

GARCH Model EUR And GBP

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Forecasting Exchange Rate Using GARCH Model for EUR And GBP

Reading EUR and GBP Currency into r

```
library(readr)
library(dplyr)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
EURGBPGARCH<- read.csv ("EURGBP_Candlestick_1_D_BID_01.01.2000-31.12.2020.csv")%>%
  select('GMT.TIME', CLOSE)%>%
  rename(Date = ('GMT.TIME'), RateEURGBP = ("CLOSE"))
```

```
head(EURGBPGARCH)
```

```
##           Date RateEURGBP
## 1 2000-01-03    0.6261
## 2 2000-01-04    0.6293
## 3 2000-01-05    0.6281
## 4 2000-01-06    0.6263
## 5 2000-01-07    0.6277
## 6 2000-01-10    0.6264
```

Conversion of Gmt time to date format

```
library(dplyr)
library(lubridate)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   date, intersect, setdiff, union
```

```
EURBPGARCH$Date <- lubridate::ymd(EURBPGARCH$Date)
head(EURBPGARCH)
```

```
##           Date RateEURGBP
## 1 2000-01-03    0.6261
## 2 2000-01-04    0.6293
## 3 2000-01-05    0.6281
## 4 2000-01-06    0.6263
## 5 2000-01-07    0.6277
## 6 2000-01-10    0.6264
```

```
##Checking for obvious errors or missingg value
```

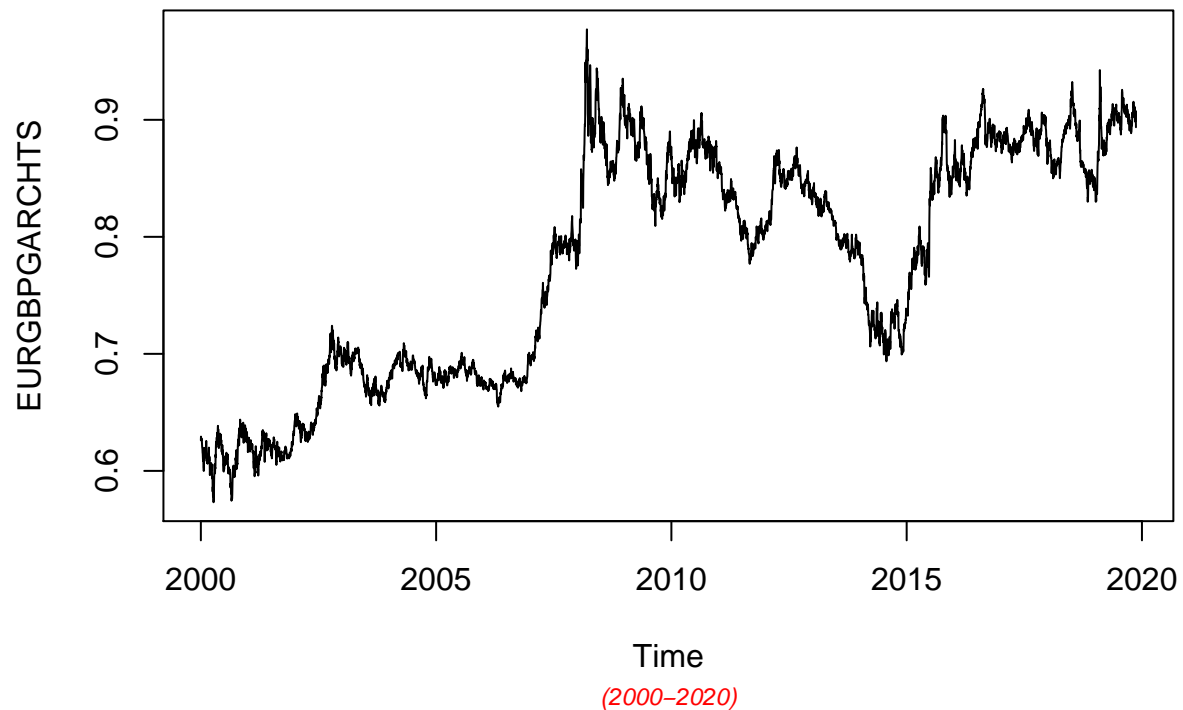
```
#Checking for obvious errors
which(is.na(EURBPGARCH))
```

```
## integer(0)
```

```
##Converting the data set into time series object
```

```
#Converting the data set into time series object
EURBPGARCHTS<- ts(as.vector(EURBPGARCH$Rate), frequency = 322, start= c(2000,01,03))
plot.ts(EURBPGARCHTS)
title("Time Series plot of EURBPTimeseries ", sub = "(2000-2020)",
      cex.main = 1.5, font.main= 4, col.main= "blue",
      cex.sub = 0.75, font.sub = 3, col.sub = "red")
```

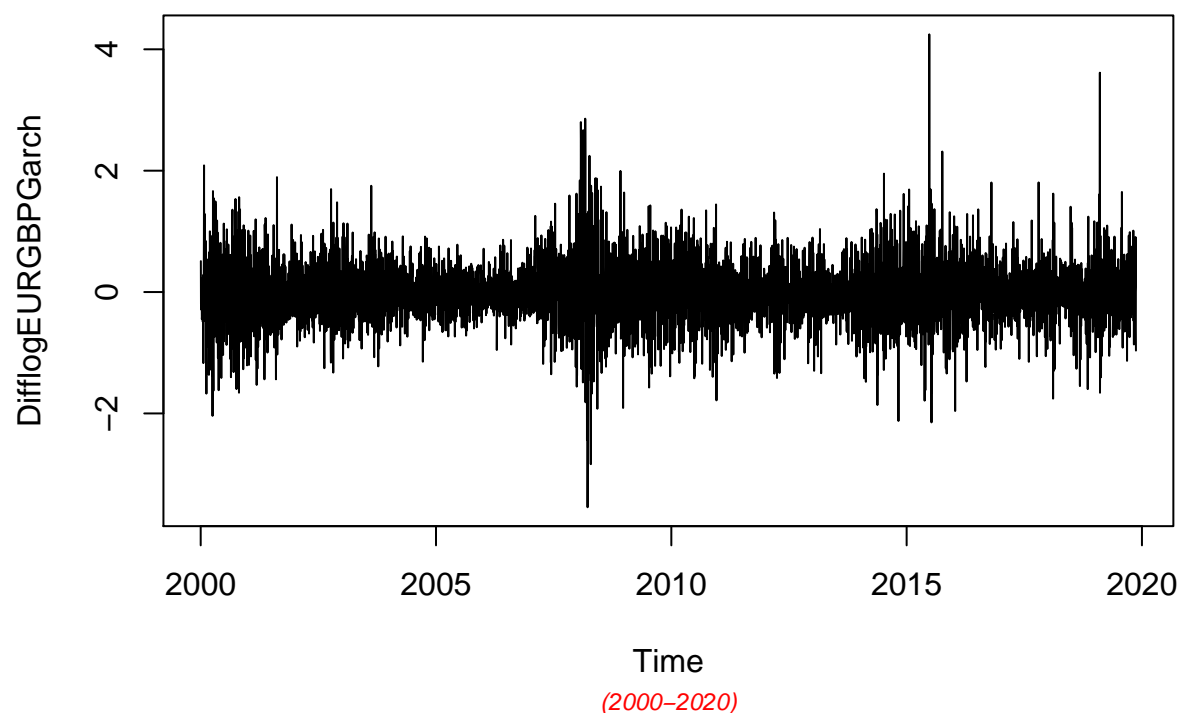
Time Series plot of EURGBP Timeseries



##Dealing with Conditional Heteroscedaticity:

```
DifflogEURBPGarch= diff(log(EURBPGARCHTS))*100
plot(DifflogEURBPGarch)
title("Plot of returns of EURGBP", sub = "(2000-2020)",
      cex.main = 1.5, font.main= 4, col.main= "blue",
      cex.sub = 0.75, font.sub = 3, col.sub = "red")
```

Plot of returns of EURGBP



##nature as almost at all lags the p-values fall below the significance levels.

```
library(TSA)
```

```
## Warning: package 'TSA' was built under R version 4.0.5
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'TSA'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:readr':
```

```
##
```

```
## spec
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
##
```

```
## acf, arima
```

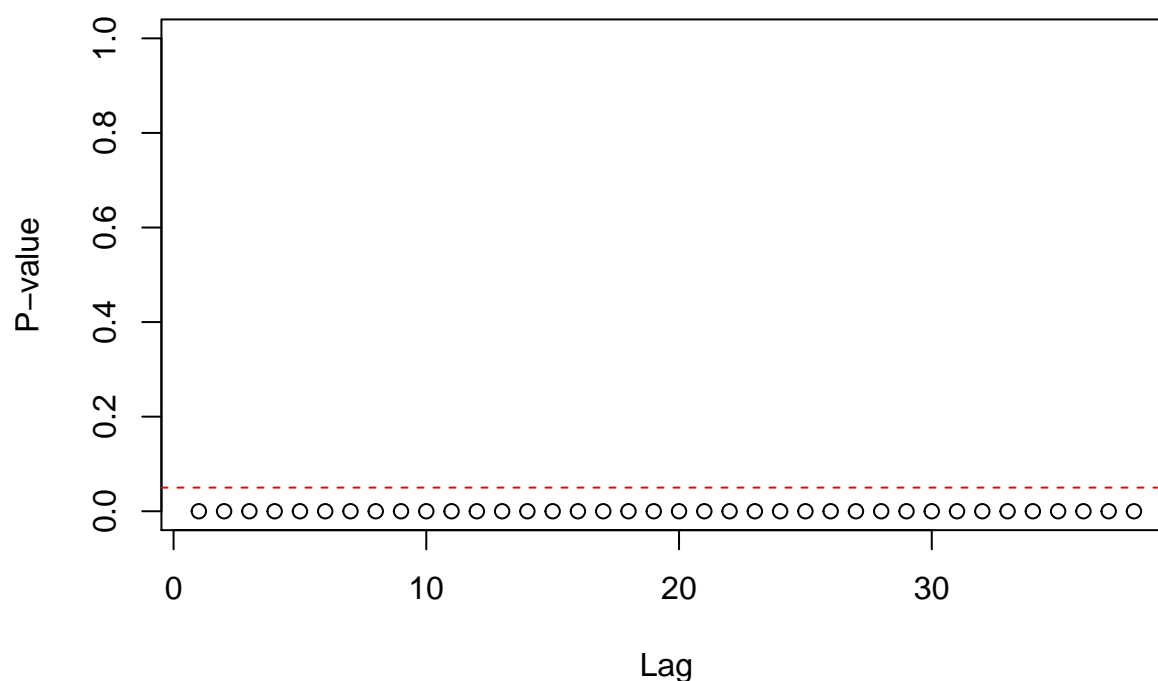
```
## The following object is masked from 'package:utils':
```

```
##
```

```
## tar
```

```
McLeod.Li.test(y= DifflogEURBP Garch,main="McLeod-Li test statistics for Daily return series")
```

McLeod-Li test statistics for Daily return series



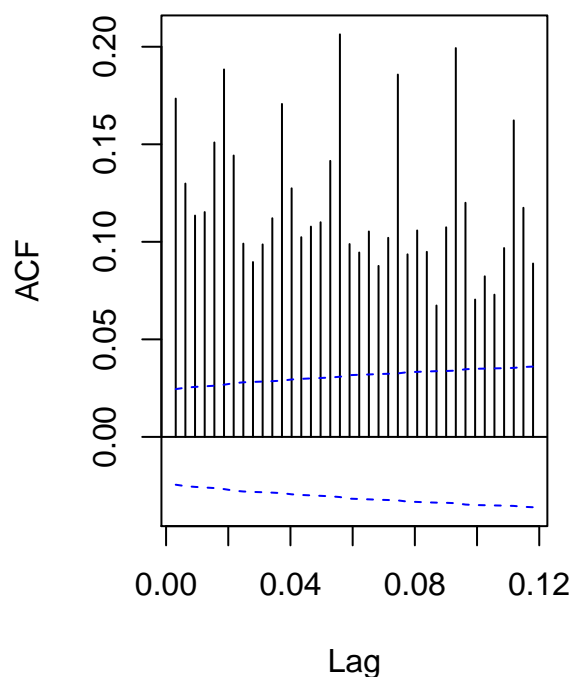
In order to get an order of GARCH , we further transform the return series into absolute values and squared return values.

```
abs = abs(DifflogEURBPGarch)
sqr = DifflogEURBPGarch^2
```

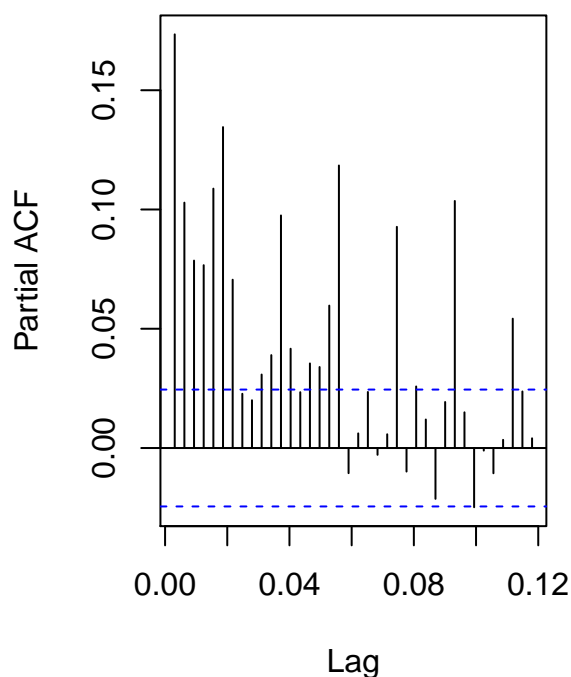
GARCH Model specification:

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
acf(abs, ci.type="ma",main=" ACF for abs. returns")
pacf(abs, main=" PACF plot for abs.returns")
```

ACF for abs. returns



PACF plot for abs.returns



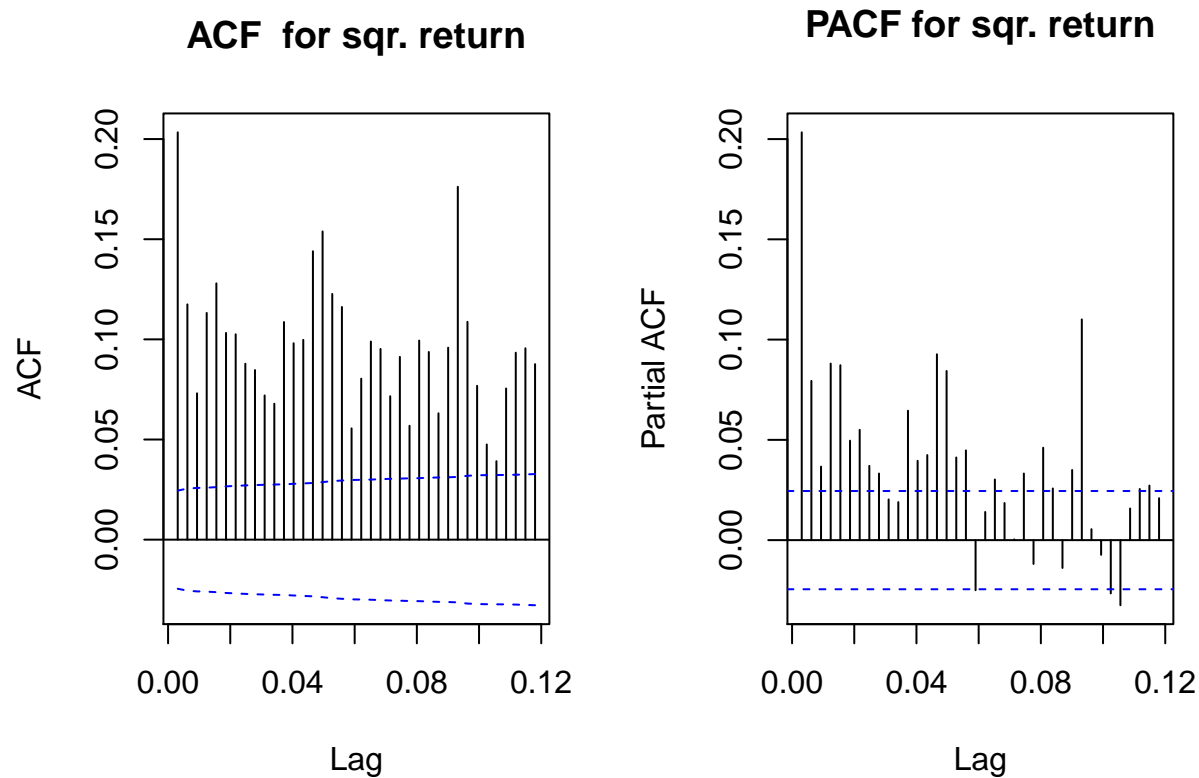
##From ACF and PACF we see many lags are significant. Hence, we plot EACF to get the candidate models

```
eacf(abs)
```

```
## AR/MA
##   0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
## 0 x x x x x x x x x x x x x
## 1 x o o o o x o o o o o x o o
## 2 x x o o o x x o o o o x o o
## 3 x x x o o x o o o o o x o x
## 4 x x x x o x o o o o o x o o
## 5 x x x x x x o o o o x x o o
## 6 x x x x x x o o o o x o o o
## 7 x x x x o x x o o o o o o o
```

##From the squared returns ACF and PACF plot, it is not that clear to derive the order of p and q. Hence, I approach EACF and the order of ARMA are ARMA (2,3), ARMA (3,3), ARMA (2,4). Thus, GARCH candidate models would be GARCH (3,2) GARCH (3,3) GARCH (4,2)

```
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
acf(sqr, ci.type="ma",main="ACF for sqr. return")
pacf(sqr, main="PACF for sqr. return")
```



```
eacf(sqr)
```

```
## AR/MA
##   0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
## 0 x x x x x x x x x x x x x
## 1 x o x o x o o o o o o x o o
## 2 x o x o x o o o o o o x o o
## 3 x x x o x o o o o o o o o o
## 4 x x x x x o o o o o o o o o
## 5 x x x o x o o o o o o o o o
## 6 x x x o x o o o o o o o o o
## 7 x x x x o o x o o o o o o o
```

With reference to the Dickey-Fuller Test, p-value is less than the 0.02 and we can reject the null hypothesis stating the non-stationarity. Hence , we can proceed further for model selection .

#MODEL ESTIMATION: ##GARCH (2,1): for GBP and USD Currency Pair

```
# GARCH(2,1)
library(tseries)
```

```
## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
##   method      from
##   as.zoo.data.frame zoo
```

```
EURGBPGARCHFit.21 = garch(DifflogEURGBPGarch,order=c(2,1),trace =FALSE)
summary(EURGBPGARCHFit.21)
```

```
##
## Call:
## garch(x = DifflogEURGBPGarch, order = c(2, 1), trace = FALSE)
##
## Model:
## GARCH(2,1)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -4.421254 -0.553172  0.007501  0.566513  6.018373
##
## Coefficient(s):
##      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## a0 0.0019796   0.0003765   5.258 1.46e-07 ***
## a1 0.0608949   0.0062239   9.784 < 2e-16 ***
## b1 0.5789107   0.1267521   4.567 4.94e-06 ***
## b2 0.3523961   0.1211942   2.908 0.00364 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Diagnostic Tests:
##  Jarque Bera Test
##
## data:  Residuals
## X-squared = 759.06, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data:  Squared.Residuals
## X-squared = 3.2331, df = 1, p-value = 0.07217
```

GARCH (2,2):

##This model can be interpreted as an overfit model of GARCH(2,1) and p values from residual tests confirms that residuals are highly correlated. Thus this model is not consider to be a good fit.

```
EURGBPGARCHFit.22 = garch(DifflogEURGBPGarch, order =c(2,2),trace =FALSE)
summary(EURGBPGARCHFit.22)
```

```
##
## Call:
## garch(x = DifflogEURGBPGarch, order = c(2, 2), trace = FALSE)
##
## Model:
```



```
## GARCH(2,2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min        1Q      Median        3Q      Max
## -4.425124 -0.553644  0.007464  0.566711  5.943074
##
## Coefficient(s):
##      Estimate Std. Error  t value Pr(>|t|)
## a0 2.086e-03   6.056e-04   3.444 0.000573 ***
## a1 6.562e-02   7.899e-03   8.307 < 2e-16 ***
## a2 2.912e-15   2.071e-02   0.000 1.000000
## b1 4.558e-01   3.164e-01   1.441 0.149675
## b2 4.705e-01   2.990e-01   1.574 0.115516
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Diagnostic Tests:
##  Jarque Bera Test
##
## data:  Residuals
## X-squared = 767.63, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
##
##
##  Box-Ljung test
##
## data:  Squared.Residuals
## X-squared = 2.2484, df = 1, p-value = 0.1338
```

##GARCH (3,1): ##This model can be interpreted as an overfit model of GARCH(2,1) and GARCH (2,2). This model may not be consider to be a good fit.

```
EURGBPGARCHFit.31 = garch(DifflogEURGBPGarch,order=c(3,1),trace =FALSE)
summary(EURGBPGARCHFit.31)
```

```
##
## Call:
## garch(x = DifflogEURGBPGarch, order = c(3, 1), trace = FALSE)
##
## Model:
## GARCH(3,1)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min        1Q      Median        3Q      Max
## -4.418602 -0.551795  0.007475  0.563893  5.676349
##
## Coefficient(s):
##      Estimate Std. Error  t value Pr(>|t|)
## a0 2.302e-03   4.466e-04   5.154 2.55e-07 ***
## a1 8.375e-02   6.903e-03  12.133 < 2e-16 ***
## b1 5.316e-01   1.045e-01   5.087 3.65e-07 ***
## b2 1.005e-15   1.454e-01   0.000 1.000000
## b3 3.773e-01   1.018e-01   3.706 0.000211 ***
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Diagnostic Tests:
##  Jarque Bera Test
##
## data:  Residuals
## X-squared = 702.52, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
##
##
##  Box-Ljung test
##
## data:  Squared.Residuals
## X-squared = 0.22046, df = 1, p-value = 0.6387
```

##GARCH (3,2): ##This model can be interpreted as an overfitting model and p values from residual tests confirms that residuals are highly correlated. Thus this model is not consider to be a good fit.

GARCH(3,2)

```
EURGBPGARCHFit.32 = garch(DifflogEURBPGarch,order=c(3,2),trace =FALSE)
summary(EURGBPGARCHFit.32)
```

```
##
## Call:
## garch(x = DifflogEURBPGarch, order = c(3, 2), trace = FALSE)
##
## Model:
## GARCH(3,2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -4.381323 -0.551725  0.007592  0.565241  5.867779
##
## Coefficient(s):
##      Estimate Std. Error  t value Pr(>|t|)
## a0 2.905e-03   6.395e-04   4.542 5.56e-06 ***
## a1 7.159e-02   7.530e-03   9.507 < 2e-16 ***
## a2 1.882e-02   1.650e-02   1.140  0.2541
## b1 3.859e-01   1.931e-01   1.998  0.0457 *
## b2 2.195e-06   1.553e-01   0.000  1.0000
## b3 5.122e-01   1.099e-01   4.660 3.16e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Diagnostic Tests:
##  Jarque Bera Test
##
## data:  Residuals
## X-squared = 697.29, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
##
##
```

```
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: Squared.Residuals
## X-squared = 1.2862, df = 1, p-value = 0.2568
```

GARCH (3,3):

This model can be interpreted as an overfitting model and p values from residual tests confirms that residuals are highly correlated. Thus, this model is not consider to be a good fit.

GARCH(3,3)

```
EURGBPGARCHFit.33 = garch(DifflogEURGBPGarch,order=c(3,3),trace =FALSE)
summary(EURGBPGARCHFit.33)
```

```
##
## Call:
## garch(x = DifflogEURGBPGarch, order = c(3, 3), trace = FALSE)
##
## Model:
## GARCH(3,3)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min      1Q   Median      3Q      Max
## -4.418160 -0.553909  0.007512  0.566955  5.837280
##
## Coefficient(s):
##      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## a0 2.450e-03   1.085e-03   2.257   0.024 *
## a1 7.110e-02   8.529e-03   8.337 <2e-16 ***
## a2 1.997e-02   5.385e-02   0.371   0.711
## a3 1.223e-14   2.888e-02   0.000   1.000
## b1 2.787e-01   7.455e-01   0.374   0.709
## b2 3.121e-01   7.491e-01   0.417   0.677
## b3 3.101e-01   2.826e-01   1.097   0.273
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Diagnostic Tests:
## Jarque Bera Test
##
## data: Residuals
## X-squared = 730.26, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: Squared.Residuals
## X-squared = 1.3356, df = 1, p-value = 0.2478
```

##GARCH (4,2): ##This model can be interpreted as an overfitting model and p values from residual tests confirms that residuals are highly correlated. Thus, this model is not considered to be a good fit.

```
EURGBPGARCHFit.42 = garch(DifflogEURGBPGarch,order=c(4,2),trace =FALSE)
summary(EURGBPGARCHFit.42)
```

```
##
## Call:
## garch(x = DifflogEURGBPGarch, order = c(4, 2), trace = FALSE)
##
## Model:
## GARCH(4,2)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -4.38463 -0.55559  0.00748  0.57100  5.99505
##
## Coefficient(s):
##      Estimate Std. Error  t value Pr(>|t|)
## a0 3.167e-03   1.865e-03   1.698   0.0895 .
## a1 6.933e-02   7.677e-03   9.031  <2e-16 ***
## a2 3.466e-02   6.236e-02   0.556   0.5783
## b1 3.951e-01   9.032e-01   0.437   0.6618
## b2 4.719e-15   8.972e-01   0.000   1.0000
## b3 8.563e-02   5.597e-01   0.153   0.8784
## b4 4.030e-01   4.961e-01   0.812   0.4166
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Diagnostic Tests:
## Jarque Bera Test
##
## data:  Residuals
## X-squared = 742.33, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data:  Squared.Residuals
## X-squared = 1.5132, df = 1, p-value = 0.2186
##
##
```

```
EURGBPGARCHFit.41 = garch(DifflogEURGBPGarch,order=c(4,1),trace =FALSE)
summary(EURGBPGARCHFit.41)
```

```
##
## Call:
## garch(x = DifflogEURGBPGarch, order = c(4, 1), trace = FALSE)
##
## Model:
## GARCH(4,1)
##
```

```
## Residuals:
##      Min        1Q      Median        3Q      Max
## -4.376240 -0.555976  0.007487  0.569502  5.959987
##
## Coefficient(s):
##      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## a0 2.407e-03   4.625e-04   5.204 1.95e-07 ***
## a1 7.913e-02   7.302e-03  10.837 < 2e-16 ***
## b1 5.945e-01   1.130e-01   5.262 1.43e-07 ***
## b2 1.705e-14   1.807e-01   0.000 1.000000
## b3 2.943e-02   1.589e-01   0.185 0.853098
## b4 2.873e-01   7.975e-02   3.602 0.000315 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Diagnostic Tests:
## Jarque Bera Test
##
## data: Residuals
## X-squared = 745.05, df = 2, p-value < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Box-Ljung test
##
## data: Squared.Residuals
## X-squared = 0.49716, df = 1, p-value = 0.4807
```

Model Selection:

Best possible model is selected by AIC scores of the models. From the below sort function, GARCH(3,1) would be the best model for the return series. From the p-value, 3.1 also has the lowest correlation

```
library(dLagM)
```

```
## Warning: package 'dLagM' was built under R version 4.0.5
```

```
## Loading required package: nardl
```

```
## Warning: package 'nardl' was built under R version 4.0.5
```

```
## Loading required package: dynlm
```

```
## Loading required package: zoo
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
```

```
##
```

```
##      as.Date, as.Date.numeric
```

```
GARCHModelSelectionEURGBP = AIC(EURBPGARCHFit.21,EURBPGARCHFit.22 ,EURBPGARCHFit.31,EURBPGARCHFit.32)
sortScore(GARCHModelSelectionEURGBP, score ="aic")
```

```
##              df      AIC
## EURBPGARCHFit.41  6 7729.134
## EURBPGARCHFit.42  7 7733.284
## EURBPGARCHFit.31  5 7733.784
## EURBPGARCHFit.32  6 7735.384
## EURBPGARCHFit.21  4 7740.737
## EURBPGARCHFit.33  7 7741.609
## EURBPGARCHFit.22  5 7743.652
```

Model Fitting:

```
library(rugarch)
```

```
## Warning: package 'rugarch' was built under R version 4.0.5
```

```
## Loading required package: parallel
```

```
##
```

```
## Attaching package: 'rugarch'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
```

```
##
```

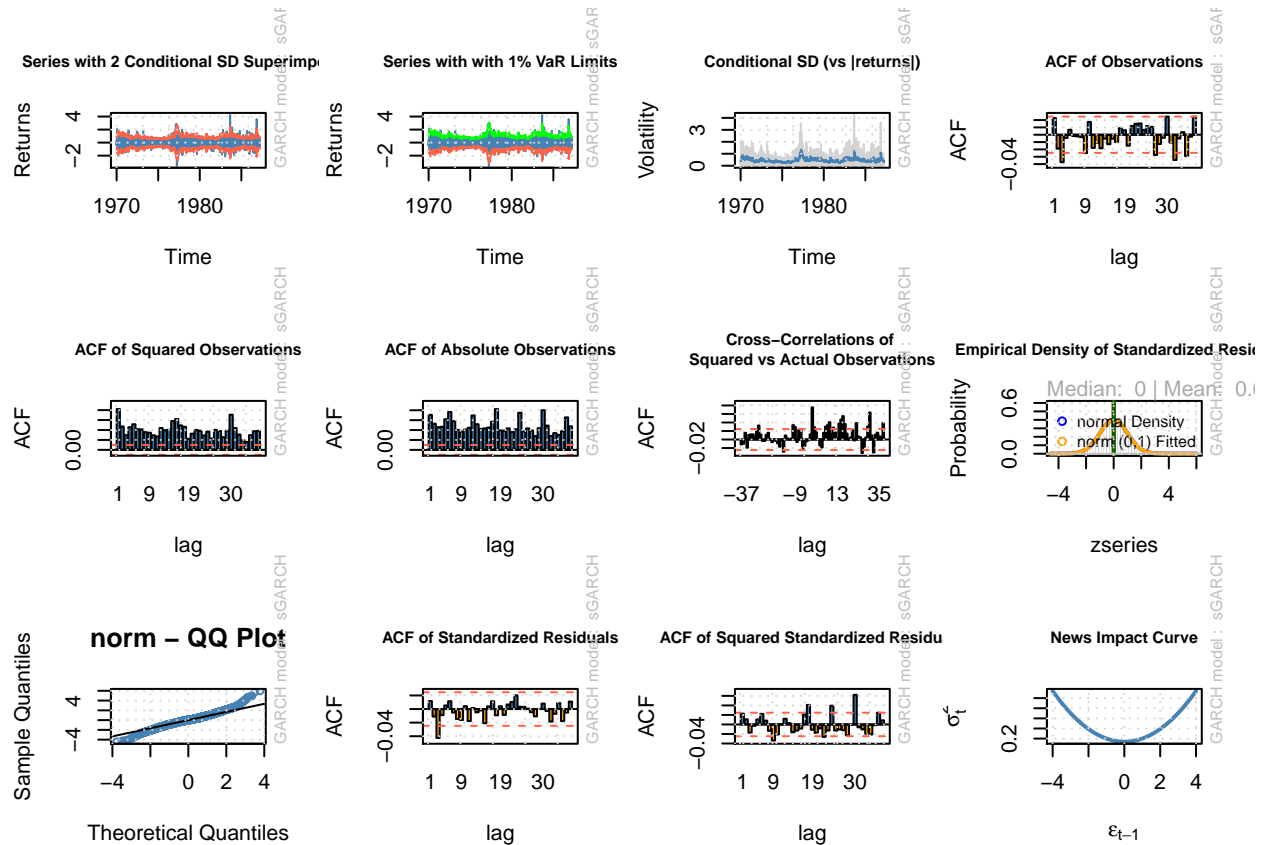
```
##      sigma
```

```
EURGBPmodel2.2<-ugarchspec(variance.model = list(model = "sGARCH", garchOrder = c(2,2)),
                           mean.model = list(armaOrder = c(1, 1), include.mean = TRUE),
                           distribution.model = "norm")
```

```
EURBPGgarchMODEL2.2<-ugarchfit(spec=EURGBPmodel2.2,data=DifflogEURBPGarch, out.sample = 100)
plot(EURBPGgarchMODEL2.2,which="all")
```

```
##
```

```
## please wait...calculating quantiles...
```



##Model Diagnostics

EURGBPgarchMODEL2.2

```
##
## *-----*
## *          GARCH Model Fit          *
## *-----*
##
## Conditional Variance Dynamics
## -----
## GARCH Model   : sGARCH(2,2)
## Mean Model    : ARFIMA(1,0,1)
## Distribution   : norm
##
## Optimal Parameters
## -----
##      Estimate  Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.001502   0.005093   0.294982 0.768007
## ar1     -0.167686   0.403172  -0.415917 0.677471
## ma1      0.178676   0.402171   0.444279 0.656841
## omega    0.002008   0.000524   3.832350 0.000127
## alpha1   0.062747   0.011039   5.684121 0.000000
## alpha2   0.000000   0.011553   0.000011 0.999991
## beta1    0.547023   0.008282  66.049033 0.000000
## beta2    0.382185   0.007774  49.159071 0.000000
```

```

##
## Robust Standard Errors:
##      Estimate   Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.001502    0.004796   0.313278 0.754069
## ar1     -0.167686    0.127878  -1.311300 0.189756
## ma1      0.178676    0.128109   1.394721 0.163100
## omega    0.002008    0.000835   2.404554 0.016192
## alpha1   0.062747    0.015684   4.000750 0.000063
## alpha2   0.000000    0.017596   0.000007 0.999994
## beta1    0.547023    0.008584  63.726192 0.000000
## beta2    0.382185    0.007903  48.358066 0.000000
##
## LogLikelihood : -3795.86
##
## Information Criteria
## -----
##
## Akaike          1.2078
## Bayes           1.2163
## Shibata         1.2078
## Hannan-Quinn    1.2107
##
## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Residuals
## -----
##
##                statistic   p-value
## Lag[1]                0.8725 3.503e-01
## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1] [5]    8.5870 5.205e-10
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1] [9]   11.8016 1.439e-03
## d.o.f=2
## H0 : No serial correlation
##
## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Squared Residuals
## -----
##
##                statistic   p-value
## Lag[1]                3.278 0.07022
## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1] [11]   10.769 0.06715
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1] [19]   18.165 0.02816
## d.o.f=4
##
## Weighted ARCH LM Tests
## -----
##
##      Statistic Shape Scale P-Value
## ARCH Lag[5]    0.7013 0.500 2.000 0.40236
## ARCH Lag[7]    3.6910 1.473 1.746 0.23079
## ARCH Lag[9]    8.5447 2.402 1.619 0.05428
##
## Nyblom stability test
## -----
## Joint Statistic: 2.641
## Individual Statistics:
## mu      0.09213
## ar1     0.13647
## ma1     0.13877
## omega   0.38242

```



```

## alpha1 0.12947
## alpha2 0.16895
## beta1 0.13937
## beta2 0.13623
##
## Asymptotic Critical Values (10% 5% 1%)
## Joint Statistic:      1.89 2.11 2.59
## Individual Statistic: 0.35 0.47 0.75
##
## Sign Bias Test
## -----
##              t-value  prob sig
## Sign Bias      1.0999 0.2714
## Negative Sign Bias 0.7683 0.4423
## Positive Sign Bias 1.2242 0.2209
## Joint Effect      5.5561 0.1353
##
##
## Adjusted Pearson Goodness-of-Fit Test:
## -----
##   group statistic p-value(g-1)
## 1    20      240.5    2.613e-40
## 2    30      254.6    6.584e-38
## 3    40      291.7    2.009e-40
## 4    50      285.2    4.608e-35
##
##
## Elapsed time : 0.7869942

```

Forecasting

```

forcgarchEURGBP= ugarchforecast(EURGBPgarchMODEL2.2, data = DifflogEURBPgarch, n.ahead = 100, n.roll =
print(forcgarchEURGBP)

```

```

##
## *-----*
## *      GARCH Model Forecast      *
## *-----*
## Model: sGARCH
## Horizon: 100
## Roll Steps: 10
## Out of Sample: 100
##
## 0-roll forecast [T0=1987-04-01 03:00:00]:
##      Series  Sigma
## T+1  0.0045458 0.3583
## T+2  0.0009921 0.3590
## T+3  0.0015880 0.3601
## T+4  0.0014880 0.3610
## T+5  0.0015048 0.3620
## T+6  0.0015020 0.3629
## T+7  0.0015025 0.3639

```

##	T+8	0.0015024	0.3648
##	T+9	0.0015024	0.3657
##	T+10	0.0015024	0.3666
##	T+11	0.0015024	0.3676
##	T+12	0.0015024	0.3685
##	T+13	0.0015024	0.3694
##	T+14	0.0015024	0.3703
##	T+15	0.0015024	0.3711
##	T+16	0.0015024	0.3720
##	T+17	0.0015024	0.3729
##	T+18	0.0015024	0.3737
##	T+19	0.0015024	0.3746
##	T+20	0.0015024	0.3754
##	T+21	0.0015024	0.3763
##	T+22	0.0015024	0.3771
##	T+23	0.0015024	0.3779
##	T+24	0.0015024	0.3788
##	T+25	0.0015024	0.3796
##	T+26	0.0015024	0.3804
##	T+27	0.0015024	0.3812
##	T+28	0.0015024	0.3820
##	T+29	0.0015024	0.3828
##	T+30	0.0015024	0.3835
##	T+31	0.0015024	0.3843
##	T+32	0.0015024	0.3851
##	T+33	0.0015024	0.3859
##	T+34	0.0015024	0.3866
##	T+35	0.0015024	0.3874
##	T+36	0.0015024	0.3881
##	T+37	0.0015024	0.3889
##	T+38	0.0015024	0.3896
##	T+39	0.0015024	0.3903
##	T+40	0.0015024	0.3910
##	T+41	0.0015024	0.3918
##	T+42	0.0015024	0.3925
##	T+43	0.0015024	0.3932
##	T+44	0.0015024	0.3939
##	T+45	0.0015024	0.3946
##	T+46	0.0015024	0.3953
##	T+47	0.0015024	0.3960
##	T+48	0.0015024	0.3966
##	T+49	0.0015024	0.3973
##	T+50	0.0015024	0.3980
##	T+51	0.0015024	0.3986
##	T+52	0.0015024	0.3993
##	T+53	0.0015024	0.4000
##	T+54	0.0015024	0.4006
##	T+55	0.0015024	0.4013
##	T+56	0.0015024	0.4019
##	T+57	0.0015024	0.4025
##	T+58	0.0015024	0.4032
##	T+59	0.0015024	0.4038
##	T+60	0.0015024	0.4044
##	T+61	0.0015024	0.4050

```
## T+62 0.0015024 0.4057
## T+63 0.0015024 0.4063
## T+64 0.0015024 0.4069
## T+65 0.0015024 0.4075
## T+66 0.0015024 0.4081
## T+67 0.0015024 0.4087
## T+68 0.0015024 0.4092
## T+69 0.0015024 0.4098
## T+70 0.0015024 0.4104
## T+71 0.0015024 0.4110
## T+72 0.0015024 0.4115
## T+73 0.0015024 0.4121
## T+74 0.0015024 0.4127
## T+75 0.0015024 0.4132
## T+76 0.0015024 0.4138
## T+77 0.0015024 0.4143
## T+78 0.0015024 0.4149
## T+79 0.0015024 0.4154
## T+80 0.0015024 0.4160
## T+81 0.0015024 0.4165
## T+82 0.0015024 0.4170
## T+83 0.0015024 0.4176
## T+84 0.0015024 0.4181
## T+85 0.0015024 0.4186
## T+86 0.0015024 0.4191
## T+87 0.0015024 0.4196
## T+88 0.0015024 0.4201
## T+89 0.0015024 0.4206
## T+90 0.0015024 0.4211
## T+91 0.0015024 0.4216
## T+92 0.0015024 0.4221
## T+93 0.0015024 0.4226
## T+94 0.0015024 0.4231
## T+95 0.0015024 0.4236
## T+96 0.0015024 0.4241
## T+97 0.0015024 0.4246
## T+98 0.0015024 0.4250
## T+99 0.0015024 0.4255
## T+100 0.0015024 0.4260
```

plotting

```
plot(forcgarchEURGBP, which= "all")
```


[1] 0.8937673
[1] 0.8937807
[1] 0.8937941
[1] 0.8938076
[1] 0.893821
[1] 0.8938344
[1] 0.8938479
[1] 0.8938613
[1] 0.8938747
[1] 0.8938881
[1] 0.8939016
[1] 0.893915
[1] 0.8939284
[1] 0.8939419
[1] 0.8939553
[1] 0.8939687
[1] 0.8939822
[1] 0.8939956
[1] 0.894009
[1] 0.8940225
[1] 0.8940359
[1] 0.8940493
[1] 0.8940627
[1] 0.8940762
[1] 0.8940896
[1] 0.894103
[1] 0.8941165
[1] 0.8941299
[1] 0.8941433
[1] 0.8941568
[1] 0.8941702
[1] 0.8941836
[1] 0.8941971
[1] 0.8942105
[1] 0.894224
[1] 0.8942374
[1] 0.8942508
[1] 0.8942643
[1] 0.8942777
[1] 0.8942911
[1] 0.8943046
[1] 0.894318
[1] 0.8943314
[1] 0.8943449
[1] 0.8943583
[1] 0.8943717
[1] 0.8943852
[1] 0.8943986
[1] 0.8944121
[1] 0.8944255
[1] 0.8944389
[1] 0.8944524
[1] 0.8944658
[1] 0.8944792

```
## [1] 0.8944927
## [1] 0.8945061
## [1] 0.8945196
## [1] 0.894533
## [1] 0.8945464
## [1] 0.8945599
## [1] 0.8945733
## [1] 0.8945868
## [1] 0.8946002
## [1] 0.8946136
## [1] 0.8946271
## [1] 0.8946405
## [1] 0.894654
## [1] 0.8946674
## [1] 0.8946809
## [1] 0.8946943
## [1] 0.8947077
## [1] 0.8947212
## [1] 0.8947346
## [1] 0.8947481
## [1] 0.8947615
## [1] 0.8947749
## [1] 0.8947884
## [1] 0.8948018
## [1] 0.8948153
## [1] 0.8948287
## [1] 0.8948422
## [1] 0.8948556
## [1] 0.8948691
## [1] 0.8948825
## [1] 0.8948959
## [1] 0.8949094
## [1] 0.8949228
## [1] 0.8949363
## [1] 0.8949497
## [1] 0.8949632
## [1] 0.8949766
## [1] 0.8949901
## [1] 0.8950035
## [1] 0.895017
```