Graphs

Updated: 20th July, 2023

Aims

- To create a general purpose graph class.
- To implement search algorithms in the graph class.

Before the Practical

- Read this practical sheet fully before starting.
- Ensure you have completed the activities from previous practicals.

Activities

1. Graph Implementation

Create a `DSAGraph` class using linked lists to store the list of nodes and a `DSAGraphNode` class using linked lists within each node to store the adjacency list.
At a minimum, implement all the methods outlined in the lecture slides for `DSAGraph` and `DSAGraphNode`. You should implement additional methods as necessary to further develop your graph implementation.

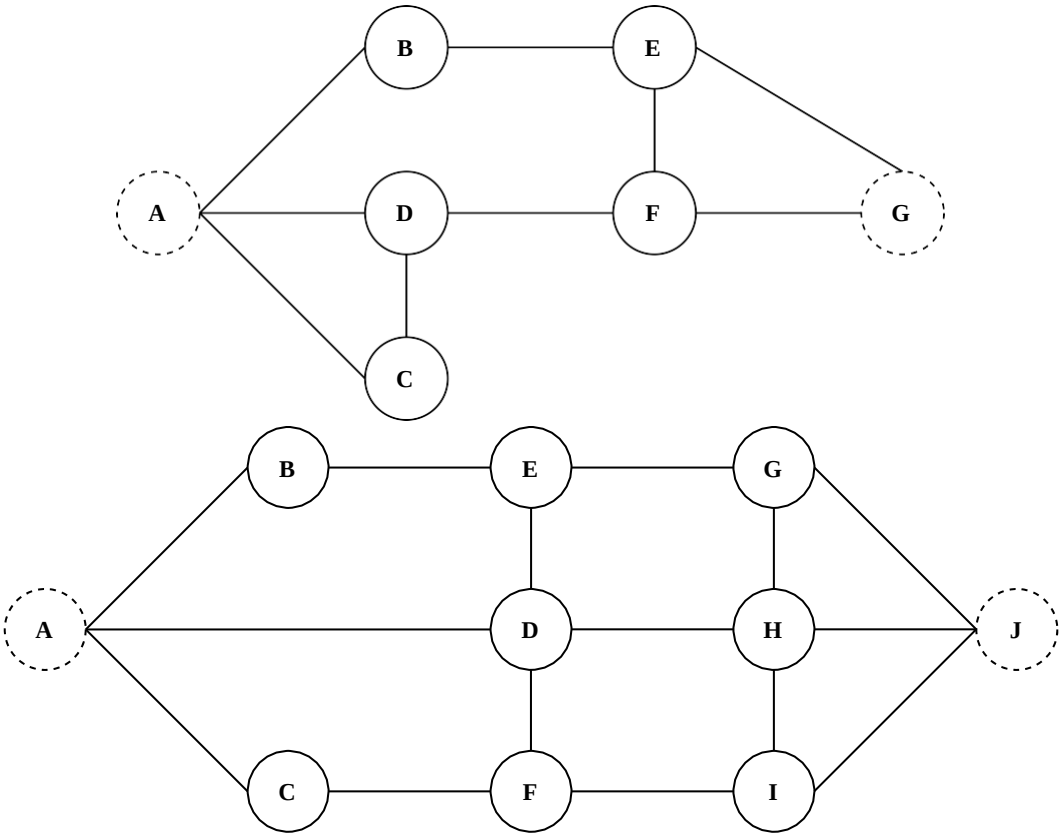
Note:

- Ensure you have implemented your `displayAsList()` and `displayAsMatrix()` methods. .
- There are many choices you may make in developing your graph implementation. Examples include:
  - Directed or undirected graph?
  - Edge creation with non-existent vertices. Should you throw an exception or implement a try/catch to create the vertices?

The implementation of a `DSAGraphEdge` *is optional for this practical.*

2. Manual Depth First Search and Breadth First Search

Consider the following graphs and carry out a Breadth First Search and a Depth First Search *manually* based on the algorithms in the lecture notes. (Assume that they are sorted alphabetically - so you will choose vertices in alphabetical order)



3. Depth First Search and Breadth First Search Implementation

Following the notes from the lecture slides and the pseudocode as a guide, implement methods for `depthFirstSearch()` and `breadthFirstSearch()` in your `DSAGraph` class. Test them against the graphs read in from **Activity 2** and compare your results to those obtained in **Activity 3**.

```
breadthFirstSearch()
        Declare T = DSAQueue and Q = DSAQueue
        Iterate through your vertices list and clear visited
        Reference a vertex from your vertices list as v
        Set v as visited
        Enqueue v into Q
        while Q is not empty
                v = Q.dequeue()
                for each vertex w in v's adjacency list that is unvisited
                        T.enqueue(v)
                        T.enqueue(w)
                        Set w as visited
                        Enqueue w into Q

depthFirstSearch()
        Declare T = DSAQueue and S = DSAStack
        Iterate through your vertices list and clear visited
        Reference a vertex from your vertices list as v
        Set v as visited
        Push v onto S
        while S is not empty
                while there is an unvisited vertex w in v's adjacency list
                (w is the next unvisited vertex in v's adjacency list)
                        T.enqueue(v)
                        T.enqueue(w)
                        Set w as visited
                        Push w onto S
                        v = w
                v = S.pop()
```

Note:

- A helper method can assist with returning w for Depth First Search.
- For alphabetical order preference, you may wish sort your vertices and adjacency lists using a sorting algorithm from Practical 1.

4. Interactive Menu

Setup an interactive menu system to explore creating a graph and graph operations. Include at least the following options:

(a) Add node

(b) Delete node

(c) Add edge

(d) Delete edge

(e) displayAsList

(f) displayAsMatrix

(g) Breadth First Search

(h) Depth First Search

Submission Deliverable

- Your code are due 2 weeks from your current tutorial session.
  - You will demonstrate your work to your tutors during that session
  - If you have completed the practical earlier, you can demonstrate your work during the next session
- You must **submit** your code and any test data that you have been using **electronically via Blackboard** under the *Assessments* section before your demonstration.
  - Java students, please do not submit the *.class files

Marking Guide

Your submission will be marked as follows:

- [3] Your DSAGraph is implemented correctly.
- [3] You have manually worked through the depth first search and breadth first search problems - submit a .pdf or image file.
- [6] You have implemented the depth first search and breadth first search methods.
- [8] Interactive menu for the graph operations.

End of Worksheet