

ingredients (generic function with 1 method)

Project: Titanic - Machine Learning from Disaster

Overview

1. Exploring the data
2. Data Cleaning / Preprocessing
3. Model Building
4. Results

- using Plots

- using CSV

- using DataFrames

- using ScikitLearn

- using VegaLite

- using Statistics

- using Distributions

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age
1	1	0	3	"Braund, Mr. Owen Harris"	"male"	22.0
2	2	1	1	"Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs T. B.)"	"female"	38.0
3	3	1	3	"Heikkinen, Miss. Laina"	"female"	26.0
4	4	1	1	"Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)"	"female"	35.0
5	5	0	3	"Allen, Mr. William Henry"	"male"	35.0
6	6	0	3	"Moran, Mr. James"	"male"	mis
7	7	0	1	"McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J"	"male"	54.0
8	8	0	3	"Palsson, Master. Gosta Leonard"	"male"	2.0
9	9	1	3	"Johnson, Mrs. Oscar W (Elisabeth Vilhjalmsdottir)"	"female"	27.0
10	10	1	2	"Nasser, Mrs. Nicholas (Adele Achem)"	"female"	14.0
more						
891	891	0	3	"Dooley, Mr. Patrick"	"male"	32.0

```

• begin
•     # load Train Data
•     path_train = "train.csv"
•     data_train = CSV.read(path_train, DataFrame)
• end

```

	PassengerId	Pclass	Name	Sex	Age	Sil
1	892	3	"Kelly, Mr. James"	"male"	34.5	0
2	893	3	"Wilkes, Mrs. James (Ellen Needs)"	"female"	47.0	1
3	894	2	"Myles, Mr. Thomas Francis"	"male"	62.0	0
4	895	3	"Wirz, Mr. Albert"	"male"	27.0	0
5	896	3	"Hirvonen, Mrs. Alexander (Helga E Lin	"female"	22.0	1
6	897	3	"Svensson, Mr. Johan Cervin"	"male"	14.0	0
7	898	3	"Connolly, Miss. Kate"	"female"	30.0	0
8	899	2	"Caldwell, Mr. Albert Francis"	"male"	26.0	1
9	900	3	"Abraham, Mrs. Joseph (Sophie Halaut E	"female"	18.0	0
10	901	3	"Davies, Mr. John Samuel"	"male"	21.0	2
more						
418	1309	3	"Peter, Master. Michael J"	"male"	missing	1

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```

• begin
•     # Load Test Data
•     path_test = "test.csv"
•     data_test = CSV.read(path_test, DataFrame)
• end

```

Exploring the data

	variable	mean	min	median	max
1	:PassengerId	446.0	1	446.0	891
2	:Survived	0.383838	0	0.0	1
3	:Pclass	2.30864	1	3.0	3
4	:Name	nothing	"Abbing, Mr. Anthony"	nothing	"van Melkebeke, Mr. Philemo
5	:Sex	nothing	"female"	nothing	"male"
6	:Age	29.6991	0.42	28.0	80.0
7	:SibSp	0.523008	0	0.0	8
8	:Parch	0.381594	0	0.0	6
9	:Ticket	nothing	"110152"	nothing	"WE/P 5735"
10	:Fare	32.2042	0.0	14.4542	512.329
11	:Cabin	nothing	"A10"	nothing	"T"
12	:Embarked	nothing	"C"	nothing	"S"

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- `describe(data_train)`

	variable	mean	min	median	m
1	:PassengerId	1100.5	892	1100.5	1309
2	:Pclass	2.26555	1	3.0	3
3	:Name	nothing	"Abbott, Master. Eugene Joseph"	nothing	"van Billiard, Ma
4	:Sex	nothing	"female"	nothing	"male"
5	:Age	30.2726	0.17	27.0	76.0
6	:SibSp	0.447368	0	0.0	8
7	:Parch	0.392344	0	0.0	9
8	:Ticket	nothing	"110469"	nothing	"W.E.P. 5734"
9	:Fare	35.6272	0.0	14.4542	512.329
10	:Cabin	nothing	"A11"	nothing	"G6"
11	:Embarked	nothing	"C"	nothing	"S"

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- `describe(data_test)`

Data Overview / Plots

Numeric Data

- Age
- SibSp (Siplings and Spouses)
- Parch (Partens and Children)
- Fare

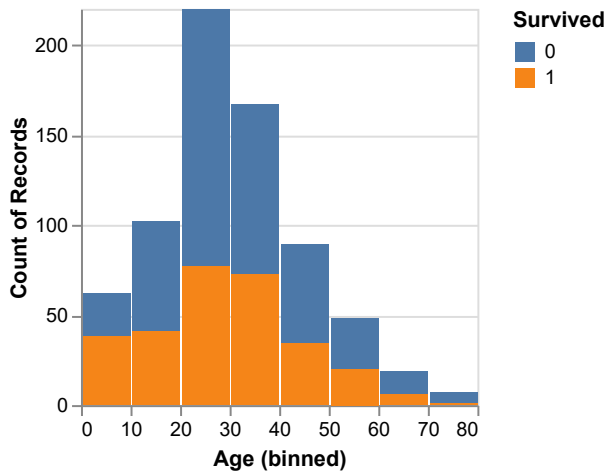
Plots for numeric data

- Histograms to understand distributions
- Correlation Plot

numeric_df =		Age	SibSp	Parch	Fare
1		22.0	1	0	7.25
2		38.0	1	0	71.2833
3		26.0	0	0	7.925
4		35.0	1	0	53.1
5		35.0	0	0	8.05
6		missing	0	0	8.4583
7		54.0	0	0	51.8625
8		2.0	3	1	21.075
9		27.0	0	2	11.1333
10		14.0	1	0	30.0708
more					
891		32.0	0	0	7.75

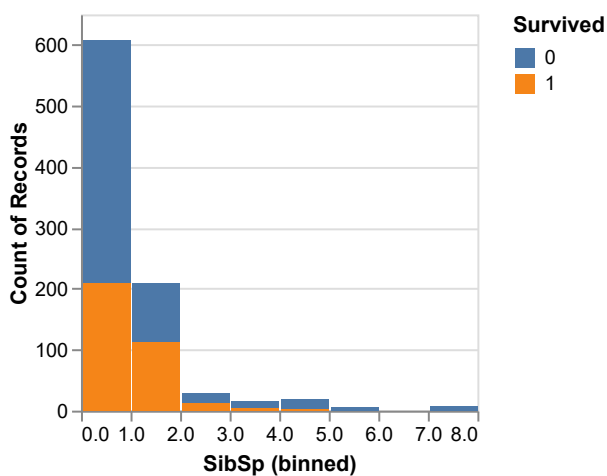
```
• numeric_df = data_train[:,[:Age,:SibSp,:Parch,:Fare]]
```

hist_Age =



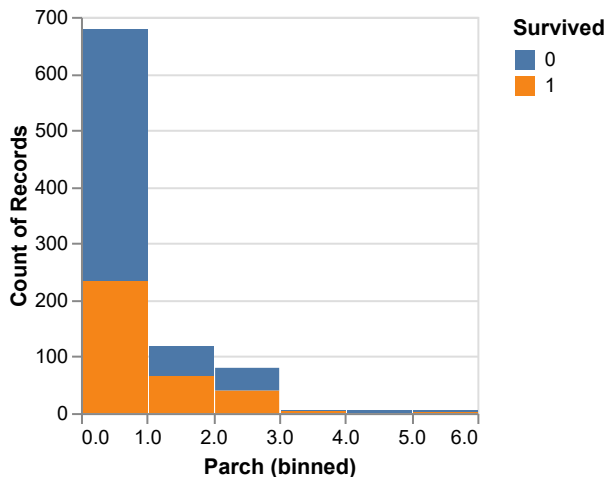
- `hist_Age= @vlpplot(data=data_train)+`
- `@vlpplot(:bar, x={:Age, bin=true}, y="count()", color={:Survived, type = "nominal"})`

hist_SibSp =



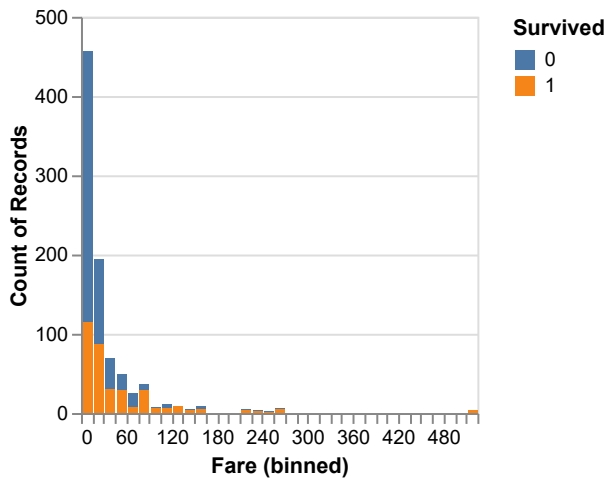
- `hist_SibSp= @vlpplot(data=data_train)+`
- `@vlpplot(:bar, x={:SibSp, bin=true}, y="count()", color={:Survived, type = "nominal"})`

hist_Parch =



- `hist_Parch = @vlpplot(data=data_train)+`
- `@vlpplot(:bar, x={:Parch , bin=true}, y="count()", color={:Survived, type = "nominal"})`

hist_Fare =



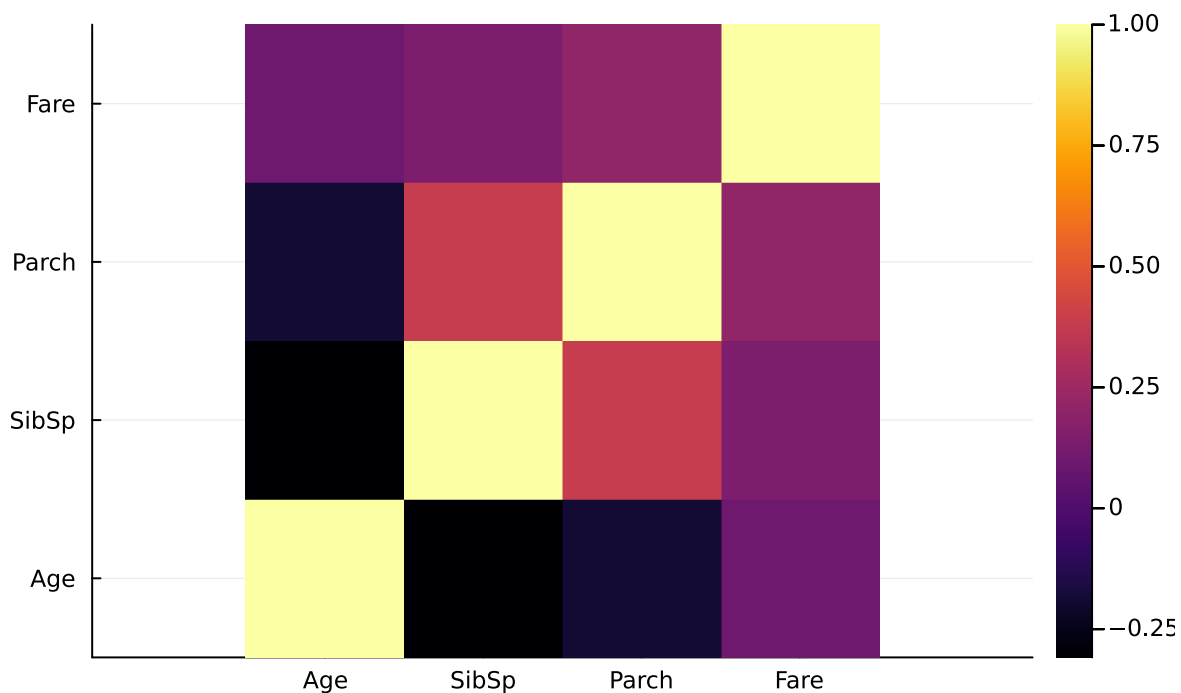
```
hist_Fare = @vplot(data=data_train)+
  @vplot(:bar, x={:Fare, bin={step=15}}, y="count()", color={:Survived, type =
    "nominal"})
```

```
cor_numeric = 4x4 Matrix{Float64}:
  1.0      -0.308247  -0.189119  0.0960667
 -0.308247  1.0      0.38382   0.138329
 -0.189119  0.38382   1.0      0.205119
 0.0960667  0.138329  0.205119  1.0
```

```
cor_numeric=cor(Matrix(dropmissing(numeric_df)))
```

GRBackend()

```
gr()
```



```
Plots.heatmap(names(numeric_df),names(numeric_df),cor_numeric,aspect_ratio = 1)
```

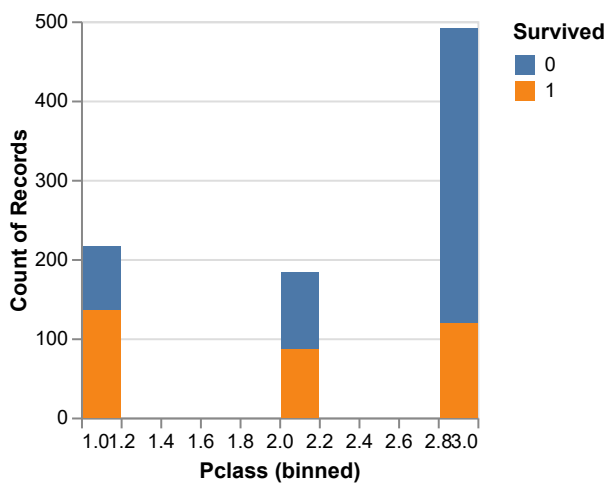
Categorical

- Survived
- Pclass
- Sex
- (Cabin)
- Embarked

Plots for Categorical Data

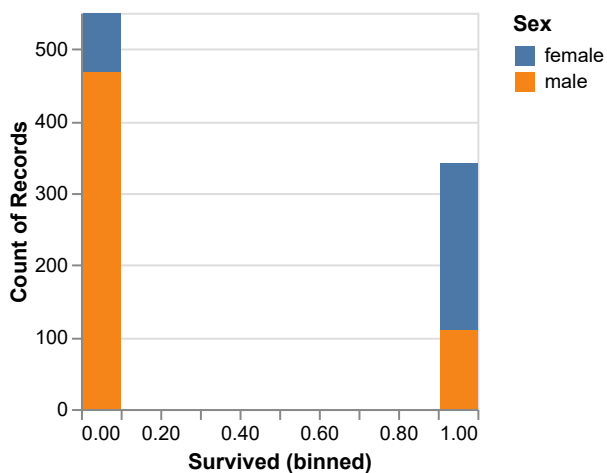
- Bar charts to understand balance of classes

bar_Pclass =



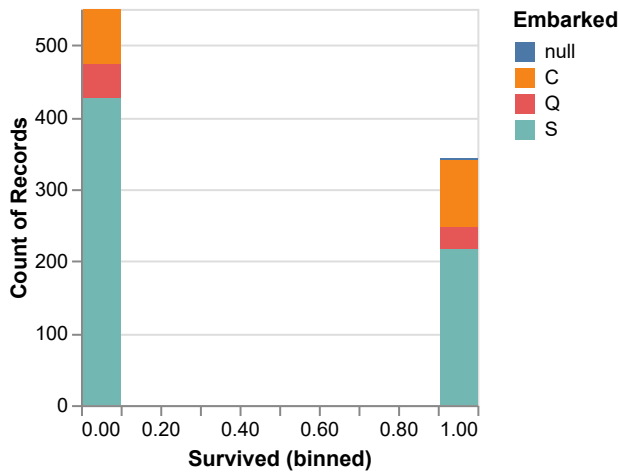
```
• bar_Pclass = @vplot(data=data_train)+  
• @vplot(:bar, x={:Pclass , bin=true}, y="count()", color={:Survived, type =  
  "nominal"})
```

bar_Sex =



```
• bar_Sex = @vplot(data=data_train)+  
• @vplot(:bar, x={:Survived , bin=true}, y="count()", color={:Sex, type =  
  "nominal"})
```


bar_Embarked =



```
• bar_Embarked = @vplot(data=data_train)+  
• @vplot(:bar, x={:Survived , bin=true}, y="count()", color={:Embarked, type =  
  "nominal"})
```

Other Data

- Name
- Ticket

891-element SentinelArrays.ChainedVector{String, Vector{String}}:

```
"Braund, Mr. Owen Harris"  
"Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer)"  
"Heikkinen, Miss. Laina"  
"Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel)"  
"Allen, Mr. William Henry"  
"Moran, Mr. James"  
"McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J"  
:  
"Rice, Mrs. William (Margaret Norton)"  
"Montvila, Rev. Juozas"  
"Graham, Miss. Margaret Edith"  
"Johnston, Miss. Catherine Helen \"Carrie\""  
"Behr, Mr. Karl Howell"  
"Dooley, Mr. Patrick"
```

```
• data_train.Name
```

891-element SentinelArrays.ChainedVector{String31, Vector{String31}}:

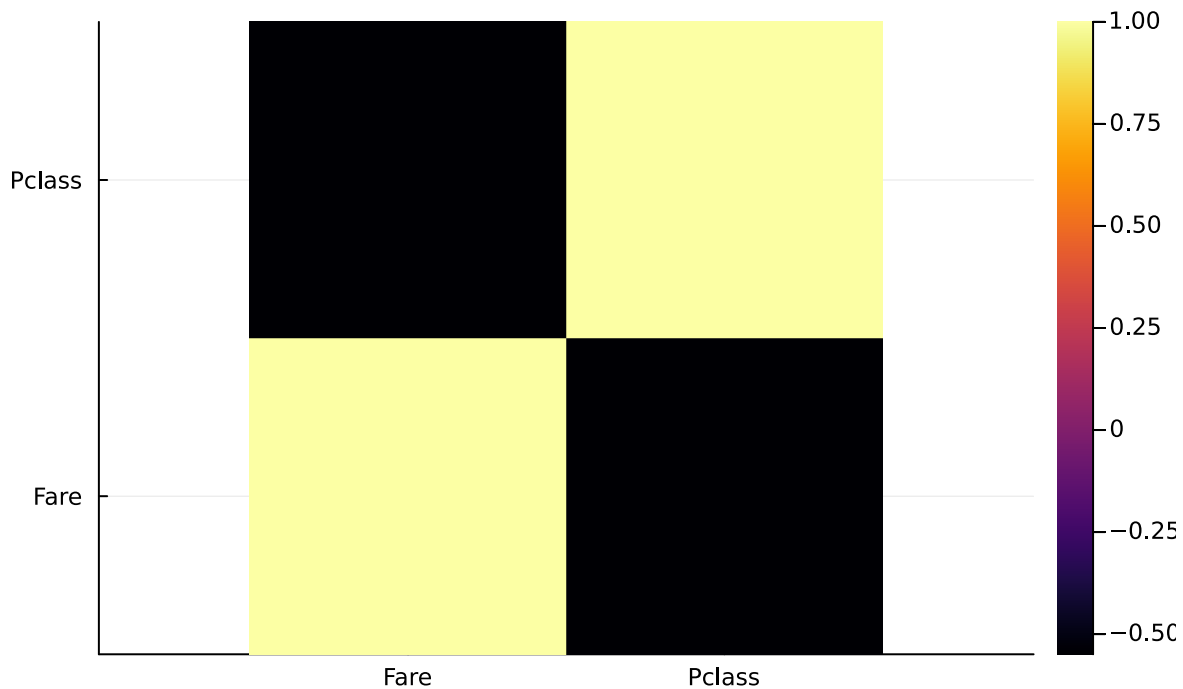
```
"A/5 21171"  
"PC 17599"  
"STON/O2. 3101282"  
"113803"  
"373450"  
"330877"  
"17463"  
:  
"382652"  
"211536"  
"112053"  
"W./C. 6607"  
"111369"  
"370376"
```

```
• data_train.Ticket
```

```
2x2 Matrix{Float64}:
```

```
 1.0   -0.5495  
-0.5495  1.0
```

```
• begin  
•   # correlation between Pclass and Fare  
•   dat = dropmissing(select(data_train, [:Fare, :Pclass]))  
•   cor_Pclass_Fare=cor(Matrix(dat))  
• end
```



```
• begin  
•   gr()  
•   Plots.heatmap(names(dat),names(dat),cor_Pclass_Fare,aspect_ratio = 1)  
• end
```

Conclusion

Dealing with missing values

The training data set has a total of 891 samples.

- Age
 - 177 missing values (in training data)
 - replace missing values with mean \pm sd
- Cabin
 - 687 missing values (in training data)
 - don't use Cabin as feature
- Embarked
 - 2 missing values (in training data)
 - drop missing
- Fare
 - high (negative) correlation with class
 - if missing: replace with mean for the corresponding class

Feature Selection

Y = Survived

- Exclude:
 - PassengerId
 - Name
 - Ticket
 - Cabin
- Include:
 - Pclass
 - Sex
 - Age
 - SibSp and Parch
 - Fare
 - Embarked

Data Cleaning

clean_function = Main.var"final_function.jl"

- clean_function = ingredients("final_function.jl")

	Age	Relatives	pclass_3	pclass_1	pclass_2	sex_male	sex_female	Fa
1	0.278455	0.1	true	false	false	true	false	0.014
2	0.477502	0.1	false	true	false	false	true	0.139
3	0.328217	0.0	true	false	false	false	true	0.014
4	0.440181	0.1	false	true	false	false	true	0.103
5	0.440181	0.0	true	false	false	true	false	0.014
6	0.241871	0.0	true	false	false	true	false	0.016
7	0.676549	0.0	false	true	false	true	false	0.103
8	0.0296465	0.4	true	false	false	true	false	0.043
9	0.340657	0.2	true	false	false	false	true	0.023
10	0.178932	0.1	false	false	true	false	true	0.058
more								
889	0.402859	0.0	true	false	false	true	false	0.014

• `df_train_X, train_y = clean_function.final_function_train(data_train)`

`df_test_X =`

	Age	Relatives	pclass_3	pclass_2	pclass_1	sex_male	sex_female	Fare
1	0.480632	0.0	true	false	false	true	false	0.0152816
2	0.637068	0.1	true	false	false	false	true	0.0136631
3	0.824791	0.0	false	true	false	true	false	0.0189087
4	0.38677	0.0	true	false	false	true	false	0.0169081
5	0.324196	0.2	true	false	false	false	true	0.0239836
6	0.224077	0.0	true	false	false	true	false	0.018006
7	0.424315	0.0	true	false	false	false	true	0.0148912
8	0.374255	0.2	false	true	false	true	false	0.0566042
9	0.274136	0.0	true	false	false	false	true	0.0141105
10	0.311681	0.2	true	false	false	true	false	0.0471377
more								
418	0.530825	0.2	true	false	false	true	false	0.0436405

• `df_test_X = clean_function.final_function_test(data_test)`

```
(889x11 Matrix{Float64}:
 0.278455  0.1  1.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0141511  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.480632  0.0  1.0
 0.477502  0.1  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.139136  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.637068  0.1  1.0
 0.328217  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0154686  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.824791  0.0  0.0
 0.440181  0.1  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.103644  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.38677  0.0  1.0
 0.440181  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0157126  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.324196  0.2  1.0
 0.241871  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0165095  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.224077  0.0  1.0
 0.676549  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.101229  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.424315  0.0  1.0
 ⋮
 0.489942  0.5  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0568482  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.399285  0.0  1.0
 0.340657  0.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  1.0  0.0  0.0253743  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.604535  0.0  1.0
 0.241134  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0585561  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.536949  0.0  0.0
 0.444414  0.3  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0457714  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.530692  0.0  1.0
 0.328217  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0585561  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.44686  0.0  1.0
 0.402859  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.0  0.015127  0.0  0.0  1.0  0.530825  0.2  1.0
```

```
• train_X, test_X = Matrix{Float64}(df_train_X), Matrix{Float64}(df_test_X)
```

Model Building

- Linear Regression
- Ridge Regression
- LASSO Regression
- Logistic Regression
- K Nearest Neighbor
- Decision Tree
- Random Forest
- Naive Bayes

```
PyObject <class 'sklearn.linear_model._base.LinearRegression'>
```

```
• @sk_import linear_model: LinearRegression
```

```
PyObject <class 'sklearn.linear_model._ridge.Ridge'>
```

```
• @sk_import linear_model: Ridge
```

```
PyObject <class 'sklearn.linear_model._coordinate_descent.Lasso'>
```

```
• @sk_import linear_model: Lasso
```

```
PyObject <class 'sklearn.linear_model._logistic.LogisticRegression'>
```

```
• @sk_import linear_model: LogisticRegression
```

```
PyObject <class 'sklearn.neighbors._classification.KNeighborsClassifier'>
```

```
• @sk_import neighbors: KNeighborsClassifier
```

```
PyObject <class 'sklearn.tree._classes.DecisionTreeClassifier'>
```

```
• @sk_import tree: DecisionTreeClassifier
```

```
PyObject <class 'sklearn.ensemble._forest.RandomForestClassifier'>
```

```
• @sk_import ensemble: RandomForestClassifier
```

```
PyObject <class 'sklearn.naive_bayes.GaussianNB'>
```

- `@sk_import naive_bayes: GaussianNB`

```
PyObject <class 'sklearn.ensemble._voting.VotingClassifier'>
```

- `@sk_import ensemble: VotingClassifier`

Gridsearching

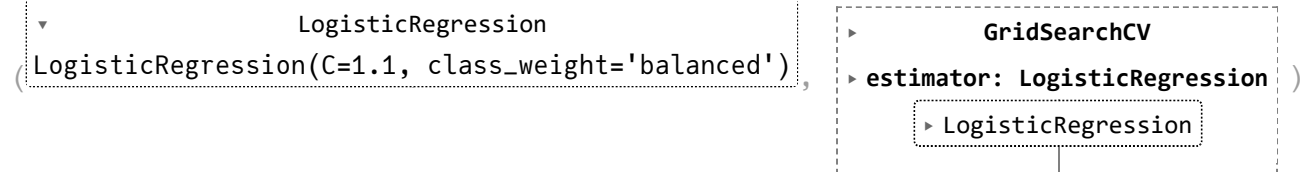
```
bestfit = Main.var"find_best_fit.jl"
```

- `bestfit = ingredients("find_best_fit.jl")`

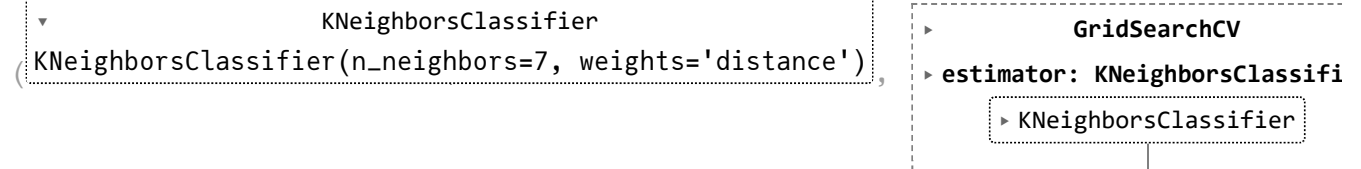
Module `model_selection` has been ported to Julia - try ``import ScikitLearn: CrossValidation`` instead

```
findfit = find_best_fit (generic function with 1 method)
```

- `findfit = bestfit.find_best_fit`



- `findfit(train_X, train_y, LogisticRegression(), Dict("C" => 0.1:0.1:1.5, "class_weight" => ("balanced", nothing)))`
- `# using default`



- `findfit(train_X, train_y, KNeighborsClassifier(), Dict("n_neighbors" => 1:10, "weights" => ("uniform", "distance")))`
- `# using n_neighbors=3`

- `begin`
- `minsplits_dt = []`
- `for i in 1:5`
- `push!(minsplits_dt, findfit(train_X, train_y, DecisionTreeClassifier(),`
- `Dict("criterion" => ("gini", "entropy", "log_loss"), "class_weight" =>`
- `("balanced", nothing), "min_samples_split" => 6:2:20)))`
- `end`
- `end`
- `# using default`

```
[ DecisionTreeClassifier(
  DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight='balanced', criterion='log_loss',
                        min_samples_split=16),
  estimator: DecisionTreeClassifier
  DecisionTreeClassifier
```

```
• minsplits_dt # using min_samples_split=16
```

```
• begin
•   minsplits = []
•   for i in 1:5
•       push!(minsplits, findfit(train_X, train_y, RandomForestClassifier(),
                               Dict("min_samples_split" => 6:10)))
•   end
• end
```

```
[ RandomForestClassifier(
  RandomForestClassifier(min_samples_split=8),
  GridSearchCV(
    estimator: RandomForestClassifier,
    RandomForestClassifier
  ),
  RandomForestClassifier
```

```
• minsplits #using min_samples_split=8
```

Crossvalidation Scoring

```
• using ScikitLearn .CrossValidation: cross_val_score
```

Linear Regression

```
cv_linear = [0.320223, 0.369906, 0.384369, 0.342923, 0.446206]
```

```
• cv_linear = cross_val_score(LinearRegression(), train_X, train_y, cv=5)
```

```
• print(mean(cv_linear))
```

```
0.37272518532863463 ?
```

Ridge Regression

```
cv_ridge = [0.319937, 0.371325, 0.386463, 0.34353, 0.444423]
```

```
• cv_ridge = cross_val_score(Ridge(), train_X, train_y, cv=5)
```

```
• print(mean(cv_ridge))
```

```
0.3731356332626749 ?
```

LASSO Regression

```
cv_lasso = [-0.0228073, -0.0238521, -0.000177285, -0.00315337, -0.00708916]
```

```
• cv_lasso = cross_val_score(Lasso(),train_X,train_y,cv=5)
```

```
• print(mean(cv_lasso))
```

-0.011415839277551543 ?

Logistic Regression

```
cv_logistic = [0.786517, 0.786517, 0.780899, 0.780899, 0.819209]
```

```
• cv_logistic = cross_val_score(LogisticRegression(),train_X,train_y,cv=5)
```

```
• print(mean(cv_logistic))
```

0.790808100044436 ?

K Nearest Neighbor

```
cv_kneighbors = [0.764045, 0.780899, 0.803371, 0.775281, 0.79661]
```

```
• cv_kneighbors =  
  cross_val_score(KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3),train_X,train_y,cv=5)
```

```
• print(mean(cv_kneighbors))
```

0.7840411350219006 ?

Decision Tree

```
cv_destree = [0.803371, 0.747191, 0.842697, 0.820225, 0.79661]
```

```
• cv_destree =  
  cross_val_score(DecisionTreeClassifier(min_samples_split=16),train_X,train_y,cv=5)
```

```
• print(mean(cv_destree))
```

0.8020186631117883 ?

Random Forest

```
cv_randforest = [0.797753, 0.808989, 0.865169, 0.814607, 0.847458]
```

```
• cv_randforest =  
  cross_val_score(RandomForestClassifier(min_samples_split=8),train_X,train_y,cv=5)
```



```
• print(mean(cv_randforest))
```

```
0.8267948962102455
```



Naive Bayes

```
cv_naibay = [0.752809, 0.775281, 0.780899, 0.820225, 0.813559]
```

```
• cv_naibay = cross_val_score(GaussianNB(),train_X,train_y,cv=5)
```

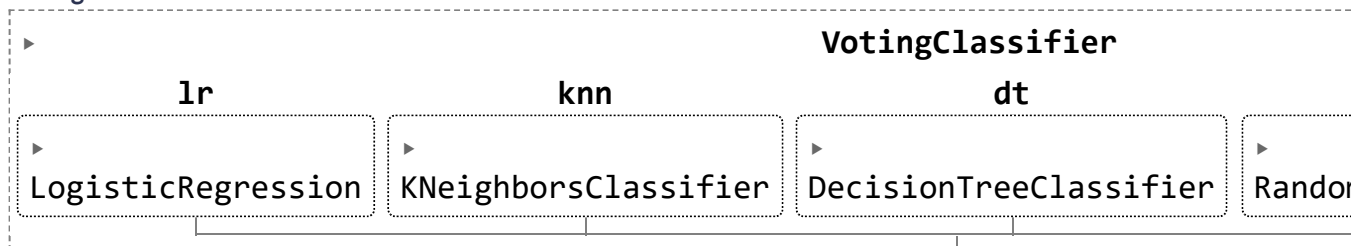
```
• print(mean(cv_naibay))
```

```
0.7885545610359932
```



Voting Classifier

```
voting_clf_soft =
```



```
• voting_clf_soft = VotingClassifier(estimators = [  
• ("lr", LogisticRegression()),  
• ("knn", KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)),  
• ("dt", DecisionTreeClassifier(min_samples_split=16)),  
• ("rf", RandomForestClassifier(min_samples_split=8)),  
• ("gnb", GaussianNB())],  
• voting = "soft")
```

```
• voting_clf_hard = VotingClassifier(estimators = [  
• ("lr", LogisticRegression()),  
• ("knn", KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)),  
• ("dt", DecisionTreeClassifier(min_samples_split=16)),  
• ("rf", RandomForestClassifier(min_samples_split=8)),  
• ("gnb", GaussianNB())],  
• voting = "hard");
```

```
• voting_clf_test = VotingClassifier(estimators = [  
• ("knn", KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)),  
• ("dt", DecisionTreeClassifier(min_samples_split=16)),  
• ("rf", RandomForestClassifier(min_samples_split=8))],  
• voting = "hard");
```

```
cv_test = [0.820225, 0.797753, 0.848315, 0.808989, 0.824859]
```

```
• cv_test = cross_val_score(voting_clf_test,train_X,train_y,cv=5)
```

```
• print(mean(cv_test))
```

```
0.8200279311877103 ?
```

```
cv_soft = [0.792135, 0.769663, 0.837079, 0.820225, 0.80791]
```

```
• cv_soft = cross_val_score(voting_clf_soft,train_X,train_y,cv=5)
```

```
cv_hard = [0.808989, 0.780899, 0.831461, 0.814607, 0.824859]
```

```
• cv_hard = cross_val_score(voting_clf_hard,train_X,train_y,cv=5)
```

```
• print(mean(cv_soft))
```

```
0.805402145623056 ?
```

```
• print(mean(cv_hard))
```

```
0.8121627626483845 ?
```

Model Fitting

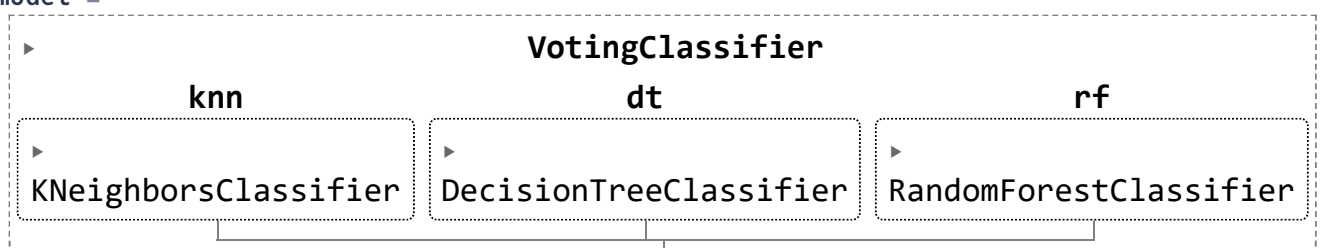
```
[0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0,    more ,0, 2, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0,
```

```
• data_test.Relatives = data_test.SibSp + data_test.Parch
```

```
prov_X_test = 418x5 Matrix{Float64}:
      892.0  3.0  34.5  0.0  7.8292
      893.0  3.0  47.0  1.0  7.0
      894.0  2.0  62.0  0.0  9.6875
      895.0  3.0  27.0  0.0  8.6625
      896.0  3.0  22.0  2.0 12.2875
      897.0  3.0  14.0  0.0  9.225
      898.0  3.0  30.0  0.0  7.6292
      ⋮
     1304.0  3.0  28.0  0.0  7.775
     1305.0  3.0 44.4005  0.0  8.05
     1306.0  1.0  39.0  0.0 108.9
     1307.0  3.0  38.5  0.0  7.25
     1308.0  3.0 31.8015  0.0  8.05
     1309.0  3.0 38.5107  2.0 22.3583
```

```
• prov_X_test=Matrix(dropmissing(data_test[:,[:PassengerId, :Pclass, :Age, :Relatives,
:Fare ]]))
```

```
model =
```



```
• model = fit!(voting_clf_test,train_X,train_y)
```

y_pred =

[0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, more ,1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0,

• y_pred = predict(model, test_X)

• Enter cell code...

df_submission =

	PassengerId	Survived
1	892	0
2	893	1
3	894	0
4	895	0
5	896	1
6	897	0
7	898	0
8	899	0
9	900	1
10	901	0
more		
418	1309	0

• df_submission = DataFrame("PassengerId" => 892:1309,
• "Survived" => y_pred)

submissionfile = "submission.csv"

• submissionfile = "submission.csv"

"submission.csv"

• CSV.write(submissionfile, df_submission)

