

EXPERIMENT 1

```
# print hello world
```

```
str <- "hello world!!"
```

```
str
```

```
# various ways to declare variable
```

```
variable.1 = c(1,2,3)
```

```
variable.2 <- c("lotus" , "rose")
```

```
c(FALSE , 1) -> variable.3
```

```
variable.1
```

```
cat("variable.1 is " , variable.1, "\n")
```

```
cat("variable.2 is " , variable.2, "\n")
```

```
cat("variable.3 is " , variable.3, "\n")
```

```
# perform arithmetic operations
```

```
a <- c(10,20,30,40)
```

```
b <- c(2,2,4,3)
```

```
cat("sum= " , (a+b), "\n")
```

```
cat("difference= " , (a-b), "\n")
```

```
cat("product= " , (a*b), "\n")
```

```
cat("quotient= " , (a/b), "\n")
```

```
cat("remainder= " , (a%%b), "\n")
```

```
cat("integer division= " , (a%/%b), "\n")
```

```
cat("exponention = " , (a^b), "\n")
```

```
# perform relational operators
```

```
a <- c(10,20,30,40)
```

```
b <- c(4,5,90,7)
```

```
cat(a , " less than " , b , (a < b) , "\n" )
```

```
cat(a , " greater than " , b , (a > b) , "\n" )
```

```
cat(a , " less than or equal to " , b , (a <= b) , "\n" )
```

```
cat(a , " greater than or equal to" , b , (a >= b) , "\n" )
```

```
cat(a , " equal to " , b , (a == b) , "\n" )
```

```
cat(a , " not equal to " , b , (a != b) , "\n" )
```

```
# perform logical operations
```

```
a <- c(10,20,30,40)
```

```
b <- c(2,2,8,5)
```

```
cat(a,"logical NOT" , (!a) , "\n")
```

```
cat(a,"element wise logical AND" , b,(a&b) , "\n")
```

```
cat(a,"element wise logical OR" , b , (a|b) , "\n")
```

```
# perform assignment operators
```

```
var.a=c(0,20,TRUE)
```

```
var.b <- c(0,20,TRUE)
```

```
var.c <<- c(0,20,TRUE)
```

```
var.a
```

```
var.b
```

```
var.c
```

```
c(1,2,TRUE) ->v1
```

```
c(1,2,TRUE) -> v2
```

```
v1
```

```
v2
```

```
# Demonstrate numeric DataType
```

```
x = 10.9
```

```
x
```

```
y=5
```

```
y
```

```
class(x)
```

```
class(y)
```

```
is.integer(x)
```

```
is.integer(y)
```

```
# demonstrate integer data type
```

```
x = as.integer(3)
```

```
x
```

```
class(x)
```

```
is.integer(x)
```

```
y = as.integer(3.23)
```

y

```
z=as.integer("7.81")
```

z

```
as.integer(TRUE)
```

```
as.integer(FALSE)
```

```
# demonstrate complex data types
```

```
x=5+4i
```

x

```
class(x)
```

```
is.complex(x)
```

```
y=as.complex(3)
```

y

```
# demonstrate logical data types
```

```
x=1;y=2
```

```
z=x>y
```

z

```
class(z)
```

```
as.logical(1)
```

```
as.logical(0)
```

```
# demonstrate character data types
```

```
x="abc"
```

```
y=as.character(7.8)
```

x

y

```
class(y)
```

Experiment 2

#Creating vector by using colon(:) operator.

```
x <- 1:7
```

```
x
```

```
x <- -2.5:10.5
```

```
x
```

#Creating vector by using c() function.

```
x <- c(10,2.5,TRUE)
```

```
x
```

```
typeof(x)
```

```
x <- c(1,2.8,TRUE,"Apple")
```

```
x
```

```
typeof(x)
```

```
length(x)
```

#Creating vector by using sequence(seq) function.

```
x <- seq(2,3, by=0.2)
```

```
x
```

```
x <- seq(2,3, length=3)
```

```
x
```

#Combining vectors

```
n = c (2,3,4)
```

```
m = c("a","b","c","d")
```

```
c(n,m)
```

#Accessing vector element by using Integer vector as index.

```
s = c("a","b","c","d","e")
```

```
s[3]
```

```
s[10]
```

```
s = c("a","b","c","d","e")
```

```
s[c(2,3)]
```

```
s[c(2,1,3)]
```

```
s[2:4]
```

```
#Accessing vector element by using logical vector as index.
```

```
s = c(1,2,3,-5,-6)
```

```
s[c(TRUE,FALSE,FALSE,TRUE,FALSE)]
```

```
TRUE
```

```
s[s<0]
```

```
s[s>0]
```

```
#Accessing vector element by using character vector as index.
```

```
v = c("Jack","Joe","Tom")
```

```
v
```

```
names(v) = c("first","second","third")
```

```
v["second"]
```

```
v[c("third","first","second")]
```

```
#Modifying vectors.
```

```
x =c(10,20,30,40,50,60)
```

```
x
```

```
x[2] <- 90
```

```
x
```

```
x <- x[1:4]
```

```
x
```

```
#Deleting vectors.
```

```
x =c(10,20,30,40,50,60)
```

```
x
```

```
x <- NULL
```

```
x
```

```
#Vector arithmetic and recycling.
```

```
x =c(10,20,30)
```

```
x
```

```
y =c(1,2,3)
```

```
x+y
```

```
x+1
```

```
y+c(4,5,5)
```

```
#Vector element sorting.
```

```
x = c(7,1,8,4,2,7,4,6,2,2,4)
```

```
sort(x)
```

```
sort(x,decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
x
```

```
flowers = c("lotus","rose","jasmine","daisy","lilly")
```

```
sort(flowers)
```

```
sort(flowers,decreasing = TRUE)
```

```
flowers
```

```
#Reading vectors.
```

```
my.name <- readline(prompt = "Enter name:")
```

```
my.age <- readline(prompt = "Enter age:")
```

```
my.bool <- readline(prompt = ("Enter (TRUE/FALSE): "))
```

```
my.age <- as.integer(my.age)
```

```
my.bool <- as.logical(my.bool)
```

```
my.name
```

```
my.age
```

```
my.bool
```

```
#Creating Lists.
```

```
n = list(c(2,3,5),c("a","b","c","d","e"),c(TRUE,FALSE,TRUE,FALSE,FALSE"),3)
```

```
n
```

```
#Creating matrices.
```

```
m <- matrix(c(1:12),nrow=4,byrow=TRUE)
```

```
m
```

```
n <- matrix(c(1:12),nrow=4,byrow=FALSE)
```

```
n
```

```
rnames =c("r1","r2","r3","r4")
```

```
cnames =c("c1","c2","c3")
```

```
p <- matrix(c(1:12),nrow=4,byrow=TRUE, dimnames=list(rnames,cnames))
```

p

#Creating matrices by using cbind() and rbind().

```
m = cbind(c(1,2,3),c(4,5,6))
```

m

```
n = rbind(c(1,2,3),c(4,5,6))
```

n

#Creating factors.

```
x <- factor(c("single","married","married","single","divorced"))
```

x

```
class(x)
```

```
levels(x)
```

```
str(x)
```

#Creating data frames.

```
x <- data.frame("roll"=1:2,"name"=c("Aishwarya","Sakshi"),"age"=c(20,21))
```

x

```
names(x)
```

```
nrow(x)
```

```
ncol(x)
```

```
str(x)
```

```
summary(x)
```

EXPERIMENT 3

random sampling

```
sample(1:20,10)
```

random sampling with and without replacement

```
sample(1:6,4, replace = TRUE)
```

```
sample(1:6,4, replace = FALSE)
```

```
# Random sampling for character.
```

```
LETTERS
```

```
sample(LETTERS)
```

```
sample(LETTERS)
```

```
# Random sampling on vector without replacement.
```

```
data <- c(1,3,5,6,7,8,10,11,12,14)
```

```
sample(x=data , size=5)
```

```
# Random sampling on vector with replacement.
```

```
data <- c(1,3,5,6,7,8,10,11,12,14)
```

```
sample(x=data , size=5 , replace=TRUE)
```

```
# Random sampling on data frames.
```

```
df<-data.frame(x=c(3,5,6,6,8,12,14) , y=c(12,6,4,23,25,8,9) , z=c(2,7,8,8,15,17,29))
```

```
df
```

```
rand_df<-df[sample(nrow(df), size =3),]
```

```
rand_df
```

```
# stratified sampling on data frames using number of rows
```

```
install.packages("dplyr")
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
set.seed(1)
```

```
df<- data.frame(grade=rep(c('Freshman','Sophomore','Junior','Senior') , each=100), gpa=rnorm(400,mean = 85 , sd=3))
```

```
head(df)
```

```
strat_sample<-df%>%
```

```
group_by(grade) %>%
```

```
sample_n(size=10)
```

```
table(strat_sample$grade)
```

```
# stratifies sampling on data frames using fraction of rows
```

```
library(dplyr)
```



```
strat_sample<-df%>%  
  group_by(grade) %>%  
  sample_frac(size=.15)  
table(strat_sample$grade)
```

EXPERIMENT 4

```
# to calculate mean of a vector
```

```
marks <- c(97,78,57,64,87)
```

```
# calculate average marks
```

```
result <- mean(marks)
```

```
print(result)
```

```
# to calculate median on a vector
```

```
marks <- c(97,78,57,64,87)
```

```
result <- median(marks)
```

```
print(result)
```

```
# calculate mode
```

```
marks <- c(97,78,57,78,97,66,87,64,87,78)
```

```
mode = function(){
```

```
  return(names(sort(-table(marks)))[1])
```

```
}
```

```
mode()
```

```
# calculate central tendency on imported files
```

```
myData = read.csv("CardioGoodFitness.csv")
```

```
print(head(myData))
```

```
# calculate mean on imported files
```

```
myData = read.csv("CardioGoodFitness.csv")
```

```
mean = mean(myData$Age)
```

```
print(mean)
```

```
# calculate median
```

```
median = median(myData$Age)
```

```
print(median)
```

```
# calculate mode
```

```
mode = function(){
```

```
  return(sort(-table(myData$Age))[1])
```

```
}
```

```
mode()
```

```
# calculate mode using modeest library
```

```
install.packages("modeest")
```

```
library(modeest)
```

```
myData = read.csv("CardioGoodFitness.csv")
```

```
mode = mfv(myData$Age)
```

```
print(mode)
```

EXPERIMENT 5

```
# calculate range of vectors
```

```
x <- c(5,5,8,12,15,16)
```

```
print(range(x))
```

```
# using max() and min() function
```

```
print(max(x) - min(x))
```

```
# to calculate standard deviation on vector
```

```
x <- c(5,5,8,12,15,16)
```

```
d <- sqrt(var(x))
```

```
print(d)
```

```
# calculate variance
```

```
x <- c(5,5,8,12,15,16)
```

```
print(var(x))
```

```
# calculate percentile
```

```
x <- c(5,5,8,12,15,16)
```

```
res <- quantile(x, probs = 0.5)
```

```
res
```

```
# calculate interquartile range on vectors
```

```
x <- c(5,5,8,12,15,16)
```

```
print(IQR(x))
```

```
# calculate variability on imported files
```

```
myData = read.csv("CardioGoodFitness.csv")
```

```
print(head(myData))
```

```
# calculate range
```

```
print(range(myData$Miles))
```

```
print(max(myData$Miles) - min(myData$Miles))
```

```
# calculate SD
```

```
print(sqrt(var(myData$Miles)))
```

```
print(sd(myData$Miles))
```

```
# calculate variance
```

```
print(var(myData$Miles))
```

```
# calculate percentile
```

```
print(quantile(myData$Miles , probs = 0.5))
```

```

# Horizontal Bar plot for
# ozone concentration in air
barplot(airquality$Ozone,
        main = 'Ozone Concentration in air',
        xlab = 'ozone levels' , horiz = TRUE)

# vertical Bar Plot for
# Ozone Concentration in air
barplot(airquality$Ozone, main = 'Ozone Concentration in air' ,
        xlab = 'ozone levels' , col = 'blue' , horiz = FALSE)

data(airquality)
hist(airquality$Temp , main="La Guardia Airport's\
Maximum Temperature(Daily)",
     xlab="Temperature(Fahrenheit)",
     xlim=c(50,125),col="green")

# Box plot for average wind speed
data(airquality)
boxplot(airquality$Wind , main="Average Wind Speed\
at La Guarda Airport " ,
        xlab="Miles Per Hour" , yabl="wind" ,
        col="yellow" , border = "red" ,
        horizontal = TRUE , notch = TRUE)

# Multiple box plots , each representing
# an air quality parameter
boxplot(airquality[,0:4],
        main = 'Box Plots for Air Quality parameters')

```

```
# scatter plots for ozone concentration per month
data("airquality")
plot(airquality$Ozone , airquality$Month,
     main="scatterplot example" ,
     xlab = "ozone concentration in parts per billion" ,
     ylab ="Month of observation" , pch=19)
```

```
# set seed for reproducibility
# set.seed(110)
# create example data
data <- matrix(rnorm(50,0,5), nrow =5 , ncol=5)
#column names
colnames(data) <- paste0("col",1:5)
rownames(data) <- paste0("row" , 1:5)
# draw a heatmap
heatmap(data)
```

```
# adding titles and labelling axes to plot
cone <- function(x,y){
  sqrt(x^2+y^2)
}
#prepare variables
x <- y <- seq(-1,1, length = 30)
z <- outer(x,y,cone)
# plot the 3D surface
# adding titles and labelling axes to plot
persp(x,y,z,
      main="perspective plot of a cone" ,
      zlab = "height" ,
      theta = 30 , phi=15,
      col="lightgreen" , shade=0.4)
```

EXPERIMENT 7

date()

get current date

Sys.Date()

Sys.time()

get current date using lubridate package

install.packages('lubridate')

library(lubridate)

now()

extract years, months , days from multiple date values in r

library(lubridate)

dates <- c("2022-07-11" , "2012-04-19" , "2017-03-08")

year(dates)

month(dates)

mday(dates)

manipulate date values in R

my_date <- as.Date("2004-01-22")

my_date

class(my_date)

format(my_date , "%d-%m-%Y")

format(my_date , "%Y-%h-%d")

format(my_date , "%Y-%m-%d-%H-%M-%S")

format(my_date , "%Y/%m/%d")

update()

date <- ymd("2004-01-22")

update(date,year = 2008 , month = 2 , mday = 1)

update(date,minute =10,second=2)