

AlgGeo:

Claim: $f: \text{Spec } A \rightarrow \text{Spec } R$ formally smooth
 $\Rightarrow \Omega_{A/R}^1$ projective
 \rightsquigarrow smooth \Rightarrow locally free.)

Proof:

Take $M \rightarrow M'$ surjection of A -Modules
 Have to show:

$$\text{Hom}(\Omega_{A/R}^1, M) \longrightarrow \text{Hom}(\Omega_{A/R}^1, M')$$

is

$\text{Der}_R(A, M)$
 is surjective.

$$\rightsquigarrow \varphi': A \rightarrow A[M'] = A \oplus \epsilon M \quad (\epsilon^2 = 0)$$

$a \mapsto a + \epsilon \delta(a)$

Have

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A[M'] & \xrightarrow{\varphi} & A \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ A & & A \\ \text{Square-zero} & & \text{extension.} \\ \text{extension.} & & \end{array}$$

\rightsquigarrow ex lift $\varphi = Jd_A + \epsilon \delta$, $\delta \in \text{Der}_R(A, M)$

Last time:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} z & \hookrightarrow & x \\ & \searrow f & \swarrow g \\ & s & \end{array}$$

closed in, def
by $J \subseteq \mathcal{O}_x$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathbb{Z}/p^2 & \xrightarrow{d} & \mathbb{C}^*\Omega_{X/S}^1 & \longrightarrow & \Omega_{Z/S}^1 \rightarrow 0 \\ \parallel & & i^*\Omega_{X/S}^1 & & \\ a & \longmapsto & da & & \end{array}$$

her

(i) f formally smooth \Rightarrow (*) is exact

+ locally split

(ii) g formally smooth, * exact

+ locally split $\Rightarrow f$ form smooth.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ex. } & S = \text{Spec } R, X = A_S^n = \text{Spec}(R[x_1, \dots, x_n]) \\ & Z = \text{Spec } A = V(I) \quad I = (f_1, \dots, f_r) \end{aligned}$$

then

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \overline{f}_i : I_{f_i} & \xrightarrow{d} & A \otimes_B \Omega_{B/R}^1 & \rightarrow & \Omega_{A/R}^1 \xrightarrow{(*)} \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \overline{e}_i : \bigoplus_{i=1}^r A e_i & \xrightarrow{d^{\text{ind}}} & \bigoplus_{i=1}^n A dx_i & & \end{array}$$

$\text{Mat}_{n \times r}(A)$ is

$$\sim d f_i = \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_j} dx_j$$

$$\sim d^{\text{ind}} = \left(\frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_j} \right)_{ij} \in \text{Mat}_{n \times r}(A)$$

Pick $z \in Z$ with corr prime $p \in A$

Assume $\overline{f}_1, \dots, \overline{f}_r \in I/I^2$ form a basis
in $I/I^2 \otimes k(z)$

Props

Z is smooth in a nbhd of z

iff (*) exact + locally split after $\otimes_A k(z)$

iff exact after $\otimes_A k(z)$

iff $J := \left(\frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_j} \right)_{ij}(z)$ has rank r .

We need a small lemma.

Lemma:

Let (A, m, k) local ring, $M: A^r \rightarrow A^h$ morph. TFAE:

(i) M inj. or split

(ii) $M \otimes_A \text{id}_k$ injective

Proof

i) \Rightarrow ii) ✓

if ii) \Rightarrow i) $M \otimes_A \text{id}_k$ inj. $\Rightarrow r \leq n$

wlog $M = \begin{pmatrix} M_1 \\ M_2 \end{pmatrix}$ s.t. $\det M_1 \neq 0$ in k

\tilde{M} local M is invertible because $\det M_1 \in A^\times$

$$\sim A^r \xrightarrow{M} A^h$$

$$\begin{matrix} M^{-1} \\ \uparrow \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ A^r \end{matrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \curvearrowright \text{Split + inj}$$

Thm^o (Jacobian criterion)

$$z \xrightarrow{i} A_R^n \quad i \text{ closed imm}$$

$$f \downarrow \text{spec } R \quad \text{lefpt, } z \in Z.$$

Then f is smooth at z

\Leftrightarrow locally $Z = V(f_1, \dots, f_r)$, s.t.

$$\text{rk } \left(\frac{\partial f_i}{\partial x_j} \right) (z) = r.$$

Last time:

$$X \xrightarrow{f} Y$$

$$g \downarrow$$

$$(i) f^* \Omega^1_{Y/S} \rightarrow \Omega^1_{X/S} \xrightarrow{s} \Omega^1_{X/Y} \rightarrow 0$$

(i) formally smooth \Rightarrow (i) exact on the left + loc

(ii) gf formally smooth \nrightarrow (i) exact on left + loc

$\Rightarrow f$ formally $\Omega^1_{X/Y}$ split

Cor $\frac{x}{x \xrightarrow{f} y}$ (i) f formally smooth, étale

(ii) if $x \rightarrow s$ formally smooth
~~then~~ + $f^*\Omega_{Y/S}^1 \xrightarrow{\sim} \Omega_{X/S}^1$
 then f is formally étale.

(i) $\Omega_{X/Y}^1 = 0$ as unramified
 + smooth \Rightarrow exact seq.

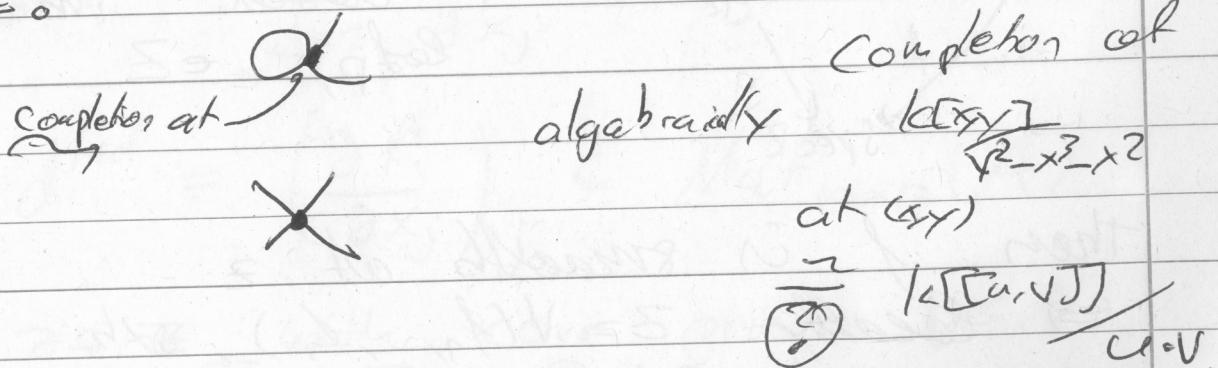
(ii) ?

Lemma: $x \xrightarrow{f} s$ formally étale, $x \in X$
 $s = f(x)$, assume $k := k(s) \simeq k(x)$

then

$$\mathcal{O}_{S,s} := \lim_{\leftarrow n} \mathcal{O}_{S,S}/m_{S,S}^n \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{O}_{x,x} := \lim_{\leftarrow n} \mathcal{O}_{x,x}/m_{x,x}^n.$$

Picture:



Def:
 Consider $S_{S,n} = \{(A, m_A, k_A) \text{ local rings, st } \}$
 $m_A^n = 0 \text{ + isoc. } k \simeq k_A$
 + local morphisms resp. ϵ

$\sim \mathcal{O}_{S,S}/m_{S,S}^n, \mathcal{O}_{x,x}/m_{x,x}^n \in S_{S,n}$.

$$\rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}_n := \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{G}_{\text{Sh}}}(\mathcal{O}_{x,x}/m_{xx}^n, -)$$

$$\mathcal{G}_n := \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{G}_{\text{Sh}}}(\mathcal{O}_{s,s}/m_{ss}^n, -)$$

Have: $\eta: \mathcal{F}_n \longrightarrow \mathcal{G}_n$
 $q \longmapsto q \circ f^\#$

surf η bijg

Induction on n :

$$\underline{n=1}: \checkmark (k(s) \simeq k(x))$$

$$\text{let } A \in \mathcal{F}_{\leq n} \rightsquigarrow \bar{A} = A/m_A^{n-1} \in \mathcal{G}_{\leq (n-1)}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{ind}}{\rightsquigarrow} \eta: \mathcal{F}_n(\bar{A}) \longrightarrow \mathcal{G}_n(\bar{A})$$

$$\text{But } \mathcal{F}_n(A) \simeq \mathcal{F}_n(\bar{A}) \times_{\mathcal{O}_n(\bar{A})} \mathcal{G}_n(A)$$

by formal étaleness

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc} \bar{A} & \xleftarrow{\quad} & \mathcal{O}_{x,x} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ A & \xleftarrow{\quad} & \mathcal{O}_{s,s} \end{array} \right) \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{F}_n(A) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{G}_n(A).$$

Now study smooth schemes over fields 

Prop (exercise):

k field. $X \xrightarrow{\quad} \text{Spec}(k)$, lolt

Ex TFAE's

(i) f étale

(ii) f unramified

(iii) f smooth + locally quasi-finite

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} g: Y \rightarrow X \text{ locally quasi-finite if } \\ \forall x \in X: Y_x = Y \times_X \text{Spec } k(x) \text{ are discrete} \end{array} \right.$
 $\left. \text{topological spaces + g lolt.} \right\}$

char. k field, $X \xrightarrow{\exists} \text{Spec}(k)$ lft.

FAE:

- (a) f is smooth
- (b) f is generic regular
- (c) \mathbb{F}_∞ is algebraically closed X_k regular.

seed facts:

1 local Noeth, mca max.

i) A is regular $\Leftrightarrow \widehat{A} = \varprojlim A/m^n$ is regular

ii) $A \rightarrow B$ local flat + B regular $\Rightarrow A$ regular

con " \Leftarrow " in ii follows from ii as $A \rightarrow \widehat{A}$ is flat

for A Noeth

iii) p prime $\sim A_p$ regular if A regular.

etcs:

(i) lengths are the same

(ii) several criterions for regularity.

(iii) ? (also follows?).

if at that:

a) let k be an algebraic closure of \mathbb{C} .

b) \mathbb{C} smooth $\Leftrightarrow (B, C)$ can assure

wlog: $k = \mathbb{C}$

Locally, $X \xrightarrow{\exists} \widehat{A}_k$ étale

Pick $x \in X$, wlog $x \in \text{closed}$ (Fact (ii))

$\rightsquigarrow k \cong k(x) \cong k(g(x))$

$\Rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X,x} = \widehat{\mathcal{O}}_{A_k, k(g(x))} \cong k[[t_1, \dots, t_n]]$ regular

Fact (i) \wedge $\mathcal{O}_{X,x}$ regular

~~assume~~ b) \Rightarrow c) ✓

(\Rightarrow g)

Claim: f smooth $\Rightarrow f_* : X_K \rightarrow \text{Spec}(K)$
smooth

Proof: $X = \text{Spec } A$, $A_K = A \otimes_K K$

$$\sim \Omega_{A_K \otimes_K K}^1 = \Omega_{A_K/K}^1$$

In part. $\Omega_{A_K/K}^1$ locally free of finite rk iff $\Omega_{A_K/K}^1$ is loc free of finite rk.

Lemma:

$B \rightarrow C$ faithfully flat, M B -Module,
then

$$i) M \text{ f.t.} \Leftrightarrow M \otimes_B C \text{ f.t.}$$

$$ii) M \text{ flat/B} \Leftrightarrow M \otimes_B C \text{ flat/C.}$$

Proof of Lemma:

" \Leftarrow " Write $M = \varinjlim_{N \subseteq M \atop \text{f.g.}} N$

$$\Rightarrow M \otimes_C = \varinjlim_{N \subseteq M \atop \text{f.g.}} (M \otimes_C) = N' \otimes_B C \text{ for some } N \subseteq M \text{ f.g.}$$

\uparrow \uparrow (f.g.)

& faithfully flat.

$$\sim M = N'$$

(iii) " \Leftarrow " $M \otimes_B$ - exact $\Leftrightarrow C \otimes_B M \otimes_B$ - exact
 $\Leftrightarrow (C \otimes_B M) \otimes_C ((C \otimes_B M)^\#)$ exact. D

Let $g: X \hookrightarrow A_K^1$ closed in
with ideal I , f smooth \Leftrightarrow

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{I}_{X/Z}^1 \xrightarrow{d} g^* \Omega_{A_K^1 / X_K}^1 \rightarrow \Omega_{A_K / K}^1 \rightarrow 0$$

exact + locally \mathcal{O}_K flt

\Rightarrow $A_{\mathbb{K}}$ loc free $d \text{ inj} \Leftrightarrow \frac{I_{\mathbb{K}}}{I_{\mathbb{K}}^2} \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}_{\mathbb{K}}$ s.t. $\text{Ker} \cong$
 If \mathbb{K} smooth inj.

\sim claim.

Log: $k = K$

im: x field, X_K lft, $x \in X$ closed, st
 α_X sep. and $\mathcal{O}_{X,x}$ regular

$\Rightarrow X$ is smooth in a nbh of x .

f.g.
 $k(x)/k$ sep $\sim \text{Spec } k(x) \rightarrow \text{Spec}(k)$
 is étale

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Spec}(x) & \longrightarrow & X \\ & \searrow & \downarrow \\ & \text{Spec}(k) & \end{array}$$

$$0 \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_{X,x}/\mathcal{M}_{X,x}^2 \xrightarrow{\sim} k(x) \otimes (\mathcal{Q}_{X_K/x}^1) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{R}_{X_K/x}^1 \rightarrow 0} \mathcal{Q}_{X_K/x}^1 \xrightarrow{\parallel 0}$$

$\hookrightarrow k: g: x \hookrightarrow A_K^1$ with ideal I

get

$$I/I^2 \rightarrow g^* \mathcal{R}_{A_K^1/k}^1 \rightarrow \mathcal{Q}_{X_K/x}^1 \rightarrow 0$$

let $d = \dim \mathcal{M}_{X,x} = \dim \mathcal{O}_{X,x}$

get $f_1, f_2 \in I^{d+2}$, s.t. $d f_i \otimes k(x)$ is red.
 here $X \subseteq X_0$, X_0 smooth at char d (Jacobi)

have $\mathcal{O}_{X_0/x} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{X/x}$

regular \Rightarrow integral at d.m.d.

(Extender of integral d dim shears?)

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{O}_{\pi_1 X} = \mathcal{O}_{X \times \mathbb{A}^1}$$

$\rightsquigarrow X = X_0$ near x .

Thm:

$X \xrightarrow{\text{flat}} S$ l.o.p.

TEAE:

- (i) f smooth
- (ii) f flat + smooth fibres
- (iii) f flat + smooth geometric fibres.

Proof:

(ii) \Leftrightarrow (iii) decent statement of
~~smoothness~~ smoothness

(i) \Rightarrow (ii) claim is local, $S = \text{Spec } R$, $X = \text{Spec } A$

$$A = B/I, B = R[x_1, \dots, x_n] / I_{\text{fg}}$$

[Thm: (local criterion for flatness)]

(C.m) local Noeth, M c-Mod.

$\rightsquigarrow M$ flat $\Leftrightarrow M \otimes M \rightarrow M$ is inj

$$(\Leftrightarrow \text{Tor}_1^S(A_m, M) = 0)$$

smoothness at fibres is clear by (BC)

so only have to show flatness.

locally $x = V(f_1, \dots, f_r) \subseteq \mathbb{A}_S^n$
smooth/s.

Surfaces to show:

~~(X)~~ $X \xrightarrow{\text{flat}} S$ smooth + flat, $x \in X$, $\mathcal{O}_{X \times \mathbb{A}^1_x}$

~~(X)~~ $\mathcal{O}_{X \times \mathbb{A}^1_x}$ flat \Leftrightarrow $d\mathcal{F} \neq 0$ in $\Omega^1_{X \times \mathbb{A}^1_x} \otimes \mathcal{O}(x)$

then $Z(\mathcal{F}) \rightarrow S$ flat (smooth)

smoothness follows from Jacobian's criterion.
for flat, let $s = f(x)$

Have

$$\text{(rewrote } (x) \text{)} \quad \begin{matrix} \bullet g \\ \text{---} \end{matrix} \rightarrow O_{x,x} \rightarrow O_{x,x} \rightarrow O_{z,z} \rightarrow 0$$

~~area~~

$$\text{Show } m_{s,s} \otimes_{s,s} O_{z,z} \rightarrow O_{z,z}.$$

But $O_{x,x}/O_{s,s}$ flat + snake lemma + local crit of flatness
surfaces to show

$$\begin{matrix} x/m_{s,s} & \longrightarrow & O_{x,x} \\ \nearrow & \searrow & \downarrow \text{inj} \\ O_{x,x}/m_{s,s} O_{x,x} & \longrightarrow & O_{x,x} \end{matrix}$$

inj because $\bar{g} \neq 0$

$O_{x,x}$ is regular \rightarrow integral
by smoothness

(ii) \Rightarrow (i)

Have to show

$$A \otimes_B I = I_A \longrightarrow A \otimes_B C_{B/P}^1 \longrightarrow C_{A/P}^1 \rightarrow 0$$

(exact + locally split)
 on left!

(2) $\bigoplus_{i=1}^r A_{P_i} \cdot \left(\frac{\partial h}{\partial x_j}\right) = M$ has rank r
for forward basis

but for $s = f(\gamma) \in S$

$$0 \rightarrow J_{\mathcal{I}_2} \rightarrow A_S \otimes_{B_S} R^1_{B_S/k(S)} \rightarrow R^1_{A_S/k(S)} \rightarrow 0$$

exact on left + locally split

$$\text{where } A_S = A \otimes_R k(S)$$

$$B_S = B \otimes_R k(S) = k(S)[x_1, \dots, x_n]$$

$$J = \ker(B_S \rightarrow A_S)$$

$$\text{But } J = I \otimes k(S)$$

(Have $0 \rightarrow I \rightarrow B \rightarrow A \rightarrow 0$ now $- \otimes k(S)$)

$$0 \rightarrow J_{\mathcal{I}_2} \rightarrow A_S \otimes_{B_S} R^1_{B_S/k(S)} \rightarrow R^1_{A_S/k(S)} \rightarrow 0$$

\uparrow
 $\oplus_{i=1}^n A_S f_i$ M_S

M_S has rank r and $I_{\mathcal{I}_2} \otimes k(S) \cong J_{\mathcal{I}_2}$

$\rightarrow M$ has rank r

as claim.



[Forgot reduction to Noeth case:

A/R f.p. \rightsquigarrow R' Noeth, A'/R' , f.p. and
 $R' \rightarrow R$, s.t. $A = A' \otimes_{R'} R$.

(Finite mix. + finitely many equations)