b>1,547,514</b>	<b>941,676</b>	<b>38,342</b>	<b>980,018</b>	<b>567,496</b>	<b>57.9%</b>
<b>TOTAL REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 2,915,465</b>	<b>\$ 3,533,375</b>	<b>\$ 6,448,840</b>	<b>\$ 2,278,837</b>	<b>\$ 3,030,820</b>	<b>\$ 5,309,657</b>	<b>\$ 1,139,183</b>	<b>21.5%</b>

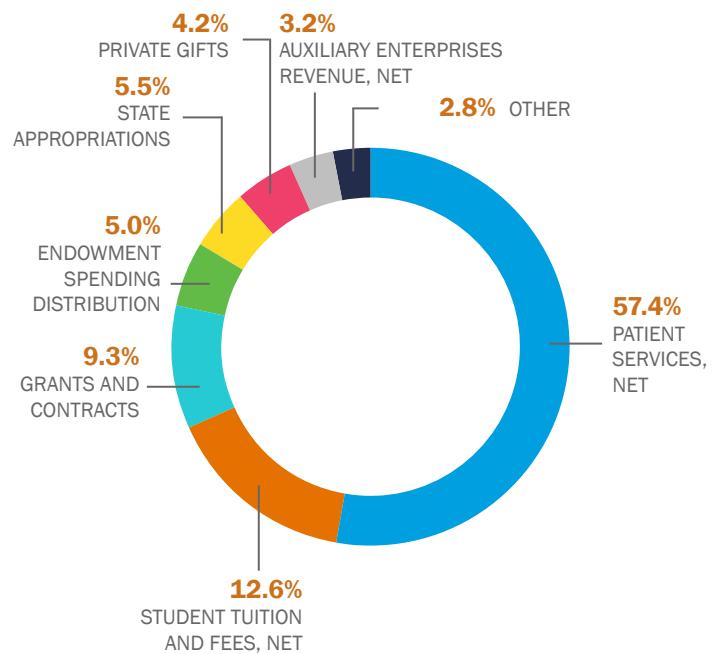
Net student tuition and fees revenue increased primarily due to changes in tuition and fee rates. Tuition and fees revenue is reported net of scholarships and allowances provided from University sources. Net patient services revenues increased primarily due to higher patient volumes and rates. The increase in nonoperating revenues is driven by an increase in investment income resulting from a gain on the University's long-term investments of 7.5 percent compared to 2.0 percent in fiscal year 2023.

### Revenues and Other Sources of Operational Funding

To the right is a chart of revenues by source (both operating and nonoperating). These revenues were used to fund the University's operating activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. As noted earlier, GASB requires state appropriations, current gifts and Pell grants to be treated as nonoperating revenues. Endowment spending is not current-year revenue but a distribution of previously recognized investment income. However, it is an important funding source for current operations and is included in the chart to the right to present a more accurate picture of the University's funding of current operations.

Patient services revenues are principally generated within the University's Medical Center under contractual arrangements with governmental payers and private insurers and accounted for over one-half of the University's revenues and operational funding sources. The Medical Center continues to negotiate annual payment increases with managed-care companies and receives annual payment updates from the Medicare program.

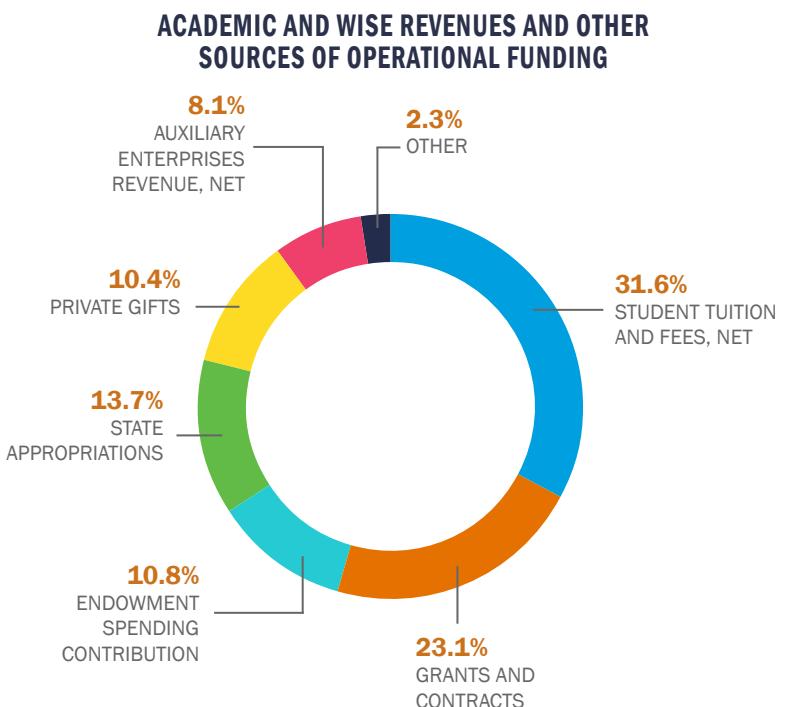
### TOTAL UNIVERSITY REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OF OPERATIONAL FUNDING



## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Net student tuition and fees, and grants and contracts are the next largest revenue categories. Private support from endowment spending and gifts combined provides 9.2 percent of the University's funding. State appropriations account for just 5.5 percent of funding for operations. With ongoing economic pressures on state revenues and increasing consideration of affordability, funding from private sources continues to be vitally important to the University's operations.

The University measures its performance both for the University as a whole and for the University without its Medical Center and other clinical activities. A clearer picture of the academic and research mission revenue stream emerges when the Medical Center's data are excluded, as presented to the right. Net tuition and fees make up roughly one-third of the operating revenues for the Academic Division and Wise. Contributing a combined 21.2 percent, private support in the form of endowment spending distribution and gifts has been, and will continue to be, essential to maintaining the University's academic excellence. External research support from grants and contracts makes up another 23.1 percent of operational funding.



### Expenses

The University's expenses for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

SUMMARY OF EXPENSES (in thousands)	2024			2023*			TOTAL INSTITUTION INCREASE (DECREASE)	
	ACADEMIC DIVISION & WISE	MEDICAL CENTER	TOTAL INSTITUTION	ACADEMIC DIVISION & WISE	MEDICAL CENTER	TOTAL INSTITUTION	AMOUNT	PERCENT
<b>Operating expenses</b>								
Compensation	\$ 1,537,223	\$ 1,329,094	\$ 2,866,317	\$ 1,371,809	\$ 1,091,105	\$ 2,462,914	\$ 403,403	16.4%
Supplies and other services	506,480	1,636,550	2,143,030	457,769	1,502,941	1,960,710	182,320	9.3%
Student aid	137,540	-	137,540	127,417	-	127,417	10,123	7.9%
Depreciation and amortization	195,102	192,576	387,678	182,494	179,491	361,985	25,693	7.1%
Other operating expenses	23,197	-	23,197	15,811	-	15,811	7,386	46.7%
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>2,399,542</b>	<b>3,158,220</b>	<b>5,557,762</b>	<b>2,155,300</b>	<b>2,773,537</b>	<b>4,928,837</b>	<b>628,925</b>	<b>12.8%</b>
<b>Nonoperating expenses and other</b>								
Interest expense (net of BAB rebate)	77,542	37,406	114,948	80,196	37,694	117,890	(2,942)	(2.5%)
(Losses) gains on capital assets, net	6,737	812	7,549	1,909	(1,576)	333	7,216	2,167.0%
Other nonoperating expenses, net	15,068	(772)	14,296	(9,779)	31,626	21,847	(7,551)	(34.6%)
<b>Total nonoperating expenses</b>	<b>99,347</b>	<b>37,446</b>	<b>136,793</b>	<b>72,326</b>	<b>67,744</b>	<b>140,070</b>	<b>(3,277)</b>	<b>(2.3%)</b>
<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>	<b>\$ 2,498,889</b>	<b>\$ 3,195,666</b>	<b>\$ 5,694,555</b>	<b>\$ 2,227,626</b>	<b>\$ 2,841,281</b>	<b>\$ 5,068,907</b>	<b>\$ 625,648</b>	<b>12.3%</b>

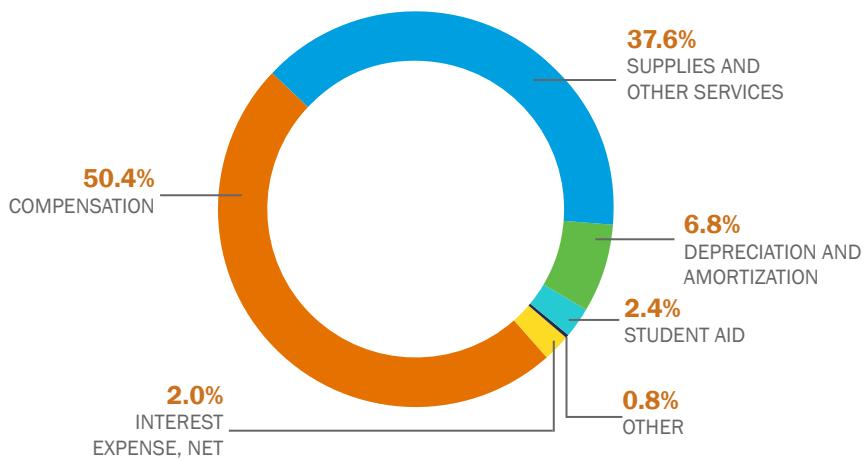
\*Amounts have been restated for error corrections. See Note 1 for additional information.

Increases in operating expenses are primarily driven by the increase in supplies and other services and compensation and benefits (including the Virginia Retirement System pension and OPEB accruals). The increase in supplies and services is driven by the higher patient volumes and cost inflation at the Medical Center. The increase in compensation is due to the rising cost of labor and the University and Medical Center offering a competitive compensation package to recruit and retain outstanding faculty and staff to successfully compete with peer institutions and nonacademic employers.

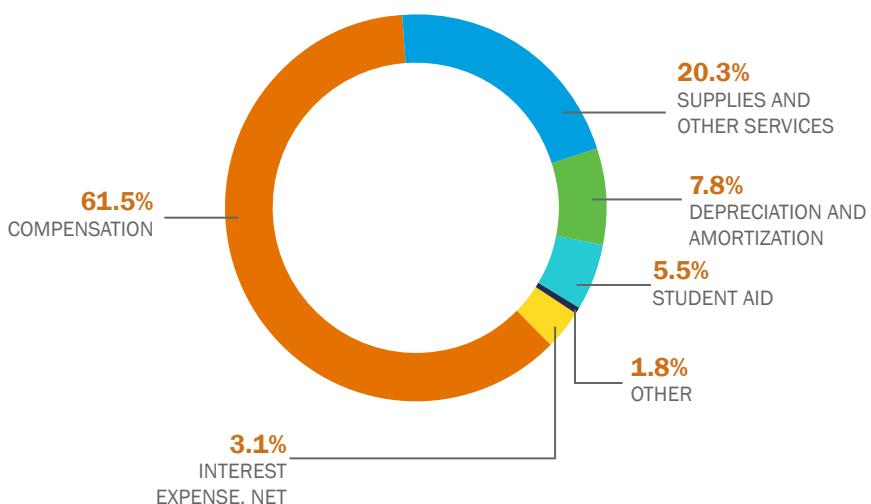
## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The following are graphic illustrations of expenses (both operating and nonoperating) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

### TOTAL UNIVERSITY EXPENSES



### ACADEMIC AND WISE EXPENSES



The first chart presents information for the total University, including the Medical Center, while the second chart presents information for just the Academic and Wise divisions. In addition to their natural (object) classification, it is also informative to review operating expenses by function.

A complete matrix of expenses, natural versus functional, is contained in Note 17 of the Notes to the Financial Statements. Expenses for core mission functions of patient services, instruction and research account for 73.2 percent of total operating expenses. The remainder is for support costs of these core mission functions and includes academic support, libraries, student services, institutional support services, and operation and maintenance of facilities.



## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

### Economic Outlook

The close of fiscal year 2024 was marked by a mixed economic landscape in the United States. While inflation showed signs of moderating, it remained above the Federal Reserve's target, keeping pressure on interest rates. However, with inflation trending lower and signs of a softening labor market, the Federal Reserve cut the overnight funds target in September for the first time in over four years. The 50 basis point reduction was expected to be the first in a series of rate cuts, but the bond market indicated otherwise as treasury yields remained high. The Fed cut another 25 basis points in November, although the degree of easing going forward will depend on economic conditions, job growth and the path of inflation.

Although recession concerns have generally dissipated, the implemented policies of the new administration, escalating global military conflicts and the massive U.S. budget deficit are inherently inflationary and have increased the level of uncertainty. This uncertainty leaves higher education and non-profit healthcare providers in a uniquely challenging environment requiring fiscal discipline, operational effectiveness, and strategic deployment of their capital. The potential for post-election changes to the political and regulatory environment for higher education will add additional uncertainty to the 2025 outlook.

The labor market overall remains solid, although it continues to show signs of cooling as job creation slows. The unemployment rate remains historically low, hovering around 4.1 percent through October 2024, less than a percentage point above a five-decade low. The resiliency of the labor market throughout the year had supported the overall economy and helped soften the impact of higher interest rates. If labor conditions were to strengthen in 2025 and price pressures remained elevated, a pause in rate reductions by the Fed would not be a surprise.

Moody's Investors Service has projected a "stable" outlook for the higher education sector in 2024, marking a shift from earlier negative forecasts. This stability is attributed to moderating expense growth and improving revenue prospects. The agency notes that cooling inflation is helping to prevent further deterioration in operating performance for most institutions. However, it is important to note that while Moody's outlook is stable, other agencies expect financial challenges to increase, which could strain operational margins. Challenges such as rising labor costs, interest rates, and an uncertain enrollment outlook could weaken financial flexibility for some institutions.

Many non-profit healthcare providers are still dealing with compressed cash flows and increased labor costs which are offsetting any enhanced revenue from their patient volume. In light of these stressors, economic challenges, while not as imminent as previously forecasted, could lead to further consolidation in both non-profit healthcare and higher education sectors.

Despite the challenging environment, all three major credit rating agencies continue to assign the University of Virginia their highest rating (AAA/Stable), citing ongoing prudent fiscal management, strong governance, and effective enterprise risk management prevailing over current sector trends. A combination of historically strong financial performance, ongoing increased philanthropy, exceptional financial resources, and impressive student demand anchor the institution's sound financial position and warrant the top credit rating. Growth in revenues at the UVA Medical Center and UVA Community Health help support the exceptional AAA credit rating.

Through a combination of strategic planning, conservative capital deployment, and prudent management of major sector risks, the University has been able to navigate current economic headwinds while continuing to show positive financial results in difficult economic conditions. The Academic Division's six-year financial plan, submitted to the Commonwealth in the summer of 2024, addressed inflationary impacts on the cost of labor, utilities, and operations and emphasized an increased focus on sponsored research activities. The University continues to realize reduced costs and increased operational efficiency through the implementation of a financial ERP platform, which went live in July 2022. The Medical Center's efforts to achieve back-office efficiency and workforce improvement have stabilized its cash flow. A strategic investment in Riverside Health in July 2023 will add to synergies already being realized between the Medical Center and UVA Community Health. In aggregate, the impact of these financial strategies and operational decisions resulted in net positive positions for both the Academic Division and the Medical Center for fiscal year 2024.

UVA is expected to maintain high student enrollment demand and growth at the Medical Center. UVA's record-setting Fall 2024 application statistics demonstrate persistent high demand for its brand of education, even while other institutions were pressured by decreasing demand from the enrollment cliff. The University received a record 58,995 applications for the 2024 school year, offering admission to 9,665 applicants, for a record low admission rate of 16.4 percent.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

In addition to strong enrollment statistics, the University's philanthropic efforts continued to exceed expectations and contribute to the positive balance sheet. The University's Honor the Future campaign experienced accelerated progress reflecting the remarkable generosity of alumni, parents, and other donors and showcasing their unwavering support and dedication to furthering UVA's strategic goals. As of November 2024, the campaign has raised nearly \$5.5 billion, exceeding the original \$5 billion campaign goal. As of June 30, 2024, total donor commitments for fiscal year 2024 reached an impressive \$618 million, surpassing the University's annual fundraising target of \$500 million making it one of the highest-performing years in the University's history.

Governmental funding risk can often be a fiscal headwind, but the Commonwealth of Virginia is on solid fiscal footing and continues to be supportive of its public institutions of higher education. The Commonwealth of Virginia ended fiscal year 2024 with general fund revenues exceeding expectations by \$1.2 billion over its official forecast. This represented a 5.5 percent increase in revenue growth, well above the 1.3 percent originally predicted. The surplus was primarily driven by higher-than-expected individual income taxes and sales taxes, despite a slight decline in corporate income taxes. The Commonwealth's healthy fiscal positioning allowed it to increase funding for UVA, including additional operating funds and incremental support for student aid, notwithstanding the countervailing pressure exerted on University management to strictly limit tuition increases.

The University is well-positioned financially with healthy funding streams and an ample endowment but is facing potential headwinds from the overall economy and shifts in the labor market. The University's size conveys an advantage in managing economic and labor issues, and its stellar reputation allows it to maintain enrollment growth notwithstanding the drop in the college-age population. The University's financial stability is also undergirded by effective Advancement operations, a growing research portfolio, and the size and performance of its endowment. Combined with strategic deployment of funds and prudent financial management, the University's numerous strengths provide a competitive advantage relative to its peers, and well-position the institution for the future.



## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (*in thousands*)

AS OF JUNE 30, 2024

	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	COMPONENT UNITS
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 256,838	\$ 270,452
Short-term investments (Note 2)	7,912	312,026
Short-term investments held for others	-	67,588
Appropriations available	83,096	-
Accounts and pledges receivable, net (Note 3)	691,170	137,627
Due from component units	136,760	-
Due from University of Virginia	-	63,396
Prepaid expenses	27,490	5,460
Inventories	75,669	1,509
Notes receivable, net (Note 4)	3,345	-
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>1,282,280</b>	<b>858,058</b>
<b>Noncurrent assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	335,306	-
Accounts and pledges receivable, net (Note 3)	240,584	129,817
Due from component units	84,606	-
Due from University of Virginia	-	10,346
Notes receivable, net (Note 4)	22,512	-
Long-term investments (Note 2)	10,992,365	3,024,804
Long-term investments held for others	-	11,611,449
Capital assets - nondepreciable (Note 5)	630,863	122,560
Capital assets - other, net (Note 5)	4,876,861	485,507
Equity in affiliated companies (Note 9)	72,265	-
OPEB asset (Note 20)	23,209	-
Other assets	29,224	197,665
<b>Total noncurrent assets</b>	<b>17,307,795</b>	<b>15,582,148</b>
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 6)</b>	<b>167,483</b>	-
<b>TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>\$ 18,757,558</b>	<b>\$ 16,440,206</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)	\$ 427,175	\$ 124,421
Accrued compensated absences (Note 11)	109,504	21,958
Due to component units	63,396	-
Due to University of Virginia	-	136,760
Unearned revenue (Note 8)	77,519	6,883
Deposits held in custody for others	28,564	406
Investments held for others	-	171,387
Short-term debt (Note 10)	-	458,913
Long-term leases - current portion (Note 11)	18,406	8,942
Long-term subscription based IT arrangements - current portion (Note 11)	27,074	-
Long-term debt - current portion (Note 12)	102	6,241
Other long-term liabilities - current portion (Note 11)	6,098	7,393
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>757,838</b>	<b>943,304</b>
<b>Noncurrent liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	92,039
Accrued compensated absences (Note 11)	5,241	12,885
Due to component units	10,346	-
Due to University of Virginia	-	84,606
Investments held for others	-	11,457,053
Liabilities under trust agreements (Note 11)	110,604	40,635
Long-term leases (Note 11)	158,914	47,130
Long-term subscription based IT arrangements (Note 11)	43,890	-
Long-term debt (Note 12)	3,336,533	167,146
Derivative instrument liability (Note 13)	9,386	-
Net pension liabilities (Note 19)	429,009	83,183
Other-post employment benefits liabilities (Note 20)	188,926	-
Other long-term liabilities (Note 11)	18,567	6,301
<b>Total noncurrent liabilities</b>	<b>4,311,416</b>	<b>11,990,978</b>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 14)</b>	<b>297,935</b>	-
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>\$ 5,367,189</b>	<b>\$ 12,934,282</b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,444,334	\$ 272,326
Restricted:		
Nonexpendable	1,436,450	1,315,078
Expendable	4,760,511	1,292,995
Unrestricted	4,749,074	625,525
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 13,390,369</b>	<b>\$ 3,505,924</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 18,757,558</b>	<b>\$ 16,440,206</b>

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (*in thousands*)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	<b>UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA</b>	<b>COMPONENT UNITS</b>
<b>REVENUES</b>		
<b>Operating revenues</b>		
Student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances of \$202,521	\$ 729,784	\$ -
Patient services, net of charity care and contractual adjustments of \$8,336,973	3,305,862	564,049
Federal grants and contracts	434,413	-
State and local grants and contracts	19,456	-
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	81,663	-
Sales and services of educational departments	33,192	30,281
Auxiliary enterprises revenue, net of scholarship allowances of \$29,089	187,162	-
Gifts and contributions	-	123,357
Other operating revenues	109,794	189,347
<b>TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>4,901,326</b>	<b>907,034</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>		
Operating expenses (Note 17)		
Compensation and benefits	2,866,317	570,592
Supplies and other services	2,143,030	333,983
Student aid	137,540	89,963
Depreciation and amortization	387,678	31,798
Other	23,197	1,588
<b>TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES</b>	<b>5,557,762</b>	<b>1,027,924</b>
<b>OPERATING LOSS</b>	<b>(656,436)</b>	<b>(120,890)</b>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>		
State appropriations (Note 18)	317,850	-
Gifts	243,598	-
Investment income (loss)	774,624	260,957
Pell grants	19,170	-
Nonoperating grants	15	-
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(123,229)	(17,212)
Build America Bonds rebate	8,281	-
(Losses) gains on capital assets	(7,549)	106
Gains from affiliated companies	23,639	-
Other net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(14,296)	(2,000)
<b>NET NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>	<b>1,242,103</b>	<b>241,851</b>
<b>INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES</b>	<b>585,667</b>	<b>120,961</b>
<b>OTHER REVENUES</b>		
Capital appropriations	88,821	-
Capital grants and gifts	47,620	-
Additions to permanent endowments	32,177	56,620
<b>TOTAL OTHER REVENUES</b>	<b>168,618</b>	<b>56,620</b>
<b>INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION</b>	<b>754,285</b>	<b>177,581</b>
<b>NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR AS RESTATED (Note 1)</b>	<b>12,636,084</b>	<b>3,328,343</b>
<b>NET POSITION - END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 13,390,369</b>	<b>\$ 3,505,924</b>

*The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.*

**UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA**  
**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION** (*in thousands*)

AS OF JUNE 30, 2024

**UNIVERSITY OF  
VIRGINIA**

**CUSTODIAL FUND ASSETS**

**Noncurrent assets**

Long-term investments

\$ 26,516

**Total noncurrent assets**

**26,516**

**TOTAL ASSETS**

**\$ 26,516**

**CUSTODIAL FUND LIABILITIES**

**Current liabilities**

Distributions Payable

\$ 1,155

**Total current liabilities**

**1,155**

**TOTAL LIABILITIES**

**\$ 1,155**

**CUSTODIAL FUND NET POSITION**

Restricted for outside organizations

\$ 25,361

**TOTAL CUSTODIAL FUND NET POSITION**

**\$ 25,361**

**TOTAL CUSTODIAL FUND LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION**

**\$ 25,361**

*The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.*



**UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION** (*in thousands*)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

**UNIVERSITY OF  
VIRGINIA**

**ADDITIONS**

Investment income

Net increase in fair value of investments	\$ 1,860
Less: Investment fees	(78)
<b>Net investment income</b>	<b>1,782</b>
Participant contributions	552
<b>TOTAL ADDITIONS</b>	<b>2,334</b>

**DEDUCTIONS**

Annual distribution to participants	1,155
Additional shares redeemed	800
<b>TOTAL DEDUCTIONS</b>	<b>1,955</b>

<b>INCREASE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION</b>	<b>379</b>
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**NET POSITION**

<b>NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	<b>24,982</b>
<b>NET POSITION - END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 25,361</b>

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.



**UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** (*in thousands*)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

**UNIVERSITY OF  
VIRGINIA**

**CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

Tuition and fees	\$ 733,805
Grants and contracts	551,797
Patient services	3,191,102
Sales and services of educational activities	32,577
Sales and services of auxiliary enterprises	160,713
Payments to employees and fringe benefits	(2,900,553)
Payments to vendors and suppliers	(2,222,526)
Federal Direct Loan Program receipts	139,886
Federal Direct Loan Program payments	(139,886)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(137,540)
Perkins and other loans issued to students	(3,021)
Collection of Perkins and other loans to students	6,827
Other receipts	62,929
	<b>(523,890)</b>

**NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

**CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

State appropriations	290,327
Additions to permanent endowments	32,177
Pell grants	19,170
Nonoperating grants	15
Deposits held in custody for others	16,793
Noncapital gifts and grants and endowments received	262,430
Other net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(19,766)
	<b>601,146</b>

**NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

**CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Capital appropriations	79,744
Capital gifts and grants received	64,414
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(650,176)
Principal paid on capital debt and leases	(61,634)
Interest paid on capital debt and leases	(122,967)
	<b>(690,619)</b>

**NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

**CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES**

Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	591,468
Interest on investments	32,690
Purchase of investments and related fees	(92,752)
Other investment activities	(36,031)
	<b>495,375</b>

**NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES**

**NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	710,132
	<b>\$ 592,144</b>

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

**UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, CONTINUED** (*in thousands*)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

**UNIVERSITY OF  
VIRGINIA**

**RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES**

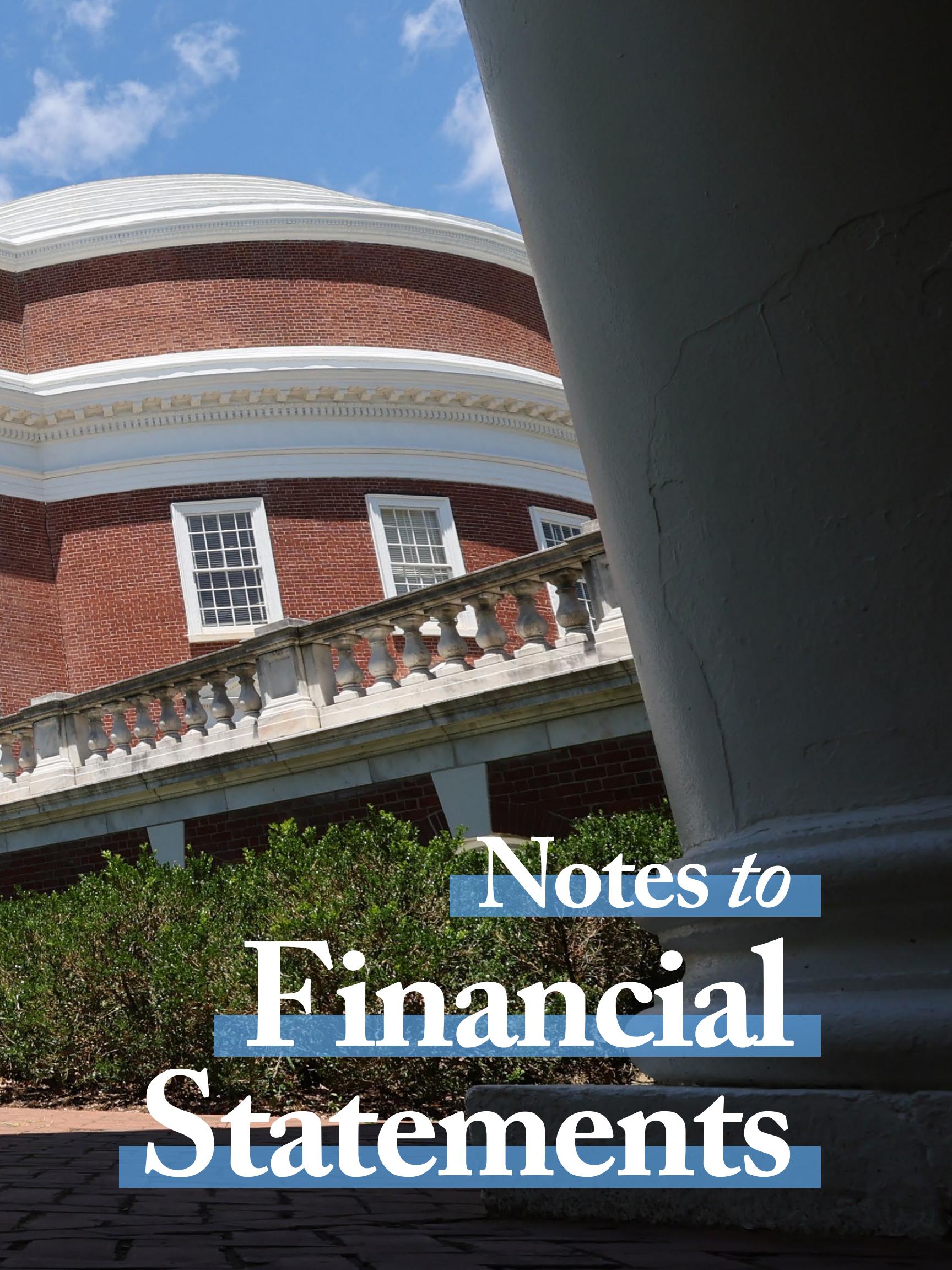
Operating loss	\$	(656,436)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense		387,678
Changes in assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows:		
Receivables, net		(142,869)
Inventories		(6,185)
OPEB asset		(1,470)
Prepaid expenses		(1,645)
Notes receivable, net		4,880
Equity in affiliated companies		(13,400)
Deferred outflows of resources		(37,189)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(62,448)
Unearned revenue		22,027
Long-term liabilities		10,231
Net pension liability		43,670
OPEB liability		1,455
Deferred inflows of resources		(70,658)
Other assets and liabilities		(1,531)
<b>TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS</b>		<b>132,546</b>
<b>NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>(523,890)</b>

**NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

Assets acquired through assumption of a liability	\$	7,622
Long term leases used to finance capital assets		34,354
Long term subscriptions used to finance capital assets		64,725
Assets acquired through a gift		(74)
Change in fair value of investments		679,337
Change in receivables related to nonoperating income		(11,459)
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		7,549
Net loss in affiliated companies		(2,741)
Accrued interest added to principal		5,336
VRS and VaLORS Special Revenue Allocation		9,053
Amortization of bond premium		2,674
Change in payables related to other nonoperating income		4,773
Change in fair value of other derivatives		3,233
Change in split interest agreement receivable held by others		2,245

*The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.*





# Notes to Financial Statements

# Note 1

### ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### ORGANIZATION AND PURPOSE

The University of Virginia (the University) is an agency of the Commonwealth of Virginia (the Commonwealth) and is governed by the University's Board of Visitors (the Board). A separate report is prepared for the Commonwealth that includes all agencies, boards, commissions and authorities over which the Commonwealth exercises or can exercise oversight authority. The University is a discretely presented component unit of the Commonwealth and is included in its basic financial statements. The University consists of three divisions. The Academic Division and the University of Virginia's College at Wise (the College at Wise) generate and disseminate knowledge in the humanities, arts, and scientific and professional disciplines through instruction, research, and public service. The Medical Center Division (the Medical Center), along with its three blended component units — Community Medicine, LLC, Monticello Community Surgery Center, LLC, and University of Virginia Community Health — provides routine and ancillary patient services through full-service hospitals and clinics.

#### INCOME TAX STATUS

The University is an agency of the Commonwealth and is exempt from federal income tax under Section 115(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The University's related organizations are 501(c)(3) organizations and are exempt from federal income tax under the Internal Revenue Code. Certain activities may be subject to taxation as unrelated business income per Internal Revenue Code requirements.

#### FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

As required by generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), the financial reporting entity includes both the University and all of its component units. The University's component units are either blended or discretely presented in the University's financial statements. The blended component units, although legally separate, are, in substance, part of the University's operations and, therefore, are reported as if they were part of the University. Discretely presented component units' financial data are reported in separate columns in the financial statements because of their use of different GAAP reporting models and to emphasize their separate legal status.

#### BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

**UVA Global, LLC**, a 100 percent controlled subsidiary of the University, was organized to serve as the parent company to a wholly foreign-owned enterprise (the WFOE) in Shanghai, China. The purpose of UVA Global, LLC and its subsidiary, the WFOE, is to help promote and orchestrate the University's academic activities and operations in China in compliance with the legal structures permitted by the host country. Subsequently, an authorized representative has been appointed to act on behalf of the parent company and the University.

**Community Medicine University of Virginia, LLC**, was established as a limited liability corporation (LLC) under the laws of the Commonwealth to house physician practices. This model gives physicians an organizational structure that allows these physicians the opportunity to practice independently in a virtual private practice environment with all the risks and gains associated with an independent model. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Medical Center.

**Monticello Community Surgery Center, LLC**, doing business as UVA Health Surgical Care Riverside is where UVA and community physicians perform ambulatory surgical services. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Medical Center.

**UVA Community Health, Inc.** consists of three community hospitals in Prince William, Haymarket, and Culpeper, a Medical Group, surgery centers, and ambulatory clinics. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Medical Center.

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

The University has 23 legally separate, tax-exempt University-Associated Organizations (UAOs) operating in support of the interests of the University. These UAOs are not-for-profit corporations controlled by separate boards of directors. The University determined that the following nine UAOs qualify as component units of the University because of the nature and significance of their relationship with the University, including their ongoing financial support of its schools. As such, they are presented discretely in the financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

- University of Virginia Law School Foundation
- The College Foundation of the University of Virginia
- University of Virginia Darden School Foundation
- Alumni Association of the University of Virginia
- Jefferson Scholars Foundation
- Virginia Athletics Foundation
- University of Virginia Foundation
- University of Virginia Physicians Group
- University of Virginia Investment Management Company

The University also discretely presents University of Virginia Imaging, LLC, which was formed as an agreement between the Medical Center and Outpatient Imaging Affiliates of Virginia, LLC.

The component units' combined financial information is included in the accompanying financial statements. Condensed financial statements for each component unit are disclosed in Note 17. Information on the organization and nature of activities for each component unit follows.

The **University of Virginia Law School Foundation (Law School Foundation)** was established to foster the study and teaching of law at the University and to receive and administer funds for that purpose. It expends funds to support professorships, faculty benefits, financial aid, student activities and other academic programs within the University's Law School. For additional information, contact the Law School Foundation Treasurer's Office at Slaughter Hall, 580 Massie Road, Charlottesville, VA 22903.

## Notes to Financial Statements

**The College Foundation of the University of Virginia (College Foundation)** was formed to further the purposes and aspirations of the College and Graduate School of Arts and Sciences (the College) of the University. It accomplishes its purposes through fundraising and funds management efforts to benefit the College, its programs and other areas of the University. For additional information, contact the College Foundation at P.O. Box 400801, Charlottesville, VA 22904.

**The University of Virginia Darden School Foundation (Darden School Foundation)** was established to promote the advancement and further the aims and purposes of the Darden School of Business of the University and to provide education for business executives. For additional information, contact the Darden School Foundation at P.O. Box 6550, Charlottesville, VA 22906.

**The Alumni Association of the University of Virginia (Alumni Association)** was established to provide services to all alumni of the University, thereby assisting the University and all its students, faculty and administration in attaining the University's highest priority of achieving eminence as a center of higher learning. For additional information, contact the Alumni Foundation's Finance and Administration Office at P.O. Box 400314, Charlottesville, VA 22904.

**The Jefferson Scholars Foundation (JSF)** was established to develop and administer a merit-based scholarship, fellowship and professorship program. The mission of the JSF is to serve the University by identifying, attracting and nurturing individuals of extraordinary intellectual range and depth, who possess the highest concomitant qualities of leadership, scholarship and citizenship. For additional information, contact the JSF Finance Team at 112 Clarke Court, Charlottesville, VA 22903.

**The Virginia Student Aid Foundation, Inc., T/A Virginia Athletics Foundation (VAF),** was established to support intercollegiate athletic programs at the University by providing student-athletes the opportunity to achieve academic and athletic excellence. It provides funding for student-athlete scholarships, funding for student-athlete academic advising programs, operational support for various sports, informational services to its members and the general public, and ancillary support to the athletic programs. VAF has adopted December 31 as its year end. All amounts reflected are as of December 31, 2023. For additional information, contact the VAF Gift Accounting Office at P.O. Box 400833, Charlottesville, VA 22904.

**The University of Virginia Foundation (UVAF),** including the University of Virginia Real Estate Foundation, was established to provide administrative services to the University and supporting organizations; engage in any and all matters pertaining to real property for the benefit of the University; and use and administer gifts, grants and bequests, and devises for the benefit of the University. For additional information, contact the UVAF Financial Services Office at P.O. Box 400218, Charlottesville, VA 22904.

**The University of Virginia Physicians Group (UPG)** was established as a nonprofit group practice health care provider organization designed to assist medical education through teaching and research within the academic environment of the Health System of the University. It also strives to coordinate and develop superior patient care in the Health System. UPG entered into an affiliation agreement with the University for UPG, through its member clinical departments, to provide patient care at the Health System. UPG provides patient care services to Health System patients, and in conjunction with the care of patients, provides teaching

services. The University provides space and certain administrative services to UPG, which reimburses the University for the salaries and fringe benefits of classified and hourly employees of the clinical departments paid by the University and not funded by the Commonwealth or by gifts, grants and contracts. For additional information, contact the UPG Finance Office at 100 Avon Street, Charlottesville, VA 22911.

**The University of Virginia Investment Management Company (UVIMCO)** was established to provide investment management services to the University and the UAOs. UVIMCO strives to generate exemplary investment returns to further the University's mission in perpetuity by providing support to current and future generations of students, faculty, staff, and patients. For additional information, contact UVIMCO at 701 East Water Street, 4th Floor, Charlottesville, VA 22902.

**University of Virginia Imaging, LLC (UVI)** was formed to operate an outpatient diagnostic imaging center to help respond to the need for radiology services in the Charlottesville area. The Medical Center currently operates an outpatient imaging department offering MRI, plain film radiography, fluoroscopy, and ultrasound in office space at the Fontaine Research Park, and the Zions Crossroads facility. UVI provides services to outpatients from the Medical Center's primary and secondary service areas. Since the Medical Center owns 80 percent of UVI and it does not meet the definition of an investment under GASB 72, UVI is considered a component unit.

### REPORTING BASIS AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS

The University prepares its financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP). As a public institution, the University adheres to standards promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, the University has elected to report as an entity engaged in business-type activities. Entities engaged in business-type activities are financed in whole, or in part, by fees charged to external parties for goods and services. Statement No. 34 establishes standards for external financial reporting for public colleges and universities.

The University also follows GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* for activities that meet the fiduciary activity criteria defined by GASB. Fiduciary activities are those activities that state and local governments carry out for the benefit of individuals or other agencies outside the government. The University's fiduciary activities are presented in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

The accompanying financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, including all exchange and nonexchange transactions, are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred and measurable, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. In accordance with GASB requirements, revenues from nonexchange transactions are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements (resource provider conditions) have been satisfied, if measurable and probable of collection.

The component units included herein follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). Their separately published financial statements are presented in accordance with those standards and use the full accrual basis of accounting.

## Notes to Financial Statements

### FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The University follows the guidance in GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, which defines fair value and establishes guidelines and a framework for measuring fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The University categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by Statement No. 72. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels:

**Level 1** – Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets as of the reporting date.

**Level 2** – Inputs are observable, for example, for quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or for identical assets or liabilities in inactive markets.

**Level 3** – Inputs are unobservable, reflecting the assumptions of management and are significant to the fair value measurement.

The University establishes the fair value of its investments in investment funds that do not have a readily determinable fair value by using net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) as reported by the external fund manager when NAV per share is calculated as of the measurement date in a manner consistent with the FASB's measurement principles for investment companies. These investments are not reported in the fair value hierarchy.

### USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

In addition to cash on deposit in commercial bank accounts, petty cash and undeposited receipts, cash and cash equivalents include cash on deposit with fiscal agents and investments with original maturities of ninety days or less. Substantially all cash is concentrated in accounts in which balances exceed Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance limits. Money market instruments are valued at amortized cost.

### INVESTMENTS

GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, as modified by GASB Statement No. 59, *Financial Instruments Omnibus*, and GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* require that purchased investments, interest-bearing temporary investments classified with cash, and investments received as gifts be recorded at fair value (See Note 2). Changes in unrealized gains and losses on the carrying value of the investments are reported as part of investment income on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

### PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

The University receives pledges and bequests of financial support from corporations, foundations, and individuals. Revenue is recognized when a pledge representing an unconditional promise to pay is received and

all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, have been met. In the absence of such a promise, revenue is recognized when the gift is received. Endowment pledges do not meet eligibility requirements, as defined by GASB standards, and are not recorded as assets until the related gift is received. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The discounts on these amounts are computed using risk-free interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are made, commensurate with expected future payments. An allowance for uncollectible pledges receivable is determined based on management's judgment of potentially uncollectible amounts. The determination includes such factors as prior collection history and the type of gift.

### LEASES RECEIVABLE

As of June 30, 2024, the University has entered into various contracts as the lessor for land, building, and residential space. The initial duration of the agreements range between two and sixty years. The University's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term.

### PREPAID EXPENSES

Prepaid expenses are items paid for in the current year, but for which the underlying asset will not be entirely consumed until a future period. The University's prepaid expenses for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, included prepaid insurance premiums, various prepayments to vendors, and prepaid rent.

### INVENTORIES

Inventories, consisting primarily of supplies and merchandise for resale, are valued at the lower of cost (generally determined on the weighted average method) or market value.

### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital assets are recorded at cost on the date of acquisition or, if donated, at the acquisition value on the date of donation. Capital assets are depreciated or amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives unless they are inexhaustible or are intangible assets with indefinite useful lives. The University capitalizes construction costs that have a value or cost in excess of \$250,000 on the date of acquisition. Renovations in excess of \$250,000 are capitalized if they significantly extend the useful life of the existing asset. The University capitalizes moveable equipment at a value or cost of \$5,000 and an expected useful life of greater than one year. Bulk purchases of capital assets under the normal \$5,000 capitalization threshold are capitalized if the bulk purchase is over \$100,000 for the Academic Division and \$50,000 for the Medical Center.

Expenditures related to construction are capitalized as they are incurred. Projects that have not been completed as of the date of the Statement of Net Position are classified as Construction in Progress.

Capital assets, such as roads, parking lots, sidewalks, and other nonbuilding structures and improvements, are capitalized as infrastructure and depreciated accordingly.

In accordance with GASB standards, the University capitalizes intangible assets such as computer software developed or obtained for internal use, easements, patents, and trademarks. Capitalization begins when the asset is considered identifiable. For computer software, this is often at the application development stage, which consists of the design, coding, installation, and testing of the software and interfaces.

## Notes to Financial Statements

The estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

ASSETS	YEARS
Buildings, improvements other than buildings and infrastructure	10-50
Equipment	3-20
Intangible assets	5-20
Library books	10

## RIGHT-TO-USE ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND AMORTIZATION

The University has recorded right to use lease assets for land, building space, and equipment. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. The University capitalizes leases that have a value or cost in excess of \$50,000.

Additionally, the University has recorded subscription-based information technology arrangement assets for contracts that convey control of the right to use a third party's information technology software. These assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the related liability plus any payments made at or prior to the subscription term and capitalizable implementation costs, less vendor incentives. The subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the subscription term. The University capitalizes subscription-based information technology arrangements that have a value or cost in excess of \$50,000 for the Academic Division and \$5,000 for the Medical Center.

## PUBLIC-PRIVATE AND PUBLIC-PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS

A public-private partnership (PPP) is an arrangement in which the University contracts with an operator to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as a building or other capital asset, for a period of time. The University's PPP arrangements include the operation of the John Paul Jones Arena, a transportation network helicopter, inpatient meal services, and the Medical Center hospital cafeteria. Variable payments and other inflows of resources under PPP arrangements are not included in the measurement of the related assets and deferred inflows of resources. Variable inflows amount to \$7.8 million for the period ended June 30, 2024.

## COLLECTIONS

The University does not capitalize works of art or historical treasures that are held for exhibition, education, research and public service. These collections are protected and preserved, neither disposed of for financial gain, nor encumbered by any means. Accordingly, such collections are not recognized as assets for financial statement purposes.

## DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net assets that are applicable to a future reporting period and increase net position similar to assets.

## DEPOSITS

Deposits held in custody for others represent cash and invested funds held by the University on behalf of various groups and organizations.

## UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue consists primarily of cash received from grant and contract sponsors that has not been earned under the terms of the agreement, and amounts received in advance of an event, such as student tuition and fees as well as fees for housing and dining services.

## COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The amount of leave earned but not taken by salaried employees is recorded as a liability on the Statement of Net Position. The amount reflects, as of June 30, 2024, all unused vacation leave and the amount payable upon termination under the Commonwealth's sick leave payout policy. The applicable share of employer-related taxes and required defined contribution contributions payable is also included.

## LONG-TERM DEBT AND DEBT ISSUANCE COSTS

Long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position is reported net of related discounts and premiums, which are amortized over the life of the debt. Debt issuance costs, except portions related to prepaid insurance, are expensed as nonoperating expenses.

## PENSIONS

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) State Employee Retirement Plan and the Virginia Law Officers' System (VaLORS) Retirement Plan are single employer pension plans that are treated like cost-sharing plans for financial reporting purposes. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and the VaLORS Retirement Plan, and the additions to/deductions from the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan's and the VaLORS Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position, have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments held by VRS are reported at fair value.

Full-time faculty and certain administrative staff may participate in defined contribution Optional Retirement Plans established by the University. University of Virginia employees must elect to be in the Optional Retirement Plan (ORP) within sixty days of becoming eligible. Medical Center employees are automatically placed in the Medical Center Retirement Program (MCRP), but may elect to continue in the VRS if they were already a participant prior to becoming eligible for the MCRP. Distributions from both the ORP and MCRP are made in accordance with Code Section 401(a)(9). Transactions and account balances are based on fair market value determined by Fidelity or TIAA-CREF.

## OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The University participates in other postemployment benefit (OPEB) programs that are sponsored by the Commonwealth and administered by the VRS. These programs include the Group Life Insurance Program, Virginia Sickness and Disability Plan, Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program, and Line of Duty Act Program.

### Group Life Insurance

The VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) program is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The GLI program was

## Notes to Financial Statements

established pursuant to §51.1-500 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The GLI program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees of participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net GLI program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI Program OPEB, and GLI program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS GLI program OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### State Employee Health Insurance Credit Program

The VRS State Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) program is a single employer plan that is presented as a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The HIC program was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The HIC program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired state employees. For purposes of measuring the net HIC program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the HIC program OPEB, and the HIC program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS HIC program; and the additions to/ deductions from the VRS HIC program's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Line of Duty Act Program

The VRS Line of Duty Act (LODA) program is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The LODA program was established pursuant to §9.1-400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The LODA program provides death and health insurance benefits to eligible state employees and local government employees, including volunteers, who die or become disabled as a result of the performance of their duties as a public safety officer. In addition, health insurance benefits are provided to eligible survivors and family members. For purposes of measuring the net LODA program OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LODA program OPEB, and LODA program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS LODA program OPEB plan and the additions to/ deductions from the VRS LODA program OPEB plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### VRS Disability Insurance Program

The VRS Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP) is a single employer plan that is presented as a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. The VSDP was established pursuant to §51.1-1100 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The VSDP is a managed care program that provides sick, family and personal leave and short-term and long-term disability benefits for state police officers, state employees, and VaLORS employees. For purposes of measuring the net VSDP OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VSDP OPEB, and VSDP OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS VSDP OPEB plan and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Disability Insurance Program OPEB plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS.

In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### University OPEB Plans

The University provides Optional Retirement Retiree Life Insurance OPEB that is not part of the Commonwealth-provided OPEB plans. This is a defined benefit plan not administered through a trust as defined in GASB Statement No. 75. The University's total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense are recognized and measured in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 75. There are currently no assets accumulated in a trust for the University administered OPEB.

## IRREVOCABLE SPLIT-INTEREST AGREEMENTS

The University serves as the trustee for gift assets where there is a requirement that an annual distribution is made to specified beneficiaries. The fair value of trust assets, the liability for the obligation to the beneficiaries, and deferred inflows to the University are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split Interest Agreements*.

Additionally, the University shares beneficial interests with at least one other beneficiary in various trusts managed by third parties. The University recognizes an asset and a deferred inflow of resources when the University becomes aware of the agreement, has sufficient information to measure the beneficial interest, and the asset meets the specified criteria in GASB Statement No. 81. The assets are measured at fair value and remeasured at each financial reporting date, with the change being reflected in the related deferred inflow of resources.

## DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net assets that are applicable to a future reporting period and decrease net position similar to liabilities.

### NET POSITION

The University's net position is required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following categories:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets.** This category represents all of the University's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by outstanding debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

**Restricted.** The University classifies the net position resulting from transactions with purpose restrictions as restricted net position until the specific resources are used for the required purpose, or for as long as the provider requires the resources to remain intact.

**Nonexpendable.** The net position subject to externally imposed restrictions, which must be retained in perpetuity by the University, is classified as nonexpendable net position. This includes the corpus portion (historical value) of gifts to the University's permanent endowment funds and certain investment earnings stipulated by the donor to be reinvested.

## Notes to Financial Statements

**Expendable.** The University's net position subject to externally imposed restrictions that can be fulfilled by actions of the University pursuant to those restrictions or that expire by the passage of time is classified as expendable net position. This includes net appreciation of the University's permanent endowment funds that has not been stipulated by the donor to be reinvested permanently.

**Unrestricted.** The net position that is neither restricted nor invested in capital assets, net of related debt, is classified as unrestricted net position. The University's unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by the Board. Substantially all of the University's unrestricted net position is allocated for academic and research initiatives or programs, for capital programs, or for other purposes.

Expenses are charged to either restricted or unrestricted net position based on a variety of factors, including consideration of prior and future revenue sources, the type of expenditure incurred, the University's budgetary policies surrounding the various revenue sources, and whether the expense is a recurring cost.

### FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

The University's fiduciary net position is required to be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into pension and other employee benefit trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, or custodial funds. All of the fiduciary funds of the University are classified as custodial funds and include investments on behalf of other entities in UVMCO and all related activity. These investments are not held in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 11c(1) in GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and therefore represent external investment pool funds within the custodial fund classification.

The provisions of GASB Statement No. 84 were not applied to items that were considered by the University to be immaterial.

### STUDENT TUITION AND FEES

Student tuition and fees are presented net of scholarships, discounts and fellowships applied to student accounts. Scholarship discount and allowance is the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amount paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf.

### NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE

The Medical Center reports net patient service revenue at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third party payers, and others for services rendered. Net patient service revenue also includes funds from the Commonwealth's Department of Medical Assistance Services for disproportionate share and indirect medical education payments and funds from third party payers for estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

A significant portion of the Medical Center services is rendered to patients covered by Medicare, Medicaid or other third-party payors. The Medical Center has entered into contractual agreements with these third parties to accept payment for services in amounts less than scheduled charges.

Certain annual settlements of amounts due for Medical Center services covered by third parties are determined through cost reports that are subject to audit and retroactive adjustment by the third parties. Provisions for possible adjustments of cost reports have been estimated and reflected in the accompanying financial statements. These settlements are estimated based on historical experience and state and federal regulations. Estimated settlements are adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined. As a result, there is a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates will change.

### INDIGENT CARE

As safety net providers within the Commonwealth, the Medical Center accepts all patients regardless of their ability to pay. A patient is classified as indigent by reference to established Commonwealth policies. The criteria for identifying indigent patients is based on asset and income guidelines that are updated annually in accordance with the federal poverty income guidelines as provided by the federal Office of Management and Budget. The Medical Center estimates the revenue based on historical cost estimates. Annually, revenue is settled through the Multi-settlement cost report. Indigent care provided amounted to \$263.7 million during the fiscal year.

### REVENUE AND EXPENSE CLASSIFICATIONS

The University's policy for defining operating activities as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position are those that generally result from activities having the characteristics of exchange transactions, meaning revenues are received in exchange for goods and services. Operating revenues include student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances; sales and services from Medical Center, net of charity care allowances; educational activities and auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship discounts and allowances; and federal, state, local and nongovernmental grants and contracts. With the exception of interest expense and losses on the disposal of capital assets, all expense transactions are classified as operating expenses.

Certain significant revenues relied on and budgeted for fundamental operational support of the core institutional mission of the University are mandated by GASB requirements to be recorded as nonoperating revenues. Nonoperating revenues and expenses include state educational appropriations, state financing appropriations, federal Pell grants, nonexchange federal grants, private gifts for other than capital purposes, investment income, net unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the fair value of investments, interest expense, and gain or loss on the disposal of assets.

### ELIMINATIONS

Certain auxiliary operations provide goods and services to internal customers. These auxiliary operations include activities such as central stores, the print shop, and other auxiliaries with interdepartmental activities. Additionally, the Academic and Medical Center divisions have transactions between them as part of normal business operations. The net effect of these internal transactions has been eliminated in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position to avoid inflating revenues and expenses.

## Notes to Financial Statements

### RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR PERIOD

The June 30, 2023, total net position on the Statement of Net Position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB 2021-1, correction of an error in accounting for accrued leave, correction of an error in accounting for accounts payable, a correction to capitalize prior period expenses, and correction of an error in accounting for a funding liability. These were partially offset by a correction of an error in account for an investment in affiliate.

The restatement of the June 30, 2023 amounts related to the items above is summarized below (in thousands):

<b>NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED</b>	<b>12,580,135</b>
Change in accounting principle:	
Capital assets - other	7,744
Total change in accounting principle	7,744
Error Corrections:	
Capital assets - other	2,988
Equity in affiliated companies	(14,154)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	22,883
Accrued compensated absences	11,812
Other noncurrent liabilities	24,676
Total error corrections	48,205
<b>NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023 AS RESTATED</b>	<b>12,636,084</b>

### CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the University implemented the following pronouncements issued by the GASB.

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, updates the financial statement presentation for certain derivative instruments that are neither hedging derivative instruments nor investment derivative instruments. The University is reporting changes in fair value in other net nonoperating revenues (expenses). Previously the change in fair value was recorded in Investment income (loss).



# Note 2

## CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, INVESTMENTS AND ENDOWMENT

### CASH

The University deposits cash in commercial banking accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et seq., *Code of Virginia*. The Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act significantly diminishes any custodial risk on the University's banking deposits. This Act includes a cross guarantee among approved financial institutions eligible to hold public funds. In the event of a default of one of the approved financial institutions, an assessment is levied against all participating institutions to cover the uncollateralized public deposits of the defaulting entity. This cross guarantee significantly diminishes custodial credit risk. Amounts on deposit covered by the Virginia Security of Public Deposits Act totaled \$301.8 million on June 30, 2024.

### CASH EQUIVALENTS

The University maintains an investment policy approved by the Board that governs its short-term investments. As part of this policy, the University complies with the provisions set forth in the Investment of Public Funds Act (the Act), Sections 2.2-4500 through 2.2-4518 of the *Code of Virginia*. It is the policy of the University to comply with the Act when investing tuition and educational fees that are used or required for day-to-day operations, as permitted under the *Code of Virginia* Section 23.1-1013. Authorized investments under the Act include U.S. Treasury and agency securities, corporate debt securities of domestic corporations, asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities, AAA-rated obligations of foreign governments, bankers' acceptances and bank notes, negotiable certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and money market funds. The University considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents include short-term money market investments in mutual funds, overnight collective funds or other short-term, highly liquid investments registered as securities held by the University. The short-term investments of the University are valued daily by the custodian banks. Deposits and withdrawals may be processed daily.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents totaled \$18.4 million on June 30, 2024 which is restricted in accordance with applicable debt or other contractual requirements.

### RISK

Risks disclosed below are direct risks to the University. The risk disclosure does not include indirect risks incurred by investing in the UVIMCO LTP.

**Custodial credit risk** is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or financial counterparty, the agency will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments or recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside third party. The University had no custodial credit risk related to investments as of June 30, 2024.

**Interest-rate risk** results if changes in interest rates adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. The longer the duration of an investment, the greater the interest-rate risks. Investments subject to interest-rate risk at June 30, 2024, are outlined in the accompanying chart.

**Credit risk** is the possibility that a loss may occur due to the failure of a counterparty to perform according to the terms of the contract. State law limits the investment of certain non-endowed assets to short-term commercial paper, certificates of deposit, asset-backed securities and debt obligations to the top rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs) and requires the investment be rated by at least two NRSROs. For longer-term certificates of deposit and corporate notes, the rating must be one of the top two ratings issued by two NRSROs. Investments subject to credit risk at June 30, 2024 are outlined in the accompanying chart.

**Concentration of credit risk** is the risk of a large loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in a single issuer of fixed-income securities. The University minimizes this risk by diversifying its investments. As of June 30, 2024, the University does not have investments in any one issuer (excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and mutual fund or pool investments) representing 5 percent or more of its total investments.

**Foreign currency risk** is the risk that investments denominated in foreign currencies may lose value due to adverse fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies. The University has no foreign investments or deposits as of June 30, 2024.

## Notes to Financial Statements

Details of the University's investment risks as of June 30, 2024 are outlined below:

CREDIT QUALITY AND INTEREST RATE RISK (in thousands)	BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2024	CREDIT RATING (S&P/ MOODY'S)	INVESTMENT MATURITIES (IN YEARS)			
			LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1 - 5 YEARS	6 - 10 YEARS	GREATER THAN 10 YEARS
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>						
Cash on hand	\$ 745	Not Applicable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cash deposits	274,405	Not Applicable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Money market	316,869	AAA/Aaa	\$ 316,869	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Repurchase agreements	125	A-1/P-1	125	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>\$ 592,144</b>		<b>\$ 316,994</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
<b>SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>						
US Treasury bills	\$ 7,781	A-1+/Govt	\$ 7,781	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Equity securities	131	Not Applicable	131	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>	<b>\$ 7,912</b>		<b>\$ 7,912</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
<b>LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>						
UVIMCO LTP	\$ 10,961,592	Not Rated	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other investments not subject to credit or interest-rate risk	30,773	Not Applicable	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>TOTAL LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>	<b>\$ 10,992,365</b>		<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

### INVESTMENTS

UVIMCO administers and manages most of the University's investments in its unitized investment pools. From time to time, the University also invests its operating funds with several other asset managers. At June 30, 2024, the University's investment in the UVIMCO LTP was \$11.0 billion representing 94.6 percent of the University's invested assets. These pools are not rated by NRSROs. UVIMCO's primary investment objective for the LTP is to maximize long-term real return commensurate with the risk tolerance of the University. To obtain this objective, UVIMCO actively manages the LTP to achieve returns that consistently exceed the returns on a passively investable benchmark with similar asset allocation and risk. UVIMCO is governed by a board of directors, three of whom are appointed by the Board and one of whom is appointed by the University's president. The University receives and monitors periodic reports on the long-term investment policy as executed by UVIMCO.

UVIMCO invests primarily in investment funds that allow the LTP to gain exposure to a broad array of financial instruments and markets. UVIMCO classifies LTP investments as public equity, long/short equity, private equity, real assets, marketable alternatives, credit, fixed income, and cash according to the investment strategy of the underlying manager.

These investments are subject to a variety of risks, including market risk, manager risk and liquidity risk. UVIMCO closely manages and monitors the LTP's exposure to these risks. The risks may be influenced by several factors, including the size, composition and diversification of positions held, fund manager actions, and market volatility.

In the normal course of business, UVIMCO's external investment fund managers trade various financial instruments and enter into investment activities subject to various market risks. Market risk is the risk that the value of assets such as common stocks may fall. Fixed-income investments are subject to other market risks, including interest-rate and credit risk. Foreign investments are subject to currency exchange rates (foreign exchange risk), political and economic developments, limited legal recourse, and market risks. The prices of derivative positions such as futures, options, warrants and swap contracts may move in unexpected ways due to the use of leverage or other factors, especially in unusual market conditions, and may result in increased volatility.

Manager risk includes tracking error or active positions away from the benchmark, operational or business risks, a lack of transparency, and leverage. UVIMCO mitigates manager risk through extensive due diligence, diversification, by declining certain partnership structures, and by avoiding certain investment strategies (e.g., highly leveraged hedge funds). UVIMCO's investment fund managers often limit the liquidity of their funds, resulting in liquidity risk for the LTP. UVIMCO manages liquidity risk by maintaining a portfolio of Treasury bills and bonds, maintaining sufficient liquidity with public equity funds and hedge funds, and managing the pace of commitments to private investments.

## Notes to Financial Statements

The University categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The University had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

<b>INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE (in thousands)</b>	<b>BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2024</b>	<b>QUOTED PRICES IN ACTIVE MARKETS FOR IDENTICAL ASSETS (LEVEL 1)</b>	<b>SIGNIFICANT OTHER OBSERVABLE INPUTS (LEVEL 2)</b>	<b>SIGNIFICANT UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS (LEVEL 3)</b>	<b>INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT NAV*</b>	<b>AMOUNTS NOT MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE</b>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>						
Cash on hand	\$ 745	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 745
Cash deposits	274,405	-	-	-	-	274,405
Money market	316,869	-	-	-	-	316,869
Repurchase agreements	125	-	125	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>\$ 592,144</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 125</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 592,019</b>
<b>SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>						
US Treasury bills	7,781	7,781	-	-	-	-
Equity securities	131	131	-	-	-	-
<b>TOTAL SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>	<b>\$ 7,912</b>	<b>\$ 7,912</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
<b>LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,101	\$ -	\$ 3,101	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Life insurance contracts**	4,980	-	-	-	-	4,980
Exchange traded funds	21,837	21,837	-	-	-	-
Equity securities	855	737	-	118	-	-
UVIMCO LTP, endowment funds	7,212,076	-	-	-	7,212,076	-
UVIMCO LTP, other	3,749,516	-	-	-	3,749,516	-
<b>TOTAL LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>	<b>\$ 10,992,365</b>	<b>\$ 22,574</b>	<b>\$ 3,101</b>	<b>\$ 118</b>	<b>\$ 10,961,592</b>	<b>\$ 4,980</b>

\* Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the Statement of Net Position.

\*\* Investments in life insurance contracts are measured at cash surrender value.

The valuation method for investments measured at NAV per share or its equivalent is presented on the following table:

<b>INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT NET ASSET VALUE (NAV) (in thousands)</b>	<b>BALANCE AT JUNE 30, 2024</b>	<b>UNFUNDED COMMITMENTS</b>	<b>REDEMPTION FREQUENCY (IF CURRENTLY ELIGIBLE)</b>	<b>REDEMPTION NOTICE PERIOD</b>
UVIMCO LTP	10,961,592	-	Monthly	(a)
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT NAV</b>	<b>\$ 10,961,592</b>	<b>\$ -</b>		

(a) Subject to the notification requirements and caps set forth in the deposit and management agreement between the University and UVIMCO.

### ENDOWMENT

Endowments are invested in accordance with Virginia Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA), Chapter 11 of Title 64.2 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended; and paragraph 23.1-2210 of the *Code of Virginia*. The market value of the endowment on June 30, 2024, was \$7.2 billion, excluding the market value of fiduciary fund endowments reported on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Three annual distributions are made from the University's endowment to departments holding endowment accounts. The University's endowment spending policy ties annual increases to inflation as defined by the Higher Education Price Index (HEPI). The current inflation factor in use by the University is 3.1 percent, based on a five-year rolling average of the HEPI. If the increase causes the endowment distribution to fall outside a range defined as 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent of the market value of the endowment, then the Finance Committee of the Board may recommend increasing or decreasing the spending rate. For fiscal year 2024, the endowment spending distribution of \$287.1 million, excluding fiduciary funds, equaled 4.1 percent of the fiscal year 2022 ending market value. Since the results fell within the range, no further action by the board was needed.

Restricted expendable net position includes \$2.2 billion of appreciation on donor-restricted endowments.

# Note 3

## ACCOUNTS AND PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

**a. Accounts and pledges receivable:** The composition of accounts and pledges receivable at June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

<b>ACCOUNTS AND PLEDGES RECEIVABLE</b> <i>(in thousands)</i>	
Patient care	\$ 1,654,905
Gift pledges	152,852
Service concession arrangements	128,092
Grants and contracts	96,912
Deposits receivable	51,758
Due from third party payors	35,993
Leases	29,114
Student payments	15,398
Auxiliary	12,087
Other	30,108
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,210,076)
Less: discount to present value	(65,389)
<b>Total accounts and pledges receivable, net</b>	<b>931,754</b>
Less: Current portion, net of allowance	(691,170)
<b>TOTAL NONCURRENT ACCOUNTS AND PLEDGES RECEIVABLE</b>	<b>\$ 240,584</b>

As discussed in Note 1, permanent endowment pledges do not meet eligibility requirements, as defined by GASB, until the related gift is received. Accordingly, permanent endowment pledges totaling \$18.9 million at June 30, 2024 are not recognized as assets in the accompanying financial statements. In addition, bequest intentions and other conditional promises are not recognized as assets until the specified conditions are met because of uncertainties with regard to their realizability and valuation.

Total revenue recognized under lessor agreements in fiscal year 2024 was \$4.3 million. Future minimum rents receivable required under these agreements as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

<b>MATURITIES</b> <i>(in thousands)</i>	<b>PRINCIPAL</b>	<b>INTEREST</b>
2025	\$ 3,185	\$ 1,269
2026	2,765	1,134
2027	2,338	1,007
2028	2,019	902
2029	1,902	794
2030-2034	5,446	3,121
2035-2039	3,425	2,038
2040-2044	1,237	1,654
2045-2049	721	1,495
2050-2054	385	1,488
2055-2059	569	1,355
2060-2064	960	1,007
2065-2069	1,311	765
2070-2074	1,782	432
2075-2079	882	132
2080-2085	187	7
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 29,114</b>	<b>\$ 18,600</b>

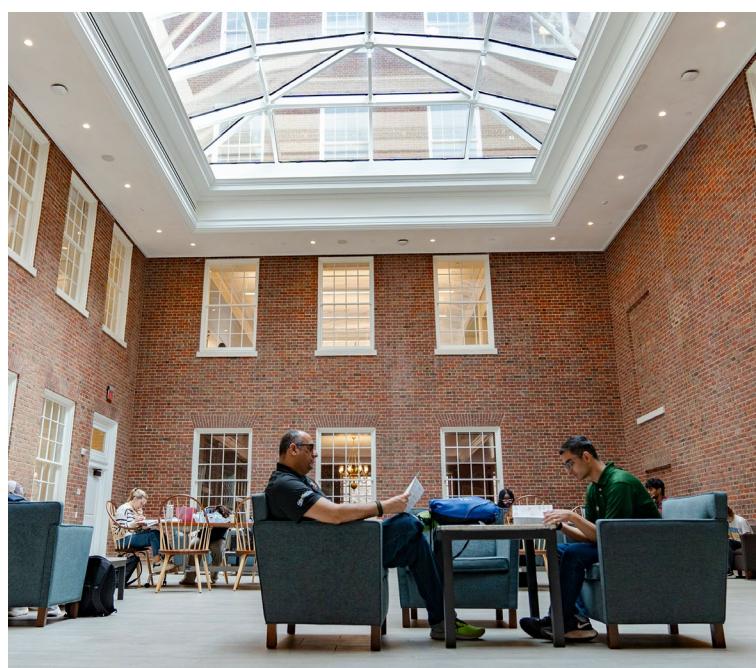
# Note 4

## NOTES RECEIVABLE

The principal repayment and interest-rate terms of federal and University loans vary considerably. The allowance for doubtful accounts only applies to University-funded notes and the University portion of federal student loans, as the University is not obligated to fund the federal portion of uncollected student loans. Federal loan programs are funded principally with federal advances to the University under the Perkins and various other loan programs.

The composition of notes receivable at June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

<b>NOTES RECEIVABLE</b> <i>(in thousands)</i>	
Institutional and other	\$ 27,126
Perkins	1,582
Nursing	1,494
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,345)
<b>Total notes receivable, net</b>	<b>25,857</b>
Less: Current portion, net of allowance	(3,345)
<b>TOTAL NONCURRENT NOTES RECEIVABLE</b>	<b>\$ 22,512</b>



## Notes to Financial Statements

# Note 5

## CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

<b>CAPITAL ASSETS (in thousands)</b>	<b>BEGINNING BALANCE JULY 1, 2023*</b>	<b>INCREASES</b>	<b>DECREASES</b>	<b>ENDING BALANCE JUNE 30, 2024</b>
<b>NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS</b>				
Land	\$ 133,834	\$ 4,400	\$ (1,435)	\$ 136,799
Construction in progress	557,660	493,388	(556,984)	494,064
<b>TOTAL NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 691,494</b>	<b>\$ 497,788</b>	<b>\$ (558,419)</b>	<b>\$ 630,863</b>
<b>OTHER CAPITAL ASSETS</b>				
Buildings	\$ 5,671,733	\$ 551,288	\$ (5,630)	\$ 6,217,391
Equipment	1,360,186	134,220	(49,784)	1,444,622
Infrastructure	659,422	23,395	-	682,817
Improvements other than buildings	245,371	5,023	(89)	250,305
Capitalized software	289,681	5,967	(981)	294,667
Library books	126,800	394	(37,647)	89,547
Right-to-use intangible assets:				
Land	952	-	-	952
Buildings	193,072	34,354	(27)	227,399
Equipment	5,158	-	-	5,158
Software	130,215	64,725	(10,797)	184,143
<b>Total other capital assets</b>	<b>8,682,590</b>	<b>819,366</b>	<b>(104,955)</b>	<b>9,397,001</b>
Less: Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(2,291,856)	(164,653)	1,115	(2,455,394)
Equipment	(942,674)	(104,827)	46,854	(1,000,647)
Infrastructure	(325,665)	(18,870)	-	(344,535)
Improvements other than buildings	(170,415)	(6,231)	22	(176,624)
Capitalized software	(254,847)	(28,712)	982	(282,577)
Library books	(123,826)	(761)	37,647	(86,940)
<b>Total accumulated depreciation</b>	<b>(4,109,283)</b>	<b>(324,054)</b>	<b>86,620</b>	<b>(4,346,717)</b>
Less: Accumulated amortization on right-to-use for:				
Buildings	(57,102)	(21,443)	44	(78,501)
Equipment	(2,508)	(1,121)	-	(3,629)
Software	(53,198)	(40,384)	2,289	(91,293)
<b>Total accumulated amortization</b>	<b>(112,808)</b>	<b>(62,948)</b>	<b>2,333</b>	<b>(173,423)</b>
<b>TOTAL OTHER CAPITAL ASSETS, NET</b>	<b>4,460,499</b>	<b>432,364</b>	<b>(16,002)</b>	<b>4,876,861</b>
<b>TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, NET</b>	<b>5,151,993</b>	<b>930,152</b>	<b>(574,421)</b>	<b>5,507,724</b>

\*The balances as of July 1, 2023 have been adjusted in relation to a prior period restatement. See Note 1 for more information. Additionally, certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to June 30, 2024 presentation.

# Note 6

## DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The composition of deferred outflows of resources on June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (in thousands)	
Pension	\$ 115,006
OPEB	41,800
Deferred loss on early retirement of debt	10,677
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>\$ 167,483</b>



# Note 7

## ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

The composition of accounts payable and accrued liabilities on June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES (in thousands)	
Accounts payable	\$ 205,145
Accrued salaries and wages payable	121,563
Due to third party payors	67,867
Accrued payroll taxes and other withholdings	30,907
Other	1,693
<b>TOTAL ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES</b>	<b>\$ 427,175</b>

# Note 8

## UNEARNED REVENUE

The composition of unearned revenue on June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

UNEARNED REVENUE (in thousands)	
Grants and contracts	\$ 43,234
Student payments	20,796
Medical Center and other	13,489
<b>TOTAL UNEARNED REVENUE</b>	<b>\$ 77,519</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements

# Note 9

### AFFILIATED COMPANIES

#### UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA / ENCOMPASS HEALTH

The Medical Center entered into a joint venture with ENCOMPASS Health, previously HEALTHSOUTH, LLC, to establish an acute rehabilitation facility, located at the Fontaine Research Park in Charlottesville, Virginia, to provide patient services to the region. The Medical Center made a capital contribution of \$2.2 million to the joint venture in May 1996, which represents a 50 percent interest. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the managing member: ENCOMPASS HEALTH, 9001 Liberty Parkway, Birmingham, AL 35242.

#### UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA / UVA IMAGING, LLC

On March 26, 2002, the Medical Center entered into an agreement with Outpatient Imaging Affiliates of Virginia, LLC to establish University of Virginia Imaging, LLC (UVI). The limited liability corporation was formed to operate an outpatient diagnostic imaging center to help respond to the need for radiology services in the Charlottesville area. The Medical Center owns 80 percent of UVI.

Additional details about UVI and its presentation as part of the financial reporting entity is available in Note 1.

#### UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA / RIVERSIDE

The Medical Center entered into various agreements with Riverside Healthcare Association, Inc. (Riverside) to improve patient access to high quality care for complex medical conditions in Eastern Virginia and provide access to education and training for clinicians in the area. The Medical Center made a capital contribution of \$33 million and other in-kind services in July 2023 for a 5 percent minority interest in Riverside. Dividends received from Riverside are recognized with (losses) gains from affiliated companies on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Details of the University's net equity in affiliated companies as of June 30, 2024, is summarized below:

EQUITY IN AFFILIATED COMPANIES <i>(in thousands)</i>	CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	SHARE OF ACCUMULATED INCOME	NET INVESTMENT
Riverside	\$ 33,000	N/A	\$ 33,000
UVA Imaging, LLC	5,651	11,815	17,466
Encompass Health	2,200	12,795	14,995
Other	7,540	(736)	6,804
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATED COMPANIES</b>	<b>\$ 48,391</b>	<b>\$ 23,874</b>	<b>\$ 72,265</b>

# Note 10

### SHORT-TERM DEBT

The University has a \$500 million combined taxable and tax-exempt commercial paper program that is primarily used as bridge financing for capital projects and, from time to time, fund operations. The University did not issue any new commercial paper in fiscal year 2024.

The University has four revolving credit agreements from four different banks in an aggregate amount of \$600 million to provide liquidity for its operating expenses and variable-rate debt obligations. In the event of default under the agreements, any outstanding advances, interest, and the value of the promissory note would be due and payable to the various banking institutions. As of June 30, 2024, there were no advances outstanding, collateral pledged, or subjective acceleration clauses.

## Notes to Financial Statements

# Note 11

### LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The composition of long-term leases, SBITAs, and other long-term liabilities at June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (in thousands)	BEGINNING BALANCE JULY 1, 2023*	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	ENDING BALANCE JUNE 30, 2024	CURRENT PORTION
Leases	\$ 161,459	\$ 33,753	\$ 17,892	\$ 177,320	18,406
SBITAs	53,544	53,332	35,912	70,964	27,074
Accrued compensated absences	108,875	180,606	174,736	114,745	109,504
Liabilities under trust agreements	109,380	3,418	2,194	110,604	-
Other	22,897	9,137	7,369	24,665	6,098
<b>Total long-term liabilities</b>	<b>456,155</b>	<b>280,246</b>	<b>238,103</b>	<b>498,298</b>	<b>161,082</b>
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities	(158,688)	(2,394)	-	(161,082)	
<b>NET LONG-TERM LIABILITIES</b>	<b>\$ 297,467</b>	<b>\$ 277,852</b>	<b>\$ 238,103</b>	<b>\$ 337,216</b>	

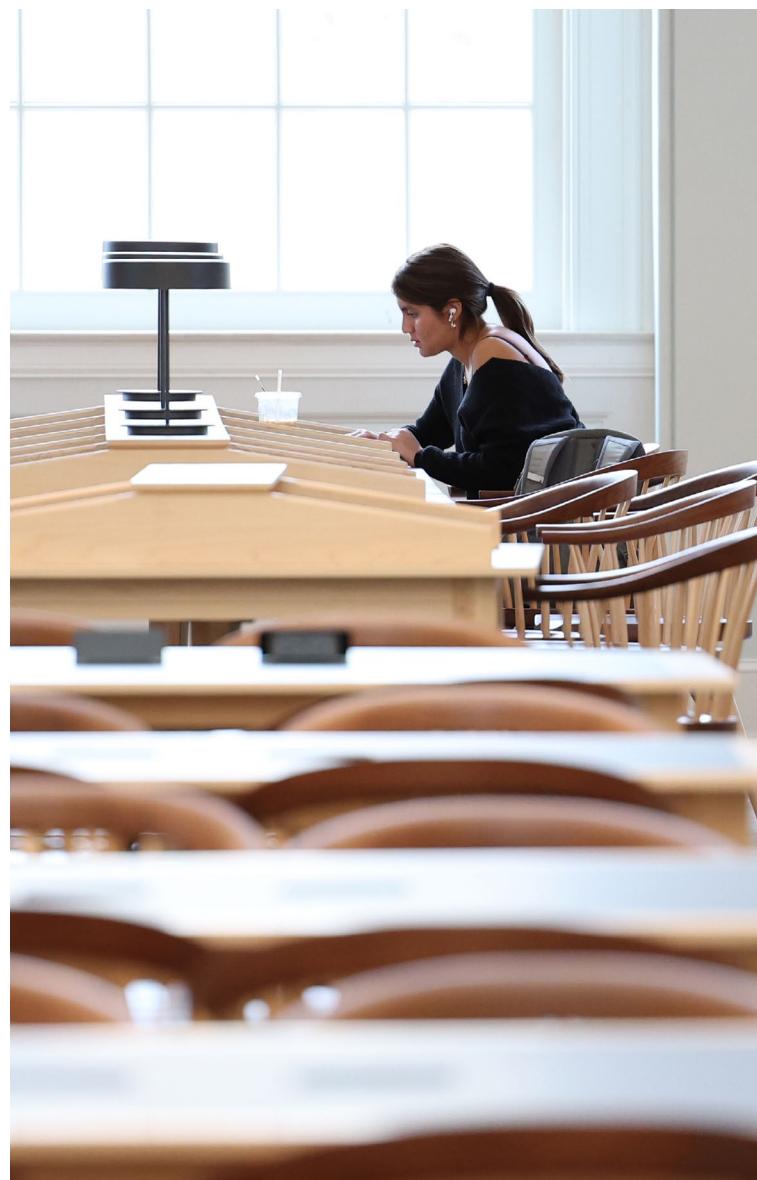
\*The balances as of July 1, 2023 have been adjusted in relation to a prior period restatement. See Note 1 for more information. Additionally, certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to June 30, 2024 presentation.

As of June 30, 2024, the principal and interest obligations under leases mature as follows:

MATURITIES (in thousands)	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST
2025	\$ 18,406	\$ 8,300
2026	16,254	7,545
2027	14,157	6,857
2028	10,586	6,277
2029	9,005	5,817
2030-2034	35,656	23,409
2035-2039	29,524	15,650
2040-2044	21,587	8,517
2045-2049	21,396	3,956
2050-2054	118	159
2055-2059	166	127
2060-2064	228	83
2065-2069	237	24
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 177,320</b>	<b>\$ 86,721</b>

As of June 30, 2024, the principal and interest obligations under SBITAs mature as follows:

MATURITIES (in thousands)	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST
2025	\$ 27,074	\$ 3,108
2026	22,485	1,907
2027	11,130	934
2028	5,462	438
2029	2,688	204
2030-2034	2,125	74
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 70,964</b>	<b>\$ 6,665</b>



## Notes to Financial Statements

# Note 12

### LONG-TERM DEBT

The composition of long-term debt at June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

LONG-TERM DEBT (in thousands)	INTEREST RATES AT ISSUANCE	FINAL MATURITY FISCAL YEAR	BEGINNING BALANCE JULY 1, 2023	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	ENDING BALANCE JUNE 30, 2024	CURRENT PORTION
<b>BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE</b>							
Revenue bonds:							
University of Virginia Series 2009 (9d)	4.15%*	2040	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 250,000	\$ -
University of Virginia Series 2010 (9d)	3.35%**	2041	190,000	-	-	190,000	-
University of Virginia Series 2015A-1 (9d)	4.0%	2045	86,995	-	-	86,995	-
University of Virginia Series 2015A-2 (9d)	3.57% to 5.0%	2045	97,735	-	-	97,735	-
University of Virginia Series 2017A (9d)	4.0% to 5.0%	2047	231,780	-	-	231,780	-
University of Virginia Series 2017B (9d)	4.0% to 5.0%	2046	123,440	-	-	123,440	-
University of Virginia Series 2017C (9d)	4.2%	2118	300,000	-	-	300,000	-
University of Virginia Series 2018A (9d)	4.0%	2049	64,080	-	-	64,080	-
University of Virginia Series 2018B (9d)	4.0%	2049	135,920	-	-	135,920	-
University of Virginia Series 2019A (9d)	3.2%	2120	350,000	-	-	350,000	-
University of Virginia Series 2019B (9d)	3.0% to 5.0%	2055	150,000	-	-	150,000	-
University of Virginia Series 2019C-1 (9d)	3.0%	2050	200,140	-	-	200,140	-
University of Virginia Series 2019C-2 (9d)	3.0%	2050	87,270	-	-	87,270	-
University of Virginia Series 2020 (9d)	2.3%	2051	600,000	-	-	600,000	-
University of Virginia Series 2021A (9d)	2.2%	2052	100,000	-	-	100,000	-
University of Virginia Series 2021B (9d)	2.6%	2052	300,000	-	-	300,000	-
Other	various	various	4,345	-	4,243	102	102
<b>Total bonds and notes payable</b>			<b>3,271,705</b>	-	<b>4,243</b>	<b>3,267,462</b>	<b>102</b>
Less: Current portion of debt			(4,243)	-	(4,141)	(102)	
Bond premium			72,445	-	3,272	69,173	
<b>NET LONG-TERM DEBT</b>			<b>\$ 3,339,907</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 3,374</b>	<b>\$ 3,336,533</b>	

\* The University of Virginia Series 2009 (9d) revenue bonds are Build America Bonds, issued at 6.2 percent. The University receives an interest credit from the United States Treasury for a portion of the interest it pays on the bonds. On issuance of the bonds, the University received an interest credit of 35 percent. This amount has been reduced as noted in the footnote on the next page. With the current credit, the effective interest rate on the bonds is reduced to 4.15 percent.

\*\* The University of Virginia Series 2010 (9d) revenue bonds are Build America Bonds, issued at five percent. The University receives an interest credit from the United States Treasury for a portion of the interest it pays on the bonds. On issuance of the bonds, the University received an interest credit of 35 percent. This amount has been reduced as noted in the footnote on the next page. With the current credit, the effective interest rate on the bonds is reduced to 3.35 percent.

The University's Board of Visitors has approved financing of up to \$500 million of taxable or tax-exempt bonds under the multiple-year capital project financing program. The maximum yield on fixed rate bonds, or the initial yield on variable bonds, is authorized up to 6 percent per year. Any bonds issued under this resolution shall be issued on or before June 30, 2027.

## Notes to Financial Statements

Maturities and interest on notes and bonds payable for the next five years and in subsequent five-year periods are as follows:

<b>FISCAL YEAR MATURITIES (in thousands)</b>	<b>PRINCIPAL</b>	<b>INTEREST</b>	<b>BUILD AMERICA BONDS INTEREST REBATE</b>	<b>NET INTEREST EXPENSE</b>
2025*	\$ 102	\$ 119,610	\$ (8,251)	\$ 111,359
2026	-	119,609	(8,251)	111,358
2027	-	119,609	(8,251)	111,358
2028	-	119,609	(8,251)	111,358
2029	-	119,609	(8,251)	111,358
2030-2034	-	598,047	(41,256)	556,791
2035-2039	139,930	594,736	(41,256)	553,480
2040-2044	565,480	453,170	(7,261)	445,908
2045-2049	474,540	357,623	-	357,623
2050-2054	1,337,410	190,718	-	190,718
2055-2059	100,000	120,658	-	120,658
2060-2064	-	119,158	-	119,158
2065-2069	-	119,158	-	119,158
2070-2074	-	119,158	-	119,158
2075-2079	-	119,158	-	119,158
2080-2084	-	119,158	-	119,158
2085-2089	-	119,158	-	119,158
2090-2094	-	119,158	-	119,158
2095-2099	-	119,158	-	119,158
2100-2104	-	119,158	-	119,158
2105-2109	-	119,158	-	119,158
2110-2114	-	119,158	-	119,158
2115-2119	300,000	100,352	-	100,352
2120-2124	350,000	5,647	-	5,647
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 3,267,462</b>	<b>\$ 4,329,735</b>	<b>\$ (131,028)</b>	<b>\$ 4,198,706</b>

\* Fiscal year 2025 represents a 5.7 percent reduction in the credit interest payment for September 1 and March 1 payments. The 5.7 percent sequestration reduction rate will be applied to all future years unless and until a law is enacted that cancels or otherwise impacts the sequester, at which time the sequestration reduction rate is subject to change.

## Note 13

### DERIVATIVES

On June 30, 2024, the University held the following derivative instruments:

<b>OTHER DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (in thousands)</b>	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE</b>	<b>MATURITY DATE</b>	<b>RATE PAID</b>	<b>RATE RECEIVED</b>	<b>NOTIONAL AMOUNT</b>	<b>FAIR VALUE ASSET (LIABILITY)</b>	<b>CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE</b>
<b>OTHER DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENT LIABILITY</b>							
Fixed-payer interest rate swaps	6/1/2008	6/1/2038	4.07-4.15%	SIFMA*	\$ 100,000	\$ (9,386)	\$ 3,233
<b>TOTAL OTHER DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENT LIABILITIES</b>					<b>\$ 100,000</b>	<b>\$ (9,386)</b>	<b>\$ 3,233</b>

\* Securities Industry and Financial Markets Municipal Swap Index

The University recognizes all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities on the Statement of Net Position at their respective fair values. Changes in fair values of other derivative instruments are reported as other net nonoperating revenues (expenses) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps was determined by using the quoted Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) index curve at the time of market valuation. The fixed-payer swaps were established as cash flow hedges to provide a hedge against changes in interest rates on a similar amount of the University's debt.

## Notes to Financial Statements

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the University refunded the associated variable-rate debt for the fixed-payer swaps. As such, the fixed-payer interest rate swaps are no longer effective hedges. In accordance with GASB standards, the University terminated hedge accounting for both the fixed-receiver and fixed-payer swaps.

### RISK

The use of derivatives may introduce certain risks for the University, including the following:

**Credit risk** is the risk that a counterparty will not settle an obligation in full, either when due or at any time thereafter. The University would be exposed to the credit risk of its swap counterparties any time the swaps had a positive market value. As of June 30, 2024, the University's swap counterparties were rated at least A- from Standard & Poor's or A1 by Moody's Investors Service. To mitigate credit risk, the University limits market value exposure and requires the posting of collateral based on the credit rating of the counterparty. As of June 30, 2024, no collateral was required to be posted by the counterparties.

**Interest-rate risk** is the risk that the value of the fixed-payer interest rate swaps will change due to a change of interest rates. The University is exposed to interest-rate risk on its interest-rate swap, as the fair value of this instrument is highly sensitive to interest-rate changes.

**Termination risk** arises when the unscheduled termination of a derivative could have an adverse effect on the University's strategy or could lead to potentially significant unscheduled payments. The University's derivative contracts use the International Swap Dealers Association Master Agreement (the Master Agreement), which includes standard termination events, such as failure to pay and bankruptcy. The Schedule to the Master Agreement includes an additional termination event. That is, the swap may be terminated by either party if the counterparty's credit rating falls below BBB/Baa2 in the case of Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service, respectively. The University or the counterparty may also terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of termination the swap has a negative market value, the University would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swaps' market value.

**Foreign currency risk** is the risk of a swap's value changing due to changes in currency exchange rates. The University's derivatives have no foreign currency risk.

# Note 14

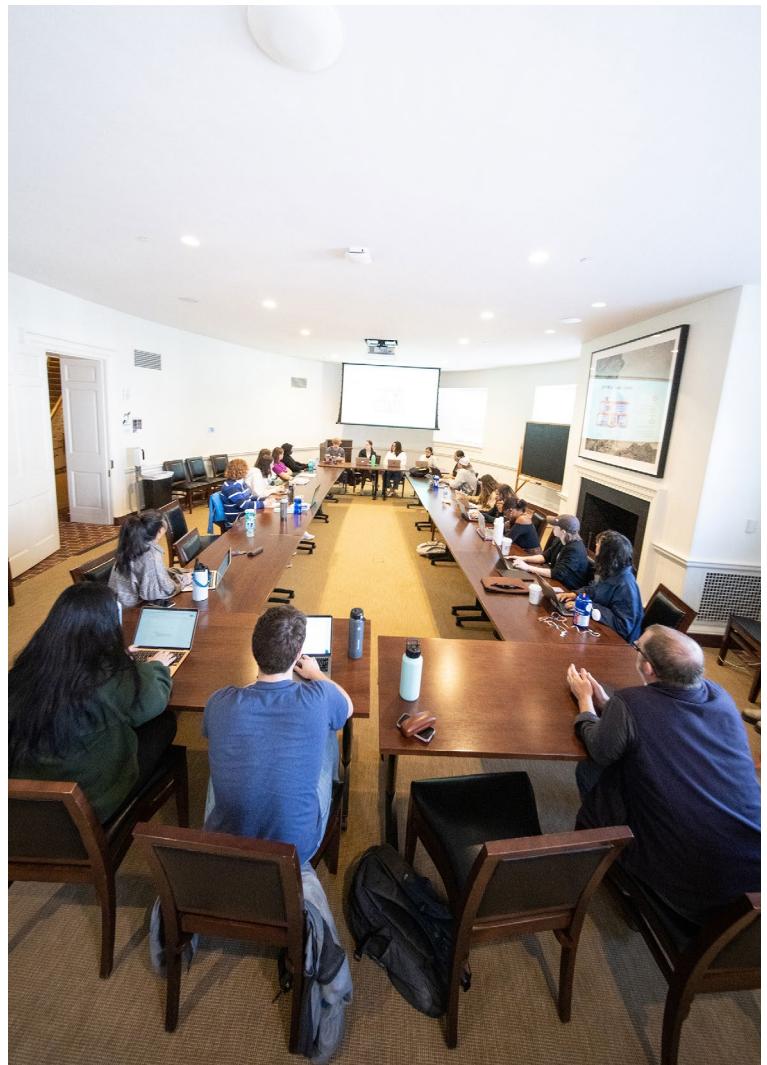
### DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The composition of deferred inflows on June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES <i>(in thousands)</i>	
Service concession arrangements	\$ 139,409
OPEB	54,986
Pension	51,882
Leases	28,104
Split-Interest agreements	23,554
<b>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>\$ 297,935</b>

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the University entered into an agreement with Aramark Educational Services, LLC (Aramark) for Aramark to provide dining services to the University. In return for use of University facilities, Aramark is required to make certain payments to the University and the University is required to provide certain repair and maintenance services related to the facilities during the term of the agreement. The University also receives a yearly minimum guarantee on dining and vending commissions and has a minimum guaranteed profit split on residential and athletics services regardless of gross sales.

In accordance with GASB requirements, as of June 30, 2024, the University has accrued \$83.3 million in current and noncurrent receivables and a \$139.4 million deferred inflow of resources related to the service concession arrangement.



## Notes to Financial Statements

# Note 15

## BLENDED COMPONENT UNITS

Condensed combining information for the University's blended component units for the year ended June 30, 2024 is presented as follows:

<b>CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (in thousands) as of June 30, 2024</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY HEALTH</b>	<b>MONTICELLO SURGERY CENTER</b>	<b>COMMUNITY MEDICINE</b>	<b>UVA GLOBAL, LLC</b>	<b>ELIMINATIONS</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>							
Total current assets	\$ 1,416,017	\$ 139,594	\$ 4,261	\$ 3,983	\$ 953	\$ (282,528)	\$ 1,282,280
Capital assets, net	5,264,178	244,148	1,455	-	5	(2,062)	5,507,724
Other noncurrent assets	11,735,528	65,063	-	-	500	(1,020)	11,800,071
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 18,415,723</b>	<b>\$ 448,805</b>	<b>\$ 5,716</b>	<b>\$ 3,983</b>	<b>\$ 1,458</b>	<b>\$ (285,610)</b>	<b>\$ 18,590,075</b>
Deferred outflows of resources	167,483	-	-	-	-	-	167,483
<b>TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>\$ 18,583,206</b>	<b>\$ 448,805</b>	<b>\$ 5,716</b>	<b>\$ 3,983</b>	<b>\$ 1,458</b>	<b>\$ (285,610)</b>	<b>\$ 18,757,558</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>							
Total current liabilities	\$ 707,945	\$ 130,754	\$ 12,694	\$ 9,536	\$ 573	\$ (103,664)	\$ 757,838
Long-term debt	3,336,533	180,781	-	-	-	(180,781)	3,336,533
Other noncurrent liabilities	956,293	17,747	843	-	-	-	974,883
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 5,000,771</b>	<b>\$ 329,282</b>	<b>\$ 13,537</b>	<b>\$ 9,536</b>	<b>\$ 573</b>	<b>\$ (284,445)</b>	<b>\$ 5,069,254</b>
Deferred inflows of resources	288,920	9,015	-	-	-	-	297,935
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>\$ 5,289,691</b>	<b>\$ 338,297</b>	<b>\$ 13,537</b>	<b>\$ 9,536</b>	<b>\$ 573</b>	<b>\$ (284,445)</b>	<b>\$ 5,367,189</b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2,393,025	\$ 50,692	\$ 612	\$ -	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ 2,444,334
Restricted:							
Nonexpendable	1,436,450	-	-	-	-	-	1,436,450
Expendable	4,760,511	-	-	-	-	-	4,760,511
Unrestricted	4,703,529	59,816	(8,433)	\$ (5,553)	880	(1,165)	4,749,074
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 13,293,515</b>	<b>\$ 110,508</b>	<b>\$ (7,821)</b>	<b>\$ (5,553)</b>	<b>\$ 885</b>	<b>\$ (1,165)</b>	<b>\$ 13,390,369</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 18,583,206</b>	<b>\$ 448,805</b>	<b>\$ 5,716</b>	<b>\$ 3,983</b>	<b>\$ 1,458</b>	<b>\$ (285,610)</b>	<b>\$ 18,757,558</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements

<b>CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION (in thousands) for the period ended June 30, 2024</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA COMMUNITY HEALTH</b>	<b>MONTICELLO SURGERY CENTER</b>	<b>COMMUNITY MEDICINE</b>	<b>UVA GLOBAL, LLC</b>	<b>ELIMINATIONS</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
<b>REVENUES</b>							
<b>Operating revenues</b>							
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 729,784	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 729,784
Patient services, net	2,665,040	625,796	10,560	4,466	-	-	3,305,862
Grants and contracts	535,532	-	-	-	-	-	535,532
Other operating revenues	369,359	3,032	165	108	860	(43,376)	330,148
<b>TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 4,299,715</b>	<b>\$ 628,828</b>	<b>\$ 10,725</b>	<b>\$ 4,574</b>	<b>\$ 860</b>	<b>\$ (43,376)</b>	<b>\$ 4,901,326</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>							
<b>Operating expenses</b>							
Operating expenses	\$ 4,626,750	\$ 565,867	\$ 14,200	\$ 4,956	\$ 848	\$ (42,537)	\$ 5,170,084
Depreciation and amortization	345,158	42,994	346	1	-	(821)	387,678
<b>TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES</b>	<b>\$ 4,971,908</b>	<b>\$ 608,861</b>	<b>\$ 14,546</b>	<b>\$ 4,957</b>	<b>\$ 848</b>	<b>\$ (43,358)</b>	<b>\$ 5,557,762</b>
<b>OPERATING LOSS</b>	<b>\$ (672,193)</b>	<b>\$ 19,967</b>	<b>\$ (3,821)</b>	<b>\$ (383)</b>	<b>\$ 12</b>	<b>\$ (18)</b>	<b>\$ (656,436)</b>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>							
Investment income	\$ 774,624	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 774,624
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	468,964	(1,376)	(46)	-	(193)	130	467,479
<b>NET NONOPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 1,243,588</b>	<b>\$ (1,376)</b>	<b>\$ (46)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ (193)</b>	<b>\$ 130</b>	<b>\$ 1,242,103</b>
<b>INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES</b>	<b>\$ 571,395</b>	<b>\$ 18,591</b>	<b>\$ (3,867)</b>	<b>\$ (383)</b>	<b>\$ (181)</b>	<b>\$ 112</b>	<b>\$ 585,667</b>
Capital appropriations	\$ 88,821	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,821
Capital grants and gifts	47,620	-	-	-	-	-	47,620
Additions to permanent endowments	32,177	-	-	-	-	-	32,177
<b>TOTAL OTHER REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 168,618</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 168,618</b>
<b>INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 740,013</b>	<b>\$ 18,591</b>	<b>\$ (3,867)</b>	<b>\$ (383)</b>	<b>\$ (181)</b>	<b>\$ 112</b>	<b>\$ 754,285</b>
<b>NET POSITION -- BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED*</b>	<b>\$ 12,553,502</b>	<b>\$ 91,917</b>	<b>\$ (3,954)</b>	<b>\$ (5,170)</b>	<b>\$ 1,066</b>	<b>\$ (1,277)</b>	<b>\$ 12,636,084</b>
<b>NET POSITION – END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 13,293,515</b>	<b>\$ 110,508</b>	<b>\$ (7,821)</b>	<b>\$ (5,553)</b>	<b>\$ 885</b>	<b>\$ (1,165)</b>	<b>\$ 13,390,369</b>

\* See Note 1 for more information.

<b>CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (in thousands) for the year ended June 30, 2024</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA</b>	<b>UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA COMMUNITY HEALTH</b>	<b>MONTICELLO SURGERY CENTER</b>	<b>COMMUNITY MEDICINE</b>	<b>UVA GLOBAL, LLC</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (284,359)	\$ (231,118)	\$ (6,836)	\$ (1,512)	\$ (65)	\$ (523,890)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	395,932	205,214	-	-	-	601,146
NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(683,620)	(6,727)	(296)	24	-	(690,619)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	495,211	164	-	-	-	495,375
<b>INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	<b>(76,836)</b>	<b>(32,467)</b>	<b>(7,132)</b>	<b>(1,488)</b>	<b>(65)</b>	<b>(117,988)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	636,075	61,733	7,869	4,160	295	710,132
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 559,239</b>	<b>\$ 29,266</b>	<b>\$ 737</b>	<b>\$ 2,672</b>	<b>\$ 230</b>	<b>\$ 592,144</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements

# Note 16

## COMPONENT UNITS

Summary financial statements and additional disclosures for the University's discretely presented component units are presented below:

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION <i>(in thousands)</i> as of June 30, 2024	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA LAW SCHOOL FOUNDATION	THE COLLEGE FOUNDATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA DARDEN SCHOOL FOUNDATION	ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	JEFFERSON SCHOLARS FOUNDATION	VIRGINIA ATHLETICS FOUNDATION*
<b>ASSETS</b>						
<b>Current assets</b>						
Due from University of Virginia	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 285	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other current assets	89,628	28,603	72,789	67,366	35,816	35,075
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>\$ 89,628</b>	<b>\$ 28,603</b>	<b>\$ 73,074</b>	<b>\$ 67,366</b>	<b>\$ 35,816</b>	<b>\$ 35,075</b>
<b>Noncurrent assets</b>						
Due from University of Virginia	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Capital assets, net	922	128	170,195	6,394	19,029	21
Other noncurrent assets	681,854	236,828	500,068	533,157	758,205	134,440
<b>Total noncurrent assets</b>	<b>\$ 682,776</b>	<b>\$ 236,956</b>	<b>\$ 670,263</b>	<b>\$ 539,551</b>	<b>\$ 777,234</b>	<b>\$ 134,461</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 772,404</b>	<b>\$ 265,559</b>	<b>\$ 743,337</b>	<b>\$ 606,917</b>	<b>\$ 813,050</b>	<b>\$ 169,536</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS</b>						
<b>Current liabilities</b>						
Due to University of Virginia	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 622	\$ 19,043	\$ 9,161	\$ -
Other liabilities	330	1,281	12,099	172,582	12,674	2,497
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 330</b>	<b>\$ 1,281</b>	<b>\$ 12,721</b>	<b>\$ 191,625</b>	<b>\$ 21,835</b>	<b>\$ 2,497</b>
<b>Noncurrent liabilities</b>						
Due to University of Virginia	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other noncurrent liabilities	-	3,625	80,182	4,658	63,929	-
<b>Total noncurrent liabilities</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 3,625</b>	<b>\$ 80,182</b>	<b>\$ 4,658</b>	<b>\$ 63,929</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>\$ 330</b>	<b>\$ 4,906</b>	<b>\$ 92,903</b>	<b>\$ 196,283</b>	<b>\$ 85,764</b>	<b>\$ 2,497</b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 922	\$ 128	\$ 106,805	\$ 6,395	\$ (13,240)	\$ 20
Restricted:						
Nonexpendable	243,565	164,041	253,067	146,014	453,158	53,640
Expendable	430,400	89,240	253,603	157,805	251,775	96,968
Unrestricted	97,187	7,244	36,959	100,420	35,593	16,411
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 772,074</b>	<b>\$ 260,653</b>	<b>\$ 650,434</b>	<b>\$ 410,634</b>	<b>\$ 727,286</b>	<b>\$ 167,039</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 772,404</b>	<b>\$ 265,559</b>	<b>\$ 743,337</b>	<b>\$ 606,917</b>	<b>\$ 813,050</b>	<b>\$ 169,536</b>

\* December 31, 2023, year-end

## Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) <i>(in thousands)</i> as of June 30, 2024	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA IMAGING, LLC*	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA FOUNDATION	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA PHYSICIANS GROUP	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY	SUBTOTAL	ELIMINATIONS	TOTAL
<b>ASSETS</b>							
<b>Current assets</b>							
Due from University of Virginia	\$ -	\$ 1,280	\$ 59,304	\$ 2,527	\$ 63,396	\$ -	\$ 63,396
Other current assets	21,661	12,713	197,077	233,934	794,662	-	794,662
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>\$ 21,661</b>	<b>\$ 13,993</b>	<b>\$ 256,381</b>	<b>\$ 236,461</b>	<b>\$ 858,058</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 858,058</b>
<b>Noncurrent assets</b>							
Due from University of Virginia	\$ -	\$ 10,346	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,346	\$ -	\$ 10,346
Capital assets, net	13,211	364,937	30,975	2,255	608,067	-	608,067
Other noncurrent assets	17,877	176,248	305,602	14,393,006	17,737,285	(2,773,550)	14,963,735
<b>Total noncurrent assets</b>	<b>\$ 31,088</b>	<b>\$ 551,531</b>	<b>\$ 336,577</b>	<b>\$ 14,395,261</b>	<b>\$ 18,355,698</b>	<b>\$ (2,773,550)</b>	<b>\$ 15,582,148</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 52,749</b>	<b>\$ 565,524</b>	<b>\$ 592,958</b>	<b>\$ 14,631,722</b>	<b>\$ 19,213,756</b>	<b>\$ (2,773,550)</b>	<b>\$ 16,440,206</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS</b>							
<b>Current liabilities</b>							
Due to University of Virginia	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 47,220	\$ 60,714	\$ 136,760	\$ -	\$ 136,760
Other liabilities	11,179	181,774	97,428	314,700	806,544	-	806,544
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 11,179</b>	<b>\$ 181,774</b>	<b>\$ 144,648</b>	<b>\$ 375,414</b>	<b>\$ 943,304</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 943,304</b>
<b>Noncurrent liabilities</b>							
Due to University of Virginia	\$ -	\$ 84,606	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 84,606	-	\$ 84,606
Other noncurrent liabilities	19,057	120,075	152,784	14,235,612	14,679,922	(2,773,550)	11,906,372
<b>Total noncurrent liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 19,057</b>	<b>\$ 204,681</b>	<b>\$ 152,784</b>	<b>\$ 14,235,612</b>	<b>\$ 14,764,528</b>	<b>\$ (2,773,550)</b>	<b>\$ 11,990,978</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>\$ 30,236</b>	<b>\$ 386,455</b>	<b>\$ 297,432</b>	<b>\$ 14,611,026</b>	<b>\$ 15,707,832</b>	<b>\$ (2,773,550)</b>	<b>\$ 12,934,282</b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>							
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,280	\$ 133,786	\$ 30,975	\$ 2,255	\$ 272,326	\$ -	\$ 272,326
Restricted:							
Nonexpendable	-	1,593	-	-	1,315,078	-	1,315,078
Expendable	-	13,204	-	-	1,292,995	-	1,292,995
Unrestricted	18,233	30,486	264,551	18,441	625,525	-	625,525
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 22,513</b>	<b>\$ 179,069</b>	<b>\$ 295,526</b>	<b>\$ 20,696</b>	<b>\$ 3,505,924</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 3,505,924</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 52,749</b>	<b>\$ 565,524</b>	<b>\$ 592,958</b>	<b>\$ 14,631,722</b>	<b>\$ 19,213,756</b>	<b>\$ (2,773,550)</b>	<b>\$ 16,440,206</b>

\* December 31, 2023, year-end

## Notes to Financial Statements

<b>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION</b> <i>(in thousands)</i> for the year ended June 30, 2024	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA LAW SCHOOL FOUNDATION	THE COLLEGE FOUNDATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA DARDEN SCHOOL FOUNDATION	ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	JEFFERSON SCHOLARS FOUNDATION	VIRGINIA ATHLETICS FOUNDATION*	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA IMAGING, LLC*	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA FOUNDATION	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA PHYSICIANS GROUP	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY	TOTAL
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>											
Patient services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,686	\$ -	\$ 515,363	\$ -	\$ 564,049	
Gifts and contributions	9,007	23,279	15,260	16,004	3,349	55,149	-	1,309	-	-	123,357
Other revenues	343	13	30,316	7,552	207	1,726	170	75,207	104,013	81	219,628
<b>TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>9,350</b>	<b>23,292</b>	<b>45,576</b>	<b>23,556</b>	<b>3,556</b>	<b>56,875</b>	<b>48,856</b>	<b>76,516</b>	<b>619,376</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>907,034</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>											
Compensation and benefits	5,677	5,252	16,598	6,054	5,276	3,281	12,079	22,116	458,193	36,066	570,592
Supplies and services	27,763	13,276	34,416	7,075	6,828	24,333	33,461	34,670	146,093	6,068	333,983
Student aid	8,628	1,771	15,187	26,468	16,348	21,284	-	277	-	-	89,963
Depreciation and amortization	-	71	7,786	-	978	-	3,298	14,978	4,114	573	31,798
Other expenses	34	-	1,038	50	99	-	367	-	-	-	1,588
<b>TOTAL EXPENSES</b>	<b>42,102</b>	<b>20,370</b>	<b>75,025</b>	<b>39,647</b>	<b>29,529</b>	<b>48,898</b>	<b>49,205</b>	<b>72,041</b>	<b>608,400</b>	<b>42,707</b>	<b>1,027,924</b>
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	<b>(32,752)</b>	<b>2,922</b>	<b>(29,449)</b>	<b>(16,091)</b>	<b>(25,973)</b>	<b>7,977</b>	<b>(349)</b>	<b>4,475</b>	<b>10,976</b>	<b>(42,626)</b>	<b>(120,890)</b>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>											
Investment income	53,053	14,582	36,054	27,339	44,885	4,354	-	8,013	28,765	43,912	260,957
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	-	-	(3,183)	-	(1,142)	-	(426)	(12,064)	(2,291)	-	(19,106)
<b>NET NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>	<b>53,053</b>	<b>17,504</b>	<b>32,871</b>	<b>27,339</b>	<b>43,743</b>	<b>4,354</b>	<b>(426)</b>	<b>(4,051)</b>	<b>26,474</b>	<b>43,912</b>	<b>241,851</b>
<b>INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER REVENUES</b>	<b>20,301</b>	<b>17,504</b>	<b>3,422</b>	<b>11,248</b>	<b>17,770</b>	<b>12,331</b>	<b>(775)</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>37,450</b>	<b>1,286</b>	<b>120,961</b>
<b>OTHER REVENUES</b>											
Additions to endowments	12,078	-	9,379	4,049	28,608	2,506	-	-	-	-	56,620
<b>TOTAL OTHER REVENUES</b>	<b>12,078</b>		<b>9,379</b>	<b>4,049</b>	<b>28,608</b>	<b>2,506</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>56,620</b>
<b>INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION</b>	<b>32,379</b>	<b>17,504</b>	<b>12,801</b>	<b>15,297</b>	<b>46,378</b>	<b>14,837</b>	<b>(775)</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>37,450</b>	<b>1,286</b>	<b>177,581</b>
<b>NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>	739,695	243,149	637,633	395,337	680,908	152,202	23,288	178,645	258,076	19,410	3,328,343
<b>NET POSITION - END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 772,074</b>	<b>\$ 260,653</b>	<b>\$ 650,434</b>	<b>\$ 410,634</b>	<b>\$ 727,286</b>	<b>\$ 167,039</b>	<b>\$ 22,513</b>	<b>\$ 179,069</b>	<b>\$ 295,526</b>	<b>\$ 20,696</b>	<b>\$3,505,924</b>

\* December 31, 2023, year-end

## Notes to Financial Statements

### PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

Unconditional promises to give (pledges) are recorded as receivables and revenues and are assigned to net asset categories based on the presence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Pledges expected to be collected within one year are recorded at net realizable value. Pledges that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the net present value of their estimated future cash flows. The discounts on these amounts are computed using risk-free interest rates applicable to the years in which the promise was received and then remain consistent throughout the pledge's life. The component units record an allowance against pledges receivable for estimated uncollectible amounts. UPG does not accept gifts. Unconditional promises to give at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

<b>PLEDGES RECEIVABLE (in thousands)</b>		UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA LAW SCHOOL FOUNDATION	THE COLLEGE FOUNDATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA DARDEN SCHOOL FOUNDATION	ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	JEFFERSON SCHOLARS FOUNDATION	VIRGINIA ATHLETICS FOUNDATION*	<b>TOTAL</b>
<b>Total pledges receivable</b>	<b>\$ 8,711</b>	<b>\$ 26,812</b>	<b>\$ 33,977</b>	<b>\$ 2,397</b>	<b>\$ 72,564</b>	<b>\$ 62,089</b>	<b>\$ 206,550</b>	
Less:								
Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(436)	(2,277)	(2,438)	(147)	(3,671)	(1,856)	(10,825)	
Unamortized discount to present value	(1,381)	(5,201)	(3,082)	(171)	(6,462)	(5,378)	(21,675)	
<b>Total pledges receivable, net</b>	<b>6,894</b>	<b>19,334</b>	<b>28,457</b>	<b>2,079</b>	<b>62,431</b>	<b>54,855</b>	<b>174,050</b>	
Less: Current portion, net of allowance	(1,953)	(7,903)	(8,763)	(1,116)	(8,382)	(16,116)	(44,233)	
<b>TOTAL NONCURRENT PLEDGES RECEIVABLE</b>	<b>\$ 4,941</b>	<b>\$ 11,431</b>	<b>\$ 19,694</b>	<b>\$ 963</b>	<b>\$ 54,049</b>	<b>\$ 38,739</b>	<b>\$ 129,817</b>	

\* December 31, 2023, year-end

### INVESTMENTS

Investments are recorded at fair value, which is determined by readily available quotes on the stock exchange or using the net asset value per share (or its practical expedient). Realized gains (losses) from the sale of securities and unrealized gains (losses) from the appreciation (depreciation) of the value of securities held are recognized in the year incurred. The fair values of investments by investment class on June 30, 2024, for the component units are as follows:

<b>SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (in thousands)</b>	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA LAW SCHOOL FOUNDATION	THE COLLEGE FOUNDATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA DARDEN SCHOOL FOUNDATION	ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	JEFFERSON SCHOLARS FOUNDATION	VIRGINIA ATHLETICS FOUNDATION*	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA FOUNDATION	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA PHYSICIANS GROUP	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY	ELIMINATIONS	<b>TOTAL</b>
Common stocks, corporate notes, bonds, limited partnerships, and agency securities	\$ 2,476	\$ -	\$ 40,631	\$ 34,246	\$ 4,263	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 172,750	\$ 1,987,112	\$ -	\$ 2,241,478
University of Virginia Investment Management Company	597,487	215,379	403,227	523,810	597,784	89,775	157,330	177,730		(2,762,522)	-
Mutual and money market funds	13,190	64	40,132	21	-	281	3,127	-	68,150	-	124,965
Other	112,818	-	-	6,389	39,352	-	14,457	1,711	12,474,697	-	12,649,424
<b>Total investments</b>	<b>725,971</b>	<b>215,443</b>	<b>483,990</b>	<b>564,466</b>	<b>641,399</b>	<b>90,056</b>	<b>174,914</b>	<b>352,191</b>	<b>14,529,959</b>	<b>(2,762,522)</b>	<b>15,015,867</b>
Less: Short-term investments	(87,205)	(70)	(40,132)	(37,415)	(12,185)	-	(5,469)	(57,684)	(139,454)	-	(379,614)
<b>LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS</b>	<b>\$ 638,766</b>	<b>\$ 215,373</b>	<b>\$ 443,858</b>	<b>\$ 527,051</b>	<b>\$ 629,214</b>	<b>\$ 90,056</b>	<b>\$ 169,445</b>	<b>\$ 294,507</b>	<b>\$ 14,390,505</b>	<b>\$ (2,762,522)</b>	<b>\$ 14,636,253</b>

\* December 31, 2023, year-end

UVIMCO has investments in investment funds, limited partnerships, and similar private investment vehicles. These investments do not actively trade through established exchange mechanisms and are valued at NAV, based on UVIMCO's interest in the investee as determined and reported by the external manager of the investment. Such investments represent \$13.1 billion on June 30, 2024. Because of the inherent uncertainty of such valuations, these estimated values may differ from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the investments existed, and such differences could be material.

## Notes to Financial Statements

### CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are recorded at cost, except donated property, which is recorded at fair market value at the date of the gift. Depreciation and amortization is taken over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. As of June 30, 2024, capital assets consisted of the following:

<b>CAPITAL ASSETS (in thousands)</b>	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA LAW SCHOOL FOUNDATION	THE COLLEGE FOUNDATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA DARDEN SCHOOL FOUNDATION	ALUMNI ASSOCIATION OF THE UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA	JEFFERSON SCHOLARS FOUNDATION	VIRGINIA ATHLETICS FOUNDATION*	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA IMAGING, LLC*	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA FOUNDATION	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA PHYSICIANS GROUP	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT COMPANY	<b>TOTAL</b>
Land	\$ 152	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 633	\$ 4,787	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,200	\$ 3,220	\$ -	\$ 108,992
Buildings and improvements	958	-	191,642	8,201	23,788	-	10,035	406,544	48,388	4,627	694,183
Furnishings and equipment	428	447	15,920	2,401	2,100	63	29,738	35,746	21,350	1,081	109,274
Collections and other	-	20	-	-	100	-	-	106	-	-	226
Construction in progress	-	-	170	3,399	69	-	-	9,687	17	-	13,342
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,538</b>	<b>467</b>	<b>207,732</b>	<b>14,634</b>	<b>30,844</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>39,773</b>	<b>552,283</b>	<b>72,975</b>	<b>5,708</b>	<b>926,017</b>
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(616)	(339)	(37,537)	(8,240)	(11,815)	(42)	(26,562)	(187,346)	(42,000)	(3,453)	(317,950)
<b>NET CAPITAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 922</b>	<b>\$ 128</b>	<b>\$ 170,195</b>	<b>\$ 6,394</b>	<b>\$ 19,029</b>	<b>\$ 21</b>	<b>\$ 13,211</b>	<b>\$ 364,937</b>	<b>\$ 30,975</b>	<b>\$ 2,255</b>	<b>\$ 608,067</b>

\* December 31, 2023, year-end

### SHORT-TERM AND LONG-TERM DEBT

The foundations listed below had the following lines of credit available and outstanding as of June 30, 2024:

<b>LINES OF CREDIT (in thousands)</b>	<b>AVAILABLE</b>	<b>CURRENT OUTSTANDING BALANCE</b>	<b>NONCURRENT OUTSTANDING BALANCE</b>
University of Virginia Foundation	\$ 285,000	\$ 162,335	\$ 25,000
University of Virginia Investment Management Company	600,000	259,876	-
Jefferson Scholars Foundation	10,000	-	-
Alumni Association of the University of Virginia	750	-	-
University of Virginia Darden School Foundation	3,000	-	-
University of Virginia Physicians Group	10,000	-	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 908,750</b>	<b>\$ 422,211</b>	<b>\$ 25,000</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements

The composition of the long-term debt of the component units on June 30, 2024, is summarized as follows:

<b>LONG-TERM DEBT (in thousands)</b>	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA DARDEN SCHOOL FOUNDATION	JEFFERSON SCHOLARS FOUNDATION	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA IMAGING, LLC*	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA FOUNDATION	<b>TOTAL</b>
Notes payable	\$ 63,390	\$ 9,769	\$ 8,931	\$ 39,213	\$ 121,303
Recovery Zone Facility Bond	-	-	-	4,615	4,615
2017 Variable rate bank bonds	-	22,500	-	-	22,500
<b>Total long-term debt</b>	<b>63,390</b>	<b>32,269</b>	<b>8,931</b>	<b>43,828</b>	<b>148,418</b>
Less: Current portion	(1,658)	(166)	(1,812)	(2,605)	(6,241)
Less: Unamortized issuance costs	-	-	-	(31)	(31)
<b>NET LONG-TERM DEBT</b>	<b>\$ 61,732</b>	<b>\$ 32,103</b>	<b>\$ 7,119</b>	<b>\$ 41,192</b>	<b>\$ 142,146</b>

\* December 31, 2023, year-end

Principal maturities of long-term debt obligations on June 30, 2024, are as follows:

<b>MATURITIES (in thousands)</b>	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA DARDEN SCHOOL FOUNDATION	JEFFERSON SCHOLARS FOUNDATION	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA IMAGING, LLC*	UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA FOUNDATION	<b>TOTAL</b>
2025	\$ 1,658	\$ 166	\$ 1,812	\$ 2,605	\$ 6,241
2026	1,707	175	1,872	3,553	7,307
2027	1,757	184	2,024	2,783	6,748
2028	1,808	22,693	1,486	1,944	27,931
2029	1,862	203	1,162	1,996	5,223
Thereafter	54,598	8,848	575	30,947	94,968
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 63,390</b>	<b>\$ 32,269</b>	<b>\$ 8,931</b>	<b>\$ 43,828</b>	<b>\$ 148,418</b>

\* December 31, 2023, year-end

## LEASES

Future minimum payments required under the lessee agreements as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

<b>FISCAL YEAR</b>	<b>OPERATING LEASES (in thousands)</b>	<b>FINANCE LEASES (in thousands)</b>
2025	\$ 9,138	\$ 758
2026	8,428	503
2027	7,181	217
2028	6,348	51
2029	6,145	-
Thereafter	25,360	-
<b>TOTAL MINIMUM PAYMENTS</b>	<b>62,600</b>	<b>1,529</b>
Less: Amount representing interest	(7,973)	(84)
Present Value of minimum lease payments	54,627	1,445
Less: Current portion	(8,233)	(709)
<b>Non-current portion</b>	<b>\$ 46,394</b>	<b>\$ 736</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements

Future minimum rents receivable required under the lessor agreements as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

<b>FISCAL YEAR</b>	<b>LEASE RECEIVABLE (in thousands)</b>
2025	\$ 17,427
2026	15,723
2027	12,119
2028	8,791
2029	6,294
Thereafter	7,846
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 68,200</b>

### SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS WITH THE UNIVERSITY

The University provides certain services for the Darden School Foundation that are reimbursed by the Darden School Foundation monthly.

The University has entered into agreements with the Darden School Foundation in which the University has committed to reimburse the Darden School Foundation for any defaults the Darden School Foundation is required to pay under its student loan guarantee programs with three financial organizations. As of June 30, 2024, there were outstanding student loan balances under the program of approximately \$750,000. At the inception of the agreements with certain banks, origination fees were used to fund reserve accounts that are to be used to cover subsequent student loan defaults. As of June 30, 2024, the reserve account balances totaled \$186,531. No payments have been made to the Darden School Foundation related to student loan guarantee program defaults.

UPG has contracted with the University to provide certain professional and technical services. Payments received for these services were approximately \$108 million for the year ended June 30, 2024. Approximately \$50.6 million of the fiscal year payments were provided through the Medical Center for the purpose of treating indigent and

Medicaid patients. UPG contributed approximately \$47.2 million to the University in support of various academic programs, equipment, teaching and research for the year ended June 30, 2024.

During fiscal year 2018, UVAF entered into an Investment Management Agreement with the University. Under the agreement, the University will, from time to time, deposit funds to be held in the custody and control of the Foundation, with the University retaining beneficial ownership of the funds. The funds will be invested and reinvested by the Foundation to the extent permitted by the agreement and provide other related services for or on behalf of the University, all for the benefit of the University. The total aggregate amount held by the Foundation shall not exceed \$100 million. Furthermore, funds from the agreement were used to pay off the affiliated notes payable agreements. At June 30, 2024, the outstanding balance due to UVA was \$84.6 million.

The University has leased various building spaces and equipment from the UAOs. In aggregate, the University's lease liability to the UAOs as of June 30, 2024 is \$53.7 million.



## Notes to Financial Statements

# Note 17

## EXPENSE CLASSIFICATION MATRIX

The composition of the University's operating expenses by functional classification for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

<b>OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION <i>(in thousands)</i></b>	<b>COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS</b>	<b>SUPPLIES, UTILITIES, AND OTHER SERVICES</b>	<b>STUDENT AID</b>	<b>DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION</b>	<b>OTHER</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
Instruction	\$ 513,775	\$ 91,482	\$ 17,907	\$ -	\$ 1,387	\$ 624,551
Research	351,971	190,059	24,089	-	1,449	567,568
Public service	28,667	27,362	436	-	1,100	57,565
Academic support	177,404	71,178	-	-	1,426	250,008
Student services	61,545	18,897	-	-	48	80,490
Institutional support	158,712	46,796	-	-	4,417	209,925
Operation of plant	141,060	17,141	-	-	3,454	161,655
Student aid	-	2,270	95,108	-	-	97,378
Auxiliary	104,089	130,824	-	-	4,569	239,482
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-	387,678	-	387,678
Patient services	1,329,094	1,547,021	-	-	-	2,876,115
Other	-	-	-	-	5,347	5,347
<b>TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES</b>	<b>\$ 2,866,317</b>	<b>\$ 2,143,030</b>	<b>\$ 137,540</b>	<b>\$ 387,678</b>	<b>\$ 23,197</b>	<b>\$ 5,557,762</b>

# Note 18

## APPROPRIATIONS

The University receives state appropriations from the General Fund of the Commonwealth. The Appropriation Act specifies that such unexpended appropriations shall revert, as specifically provided by the General Assembly, at the end of the biennium. For years ending at the middle of a biennium, unexpended appropriations that have not been approved for reappropriation in the next year by the governor become part of the General Fund of the Commonwealth and are, therefore, no longer available to the University for disbursements.

A summary of state appropriations received by the University and the University's College at Wise, including all supplemental appropriations and reversions for the year ended June 30, 2024, is provided in the following chart:

<b>APPROPRIATIONS <i>(in thousands)</i></b>	
Original legislative appropriation	\$ 223,366
<b>Adjustments:</b>	
Financial aid - General Fund	24,297
Financial assistance for educational and general	52,421
Miscellaneous educational and general	17,766
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 317,850</b>

# Note 19

## RETIREMENT PLANS

### VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

All full-time, salaried, permanent employees of state agencies and higher education institutions are automatically covered by the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan or the VaLORS Retirement Plan upon employment. These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan: Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid; and two different benefit structures for covered employees in the VaLORS Retirement Plan: Plan 1 and Plan 2. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<b>About Plan 1</b> Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.	<b>About Plan 2</b> Same as Plan 1.	<b>About the Hybrid Retirement Plan</b> The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit and average final compensation at retirement using a formula.</li> <li>• The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions.</li> <li>• In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.</li> </ul>

## Notes to Financial Statements

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p><b>Eligible Members</b></p> <p>Members are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund.</p> <p><b>Hybrid Opt-In Election</b></p> <p>VRS Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</p> <p>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</p> <p>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</p>	<p><b>Eligible Members</b></p> <p>Members are in Plan 2 if their membership date is from July 1, 2010, to December 31, 2013, and they have not taken a refund, or their membership date is prior to July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</p> <p><b>Hybrid Opt-In Election</b></p> <p>Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p><b>Eligible Members</b></p> <p>Members are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Full-time permanent, salaried state employees*</li> <li>• Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1 - April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014.</li> </ul> <p><b>*Non-Eligible Members</b></p> <p>Some members are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS)</li> </ul> <p>Those members eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.</p>
<p><b>Retirement Contributions</b></p> <p>State members, excluding state elected officials and optional retirement plan participants, contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payments.</p>	<p><b>Retirement Contributions</b></p> <p>Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p><b>Retirement Contributions</b></p> <p>A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.</p>

## Notes to Financial Statements

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p><b>Service Credit</b></p> <p>Service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p>	<p><b>Service Credit</b></p> <p>Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p><b>Service Credit</b></p> <p><b>Defined Benefit Component:</b> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p> <p><b>Defined Contributions Component:</b> Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.</p>

## Notes to Financial Statements

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<b>Vesting</b> <p>Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p>	<b>Vesting</b> <p>Same as Plan 1.</p>	<b>Vesting</b> <p><b>Defined Benefit Component:</b> Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.</p> <p><b>Defined Contribution Component:</b> Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p> <p>Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions.</li> <li>• After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions.</li> <li>• After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions.</li> </ul> <p>Distributions not required, except as governed by law.</p>
<b>Calculating the Benefit</b> <p>The basic benefit is determined using the average final compensation, service credit and plan multiplier. An early retirement reduction is applied to this amount if the member is retiring with a reduced benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement payment, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied.</p>	<b>Calculating the Benefit</b> <p>See definition under Plan 1.</p>	<b>Calculating the Benefit</b> <p><b>Defined Benefit Component:</b> See definition under Plan 1.</p> <p><b>Defined Contribution Component:</b> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.</p>

## Notes to Financial Statements

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<b>Average Final Compensation</b>  A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	<b>Average Final Compensation</b>  A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	<b>Average Final Compensation</b>  Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
<b>Service Retirement Multiplier</b>  <b>VRS:</b> The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.7%.  <b>VaLORS:</b> The retirement multiplier for VaLORS employees is 1.7% or 2%.	<b>Service Retirement Multiplier</b>  <b>VRS:</b> Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.  <b>VaLORS:</b> The retirement multiplier for VaLORS employees is 2% applied to hazardous duty service and 1.7% applied to non-hazardous duty service and no supplement.	<b>Service Retirement Multiplier</b>  <b>Defined Benefit Component:</b> <b>VRS:</b> The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1%.  For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Not applicable.  <b>Defined Contribution Component:</b> Not applicable.
<b>Normal Retirement Age</b>  <b>VRS:</b> Age 65.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Age 60.	<b>Normal Retirement Age</b>  <b>VRS:</b> Normal Social Security retirement age.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Same as Plan 1.	<b>Normal Retirement Age</b>  <b>Defined Benefit Component:</b> <b>VRS:</b> Same as Plan 2.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Not applicable.  <b>Defined Contribution Component:</b> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
<b>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility</b>  <b>VRS:</b> Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Age 60 with at least five years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit.	<b>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility</b>  <b>VRS:</b> Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Same as Plan 1.	<b>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility</b>  <b>Defined Benefit Component:</b> <b>VRS:</b> Same as Plan 2.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Not applicable.  <b>Defined Contribution Component:</b> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.
<b>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility</b>  <b>VRS:</b> Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Age 50 with at least five years of service credit.	<b>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility</b>  <b>VRS:</b> Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Same as Plan 1.	<b>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility</b>  <b>Defined Benefit Component:</b> <b>VRS:</b> Same as Plan 2.  <b>VaLORS:</b> Not applicable.  <b>Defined Contribution Component:</b> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

## Notes to Financial Statements

<b>RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE</b>		
<b>PLAN 1</b>	<b>PLAN 2</b>	<b>HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN</b>
<p><b>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) In Retirement</b></p> <p>The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.</p> <p><b>Eligibility:</b></p> <p>For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.</p> <p>For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.</p> <p><b>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</b></p> <p>The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013.</li> <li>• The member retires on disability.</li> <li>• The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability.</li> <li>• The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program.</li> <li>• The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit.</li> </ul> <p>The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins.</p>	<p><b>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) In Retirement</b></p> <p>The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.</p> <p><b>Eligibility:</b></p> <p>Same as Plan 1.</p> <p><b>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</b></p> <p>Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p><b>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) In Retirement</b></p> <p><b>Defined Benefit Component:</b> Same as Plan 2.</p> <p><b>Defined Contribution Component:</b> Not applicable.</p> <p><b>Eligibility:</b></p> <p>Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p> <p><b>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</b></p> <p>Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p>

## Notes to Financial Statements

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p><b>Disability Coverage</b></p> <p>For members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.</p> <p>Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.</p> <p>VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>	<p><b>Disability Coverage</b></p> <p>For members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.</p> <p>Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.</p> <p>VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>	<p><b>Disability Coverage</b></p> <p>State employees (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.</p> <p>Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits.</p>
<p><b>Purchase of Prior Service</b></p> <p>Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.</p>	<p><b>Purchase of Prior Service</b></p> <p>Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p><b>Purchase of Prior Service</b></p> <p><b>Defined Benefit Component:</b> Same as Plan 1, with the following exception:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service.</li> </ul> <p><b>Defined Contribution Component:</b> Not applicable.</p>

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute five percent of their compensation toward their retirement. Each state agency's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was 14.46 percent of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan. For employees in the VaLORS Retirement Plan, the contribution rate was 24.60 percent of covered employee compensation. These rates were the final approved General Assembly rates which were based on an actuarially determined rate(s) from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rates, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the University to the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan were \$66.0 million and \$60.2 million for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively. Contributions from the University to the VaLORS Retirement Plan were \$1.4 million and \$1.2 million for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$73.0 million to the VRS State plan and \$6.6 million to VaLORS. These special payments were authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Arts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and are classified as special employer contributions in Other net nonoperating revenues (expenses) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the University reported a liability of \$420.8 million for its proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability (NPL) and a liability of \$8.3 million for its proportionate share of the VaLORS Retirement Plan NPL. The NPL was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The University's proportion of the NPL was based on the University's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plans for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. The University's proportion of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan was 8.32 percent as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2023, the University's proportion of the VaLORS Retirement Plan was 1.28 percent as compared to 1.21 percent at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the University recognized pension expense of \$26.1 million for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and \$1.7 million for the VaLORS Retirement Plan. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2022, and June 30, 2023, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions. Beginning with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the difference between expected and actual contributions is included with the pension expense calculation.

At June 30, 2024, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

<b>YEAR ENDING JUNE 30 (in thousands)</b>	<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 41,051	\$ 12,154
Change in assumptions	5,558	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	29,799
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,044	9,929
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	67,353	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 115,006</b>	<b>\$ 51,882</b>

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$67.4 million will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<b>YEAR ENDING JUNE 30 (in thousands)</b>	
2025	\$ (14,585)
2026	(23,253)
2027	32,531
2028	1,078
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ (4,229)</b>

## Notes to Financial Statements

### **Actuarial Assumptions: VRS State Employee Retirement Plan**

The total pension liability for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5 percent – 5.35 percent
Investment rate of return	6.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Mortality rates:	
Pre-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years.
Post-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for females.
Post-Disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; males and females set forward 3 years.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.
Mortality Improvement:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability rates	No change
Salary scale	No change
Line of duty disability	No change
Discount rate	No change

### **Actuarial Assumptions: VaLORS Retirement Plan**

The total pension liability for the VaLORS Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5 percent – 4.75 percent
Investment rate of return	6.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Mortality rates:	
Pre-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.
Post-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.
Post-Disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.
Mortality Improvement:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the standard rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement rates	Increased rates at some younger ages, decreased at age 62, and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability rates	No change
Salary scale	No change
Line of duty disability	No change
Discount rate	No change

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Net Pension Liability

The NPL is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NPL amounts for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and the VaLORS Retirement Plan are as follows:

<b>NET PENSION LIABILITY (in thousands)</b>	<b>STATE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN</b>	<b>VaLORS RETIREMENT PLAN</b>
Total pension liability	\$ 28,411,528	\$ 2,577,980
Less: Plan fiduciary net position	(23,351,827)	(1,931,061)
<b>EMPLOYERS' NET PENSION LIABILITY</b>	<b>\$ 5,059,701</b>	<b>\$ 646,919</b>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.19%	74.91%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<b>ASSET CLASS (STRATEGY)</b>	<b>TARGET ALLOCATION</b>	<b>ARITHMETIC LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN PLAN</b>	<b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN</b>
Public equity	34%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed income	15%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit strategies	14%	5.60%	0.78%
Real assets	14%	5.02%	0.70%
Private equity	16%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1%	1.20%	0.01%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>5.75%</b>
Inflation			2.50%
Expected arithmetic nominal return*			8.25%

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25 percent. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14 percent, including expected inflation of 2.5 percent. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75 percent which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14 percent, including expected inflation of 2.5 percent.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the University for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and the VaLORS Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 102 percent of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023, on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 102 percent of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan NPL and the VaLORS Retirement Plan NPL using the discount rate of 6.75 percent, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.75 percent) than the current rate:

<b>SENSITIVITY OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (in thousands)</b>	<b>1% DECREASE (5.75%)</b>	<b>CURRENT DISCOUNT RATE (6.75%)</b>	<b>1% INCREASE (7.75%)</b>
The University's proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan net pension liability	\$ 701,144	\$ 420,752	\$ 186,085
The University's proportionate share of the VaLORS Retirement Plan net pension liability	12,624	8,257	4,690
<b>TOTAL NET PENSION LIABILITY</b>	<b>\$ 713,768</b>	<b>\$ 429,009</b>	<b>\$ 190,775</b>

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position or the VaLORS Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

### Payables to the Pension Plan

The amount of payables outstanding to the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and the VaLORS Retirement Plan at June 30, 2024, was approximately \$653,706 for legally required contributions into the plans.

### OPTIONAL RETIREMENT PLANS

Full-time faculty and certain administrative staff may participate in Optional Retirement Plans, as authorized by the *Code of Virginia*, rather than the VRS retirement plans. The Optional Retirement Plans are defined contribution plans to which the University contributes an amount established by statute. The providers are Fidelity and TIAA-CREF.

There are two defined contribution plans for eligible academic employees. Plan 1 is for employees hired prior to July 1, 2010, and retirement benefits received are based on the employer's 10.4 percent contributions, plus interest and dividends. Plan 2 is for employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, and retirement benefits received are based on the employer's 8.9 percent contributions and the employee's five percent contributions, plus interest and dividends. For employees hired before July 1st, 2014, individual contracts issued under these plans provide for full and immediate vesting of both the University's and the employees' contributions. Employees hired after July 1st, 2014 are fully vested in the University's contributions after two years of continuous employment.

Medical Center employees hired after July 1, 1999, cannot participate in Plan 1 or Plan 2 noted above but have the option of participating in the Medical Center's Optional Retirement Plan. This is a defined contribution plan where the retirement benefits received are based on the employer and employee contributions, all of which are paid by the Medical Center, plus interest and dividends. Participants hired on or after September 30, 2002 are immediately 50 percent vested in employer contributions and 100 percent vested upon completion of two continuous years of participation or upon death of the participant.

Total pension costs under the Optional Retirement Plans were approximately \$88.2 million and were calculated using base salaries of \$1.2 billion, for the year ended June 30, 2024. The contribution percentage amounted to 7.1 percent.

### DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

State employees may elect to participate in the Commonwealth's Deferred Compensation 457 Plan and/or the University's 403(b) Plan. Participating employees can contribute to either plan each pay period, with the Commonwealth matching at 50 percent up to \$40 per month. This dollar amount match can change depending on the funding available in the Commonwealth's budget. The Employer Matching Plan falls under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. Employer contributions for University employees to the 401(a) plan were approximately \$2.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The Deferred Compensation Plan for the University Medical Center employees hired on or after September 30, 2002, allows employee contributions up to four percent of their salary and an employer match of 50 percent of the employee's four percent deferral amount, not to exceed two percent of the employee's salary. Employer contributions under this plan were approximately \$8.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The University of Virginia provides executive deferred compensation retirement benefits for certain officers and executives of the University and University Medical Center. The University makes contributions on behalf of each participant as determined by the Board of Visitors. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the University contributed \$2.4 million to these accounts.

Certain Community Health facilities participate in a defined contribution 403(b) Plan sponsored by Community Health. Contributions are determined under various formulas. Costs related to such plans amounted to \$8.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Community Health also offers a Section 457(b) Retirement Plan that is established to permit Community Health to provide additional retirement and death benefits for eligible employees and a Section 457(f) deferred compensation plan for certain officers, executives, and physicians. Community Health makes contributions to the Section 457(f) plan on behalf of each participant and is subject to certain vesting requirements. Employer contributions to the Section 457(f) plan were \$98,963 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

# Note 20

## POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

### VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT (OPEB) PLANS

As described in Note 1, the University employees participating in the VRS retirement plans are eligible for the VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) program, State Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) program, Line of Duty Act (LODA) program, and Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). The specific information for each of the plans, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

<b>VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM OPEB PLAN PROVISIONS</b>			
<b>GLI</b>	<b>HIC</b>	<b>LODA</b>	<b>VSDP</b>
<p><b>Plan Description</b></p> <p>All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI program upon employment. This plan is administered by the System, along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.</p> <p>In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Program OPEB.</p>	<p><b>Plan Description</b></p> <p>All full-time, salaried permanent employees of state agencies are automatically covered by the VRS HIC program. This plan is administered by the System, along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.</p>	<p><b>Plan Description</b></p> <p>All paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities and hazardous duty employees who are covered under the System, the State Police Officers' Retirement System (SPORS), or VaLORS are automatically covered by the LODA. As required by statute, the System is responsible for managing the assets of the program. Participating employers made contributions to the program beginning in FY 2012. The employer contributions are determined by the System's actuary using anticipated program costs and the number of covered individuals associated with all participating employers.</p>	<p><b>Plan Description</b></p> <p>All full-time and part-time permanent salaried state employees who are covered under the System, SPORS, or the VaLORS hired on or after January 1, 1999, are automatically covered by the VSDP upon employment. The Disability Insurance Program also covers state employees hired before January 1, 1999, who elected to transfer to VSDP rather than retain their eligibility to be considered for disability retirement. This plan is administered by the System, along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.</p> <p>Employees on work-related short-term disability receiving only a workers' compensation payment may be eligible to purchase service credit for this period if retirement contributions are not being withheld from the workers' compensation payment. The rate will be based on 5% of the employee's compensation.</p>

## Notes to Financial Statements

<b>VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM OPEB PLAN PROVISIONS</b>			
<b>GLI</b>	<b>HIC</b>	<b>LODA</b>	<b>VSDP</b>
<p><b>Eligible Employees</b></p> <p>The GLI program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program, including the following employers that do not participate in VRS for retirement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• City of Richmond</li> <li>• City of Portsmouth</li> <li>• City of Roanoke</li> <li>• City of Norfolk</li> <li>• Roanoke City School Board</li> </ul> <p>Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.</p>	<p><b>Eligible Employees</b></p> <p>The HIC program was established January 1, 1990, for retired state employees covered under VRS, SPORS, VaLORS and JRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VSDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.</p> <p>Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Full-time and part-time permanent salaried state employees covered under VRS, SPORS, VaLORS and JRS.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Eligible Employees</b></p> <p>The eligible employees of the LODA program include paid employees and volunteers in hazardous duty positions in Virginia localities as well as hazardous duty employees who are covered under VRS, SPORS, or VaLORS.</p>	<p><b>Eligible Employees</b></p> <p>The VSDP, also known as the Disability Insurance Trust Fund, was established January 1, 1999, to provide short-term and long-term disability benefits for non-work-related and work-related disabilities.</p> <p>Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Full-time and part-time permanent salaried state employees covered under VRS, SPORS and VaLORS (members new to VaLORS following its creation on October 1, 1999, have been enrolled since the inception of VSDP).</li> <li>• State employees hired before January 1, 1999, who elected to transfer to VSDP rather than retain their eligibility to be considered for VRS disability retirement.</li> <li>• Public college and university faculty members who elect the VRS defined benefit plan. They may participate in the VSDP or their institution's disability program, if offered. If the institution does not offer the program or the faculty member does not make an election, he or she is enrolled in VSDP.</li> </ul> <p>Employees hired or rehired on or after July 1, 2009, must satisfy eligibility periods before becoming eligible for non-work-related short-term disability benefits and certain income-replacement levels.</p> <p>A state employee who is approved for VSDP benefits on or after the date that is five years prior to his or her normal retirement date is eligible for up to five years of VSDP benefits.</p>

## Notes to Financial Statements

<b>VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM OPEB PLAN PROVISIONS</b>			
<b>GLI</b>	<b>HIC</b>	<b>LODA</b>	<b>VSDP</b>
<p><b>Benefit Amounts</b></p> <p>The benefits payable under the GLI program have several components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Natural Death Benefit</b> – The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.</li> <li>• <b>Accidental Death Benefit</b> – The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.</li> <li>• <b>Other Benefit Provisions</b> – In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include accidental dismemberment benefit, seatbelt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Benefit Amounts</b></p> <p>The HIC program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>At Retirement</b> – For State employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount.</li> <li>• <b>Disability Retirement</b> – For State employees, other than state police officers, who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the VSDP program, the monthly benefit is \$120 or \$4 per year of service, whichever is higher.</li> <li>For State police officer employees with a non-work-related disability who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the VSDP, the monthly benefit is \$120 or \$4 per year of service, whichever is higher.</li> <li>For State police officers with a work-related disability, there is no benefit provided under the HIC program if the premiums are being paid under the LODA program. However, they may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans.</li> </ul> <p>The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual's premium amount.</p>	<p><b>Benefit Amounts</b></p> <p>The LODA program provides death and health insurance benefits for eligible individuals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Death</b> – The LODA program death benefit is a one-time payment made to the beneficiary or beneficiaries of a covered individual. Amounts vary as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• \$100,000 when a death occurs as the direct or proximate result of performing duty as of January 1, 2006, or after.</li> <li>• \$25,000 when the cause of death is attributed to one of the applicable presumptions and occurred earlier than five years after the retirement date.</li> <li>• An additional \$20,000 benefit is payable when certain members of the National Guard and U.S. military reserves are killed in action in any armed conflict on or after October 7, 2001.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>Health Insurance</b> – The LODA program provides health insurance benefits.</li> </ul> <p>The health insurance benefits are managed through the Virginia Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM). The health benefits are modeled after the State Employee Health Benefits Program plans are provide consistent, premium-free continued health plan coverage for LODA-eligible disabled individuals, survivors and family members.</p>	<p><b>Benefit Amounts</b></p> <p>The VSDP provides the following benefits for eligible employees:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Leave</b> – Sick, family and personal leave. Eligible leave benefits are paid by the employer.</li> <li>• <b>Short-Term Disability</b> – The program provides a short-term disability benefit beginning after a seven-calendar-day waiting period from the first day of disability. The benefit provides income replacement beginning at 100% of the employee's pre-disability income, reducing to 80% and then 60% based on the period of the disability and the length of service of the employee. Short-term disability benefits are paid by the employer.</li> <li>• <b>Long-Term Disability</b> – The program provides a long-term disability benefit beginning after 125 workdays of short-term disability and continuing until the employee reaches his or her normal retirement age. The benefit provides income replacement of 60% of the employee's pre-disability income. If an employee becomes disabled within five years of his or her normal retirement age, the employee will receive up to five years of VSDP benefits, provided he or she remains medically eligible. Long-term disability benefits are paid for by the VSDP OPEB Plan.</li> <li>• <b>Income Replacement Adjustment</b> – The program provides for an income replacement adjustment to 80% for catastrophic conditions.</li> <li>• <b>VSDP Long-Term Care Plan</b> – The program also includes a self-funded long-term care plan that assists with the cost of covered long-term care services.</li> </ul>

## Notes to Financial Statements

<b>VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM OPEB PLAN PROVISIONS</b>			
<b>GLI</b>	<b>HIC</b>	<b>LODA</b>	<b>VSDP</b>
<p><b>Reduction in Benefit Amounts</b></p> <p>The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the GLI program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.</p>	<p><b>Reduction in Benefit Amounts</b></p> <p>Not applicable</p>	<p><b>Reduction in Benefit Amounts</b></p> <p>Not applicable</p>	<p><b>Reduction in Benefit Amounts</b></p> <p>Not applicable</p>
<p><b>Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)</b></p> <p>For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, there is a minimum benefit payable under the GLI program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.</p>	<p><b>Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)</b></p> <p>Not applicable</p>	<p><b>Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)</b></p> <p>Not applicable</p>	<p><b>Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)</b></p> <p>During periods an employee receives long-term disability benefits, the long-term disability benefit may be increased annually by an amount recommended by the actuary and approved by the Board.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plan 1 employees vested as of January 1, 2013 – 100% of the VRS Plan 1 COLA (The first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%).</li> <li>• Plan 1 employee non-vested as of January 1, 2013, Plan 2 and Hybrid Plan employees – 100% of the VRS Plan 2 and Hybrid COLA (The first 2% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 2%) up to a maximum COLA of 3%).</li> </ul> <p>For participating full-time employees taking service retirement, the creditable compensation may be increased annually by an amount recommended by the actuary and approved by the Board, from the date of the commencement of the disability to the date of retirement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 100% of the increase in the pay over the previous plan year for continuing VSDP members in the State, SPORS and VaLORS Plans, with a maximum COLA of 4%</li> </ul> <p>For participating full-time employees receiving supplemental (work-related) disability benefits, the creditable compensation may be increased annually by an amount recommended by the actuary and approved by the Board, from the date of the commencement of the disability to the date of retirement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 100% of the increase in the pay over the previous plan year for continuing VSDP members in the State, SPORS and VaLORS Plans, with a maximum COLA of 4%.</li> </ul>

## Notes to Financial Statements

### CONTRIBUTIONS

The contribution requirements for the GLI program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI program was 1.34 percent of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80 percent (1.34 percent x 60 percent) and the employer component was 0.54 percent (1.34 percent x 40 percent). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 0.54 percent of covered employee compensation. This rate was the final approved General Assembly rate which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the GLI program from the University were \$2.4 million and \$2.3 million for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$10.1 million to the GLI plan. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session, and is classified as a special employer contribution. The University's proportionate share is reflected in Other net nonoperating revenues (expenses) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

The contribution requirement for the HIC program for active employees is governed by §51.1-1400(D) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each state agency's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 1.12 percent of covered employee compensation for employees in the HIC program. This rate was the approved General Assembly rate which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the University to the HIC program were \$19.3 million and \$17.1 million for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

In June 2023, the Commonwealth made a special contribution of approximately \$8.5 million which was applied to the HIC Plan for state employees. This special payment was authorized by Chapter 2 of the Acts of Assembly of 2022, Special Session I, as amended by Chapter 769, 2023 Acts of Assembly Reconvened Session and is classified as a special employer contribution. The University's proportionate share is reflected in Other net nonoperating revenues (expenses) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

The contribution requirements for the LODA program are governed by §9.1-400.1 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the LODA program for the year ended June 30, 2024, was \$830 per covered full-time-equivalent employee. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and represents the pay-as-you-go funding rate and not the full actuarial cost of the benefits under the program. The actuarially determined pay-as-you-go rate was expected to finance the costs and related expenses of benefits payable during the year. Contributions to the LODA program from the University were \$55,667 and \$42,956 for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

The contribution requirements for the VSDP are governed by §51.1-1140 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the VSDP for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 0.61 percent of covered employee compensation. This rate was the General Assembly approved rate which was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an adjustment to amortize the accrued OPEB assets. Contributions to the VSDP from the University were \$2.5 million and \$2.3 million for the years ended June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2023, respectively.

### OPEB LIABILITIES (ASSETS), OPEB EXPENSE, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO VRS OPEB PLANS

At June 30, 2024, the University reported a liability of \$174.6 million for its proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (NOL) for GLI, HIC, and LODA Programs. At June 30, 2024, the University reported an asset of \$23.2 million for its proportionate share of the Net VSDP OPEB Asset (NOA). The NOL/(NOA) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the NOL/(NOA) was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

The University's proportion of the NOL/(NOA) for GLI, HIC, and VSDP was based on the University's actuarially determined employer contributions to those programs for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. The University's proportion of the LODA NOL was based on the University's actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions to the LODA plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined pay-as-you-go employer contributions for all participating employers. The schedule below presents the University's proportion at June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2022.

#### University's proportion of contributions, as of June 30, 2023

DIVISION	GLI	HIC	LODA	VSDP
Academic - State Employees	1.5800%	11.8096%	N/A	(7.0844%)
Academic - Law Officers	0.0188%	0.0524%	0.2826%	(0.0774%)
Medical Center	0.1328%	6.4014%	N/A	N/A
College at Wise - State Employees	0.0405%	0.2391%	N/A	(0.1776%)
College at Wise - Law Officers	0.0018%	0.0051%	0.0411%	(0.0083%)

#### University's proportion of contributions, as of June 30, 2022

DIVISION	GLI	HIC	LODA	VSDP
Academic - State Employees	1.5720%	11.9143%	N/A	(7.1225%)
Academic - Law Officers	0.0174%	0.0492%	0.2990%	(0.0683%)
Medical Center	0.1370%	6.2799%	N/A	N/A
College at Wise - State Employees	0.0382%	0.2316%	N/A	(0.1669%)
College at Wise - Law Officers	0.0017%	0.0048%	0.0420%	(0.0079%)

## Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the University recognized OPEB expense of \$26.8 million for the VRS administered OPEBs. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS administered OPEBs from the following sources:

<b>YEAR ENDING JUNE 30 (in thousands)</b>	<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,870	\$ 13,797
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	397	1,495
Change in assumptions	4,416	1,997
Changes in proportion	6,981	6,988
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	24,356	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 40,020</b>	<b>\$ 24,277</b>

\$24.4 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the VRS administered OPEB resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NOL in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

<b>YEAR ENDING JUNE 30 (in thousands)</b>	
2025	\$ (2,633)
2026	(4,054)
2027	(53)
2028	(1,847)
2029	84
Thereafter	(110)
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ (8,613)</b>

### ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total OPEB liability for all VRS Programs was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including inflation per plan:

<b>Employee Type</b>	<b>GLI</b>	<b>HIC</b>	<b>LODA</b>	<b>VSDP</b>
General State	3.5 - 5.35%	3.5 - 5.35%	N/A	3.5 - 5.35%
Teachers	3.5 - 5.95%	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPORS	3.5 - 4.75 %	3.5 - 4.75 %	N/A	3.5 - 4.75 %
VaLORS	3.5 - 4.75 %	3.5 - 4.75 %	N/A	3.5 - 4.75 %
JRS	4.0%	4.0%	N/A	N/A
Locality - General	3.5 - 5.35%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Locality - Hazardous Duty	3.5 - 4.75%	N/A	N/A	N/A

LODA Medical cost trend rates assumption:

Under age 65 7.00 percent - 4.75 percent  
Ages 65 and older 5.25 percent - 4.75 percent

LODA Year of Ultimate Trend Rate:

Under age 65 Fiscal year ended 2028  
Age 65 and older Fiscal year ended 2023

Investment rate of return 6.75 percent (3.86 percent for LODA), net of investment expenses, including inflation\*

\* Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.86 percent was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return.

## Notes to Financial Statements

Mortality rates – General State Employees (GLI, HIC, LODA, VSDP)

Pre-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years.
Post-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for females.
Post-Disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; males and females set forward 3 years.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability rates	No change
Salary scale	No change
Line of duty disability	No change
Discount rate	No change

Mortality rates – Teachers\* (GLI)

Pre-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.
Post-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.
Post-Disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 Rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability rates	No change
Salary scale	No change
Discount rate	No change

Mortality rates – SPORS Employees\* (GLI, HIC, LODA, VSDP)

Pre-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.
Post-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.
Post-Disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020. LODA & VSDP - increased disability life expectancy.
Retirement rates	Increased rates for ages 55 to 61, 63, and 64 with 26 or more years of service changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal rates	Decreased rate for 0 years of service and increased rates for 1 to 6 years of service
Disability rates	No change
Salary scale	No change
Line of duty disability	No change
Discount rate	No change

## Notes to Financial Statements

Mortality rates – VaLORS Employees (GLI, HIC, LODA, VSDP)

Pre-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.
Post-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.
Post-Disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020. LODA & VSDP - increased disability life expectancy.
Retirement rates	Increased rates at some younger ages, decreased at age 62, and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability rates	No change
Salary scale	No change
Line of duty disability	No change
Discount rate	No change

Mortality rates – JRS Employees\* (GLI, HIC)

Pre-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years.
Post-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males and females set back 2 years.
Post-Disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Review separately from State employees because exhibit fewer deaths. Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement rates	Decreased rates for ages 60-66 and 70-72
Withdrawal Rates	No change
Disability Rates	No change
Salary Scale	Reduce increases across all ages by 0.50%
Discount rate	No change

Mortality rates – Locality Employers - General Employees\* (GLI)

Pre-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.
Post-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year.
Post-Disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
Withdrawal rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
Disability rates	No change
Salary scale	No change
Line of duty disability	No change
Discount rate	No change

## Notes to Financial Statements

Mortality rates – Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees\* (GLI, LODA)

Pre-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.
Post-Retirement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.
Post-Disablement:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.
Beneficiaries and Survivors:	Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.
Mortality Improvement Scale:	Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. Increased disability life expectancy. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
Retirement rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
Withdrawal rates	Decreased rates and changed from rates based on age and service to rates based on service only to better fit experience and to be more consistent with Locals Top 10 Hazardous Duty
Disability rates	No change
Salary scale	No change
Line of duty disability	No change
Discount rate	No change

\* UVA has no employees currently in these plans. Since the OPEB plans are treated as cost sharing plans and these assumptions affect the liability calculation for the University, the information is presented for informational purposes.

### Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (NOL) or net OPEB asset (NOA) for the VRS administered OPEB plans represent the programs' total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL/(NOA) amounts for these programs are as follows:

<b>NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)</b> <i>(in thousands)</i>				
	<b>GLI</b>	<b>HIC</b>	<b>LODA</b>	<b>VSDP</b>
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,907,052	\$ 1,102,220	\$ 406,211	\$ 318,901
Less: Plan fiduciary net position	(2,707,739)	(280,599)	(5,311)	(634,779)
<b>EMPLOYER'S NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)</b>	<b>\$ 1,199,313</b>	<b>\$ 821,621</b>	<b>\$ 400,900</b>	<b>\$ (315,878)</b>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	69.30%	25.46%	1.31%	199.05%

The total OPEB liability (asset) is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The NOL/(NOA) is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI, HIC, and VSDP OPEB liability was 6.75 percent and 3.86 percent for the LODA OPEB liability. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the University for the GLI program, HIC program, and VSDP will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 113 percent, 108 percent, and 109 percent of the actuarially determined contribution rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the participating employers to the OPEB LODA program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100 percent of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEBs' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

## Notes to Financial Statements

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - GLI, HIC, VSDP

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASSET CLASS (STRATEGY)	TARGET ALLOCATION	ARITHMETIC LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN PLAN	WEIGHTED AVERAGE LONG-TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN
Public equity	34%	6.14%	2.09%
Fixed income	15%	2.56%	0.38%
Credit strategies	14%	5.60%	0.78%
Real assets	14%	5.02%	0.70%
Private equity	16%	9.17%	1.47%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	4%	4.50%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	2%	7.18%	0.14%
Cash	1%	1.20%	0.01%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>100%</b>		<b>5.75%</b>
Inflation			2.50%
<b>Expected arithmetic nominal return*</b>			<b>8.25%</b>

\* The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25 percent. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the System, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14 percent, including expected inflation of 2.5 percent. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of return of 6.75 percent, which was roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14 percent, including expected inflation of 2.50 percent.

### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - LODA

The long-term expected rate of return on LODA OPEB Program's investments was set at 3.86 percent for this valuation. Since LODA is funded on a current-disbursement basis, it is not able to use the VRS Pooled Investments' 6.75 percent assumption. Instead, the assumed annual rate of return of 3.86 percent was used since it approximates the risk-free rate of return. This Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) is the applicable municipal bond index rate based on the Fidelity Fixed Income General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index as of the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

#### Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the NOL/(NOA) using the discount rate of 6.75 percent (3.86 percent for LODA), as well as what the University's proportionate share of the NOL/(NOA) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

SENSITIVITY OF NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (in thousands)			
	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
Employer's proportionate share of the VRS administered net OPEB liability	\$ 204,700	\$ 174,634	\$ 149,357
Employer's proportionate share of the VRS administered net OPEB asset	(21,479)	(23,209)	(24,735)

#### Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net LODA OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Trend Rate

Because the LODA program contains provisions for the payment of health insurance premiums, the liabilities are also impacted by the health care trend rates. The following presents the University's proportionate share of the LODA NOL using a health care trend rate of 7 percent decreasing to 4.75 percent, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the LODA NOL would be if it were calculated using a health care trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

SENSITIVITY OF LODA NET OPEB LIABILITY (in thousands)			
	1% Decrease (6.00% decreasing to 3.75%)	Health Care Trend Rates (7.00% decreasing to 4.75%)	1% Increase (8.00% decreasing to 5.75%)
Covered employer's proportionate share of the total LODA net OPEB liability	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,298	\$ 1,542

## Notes to Financial Statements

### VRS Administered OPEB Programs' Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS administered OPEBs' Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

### UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT (OPEB) PLANS

As described in Note 1, the University employees participating in the University's Optional Retirement Plan are eligible for Retiree Life Insurance OPEB administered by the University. The specific information, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out below.

#### Optional Retirement Retiree Life Insurance Plans

University faculty and Medical Center employees who participate in the Optional Retirement Plans receive \$10,000 in retiree life insurance. The University pays the total cost of the insurance. Benefit provisions for these plans are established and maintained by the University under the authority of the Board. The University does not issue stand-alone financial statements for the plans. There are no assets accumulated in a trust to pay benefits for this program.

#### Covered Employees

The benefit terms of the Retiree Life Insurance Plan covered the following employees:

COVERED EMPLOYEE CATEGORY	COVERED EMPLOYEES
Inactive employees	922
Active employees	11,358
<b>TOTAL COVERED EMPLOYEES</b>	<b>12,280</b>

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to UVA OPEB Plans

The University's total OPEB liability (TOL) for University administered programs of \$14.3 million for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the University recognized a negative OPEB expense of \$9.9 million. The University also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

YEAR ENDING JUNE 30 (in thousands)	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (20,268)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,775	(10,440)
Transactions subsequent to the measurement date	5	-
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ 1,780</b>	<b>\$ (30,708)</b>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<b>YEAR ENDING JUNE 30</b> <i>(in thousands)</i>	
2025	\$ (7,398)
2026	(6,967)
2027	(5,663)
2028	(4,769)
2029	(3,845)
Thereafter	(292)
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>\$ (28,934)</b>



## Notes to Financial Statements

### Actuarial Assumptions

The liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	4 percent
Discount rate	3.65 percent, based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index.
Mortality rates	For healthy annuitants: Pub TH-2010 employees and healthy annuitants mortality table projected generationally using Scale MP-2021 for faculty and Pub GH-2010 employees and healthy annuitants mortality table projected generationally using Scale MP-2020 for non-faculty. For disabled annuitants: Pub TH-2010 disabled mortality table projected generationally using Scale MP-2020 for faculty and Pub GH-2010 disabled mortality table projected generationally using Scale MP-2020 for non-faculty.

### Total OPEB Liability

<b>TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY (in thousands)</b>	
<b>BEGINNING BALANCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2023</b>	\$ 13,560
<b>Changes for the year:</b>	
Service cost	730
Interest	506
Expected vs actual experience	(132)
Changes in assumptions *	(332)
Benefit payments	(5)
<b>ENDING BALANCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2024</b>	<b>\$ 14,327</b>

\* Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.54 percent in 2023 to 3.65 percent in 2024.

### Sensitivity of the University's Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the University, as well as what the University's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.65 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

<b>SENSITIVITY OF TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN DISCOUNT RATE (in thousands)</b>	<b>1% DECREASE (2.65%)</b>	<b>DISCOUNT RATE (3.65%)</b>	<b>1% INCREASE (4.65%)</b>
	\$ 17,743	\$ 14,327	\$ 11,715
<b>TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY</b>			

# Note 21

### SELF-INSURANCE

All University employees excluding those of Community Health have the option to participate in the University's self-funded, comprehensive medical care benefits program. The cost of medical care is paid out of employee and employer contributions. The market value of investments of plan assets on June 30, 2024, was \$77.3 million. Claims and expenses are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Those losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported and the future costs of handling claims. The estimated liability for outstanding claims on June 30, 2024, was \$14.7 million. The University has contracted with several third-party claims administrators: Aetna for its medical and pharmacy claims, and United Concordia for its dental claims.

Community Health is self-insured for its employee health insurance and recorded an estimate for claims including claims incurred but not yet reported. The estimated liability for outstanding claims on June 30, 2024, was \$3.5 million.

University employees excluding those of Community Health are covered by a self-insured workers' compensation benefits program administered by the Commonwealth's Department of Human Resource Management. Information relating to this plan is available at the statewide level only in the Commonwealth's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

The University's Office of Property and Liability Risk Management manages property and casualty insurance programs for the University. At present, most insurance coverages are obtained through participation in the state risk management self-insurance plans administered by the Virginia Department of the Treasury, Division of Risk Management. The Division of Risk Management program includes property, mechanical breakdown, crime, employee bond (employee dishonesty), general (tort) liability, professional liability (includes medical malpractice), aviation, network security and privacy insurance (response and regulatory), automobile liability and auto physical damage for vehicles valued in excess of \$25,000. The University is self-insured for the first \$100,000 (\$5,000 for the College at Wise) of each property and mechanical breakdown loss and for physical damage to all vehicles valued up to \$25,000. The University also maintains excess crime and employee dishonesty insurance and a special contingency risk insurance policy. Information relating to the Commonwealth's insurance plans is available in the Commonwealth's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Community Health is commercially insured through a variety of insurers for many types of exposure. Community Health is commercially insured through Coverys for general liability exposures up to \$2 million per claim and up to \$6 million in aggregate. In addition, there is excess coverage of \$25 million. For professional liability, hospital claims are insured by Coverys, up to \$2.8 million per claim and up to \$7.8 million as of June 30, 2024 in the aggregate.

Separate insurance coverage is maintained as appropriate for individual departments and subsidiary organizations owned by the University and the Medical Center, such as Community Medicine, LLC and UVA Global, LLC.

# Note 22

### COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### COMMITMENTS

Authorized expenditures for construction and other projects unexpended as of June 30, 2024, were approximately \$385.4 million.

#### LITIGATION

The University is a party to various legal actions and other claims in the normal course of business. While the outcome cannot be determined at this time, management is of the opinion that the liability, if any, for these legal actions will not have a material effect on the University's financial position.

## Notes to Financial Statements



## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

# Required Supplementary Information

**(UNAUDITED)**

### VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLANS

<b>SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY*</b> <i>(in thousands)</i>										
	<b>VRS STATE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN</b>									
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	8.32%	8.32%	8.61%	8.77%	8.91%	8.66%	8.59%	8.28%	8.19%	8.12%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 420,751	\$ 377,709	\$ 312,123	\$ 635,343	\$ 562,966	\$ 468,658	\$ 500,697	\$ 545,568	\$ 501,446	\$ 454,655
Covered payroll	\$ 415,913	\$ 383,397	\$ 374,318	\$ 387,464	\$ 393,943	\$ 371,724	\$ 352,738	\$ 332,184	\$ 318,920	\$ 314,268
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	101.16%	98.52%	83.38%	163.97%	142.91%	126.08%	141.95%	164.24%	157.23%	144.67%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.19%	83.26%	86.44%	72.15%	75.13%	77.39%	75.33%	71.29%	72.81%	74.28%

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

<b>SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (CONTINUED)*</b> <i>(in thousands)</i>										
	<b>VALORS RETIREMENT PLAN</b>									
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	1.28%	1.21%	1.15%	0.98%	0.88%	0.89%	0.87%	0.80%	0.86%	0.79%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,257	\$ 7,631	\$ 6,003	\$ 7,692	\$ 6,137	\$ 5,548	\$ 5,689	\$ 6,218	\$ 6,144	\$ 5,294
Covered payroll	\$ 4,712	\$ 4,084	\$ 4,012	\$ 3,640	\$ 4,011	\$ 3,367	\$ 3,255	\$ 3,085	\$ 3,036	\$ 3,088
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	175.23%	186.85%	149.63%	211.32%	153.00%	164.78%	174.78%	201.56%	202.37%	171.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.91%	74.41%	78.18%	65.74%	68.31%	69.56%	67.22%	61.01%	62.64%	63.05%

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (in thousands)		CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION	CONTRIBUTIONS IN RELATION TO CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION	CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY	EMPLOYER'S COVERED PAYROLL	CONTRIBUTIONS AS A % OF EMPLOYER'S COVERED PAYROLL
PLAN						
VRS State Employee Retirement Plan	2024	\$ 65,988	\$ 65,988	\$ -	\$ 456,999	14.44%
	2023	60,223	60,223	-	415,913	14.48%
	2022	55,203	55,203	-	383,397	14.40%
	2021	53,771	53,771	-	374,318	14.37%
	2020	51,315	51,315	-	387,464	13.24%
	2019	50,862	50,862	-	393,943	12.91%
	2018	47,979	47,979	-	371,724	12.91%
	2017	46,238	46,238	-	352,738	13.11%
	2016	44,925	44,925	-	332,184	13.52%
	2015	37,781	37,781	-	318,920	11.85%
VaLORS Retirement Plan	2024	\$ 1,365	\$ 1,365	\$ -	\$ 5,504	24.81%
	2023	1,175	1,175	-	4,712	24.94%
	2022	909	909	-	4,084	22.25%
	2021	870	870	-	4,012	21.68%
	2020	763	763	-	3,640	20.96%
	2019	719	719	-	4,011	17.93%
	2018	649	649	-	3,367	19.28%
	2017	643	643	-	3,255	19.75%
	2016	570	570	-	3,085	18.48%
	2015	498	498	-	3,036	16.40%

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLANS

Changes of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation for the VaLORS Retirement Plan were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Update mortality table to PUB2010 public sector morality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Increased retirement rates at some younger ages, decreased at age 62, and changed final retirement age from 65 to 70
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

### POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSIONS - VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM OPEBS

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)* (in thousands)	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
<b>EMPLOYER'S PROPORTION OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) BY PLAN AND EMPLOYEE TYPE</b>							
<b>GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	1.580%	1.572%	1.620%	1.672%	1.664%	1.619%	1.586%
University Employees - VaLORS	0.019%	0.017%	0.018%	0.016%	0.014%	0.014%	0.014%
Medical Center Employees - VRS	0.133%	0.137%	0.151%	0.157%	0.171%	0.184%	0.186%
College at Wise Employees - VRS	0.040%	0.038%	0.044%	0.045%	0.044%	0.046%	0.047%
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	0.002%	0.002%	0.002%	0.002%	0.002%	0.002%	0.002%
<b>HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	11.810%	11.914%	12.055%	12.087%	12.154%	11.596%	11.325%
University Employees - VaLORS	0.052%	0.049%	0.050%	0.045%	0.040%	0.040%	0.040%
Medical Center Employees - VRS	6.401%	6.280%	6.567%	5.762%	5.893%	6.533%	6.386%
College at Wise Employees - VRS	0.239%	0.232%	0.247%	0.249%	0.256%	0.249%	0.255%
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.006%	0.006%
<b>LODA OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	N/A						
University Employees - VaLORS	0.283%	0.299%	0.261%	0.265%	0.242%	0.272%	0.268%
Medical Center Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	0.041%	0.042%	0.047%	0.047%	0.047%	0.048%	0.047%
<b>VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	(7.084%)	(7.122%)	(7.308%)	(7.507%)	(7.563%)	(7.309%)	(7.259%)
University Employees - VaLORS	(0.077%)	(0.068%)	(0.070%)	(0.060%)	(0.051%)	(0.051%)	(0.052%)
Medical Center Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VRS	(0.178%)	(0.167%)	(0.178%)	(0.180%)	(0.187%)	(0.197%)	(0.203%)
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	(0.008%)	(0.008%)	(0.008%)	(0.008%)	(0.007%)	(0.008%)	(0.008%)
<b>EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) BY PLAN AND EMPLOYEE TYPE</b>							
<b>GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	\$ 18,949	\$ 18,929	\$ 18,866	\$ 27,900	\$ 27,086	\$ 24,583	\$ 23,866
University Employees - VaLORS	225	210	204	263	228	216	216
Medical Center Employees - VRS	1,593	1,649	1,754	2,616	2,785	2,793	2,794
College at Wise Employees - VRS	485	460	511	745	713	704	713
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	21	20	22	32	28	30	31
<b>HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	\$ 97,030	\$ 97,599	\$ 101,812	\$ 110,958	\$ 112,193	\$ 105,773	\$ 103,119
University Employees - VaLORS	431	403	425	414	373	366	368
Medical Center Employees - VRS	52,595	51,443	55,461	52,897	54,400	59,595	58,152
College at Wise Employees - VRS	1,964	1,897	2,082	2,282	2,362	2,268	2,324
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	42	39	46	50	46	51	52
<b>LODA OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	N/A						
University Employees - VaLORS	\$ 1,133	\$ 1,132	\$ 1,149	\$ 1,109	\$ 868	\$ 852	\$ 705
Medical Center Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	165	159	207	196	170	150	124
<b>VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	\$ (22,378)	\$ (21,022)	\$ (25,193)	\$ (16,567)	\$ (14,838)	\$ (16,471)	\$ (14,896)
University Employees - VaLORS	(244)	(202)	(241)	(132)	(101)	(116)	(107)
Medical Center Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VRS	(561)	(493)	(613)	(397)	(368)	(443)	(417)
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	(26)	(23)	(27)	(17)	(14)	(18)	(17)

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2024 is the seventh year for this presentation, only seven years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

<b>SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) (CONTINUED)* (in thousands)</b>	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
<b>EMPLOYER'S COVERED PAYROLL</b>							
<b>GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	\$ 372,164	\$ 341,953	\$ 334,547	\$ 344,069	\$ 326,293	\$ 307,783	\$ 292,551
University Employees - VaLORS	4,416	3,784	3,622	3,247	2,753	2,704	2,772
Medical Center Employees - VRS	31,290	29,792	31,100	32,261	33,547	34,969	40,629
College at Wise Employees - VRS	9,534	8,315	9,054	9,188	8,595	8,812	8,532
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	419	365	389	393	342	376	375
<b>HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	\$ 968,824	\$ 902,765	\$ 868,729	\$ 870,811	\$ 828,243	\$ 780,764	\$ 739,172
University Employees - VaLORS	4,302	3,727	3,622	3,248	2,753	2,700	2,761
Medical Center Employees - VRS	525,153	475,833	473,235	415,138	401,596	439,856	423,097
College at Wise Employees - VRS	19,615	17,549	17,769	17,909	17,438	16,734	15,960
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	418	365	389	392	342	376	378
<b>LODA OPEB Liability (Asset)**</b>							
University Employees - VRS	N/A						
University Employees - VaLORS	\$ 4,294	\$ 3,719	\$ 3,622	\$ 3,248	\$ 3,624	\$ 3,019	\$ 3,254
Medical Center Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	418	365	390	392	387	348	375
<b>VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	\$ 358,946	\$ 327,835	\$ 315,874	\$ 325,292	\$ 306,127	\$ 288,230	\$ 291,594
University Employees - VaLORS	3,920	3,145	3,020	2,599	2,080	2,030	2,237
Medical Center Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VRS	8,996	7,681	7,690	7,791	7,587	7,762	7,993
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	419	365	337	330	281	315	336
<b>EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AS A PERCENTAGE OF ITS COVERED PAYROLL</b>							
<b>GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	5.091%	5.535%	5.639%	8.109%	8.301%	7.987%	8.158%
University Employees - VaLORS	5.092%	5.537%	5.638%	8.110%	8.299%	7.988%	7.792%
Medical Center Employees - VRS	5.092%	5.535%	5.639%	8.109%	8.301%	7.987%	6.877%
College at Wise Employees - VRS	5.092%	5.536%	5.639%	8.108%	8.300%	7.989%	8.357%
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	5.095%	5.542%	5.657%	8.111%	8.279%	7.979%	8.267%
<b>HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	10.015%	10.811%	11.720%	12.742%	13.546%	13.547%	13.951%
University Employees - VaLORS	10.015%	10.814%	11.721%	12.741%	13.546%	13.556%	13.329%
Medical Center Employees - VRS	10.015%	10.811%	11.720%	12.742%	13.546%	13.549%	13.744%
College at Wise Employees - VRS	10.015%	10.811%	11.720%	12.742%	13.546%	13.553%	14.561%
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	10.005%	10.795%	11.724%	12.740%	13.549%	13.564%	13.757%
<b>LODA OPEB Liability (Asset)**</b>							
University Employees - VRS	N/A						
University Employees - VaLORS	26.383%	30.431%	31.717%	34.153%	23.949%	28.221%	21.666%
Medical Center Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	39.419%	43.517%	53.021%	49.938%	43.880%	43.103%	33.067%
<b>VSDP OPEB Liability (Asset)</b>							
University Employees - VRS	(6.234%)	(6.412%)	(7.976%)	(5.093%)	(4.847%)	(5.715%)	(5.108%)
University Employees - VaLORS	(6.235%)	(6.414%)	(7.975%)	(5.092%)	(4.846%)	(5.714%)	(4.783%)
Medical Center Employees - VRS	N/A						
College at Wise Employees - VRS	(6.234%)	(6.412%)	(7.976%)	(5.093%)	(4.847%)	(5.707%)	(5.217%)
College at Wise Employees - VaLORS	(6.220%)	(6.404%)	(7.989%)	(5.089%)	(4.853%)	(5.714%)	(5.060%)
<b>PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY</b>							
GLI OPEB Liability	69.30%	67.21%	67.45%	52.64%	52.00%	51.22%	48.86%
HIC OPEB Liability	25.46%	21.52%	19.75%	12.02%	10.56%	9.51%	8.03%
LODA OPEB Liability	1.31%	1.87%	1.68%	1.02%	0.79%	0.60%	1.30%
VSDP OPEB Liability	199.05%	195.90%	229.01%	181.88%	167.18%	194.74%	186.63%

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2024 is the seventh year for this presentation, only seven years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

\*\* The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the program using a per capita-based contribution versus a payroll-based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the relevant measurement, which is the total payroll of the employees in the OPEB plan.

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS*		CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION	CONTRIBUTIONS IN RELATION TO CONTRACTUALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTION	CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY	EMPLOYER'S COVERED PAYROLL	CONTRIBUTIONS AS A % OF EMPLOYER'S COVERED PAYROLL
GLI	2024	\$ 2,445	\$ 2,445	\$ -	\$ 457,854	0.53%
	2023	2,256	2,256	-	417,823	0.54%
	2022	2,012	2,012	-	384,209	0.52%
	2021	2,009	2,009	-	378,712	0.53%
	2020	2,013	2,013	-	389,158	0.52%
	2019	1,932	1,932	-	371,530	0.52%
	2018	2,069	2,069	-	354,644	0.58%
HIC	2024	\$ 19,326	\$ 19,326	\$ -	\$ 1,717,360	1.13%
	2023	17,089	17,089	-	1,518,312	1.13%
	2022	15,710	15,710	-	1,400,239	1.12%
	2021	15,275	15,275	-	1,363,744	1.12%
	2020	15,383	15,383	-	1,307,498	1.18%
	2019	14,907	14,907	-	1,250,372	1.19%
	2018	14,721	14,721	-	1,240,430	1.19%
LODA**	2024	\$ 56	\$ 56	\$ -	\$ 5,504	1.01%
	2023	43	43	-	4,712	0.91%
	2022	47	47	-	4,084	1.14%
	2021	42	42	-	4,012	1.05%
	2020	42	42	-	3,640	1.16%
	2019	39	39	-	4,011	0.97%
	2018	35	35	-	3,367	1.04%
VSDP	2024	\$ 2,529	\$ 2,529	\$ -	\$ 414,590	0.61%
	2023	2,270	2,270	-	372,281	0.61%
	2022	2,055	2,055	-	339,026	0.61%
	2021	1,957	1,957	-	326,921	0.60%
	2020	2,086	2,086	-	336,012	0.62%
	2019	1,962	1,962	-	316,075	0.62%
	2018	1,970	1,970	-	298,337	0.66%

\* Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2024 is the seventh year for this presentation, only seven years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

\*\* The contributions for the Line of Duty Act Program are based on the number of participants in the program using a per capita based contribution versus a payroll based contribution. Therefore, covered-employee payroll is the more relevant measure, which is the total payroll of employees in the OPEB plan.

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - VIRGINIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM OPEBS

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016, through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021.

Additional details regarding the changes of assumptions can be found in Note 20 to the financial statements.

## Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

### POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS OTHER THAN PENSIONS - UVA ADMINISTERED OPEBS

CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS* (in thousands)	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
<b>RETIREE HEALTH PLAN</b>							
Service cost	\$ -	\$ 4,023	\$ 3,533	\$ 4,392	\$ 3,954	\$ 6,567	\$ 6,725
Interest	-	1,017	951	2,151	2,165	3,249	2,405
Changes in terms	-	(47,354)	-	-	-	-	-
Expected vs actual experience	-	333	(1,043)	(17,036)	(3,854)	(23,155)	1,439
Changes in assumptions	-	-	253	1,750	1,730	(19,294)	(5,903)
Benefit payments	-	(1,105)	(217)	(288)	(8)	(946)	(2,727)
<b>CHANGE IN RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LIABILITY</b>	-	<b>(43,086)</b>	<b>3,477</b>	<b>(9,031)</b>	<b>3,987</b>	<b>(33,579)</b>	<b>1,939</b>
Retiree Health Plan liability, beginning	-	43,086	39,609	48,640	44,652	78,230	76,291
<b>RETIREE HEALTH PLAN LIABILITY, ENDING</b>	-	-	<b>43,086</b>	<b>39,609</b>	<b>48,639</b>	<b>44,651</b>	<b>78,230</b>
<b>OPTIONAL RETIREMENT RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE</b>							
Service cost	730	1,564	1,793	583	483	1,283	1,475
Interest	506	497	482	285	264	634	527
Expected vs actual experience	(132)	(5,623)	(354)	2,606	983	(5,514)	3,297
Changes in assumptions	(332)	(4,870)	132	643	544	(5,570)	(1,498)
Benefit payments	(35)	(7)	(109)	(6)	(6)	(6)	(1,355)
<b>CHANGE IN OPTIONAL RETIREMENT RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE LIABILITY</b>	<b>737</b>	<b>(8,439)</b>	<b>1,944</b>	<b>4,111</b>	<b>2,268</b>	<b>(9,173)</b>	<b>2,446</b>
Optional retirement retiree life insurance liability, beginning	13,560	21,999	20,055	15,944	13,677	22,851	20,405
<b>OPTIONAL RETIREMENT RETIREE LIFE INSURANCE LIABILITY, ENDING</b>	<b>14,297</b>	<b>13,560</b>	<b>21,999</b>	<b>20,055</b>	<b>15,945</b>	<b>13,678</b>	<b>22,851</b>
<b>NET CHANGE IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY</b>	<b>737</b>	<b>(51,525)</b>	<b>5,421</b>	<b>(4,920)</b>	<b>6,255</b>	<b>(42,752)</b>	<b>4,385</b>
Total OPEB liability, beginning	13,560	65,085	59,664	64,584	58,329	101,081	96,696
<b>TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, ENDING</b>	<b>14,297</b>	<b>\$ 13,560</b>	<b>\$ 65,085</b>	<b>\$ 59,664</b>	<b>\$ 64,584</b>	<b>\$ 58,329</b>	<b>\$ 101,081</b>
<b>COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL</b>							
Retiree Health Plan	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 587,028	\$ 564,450	\$ 543,660	\$ 522,750	\$ 482,636
Optional Retirement Retiree Life Insurance	338,250	610,507	368,004	353,850	347,724	334,350	481,884
<b>TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED-EMPLOYEE PAYROLL</b>							
Retiree Health Plan	N/A	N/A	7.34%	7.02%	8.95%	8.54%	16.21%
Optional Retirement Retiree Life Insurance	4.24%	2.22%	5.98%	5.67%	4.59%	4.09%	4.74%

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2024 is the seventh year for this presentation, only seven years of data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UVA ADMINISTERED OPEBS

**Changes to benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

**Changes of assumptions** - Details regarding changes in assumptions can be found in Note 20 to the financial statements.

## Supplementary Information

# Supplementary Information

A combining schedule of net position for the year ended June 30, 2024 is presented below:

<b>SUPPLEMENTARY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION*</b> <i>(in thousands) as of June 30, 2024</i>	<b>ACADEMIC DIVISION AND COLLEGE AT WISE</b>	<b>MEDICAL CENTER</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Total current assets	\$ 491,718	\$ 790,562	\$ 1,282,280
Capital assets, net	3,895,609	1,612,115	5,507,724
Other noncurrent assets	11,070,198	729,873	11,800,071
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 15,457,525</b>	<b>\$ 3,132,550</b>	<b>\$ 18,590,075</b>
Deferred outflows of resources	143,824	23,659	167,483
<b>TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>\$ 15,601,349</b>	<b>\$ 3,156,209</b>	<b>\$ 18,757,558</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Total current liabilities	\$ 415,064	\$ 342,774	\$ 757,838
Long-term debt	3,336,533	-	3,336,533
Other noncurrent liabilities	781,769	193,114	974,883
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 4,533,366</b>	<b>\$ 535,888</b>	<b>\$ 5,069,254</b>
Deferred inflows of resources	254,750	43,185	297,935
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>	<b>\$ 4,788,116</b>	<b>\$ 579,073</b>	<b>\$ 5,367,189</b>
<b>NET POSITION</b>			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 1,766,581	\$ 677,753	\$ 2,444,334
Restricted:			
Nonexpendable	1,383,351	53,099	1,436,450
Expendable	4,651,760	108,751	4,760,511
Unrestricted	3,011,541	1,737,533	4,749,074
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 10,813,233</b>	<b>\$ 2,577,136</b>	<b>\$ 13,390,369</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 15,601,349</b>	<b>\$ 3,156,209</b>	<b>\$ 18,757,558</b>

\* The amounts presented are net of any intercompany eliminations.

## Supplementary Information

A combining schedule of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2024 is presented below:

<b>SUPPLEMENTARY COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION*</b> <i>(in thousands)</i> <i>for the period ended June 30, 2024</i>	<b>ACADEMIC DIVISION AND COLLEGE AT WISE</b>	<b>MEDICAL CENTER</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
<b>REVENUES</b>			
<b>Operating revenues</b>			
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 729,784	\$ -	\$ 729,784
Patient services, net	-	3,305,862	3,305,862
Grants and contracts	535,532	-	535,532
Other operating revenues	220,354	109,794	330,148
<b>TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 1,485,670</b>	<b>\$ 3,415,656</b>	<b>\$ 4,901,326</b>
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
<b>Operating expenses</b>			
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 195,102	\$ 192,576	\$ 387,678
Other operating expenses	2,204,440	2,965,644	5,170,084
<b>TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES</b>	<b>\$ 2,399,542</b>	<b>\$ 3,158,220</b>	<b>\$ 5,557,762</b>
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	<b>\$ (913,872)</b>	<b>\$ 257,436</b>	<b>\$ (656,436)</b>
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)</b>			
Investment income	\$ 683,501	\$ 91,123	\$ 774,624
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	478,328	(10,849)	467,479
<b>NET NONOPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 1,161,829</b>	<b>\$ 80,274</b>	<b>\$ 1,242,103</b>
<b>INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE OTHER REVENUES, EXPENSES, GAINS, OR LOSSES</b>	<b>\$ 247,957</b>	<b>\$ 337,710</b>	<b>\$ 585,667</b>
Capital appropriations, grants, and gifts	\$ 136,441	\$ -	\$ 136,441
Additions to permanent endowments	32,177	-	32,177
<b>TOTAL OTHER REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 168,618</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 168,618</b>
<b>INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 416,575</b>	<b>\$ 337,710</b>	<b>\$ 754,285</b>
<b>NET POSITION – BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED**</b>	<b>\$ 10,396,658</b>	<b>\$ 2,239,426</b>	<b>\$ 12,636,084</b>
<b>NET POSITION – END OF YEAR</b>	<b>\$ 10,813,233</b>	<b>\$ 2,577,136</b>	<b>\$ 13,390,369</b>

\* The amounts presented are net of any intercompany eliminations.

\*\* See Note 1 for additional information.

# Financial Report

## 2023-24

**PREPARED BY UVAFINANCE**

<b>Augie Maurelli</b>	Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
<b>Olga Weider</b>	Associate Vice President for Finance and University Controller
<b>Jacob Mair</b>	Senior Director Financial Reporting and Accounting
<b>Justin Green</b>	Director of Financial Reporting and Accounting
<b>Stephanie McAteer</b>	Senior Financial Analyst

Design by

**Matthew Bonham** *Communications Lead*

An online version of this report is available at [fro.vpfinance.virginia.edu](http://fro.vpfinance.virginia.edu)

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*Individuals, including UVA students and employees, and participants in UVA's programs or activities, may be entitled to reasonable accommodations or modifications for a disability. The following person has been designated to handle inquiries regarding the American with Disabilities Act, Rehabilitation Act, and related statutes and regulations: ADA Coordinator, Office for Equal Opportunity and Civil Rights, (434) 924-3200, [ADACoordinator@virginia.edu](mailto:ADACoordinator@virginia.edu). A Deputy ADA Coordinator has also been designated to assist the ADA Coordinator: (434) 924-3200, [ADACoordinator@virginia.edu](mailto:ADACoordinator@virginia.edu).*

**The following person has been designated to handle inquiries regarding the non-discrimination policies:  
Associate Vice President, Office for Equal Opportunity and Civil Rights, (434) 924-3200,  
[UVAEOCR@virginia.edu](mailto:UVAEOCR@virginia.edu).**

**The following person has been designated to serve as the overall coordinator for purposes of Title IX compliance: Title IX Coordinator, (434) 297-7988, titleixcoordinator@virginia.edu. A Deputy Title IX Coordinator has also been designated to assist the Title IX Coordinator: (434) 297-7988, titleixcoordinator@virginia.edu.**

