

**make
history.**

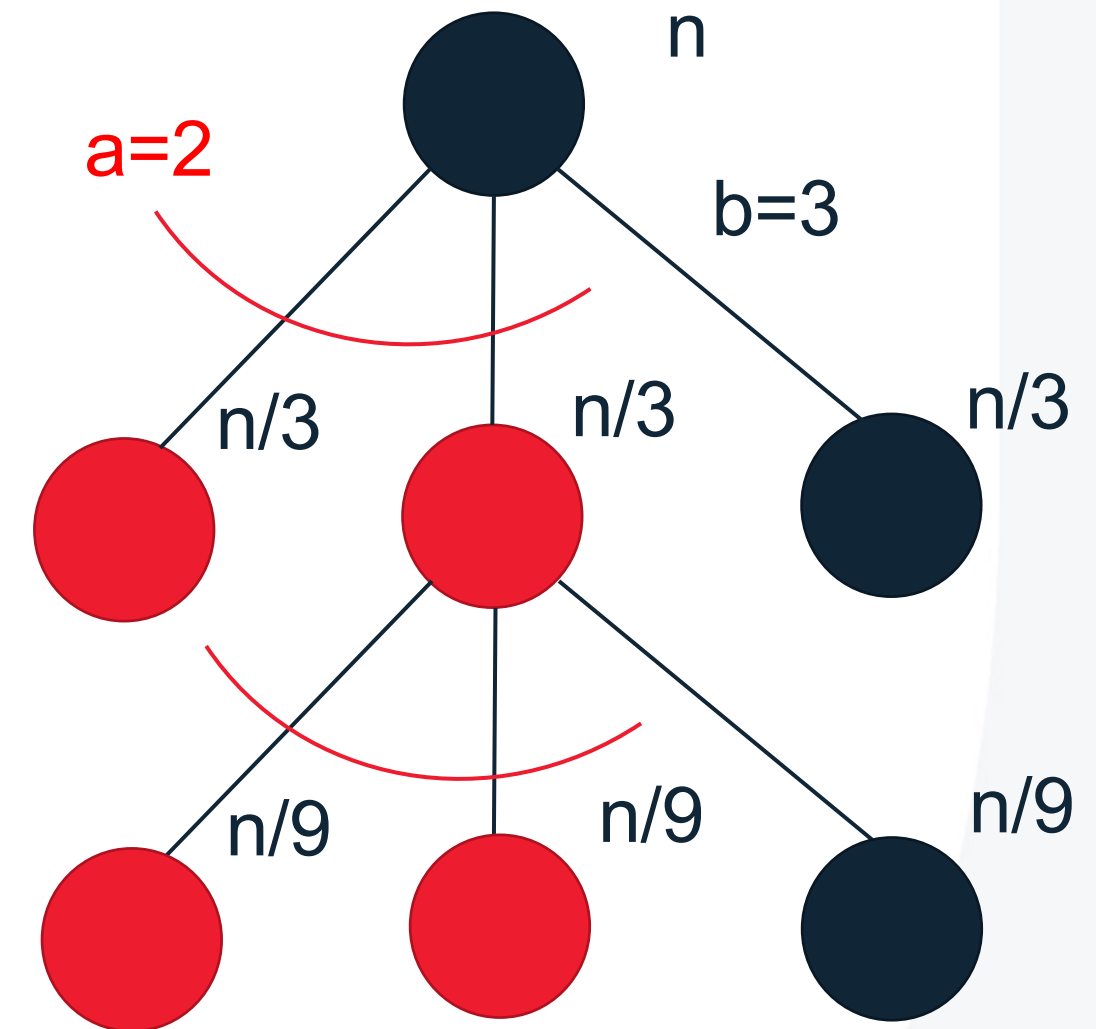


Master theorem

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Divide and conquer

- Create ***a*** subproblems, each having size ***n/b***
- Call the procedure recursively on each subproblem
- Combine the results from the subproblems

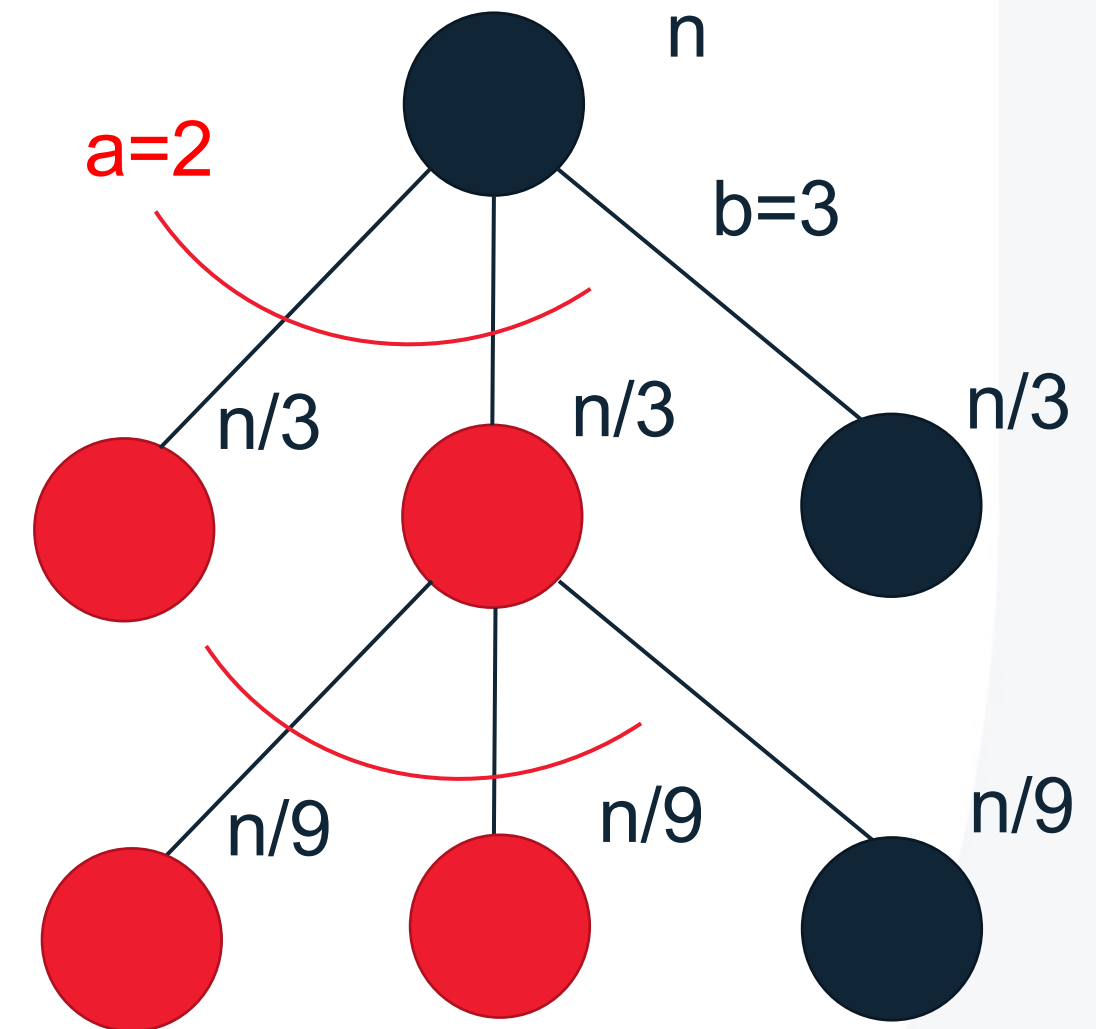


Master theorem

$$T(n) = a T\left(\frac{n}{b}\right) + f(n)$$

$T(n)$ – computational complexity to solve problem of size n ;

$f(n)$ – computational complexity to combine results from subproblems.



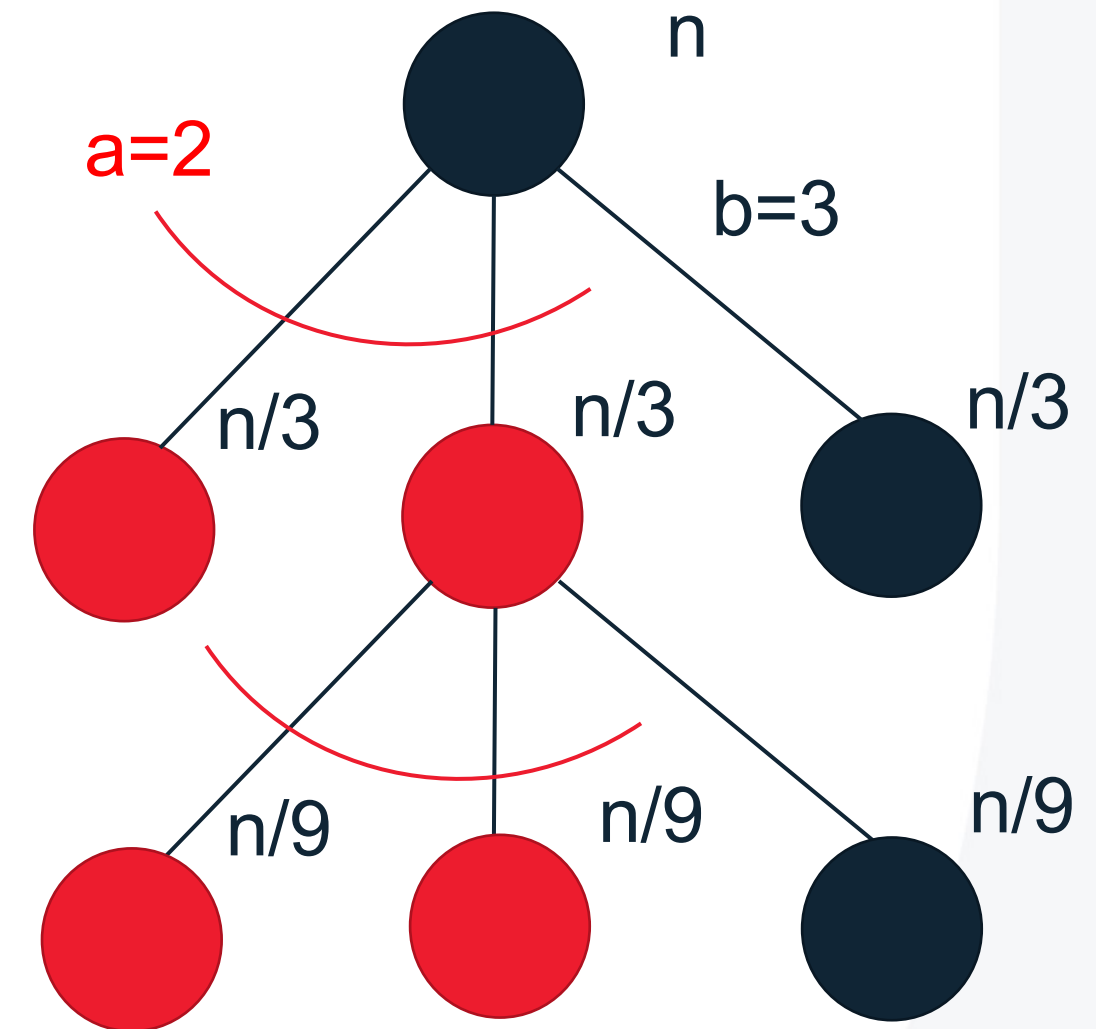
Master theorem

For constants $a \geq 1, b \geq 2, d \geq 0$ and $f(n) \in \Theta(n^d)$,
consider the recurrence:

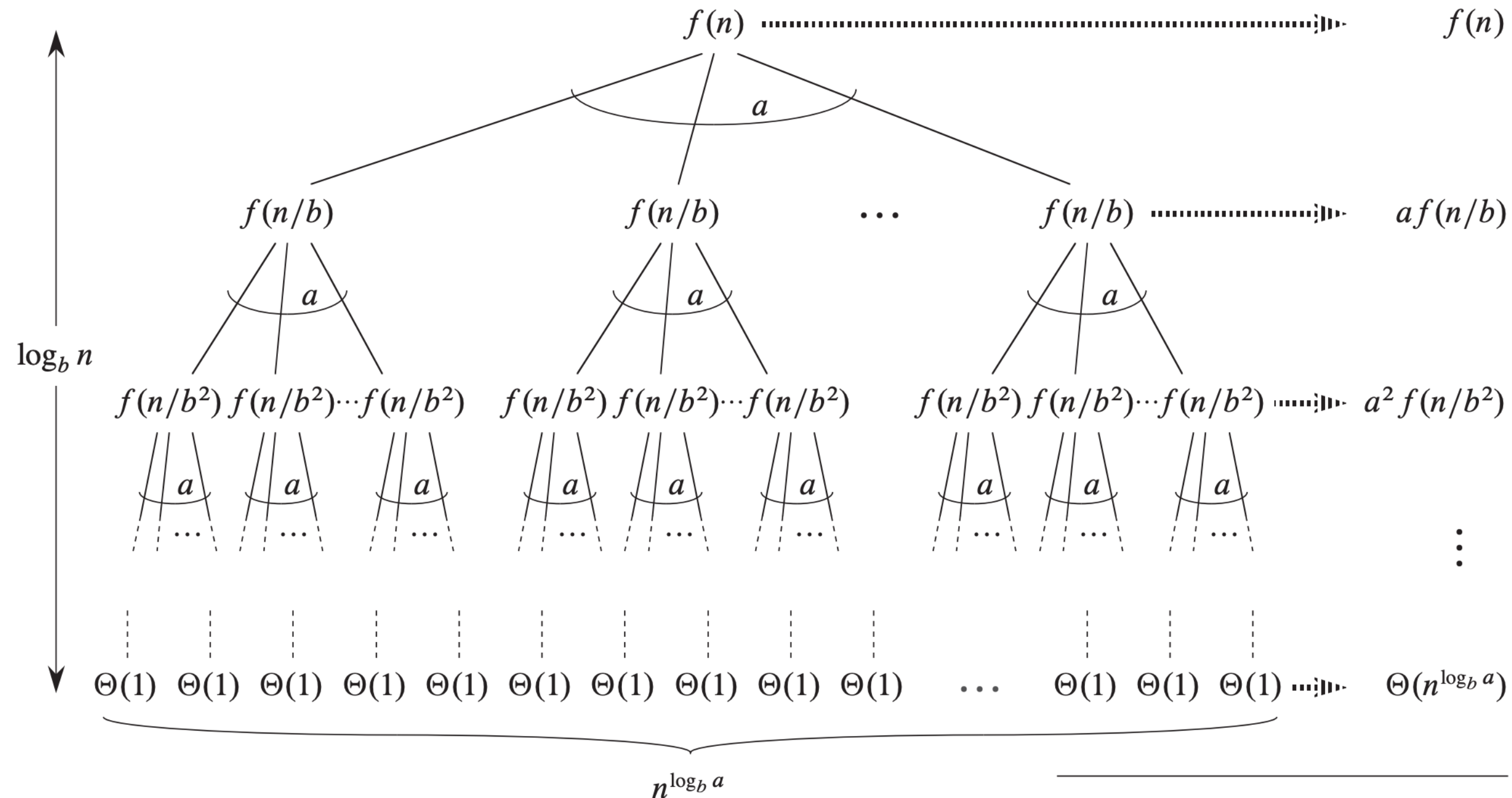
$$T(n) = a T\left(\frac{n}{b}\right) + f(n)$$

then

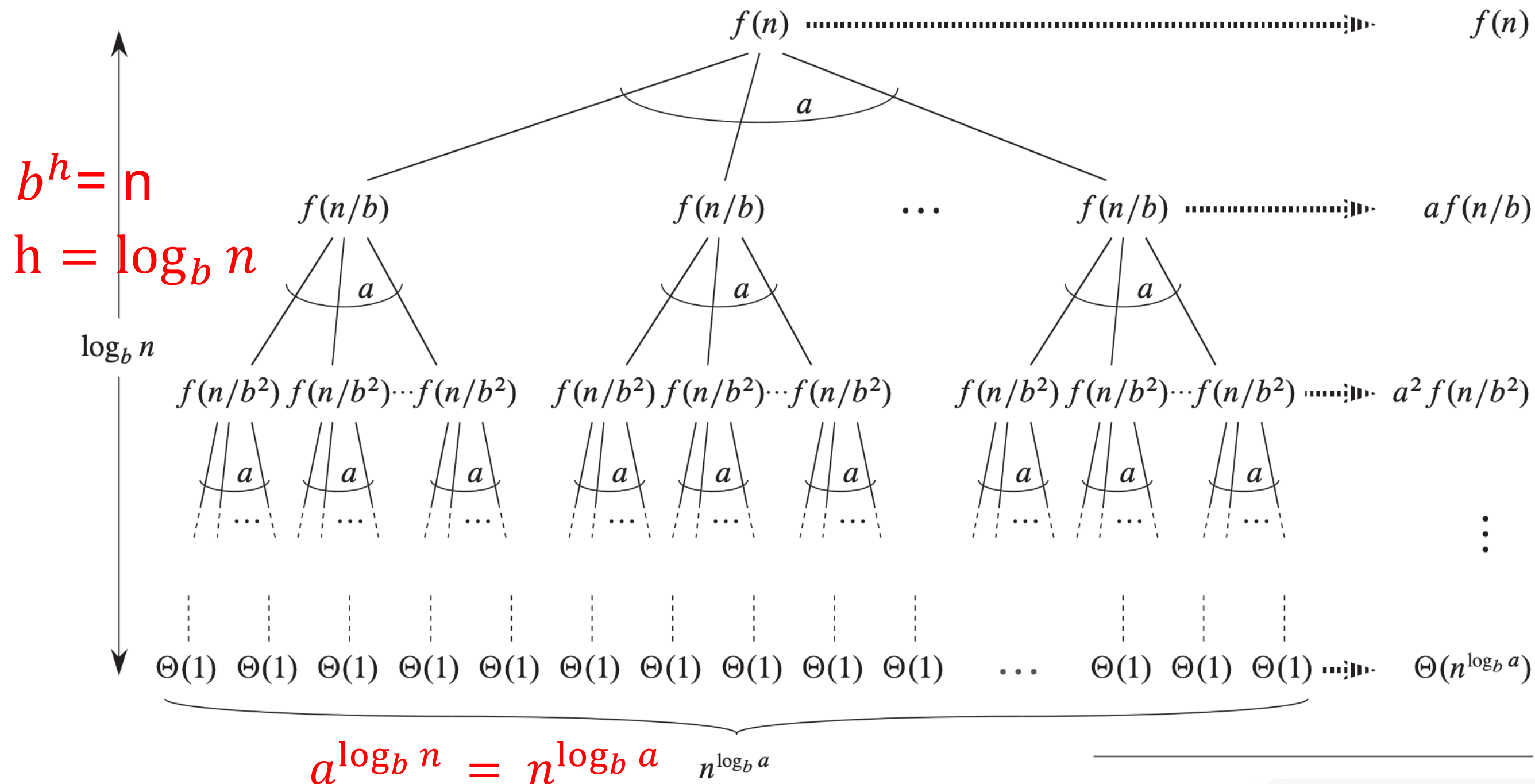
$$T(n) \in \begin{cases} \Theta(n^d), & \text{if } a < b^d \\ \Theta(n^d \log n), & \text{if } a = b^d \\ \Theta(n^{\log_b a}), & \text{if } a > b^d \end{cases}$$

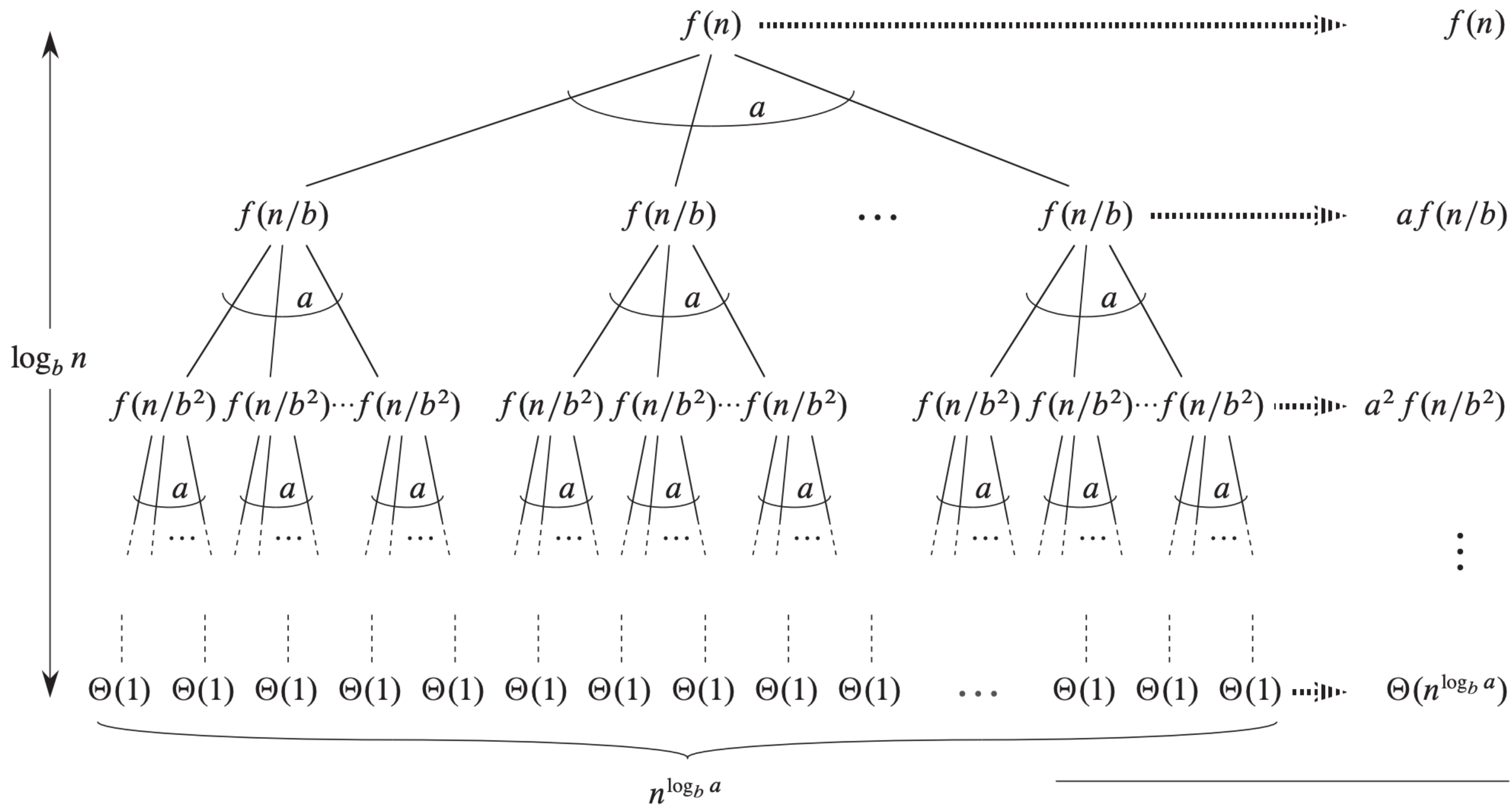


Master theorem



Master theorem





$$\Theta(n^{\log_b a}) + \sum_{j=0}^{\log_b n - 1} a^j \left(\frac{n^d}{b^{dj}} \right) = \Theta(n^{\log_b a}) + n^d \sum_{j=0}^{\log_b n - 1} \left(\frac{a^j}{b^{dj}} \right)$$