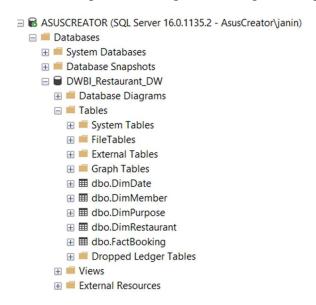
1. Data Source

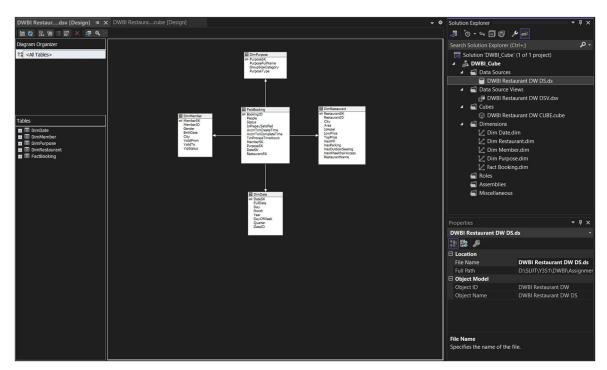
The data source taken for implementation was the DWBI_Restaurant_DW database created in previous assignment using an ELT project in Visual studio (SSIS).



2. SSAS Cube Implementation

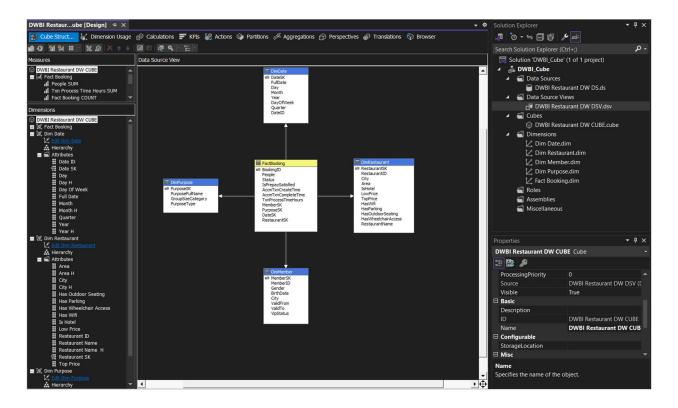
2.1. Data Sources, Source Views

Using the Chosen Datawarehouse as the source, all tables were bought and created a source view.



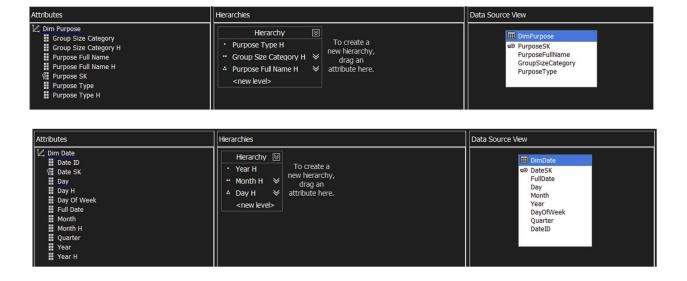
2.2. Creating Cube

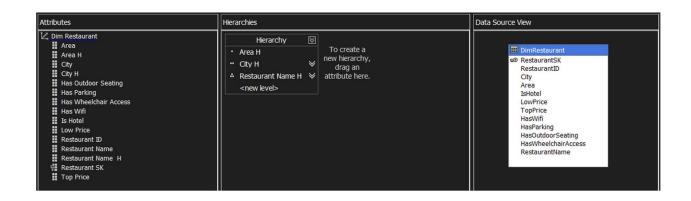
The cube was created properly with all dimensions having relationships with the fact table as well as all attributes selected from the tables.

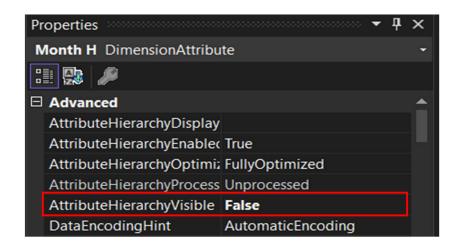


2.3. Creating Hierarchies

Three hierarchies were created for Date Dimension, Restaurant Dimension & Purpose Dimension. Note that attributes used for hierarchies are repeated (they are set to false in the AttributeHierarchyVisible property of the attribute). This is due to certain attributes getting recognized based on uniqueness of itself as well as attribute above/below it, leading to same values recognized as different.

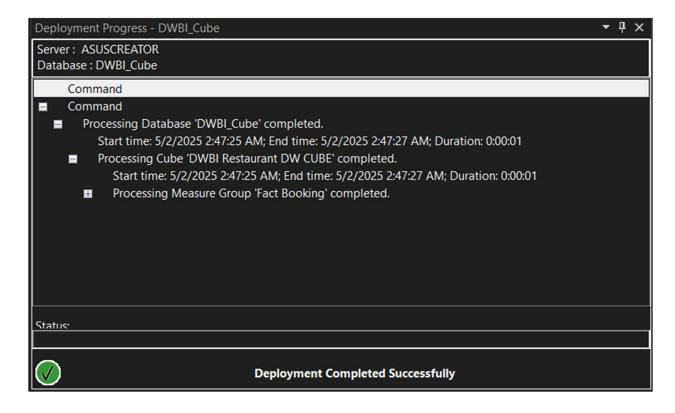






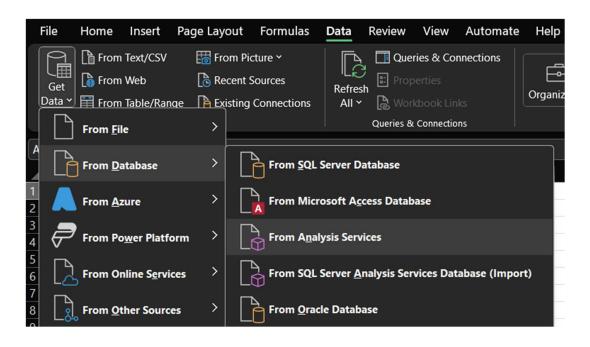
2.4. Cube Deployment

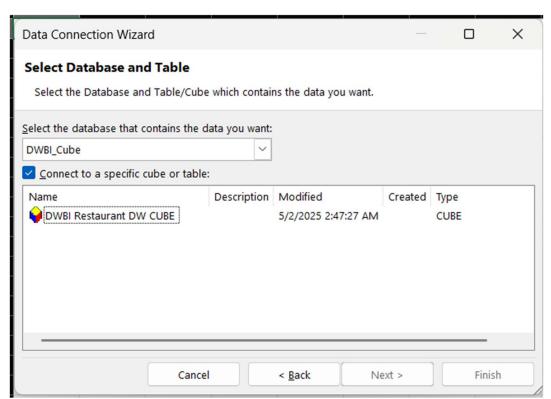
After processing each table for errors and succeeding, the cube was deployed. Certain tweaks and adjustments had to be made to fix certain errors. At the end, the cube was deployed into the server.



3. OLAP Operations

3.1. Connecting to a Cube using Excel

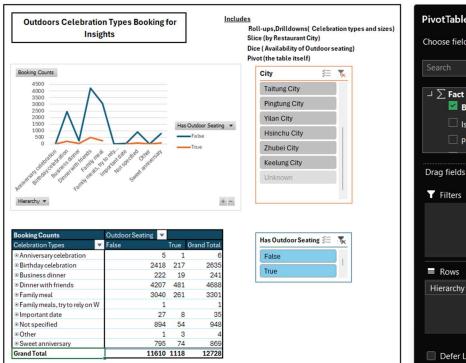


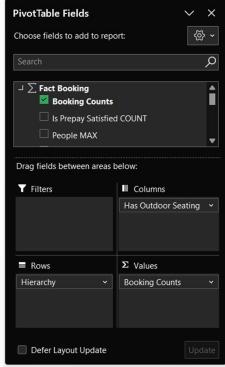


3.2.OLAP Operations

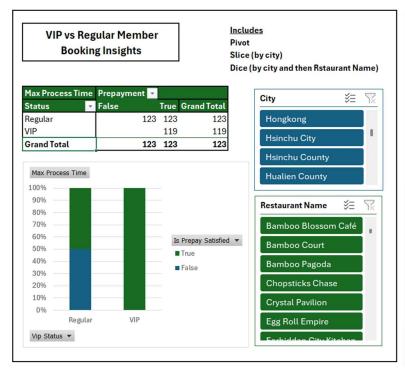
Three Different Pivot Charts Combined with Charts were used to demonstrate all 5 OLAP Operations.

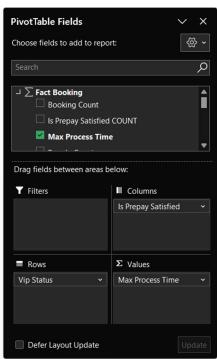
3.2.1. Table 1 - Pivot, Slice, Dice, Roll-ups, Drilldowns



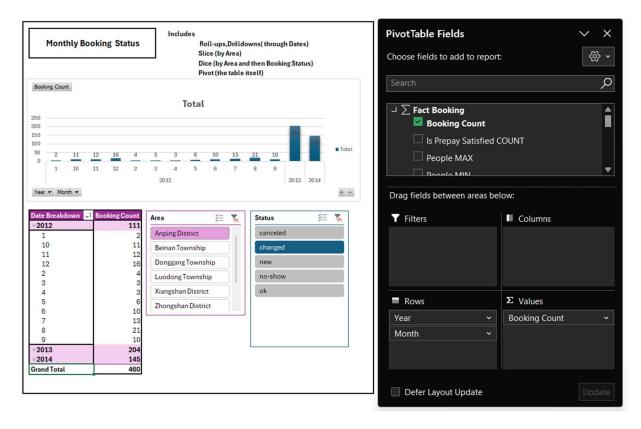


3.2.2. Table 2 – Pivot, Slice, Dice





3.2.3. Table 3 – Roll-up, Drill-Down, Slice, Dice



For **Rollups and Drilldowns**, Hierarchical Attributes were chosen which may be aggregated on viewed more in detail based on your current level.

For **Slicing**, a slicer was inserted into the table, and for dicing, a second slicer was inserted for a different attribute.

Column charts were used for Virtualization and the pivot tables also helped us find any error in Cube implementation which was resolve properly.

4. Power BI Reports

4.1. Report 1: Tabular Data with Bookings Matrix

Show total bookings and guest count by City and Restaurant, organized across Year and Month. The matrix helps identify high-performing restaurants and time trends.

The report uses a **Matrix visual** showing City and Restaurant Name as rows, and Year and Month as columns, with values set to Booking Count and Sum of People. Two **slicers** are added—one for City and another for Month—to let users filter the view interactively.

ear H	2012		2013		2014		Total		
ty	Booking Count	People Sum	Booking Count	People Sum	Booking Count	People Sum	Booking Count	People Sum	□ 2 □ 3
Hualien City	387	1668	503	2171	192	769	1082	4608	□ 4 □ 5
Akemi House			5	36			5	36	☐ 6
Bamboo Blossom					2	6	2	6	□ 7
Bamboo Blossom Café	25	96	17	66	9	31	51	193	■ 8
Bamboo Essence			9	21	6	13	15	34	□ 9
Crystal Dragon			3	11	3	10	6	21	□ 10 □ 11
Crystal Lotus					1	1	1	- 1	☐ 12
Crystal Pavilion	5	28	14	45			19	73	Select City
Emerald Pagoda	21	137	7	49			28	186	☐ Chiayi City
Fortune Star Noodle House			1	3	1	5	2	8	☐ Douliu City ☐ Hsinchu City
Ginza Grill	3	7					3	7	Hualien City
Golden Dragon	3	12	3	12	1	6	7	30	☐ Keelung City
Golden Essence			1	10	1	2	2	12	☐ Pingtung City ☐ Tainan City
Golden Lantern	49	256	56	251	14	87	119	594	☐ Taitung City
Harmony Fortune					10	30	10	30	☐ Yilan City
Total	387	1668	503	2171	192	769	1082	4608	Zhubei City

4.2. Report 2: Slicing Based Report – Booking trends and Customer insight

Interactively explores booking trends and customer insights across different restaurants and cities. Users can first select a **Restaurant City**, which dynamically filters the **Restaurant Name** slicer (or vice versa) since the same restaurant may exist in different cities as a branch.

Displays booking behaviors, including volume, purpose, and member demographics based on selection.

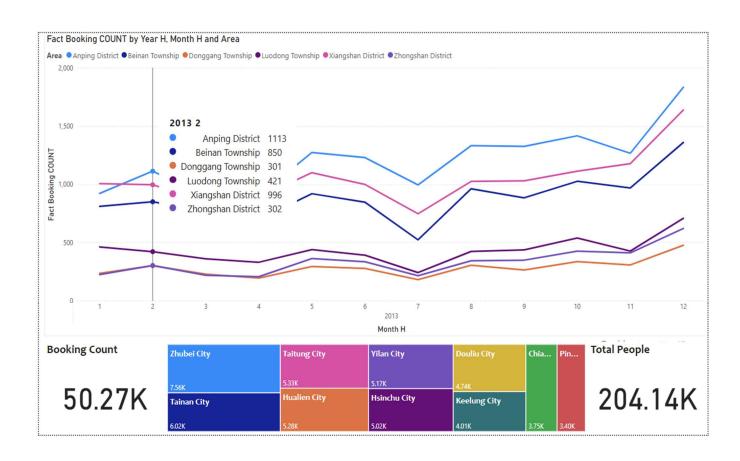
The report includes two cascading slicers (Restaurant City and Restaurant Name), two KPI cards showing total number of people and total processing hours, a column chart comparing monthly booking counts across years, and two pie charts—one showing Purpose Type distribution and another showing Member Gender distribution.



4.3. Report 3: Drill Down report on Booking Count over the years

This report enables users to explore booking trends over time with drill-down functionality, helping identify patterns by year, quarter, and month, segmented by restaurant area.

A line chart with a date hierarchy (Year → Month → Day) on the X-axis and booking count on the Y-axis visualizes temporal trends. Restaurant area acts as the legend for comparison across locations. A Tree Map visual displays booking distribution by restaurant city, while two KPI cards show total bookings and total people to enhance clarity



4.4. Report 4: Drill-Through Report on Booking Purposes

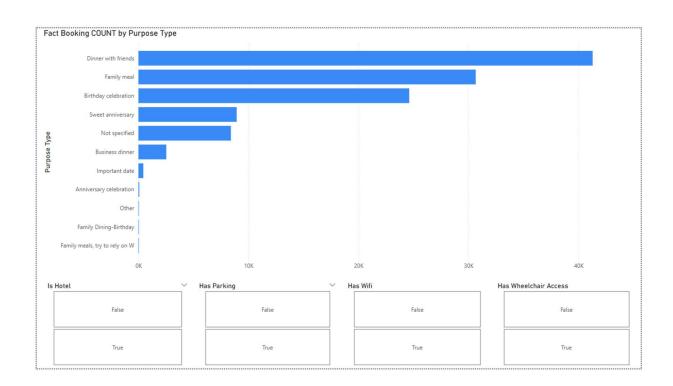
Allows users to explore booking patterns based on Purpose type and then further dice by the restaurant facilities and drill through to view detailed booking and member insights of each purpose type.

Main Page - A bar chart shows Booking Count by Purpose Type, alongside four slicers using fields from DimRestaurant: IsHotel, HasParking, HasWifi, and HasWheelchairAccess.

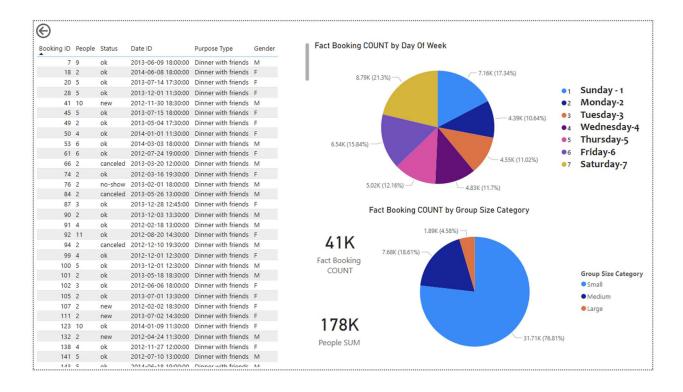
Users can right-click on the bar chart to access a detailed view with:

- A pie chart for Group Size Category
- A pie chart for for Day of Week
- A detailed table showing: BookingID, People, Status, Purpose Type, Date, and Gender

Main Page



Drill Through Page



5. Model View

