

Started on	Saturday, 27 April 2024, 4:23 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Saturday, 27 April 2024, 4:39 PM
Time taken	16 mins 20 secs
Grade	3.00 out of 3.00 (100%)

Question 1

Correct

Mark 3.00 out of 3.00

- Assuming the Gauss-Seidel parallel implementation on a distributed memory machine shown in the video with:
- Row-wise distribution of the matrix to P processors where each processor gets n/P consecutive rows;
  - Task definition = Block of n/P consecutive rows by c columns, i.e. each processor executes several fine grain tasks, each working on a submatrix within the segment owned by the processor;
  - An iteration of the inner loop has an associated cost  $T_{body}$ .

Match each contribution to the parallel execution time on P processors ( $T_p$ ) with the appropriate expression.

$T_p = T_{calculations} + T_{communications}$

In the video:  $T_{communications} = T_{overheads}$  We could also call it  $T_{datasharing}$

Notation: Since the section for defining answers does not allow the usage of subscripts and superscripts,

- The underscore "\_" in the answers is used for introducing a subscript.
- The circumflex "^" in the answers is used for introducing a superscript.

Number of lower boundaries (L) transferred	P-1	✓	Minut 1:15
Cost of transferring one block of the Upper boundary (U)	(t_s + c x t_w )	✓	Minut 3:24
T_calc =	( (n/P x c) x t_body ) x (n/c + P - 1)	✓	
T_U =	(t_s + c x t_w ) x (n/c + P-2)	✓	
T_communications =	T_L + T_U	✓	
T_L =	(t_s + n x t_w )	✓	

Your answer is correct.

The correct answer is:

Number of lower boundaries (L) transferred → P-1,

Cost of transferring one block of the Upper boundary (U) → (t\_s + c x t\_w ),

$T_{calc} = \rightarrow ( (n/P \times c) \times t_{body} ) \times (n/c + P - 1),$

$T_U = \rightarrow (t_s + c \times t_w ) \times (n/c + P-2),$

$T_{communications} = \rightarrow T_L + T_U,$

$T_L = \rightarrow (t_s + n \times t_w )$