

# Monte Carlos Long Term Prediction

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# Goal

When would the food company have a shortage and need 2nd production line in following 18 months?

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# Background

Monte Carlos Simulation:

Toss a coin 5,000 or 10,000 time  
and the prob of Head would  
infinitely close to 0.5!

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**Demand > Supply**

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- 1) XYZ is served in 10,000 restaurants today
  - 2) Every month 200-1000 new restaurants start serving XYZ but 0.5-1% of existing restaurants stop serving
  - 3) Each restaurant buys an average of 50 lbs of burger per week and this average increases randomly by 0% to 2.5% each week
  - 4) Every week the plant can produce a random amount of burger between 1 million and 1.5 million lbs
  - 5) The factory freezer can store up to 3 million lbs of burger indefinitely and currently has 1 million lbs stored
  - 6) The second production line would double production capacity
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- **All variables are independent**
  - **All variables could be considered as uniform distribution**
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# Total Demand

# of customers \* demand

# of customers = last month customer \* (1 - churn rate) + add customers

Demand = last week demand \* (1 + increase rate)

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# Supply

Storage + producing volume

Storage: max, current

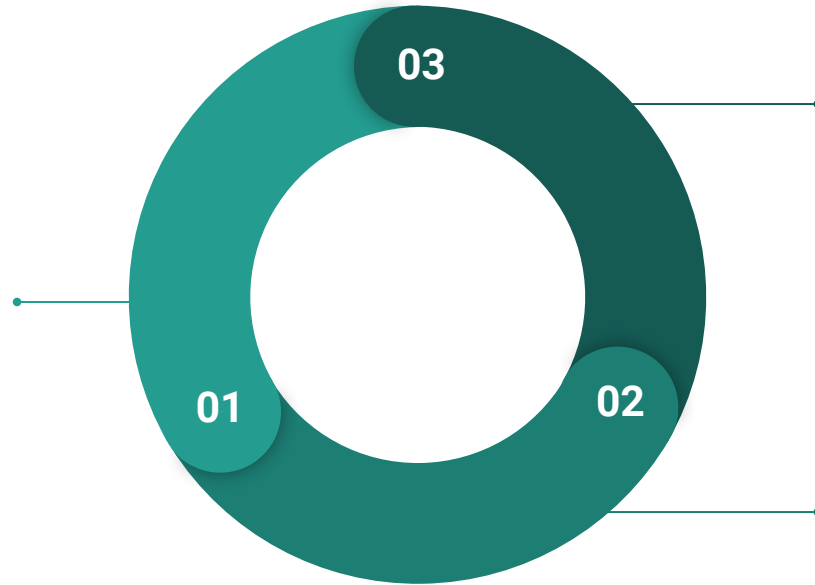
Current storage:  $\min(\text{max, last week storage} + \text{produced} - \text{demand})$

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# Monte Carlos Simulation Method

**Build Functions**



**Monte Carlos Simulation**

**Generate Demand, Supply  
and Storage lists**

### **Step 1: Build Function**

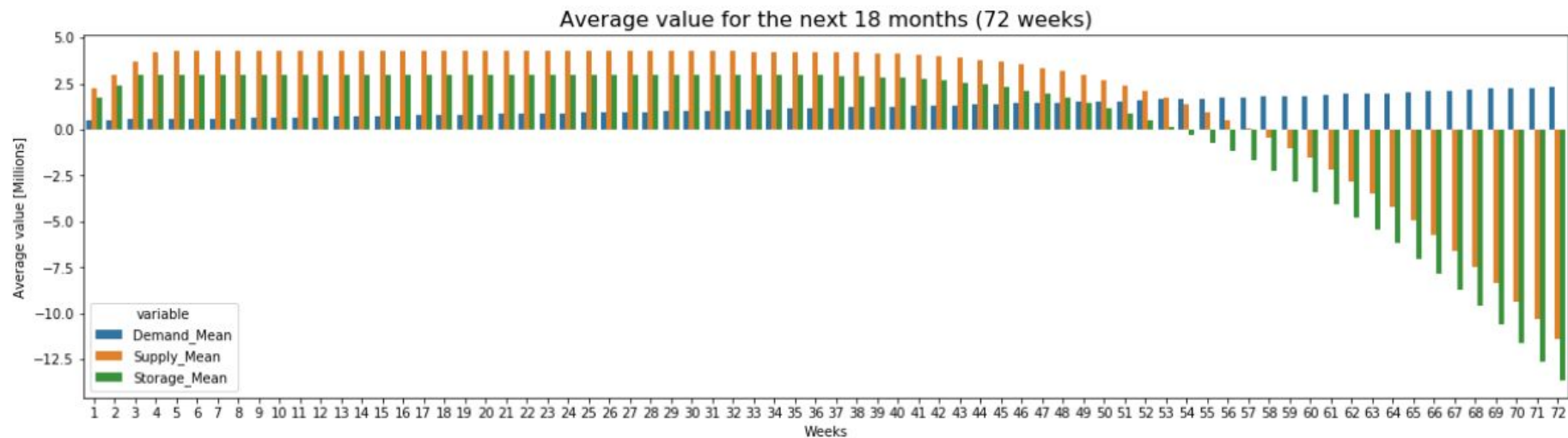
- 1) Build a function to compute weekly customer numbers using two uniform distributions: monthly customer increase and monthly customer stop serving rate;
- 2) Build a function to calculate the weekly demand, supply and storage;

### **Step 2: Generate lists**

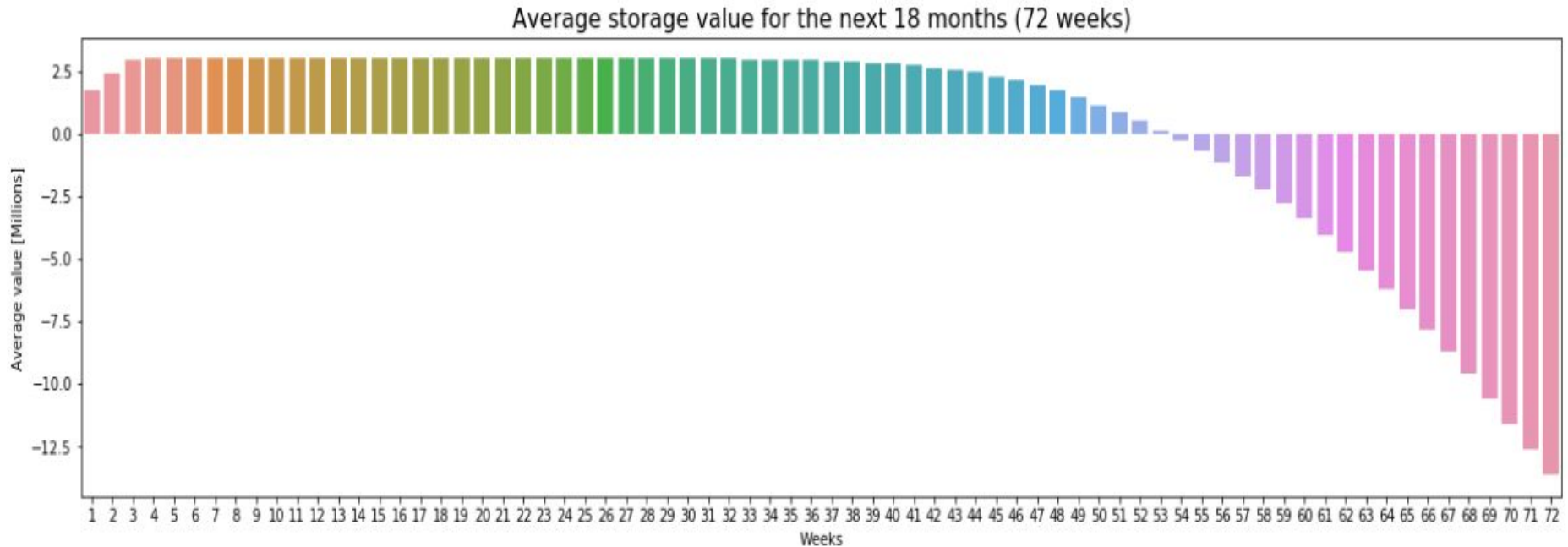
- 3) Use the above function to get 3 lists of 72 ( $18 * 4$ ) weeks' value for demand, supply and storage;
- 4) Generate 2 lists of 18 monthly values for monthly customer increase and monthly customer stop serving rate, generate 2 lists of 72 ( $18*4$ ) weekly value for weekly customer demand increase rate and weekly production value;

### **Step 3: Monte Carlos Simulation mean and standard deviation**

- 5) Implement Monte Carlo simulation 5000 times, and calculate the mean value and standard deviation of 5000 time's Monte Carlos iteration for demand, supply and storage
- 6) Calculate the 90% and 99% confidence intervals and use the lower bound values to find the shortage week and month



# See shortage week: 54th



There is not big difference between 90% and 99% lower bound value

