

Nutzung von GeoDaten in den Sozialwissenschaften - Das R-Paket sp

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Beispiel: US Arbeitslosigkeit

- Mehr über die Nutzung des Paketes maps

Die Daten bekommen:

```
library(maps)
```

```
##
```

```
## # maps v3.1: updated 'world': all lakes moved to separate
```

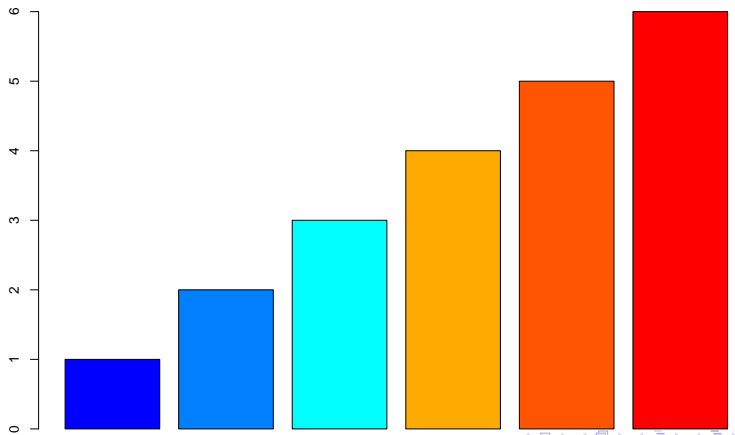
```
## # 'lakes' database. Type '?world' or 'news(package="maps")
```

```
data(unemp)
```

```
data(county.fips)
```

Farbverläufe

```
library(colorRamps)
colors <- blue2red(6)
barplot(1:6,col=colors)
```

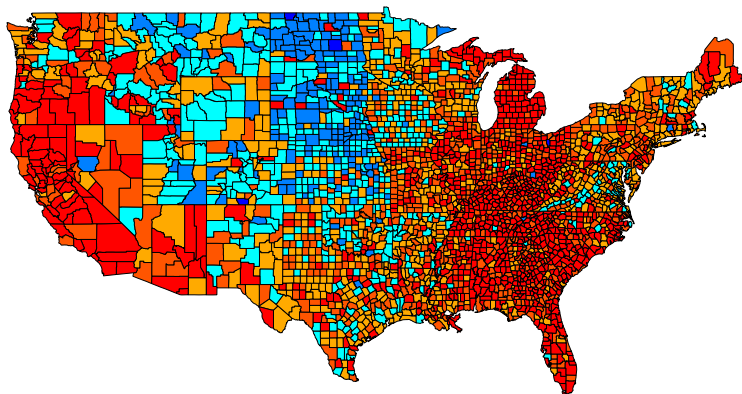


Beispiel: US Arbeitslosigkeit - Farbschattierung

```
unemp$colorSteps <- cut(unemp$unemp,  
                        c(0, 2, 4, 6, 8,10, 100))  
colorsmatch <- unemp$colorSteps[match(county.fips$fips,  
                                       unemp$fips)]
```

Beispiel: US Arbeitslosigkeit

```
map("county", col = colors[colorsmatch],  
    fill = TRUE)
```



Das R-Paket sp

- ▶ Klassen und Methoden für räumliche Daten
- ▶ Autoren: Edzer Pebesma, Roger Bivand, Barry Rowlingson, Virgilio Gomez-Rubio et. al.
- ▶ Viele Einführungen sind verfügbar

```
library(sp)
```

Hallo Welt

- ▶ Ein erstes Beispiel unter Verwendung von Daten aus maptools (ISO2-codes)

```
library(maptools)
data("wrld_simpl")
ISO2codes <- wrld_simpl@data$ISO2
countries <- c("FR", "DE", "AT", "CH")
ind <- match(countries, ISO2codes)
my_map <- wrld_simpl[ind,]
```

Die Karte zeichnen

```
library(maptools)
```

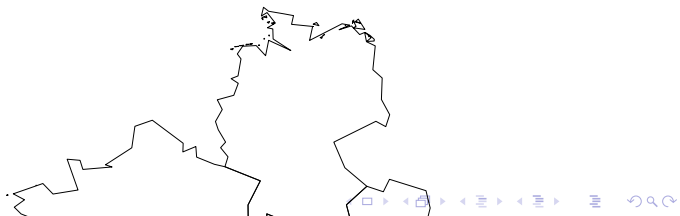
```
## Warning: package 'maptools' was built under R version 3.
```

```
## Loading required package: sp
```

```
## Warning: package 'sp' was built under R version 3.2.4
```

```
## Checking rgeos availability: TRUE
```

```
plot(my_map)
```



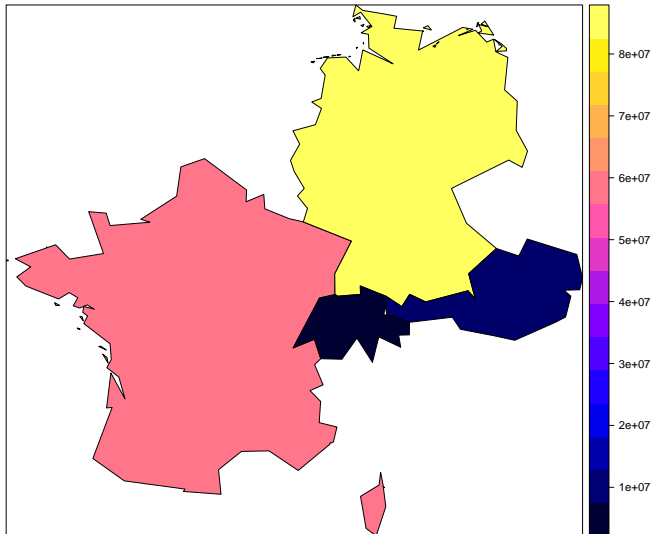
Der Datensatz

```
head(my_map@data)
```

| | ISO2 | NAME | AREA | POP2005 | REGION |
|-----|------|-------------|-------|----------|--------|
| FRA | FR | France | 55010 | 60990544 | 150 |
| DEU | DE | Germany | 34895 | 82652369 | 150 |
| AUT | AT | Austria | 8245 | 8291979 | 150 |
| CHE | CH | Switzerland | 4000 | 7424389 | 150 |

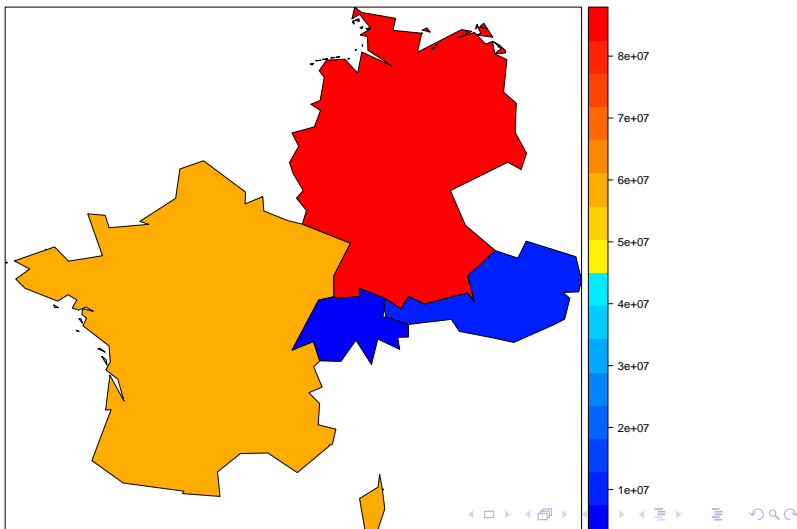
Ein weiteres Beispiel

```
spplot(my_map, "POP2005")
```



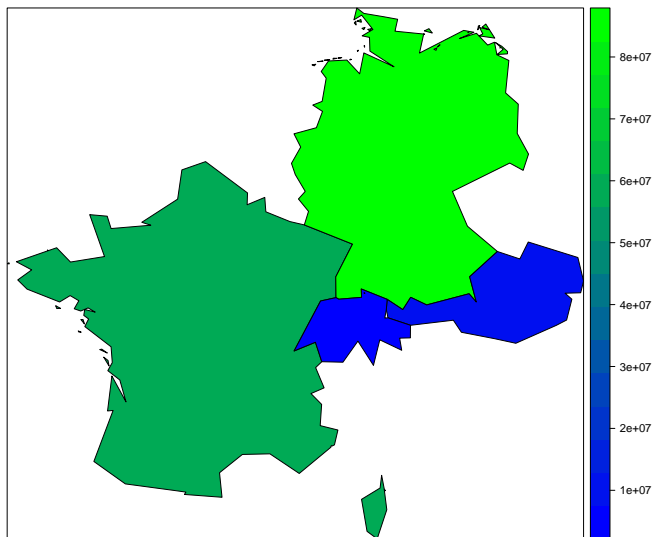
Nutzung von colorRamps

```
library(colorRamps)
spplot(my_map, "POP2005", col.regions=blue2red(100))
```



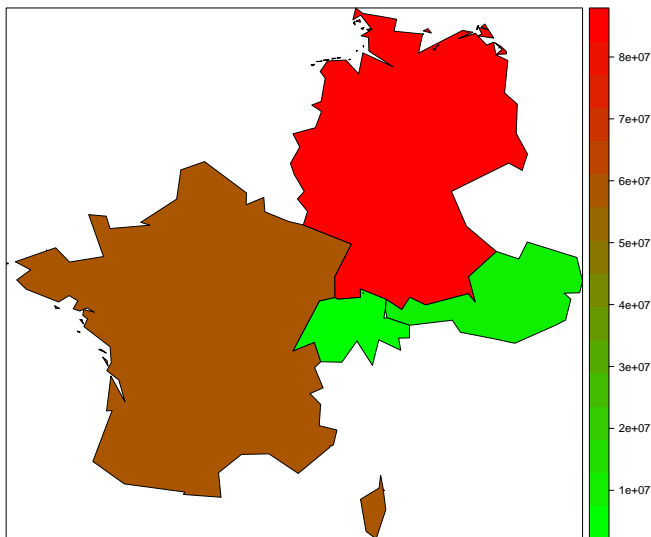
Nutzung von colorRamps

```
spplot(my_map, "POP2005", col.regions=blue2green(100))
```



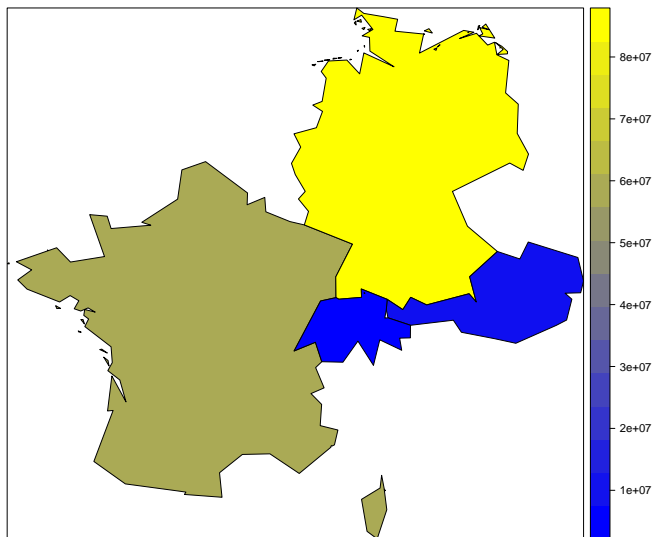
Nutzung von colorRamps

```
spplot(my_map, "POP2005", col.regions=green2red(100))
```



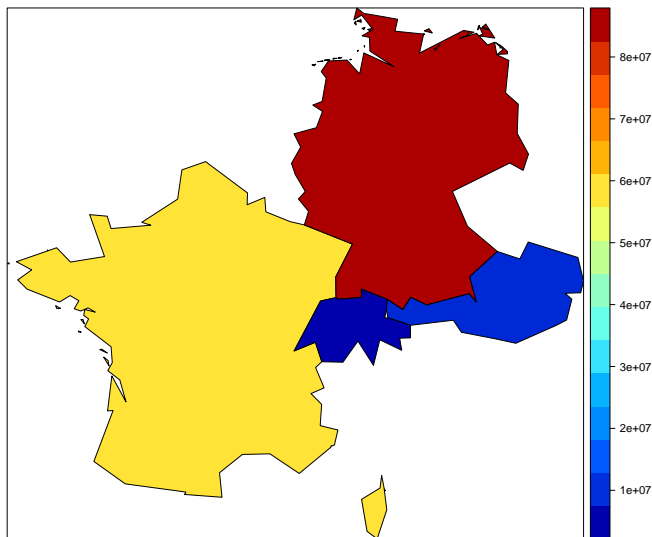
Nutzung von colorRamps

```
spplot(my_map, "POP2005", col.regions=blue2yellow(100))
```



Nutzung von colorRamps

```
spplot(my_map, "POP2005", col.regions=matlab.like(100))
```



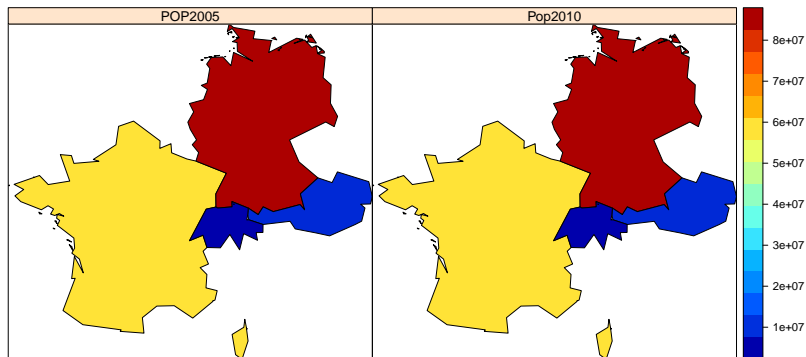
Nutzung von synthetischen Daten

Synthetische Daten erzeugen (Bevölkerung 2010)

```
my_map$Pop2010 <- my_map$POP2005 +  
  runif(length(my_map), -10000, 10000)
```


Farben wie bei matlab

```
spplot(my_map,c("POP2005","Pop2010"),  
       col.regions=matlab.like(100))
```



Mehr Beispiele

- ▶ Stamen Karten mit spplot

<https://procomun.wordpress.com/2013/04/24/stamen-maps-with-spplot/>

- ▶ Indien durch Visualisierung kennenlernen

<http://justanotherdatablog.blogspot.de/2014/02/know-india-through-visualisations-1.html>

- ▶ Great circles

<https://procomun.wordpress.com/2011/05/20/great-circles/>

- ▶ Kanadischer Wählerkompass

<http://blog.revolutionanalytics.com/2011/12/vote-compass-visualizing-canadian-poll-results-with-r.html>

- ▶ Mehr Farben in R

<http://www.r-bloggers.com/using-the-new-iridis-colormap-in-r-thanks-to-simon-garnier/>

Vignetten für das Paket sp

- ▶ Edzer Pebesma - Customising spatial data classes and methods

<https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/sp/vignettes/csdacm.pdf>

- ▶ Edzer Pebesma und Roger S. Bivand - S Classes and Methods for Spatial Data: the sp Package

https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/sp/vignettes/intro_sp.pdf

- ▶ Edzer Pebesma - Map overlay and spatial aggregation in sp

<https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/sp/vignettes/over.pdf>