More options in <step>

This section presents a detailed overview of the various options when using steps.

you can further clarify each step by adding information in other elements, such as <info><choicetable>, <stepresult>, <stepxmp> and <substeps> elements. The following will describe the use of these elements and the output expected.

<info> -The <info> element occurs inside a <step> element to provide additional information about the step.

```
<steps>
  <step importance="optional">
      <cmd>Go to the following location.</cmd>
      <info>The widget name is created when you configure the widget
      in the Widget Configuration Dialog. It is not an actual class
      name or file name, just a label for the widget as used in this
      application.</info>
</step>
</steps>
```

- **<choicetable>** A common question is "What's the difference between the <choices> element and the <choicetable> element other than one is a bulleted list and the other is a table?" Use the <choices> and <choicetable> elements in the following situations:
 - Use the <choices> element for simple one-part items such as a list of options that users select. The items in a <choices> element will be rendered in output as a bulleted list.

```
<steps>
<step>
  <cmd importance="urgent">Once you have the water place it in the microwave.</cmd>
  <info>Try not to spill any, as water is very wet.</info>
  <choices>
        <choice>If you have a remote server you want to test on, type the IP address or hostname of the server here.</choice>
        <choice>If you want to do local testing, just type localhost.</choice>
    </step>
</steps>
```

The output displayed to the user is shown below:

• Use the <choicetable> element for two-part items such as the name of an operating system and its command or a motorcycle model and its oil filter part number. The items in a <choicetable> element will be rendered in the output as—you guessed it—a table.

The output displayed to the user is shown below:

• **<stepxmp>** - The **<stepxmp>** element is used to illustrate a step of a task. The step example can be a couple of words, or an entire paragraph.

```
<steps>
<step importance="optional">
    <cmd>Go to the following location.</cmd>
    <stepxmp>For example, <userinput>mywidget</userinput></stepxmp>
</step>
</steps>
```

The output displayed to the user is shown below:

<substeps> - allows you to break a step down into a series of separate actions, and should be used only if
necessary. Try to describe the steps of a task in a single level of steps. If you need to use more than one level of
substep nesting, you should probably rewrite the task to simplify it.

The output displayed to the user is shown below:

• **<stepresult>**- provides information on the expected outcome of a step. If a user interface is being documented, the outcome could describe a dialog box opening or the appearance of a progress indicator. Step results are useful to assure a user that they are on track, but should not be used for every step as this quickly becomes tedious.

```
<steps>
 <step>
 <cmd importance="urgent">Once you have the water place it in the
microwave.</cmd>
 <info>Try not to spill any, as water is very wet.</info>
 <substeps>
   <substep importance="required">
     <cmd>Start the Microwave.
     <stepxmp>As an example, push the <b>Start</b> button</stepxmp>
     <stepresult>The Microwave starts running. You should hear it
humming.</stepresult>
   </substep>
   <substep importance="optional">
     <cmd>Once the water begins to boil, stop the Microwave./cmd>
   </substep>
  </substeps>
```

```
</step>
</steps>
```

The output displayed to the user is shown below: