CES304 Operating System Project3: RAID

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Description of implementation

1. main()

main 함수에서는 다음(두 번째 디스크의 데이터를 읽고, 쓰는 예제 코드)과 같이 FSSIZE를 이용해서 각 disk에서 데이터를 읽고, 쓴다.

```
// 두 번째 디스크의 데이터 읽기

ret = pread(rdfd, buf1, BSIZE, (i + FSSIZE) * BSIZE);

if (ret != BSIZE && ret != 0) {

    perror("pread disk 1");

    exit(1);
}

// 두 번째 디스크에 데이터 쓰기

ret = pwrite(wrfd, buf1, BSIZE, (i + FSSIZE) * BSIZE);

if (ret != BSIZE) {

    perror("pwrite disk 1");

    exit(1);
}
```

이 때 parity disk에는 disk0과 disk1을 XOR 연산한 데이터를 적는다. XOR 연산은 ^연산자를 활용해서 구현하였다.

```
// XOR 연산으로 패리티 계산
for (int j = 0; j < BSIZE; j++) {
    parity[j] = disk0_data[j] ^ disk1_data[j];
}
```

2. dread()

dread 함수에서는 먼저 해당 블록이 BROKEN DISK에 있는지 확인한다. 만약 BROKEN DISK에 있는 데이터가 아니라면, read하고, buf를 return 해준다.

```
if (disk_num != BROKEN_DISK) { // 고장 나지 않은 disk의 데이터가
invaild 라면 그냥 다시 읽기
iderw(b);
return b;
}
```

만약 BROKEN DISK에 있는 데이터라면, parity를 활용하여 복구한 다음, vaild로 바꿔준다. 밑은 data disk가 BROKEN일 때의 코드이고, parity disk가 BROKEN일 때도 마찬가지로, disk0과 disk1을 활용해 복구해준다.

```
b0 = bget_direct(dev, (blockno % FSSIZE) + (((disk_num == 0) ? 1 :
0) * FSSIZE)); // 고장나지 않는 disk 읽기
    iderw(b0);
    bp = bget_direct(dev, (blockno % FSSIZE) + (2 * FSSIZE)); // 패리티
디스크 읽기
    iderw(bp);

for (int i = 0; i < BSIZE/sizeof(int); i++) {
    b->udata[i] = b0->udata[i] ^ bp->udata[i];
}

brelse(b0);
brelse(bp);
b->flags |= B_VALID;
```

3. dwrite()

dwrite 함수에서는 먼저 기존의 BROKEN DISK의 데이터를 업데이트 한다.

```
if (BROKEN_DISK == (disk_num == 0 ? 1 : 0)) {
    for (int i = 0; i < BSIZE/sizeof(int); i++) {
        b0->udata[i] = b->udata[i] ^ bp->udata[i];
    }
}
if (BROKEN_DISK == 2) {
    for (int i = 0; i < BSIZE/sizeof(int); i++) {
        bp->udata[i] = b->udata[i] ^ b0->udata[i];
    }
}
```

이후 write buf와 이를 바탕으로 다시 새로운 parity를 계산해서 업데이트 한다.

```
// 새로운 패리티 계산
for (int i = 0; i < BSIZE/sizeof(int); i++) {
   bp->udata[i] = b->udata[i] ^ b0->udata[i];
}
// 데이터와 패리티 모두 쓰기
```

```
b->flags |= B_DIRTY;
bp->flags |= B_DIRTY;
```

Result

첨부한 사진을 통해 all possible breakage에 대해 pass한 것을 확인할 수 있다.

```
eaBIOS (version 1.15.0-1)
PXE (https://loxe.org) 00:08.0 GA00 PCI2.10 PmP PMM+1FF684A0+1FE084A0 GA00
    Indot tok
Indot teat
Indot teat
Indot ok
Indot ok
Indot ok
Indot ok
Indot eteat
Indot eteat
Indot eteat
Indot eteat
Indot eteat
Indot ok
Indot eteat
Indot ok
Indot eteat
Indo
                  moty file name un
ork test
ork test ork
ork test ork
or test
lo test
lo test
lo test dane
see test dane
                                     teat
TESTS PASSED
```

```
eaBIOS (version 1.15.0-1)
                 PXE (https://loxe.org) 00:08.0 CA00 PCI2.10 PnP PMM+1FF684A0+1FE084A0 CA00
             Sooting from Hard Disk..xvé...
AN Dis proview disk is 1
such starting 0
six size 1000 nblooks 841 ninodes 200 niog 80 logstart 2 inodestart 82 bmap star
nit: starting sh
supertests
sacretists starting
ra test gassed
reatsolate ok
inkunlink test
inkunlink test
concepts ok
curfiles test
concepts ok
curfiles test
concepts ok
curfiles test
inderteste ok
curfiles test
inderteste ok
curfiles test
inderteste ok
curfiles test
inderteste ok
characted okt
Dicard test ok
Dicard 
                               couvim dust v.
ok vel ok ei ok ei ok emot kill... mait... preemot ok
tmeit ok
oot teet
ok
                                 ot test
of ok
risen test
risen ok
file test
file test ok
dir test
sir ok
ktest ok
finkread ok
va file
va file ok
z file name
z file name
test
                                   tv file mame OK
k teat OK
dir teat
dir ok
teat
East waerteata: tran 18 err O on oou O ein Ox8857 addr Ox801do180--kill proo
teat done
o teat
```

jangjiwon@DESKTOP-M4HGQUK: ~/OS/xv6

```
eaBIOS (version 1.15.0-1)
PXE (https://loxe.org) 00:08.0 CA00 PCI2.10 PnP PMM+1FF684A0+1FE084A0 CA00
                locuvm out or ...
sm ck
loci ck
resent: kill... walt... preempt ck
kitmait ck
moot test
enot ck
              INITIAL TO A

MOTO TO

MOTO TO A

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MOTO TO

MOTO TO A

MOTO TO
```

```
eaBIOS (version 1.15.0-1)
                PXE (https://loxe.org) 00:08.0 CA00 PCI2.10 PnP PMM+1FF684A0+1FE084A0 CA00
            phereofic test
phereofic test
placed test

                              ok
enot: kill... walt... oreemot ok
twalt ok
ot teat
                  xitmeli ok
moot teet
moot tok
moot tok
moot tok
moot tok
moot tok
moot tok
moot teet
moot teet
infile teet ok
ubolir teet
ubolir teet
ubolir ok
inkteet ok
niinkteed teet
niinkread seet
niinkread seet
iiv va file ok
moot y file name ok
ork teet
ork teet ok
iodir teet
iodir ok
io teet
io teet
io teet
io teet
io teet
                   (0 test)
(0 test) usertests: tran 18 err 0 on onu 0 eln 0x8867 addr 0x601do180--kill proc
lo test done
(so test)
(L TESTS PASSED)
```

Checking parity Disk

GPT를 사용해서 parity를 확인할 수 있는 코드를 작성해 보았다. 이를 활용하면 shall에서 parity block들이 올바르게 위치했는지 확인할 수 있다.

```
#!/bin/bash
# Usage: ./check raid.sh <block number>
if [ $# -ne 1 ]; then
   echo "Usage: $0 <block number>"
    exit 1
fi
FSSIZE=1000 # filesystem size
BLOCKNO=$1
OFFSET=$((BLOCKNO % FSSIZE))
# Create temporary files
TEMP_DIR=$(mktemp -d)
DISK0="${TEMP DIR}/disk0"
DISK1="${TEMP DIR}/disk1"
PARITY="${TEMP_DIR}/parity"
# Extract blocks from each disk
dd if=fs.img bs=512 skip=$OFFSET count=1 of=$DISK0 2>/dev/null
dd if=fs.img bs=512 skip=$((OFFSET + FSSIZE)) count=1 of=$DISK1 2>/dev/null
dd if=fs.img bs=512 skip=$((OFFSET + 2*FSSIZE)) count=1 of=$PARITY 2>/dev/null
# Display the contents
echo "=== Disk 0 (Block $OFFSET) ==="
xxd $DISK0 | head -n 5
echo -e "\n=== Disk 1 (Block $OFFSET) ==="
xxd $DISK1 | head -n 5
echo -e "\n=== Parity Disk (Block $OFFSET) ==="
xxd $PARITY | head -n 5
# Calculate XOR of disk0 and disk1
python3 -c "
import sys
with open('${DISK0}', 'rb') as f0, open('${DISK1}', 'rb') as f1:
   data0 = f0.read()
   data1 = f1.read()
    calc_parity = bytes(a ^ b for a, b in zip(data0, data1))
with open('${TEMP_DIR}/calc_parity', 'wb') as f:
  f.write(calc parity)
```

```
"
echo -e "\n=== Calculated Parity ==="
xxd "${TEMP_DIR}/calc_parity" | head -n 5

# Compare calculated parity with stored parity
echo -e "\n=== Parity Check Result ==="
if cmp -s "${TEMP_DIR}/calc_parity" "${PARITY}"; then
    echo "SUCCESS: Parity is correct!"
else
    echo "ERROR: Parity mismatch detected!"
    echo "Differences between calculated and stored parity:"
    cmp "${TEMP_DIR}/calc_parity" "${PARITY}"
fi

# Cleanup
rm -rf "${TEMP_DIR}"
```

결과는 다음과 같다. 모든 case에 대해서 확인은 못해 보았지만, 확인해 본 모든 case에서 parity block이 올바르게 위치하고 있는 걸 확인할 수 있다.

```
jangjiwon@DESKTOP-M4HGQUK:~/OS/xv6$ ./debugging.sh 1
== Disk O (Block 1) ===
00000000: e803 0000 ad03 0000 c800 0000 1e00 0000
== Disk 1 (Block 1) ===
00000000: 9804 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000
== Parity Disk (Block 1) ===
00000000; 700e 0000 ad03 0000 c800 0000 1e00 0000
00000010: 6200 0000 2000 0000 3a00 0000 0000 0000
≔= Calculated Parity ===
00000000: 700e 0000 ad03 0000 c800 0000 1e00 0000
00000010: 6200 0000 2000 0000 3a00 0000 0000 0000
                     b... ...:
≔= Parity Check Result ===
SUCCESS: Parity is correct!
```

	ODEOK:	TOD W	ALIOOLII	/ /00	27 00	h / i	1	' '	800
jangjiwon					S/XVP	\$.∕a∈	ebugg	ıng.sh	300
=== Disk (0000000: 00000010: 00000020: 00000030: 00000040:	6004 7566 7800 3707	0000 0001	7d00 350c 1552 0000	0000 3801 0000 c403	0000 0002 0000	0291 9104 ba03	0015 0a69 0000	6d61	`}b uf5.8ma x5.Ri 7.Rc c7.R
	. /=.								
=== Disk 00000000: 00000010: 00000020: 00000030: 00000040:	980d 6000 0100 0000	ock 30 0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000 0000	0000 0000	
=== Parity Disk (Block 300) ===									
000000000: 00000010: 00000020: 00000030: 00000040:	f809 1566 7900 3707	0000 0001 0135 5200 0137	7d00 350c 1552 0000	0000 3801 0000 c403	019c 0000 0002 0000	0291 9104 ba03	0015 0a69 0000		}b .f5.8ma y5.Ri 7.Rc c7.R
=== Calcu 00000000: 00000010: 00000020: 00000030: 00000040:	f809 1566 7900 3707	0000 0001	7d00 350c 1552 0000	0000 3801 0000 c403	0000 0002 0000	0291 9104 ba03	0015 0a69 0000	6d61	}b .f5.8ma y5.Ri 7.Rc c7.R
=== Parity Check Result === SUCCESS: Parity is correct!									

jangjiwon@DESKTOP-M4HGQUK:~/OS/xv6\$./de	ebugging.sh	450						
=== Disk 0 (Block 450) ===								
00000000: 00cd 40c3 b80a 0000 00cd 40c3		@						
00000010: 00cd 40c3 b80c 0000 00cd 40c3		@						
00000020: 00cd 40c3 b80e 0000 00cd 40c3		@						
00000030: 5589 e557 5653 83ec 3c89 4dc4		ПMA2<.Й [.] .Е						
00000040: b885 d20f 897f 0000 00f6 4508	0174 7967	Ety.						
=== Disk 1 (Block 450) ===								
00000000: 9804 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000								
00000010: 6000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000								
00000020: 0100 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000								
00000040: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	0000 0000							
D 11 B1 1 (D1 1 450)								
=== Parity Disk (Block 450) ===	FB0F 0000	a a						
00000000: 98c0 40c3 b80a 0000 00cd 40c3 00000010: 60cd 40c3 b80c 0000 00cd 40c3		@@ `.@						
00000020: 01cd 40c3 b80e 0000 00cd 40c3		@@.f.f.						
00000030: 5589 e557 5653 83ec 3c89 4dc4		UWVS<.ME						
00000040: b885 d20f 897f 0000 00f6 4508		Ety.						
=== Calculated Parity ===								
00000000: 98c0 40c3 b80a 0000 00cd 40c3		´@						
00000010: 60cd 40c3 b80c 0000 00cd 40c3		, ·@······@·····						
00000020: 01cd 40c3 b80e 0000 00cd 40c3		@@.f.f.						
00000030: 5589 e557 5653 83ec 3c89 4dc4 00000040: b885 d20f 897f 0000 00f6 4508		UWVS<.ME						
00000040- pada dzor dari 0000 0010 4300	0114 1301	Ly.						
=== Parity Check Result ===								
SUCCESS: Parity is correct!								