Al Lab: Exp 9

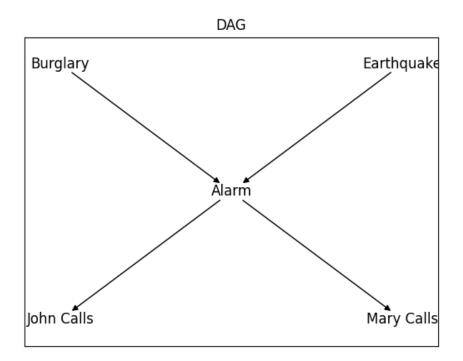
Aim: To implement Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG) for the given problem statement using python.

Code:

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import networkx as nx
import numpy as np
#Graph
G = nx.DiGraph()
nodes = np.arange(0, 5).tolist()
G.add nodes from(nodes)
G.add_edges_from([(0,2), (1,2), (2,3), (2,4)])
pos = \{0:(5, 10), 1:(10, 10), 2:(7.5, 7.5), 3:(5,5), 4:(10,5)\}
labels ={0:"Burglary", 1:"Earthquake", 2:"Alarm", 3:"John Calls", 4:"Mary Calls"}
nx.draw networkx(G, pos = pos, labels = labels, arrows = True, node shape = "s",
                                                            node color = "white")
plt.title("DAG")
plt.show()
#Solution
prob b = float(input("Probability of Burglary: "))
prob e = float(input("Probability of Earthquake: "))
prob a tt = float(input("Probability of Alarm if burglary and earthquake: "))
prob a tf = float(input("Probability of Alarm if burglary and not earthquake: "))
prob a ft = float(input("Probability of Alarm if not burglary and earthquake: "))
prob a ff = float(input("Probability of Alarm if not burglary and not erthqk: "))
prob_j_t = float(input("Probability of John calls if Alarm rings: "))
prob_j_f = float(input("Probability of John calls if Alarm does not ring: "))
prob m t = float(input("Probability of Mary calls if Alarm rings: "))
prob m f = float(input("Probability of Mary calls if Alarm does not ring: "))
ans1 = prob j t * prob m t * prob a ff * (1 - prob b) * (1 - prob e)
print("\n1) Probability that Alarm is sounded but neither",
      "\nburglary or earthquake occurs and both John and Mary calls : ", ans1)
prob_a = prob_a_tt * prob_b * prob_e + prob_a_tf * prob_b * (1 - prob_e) +
prob a ft * (1 - prob b) * prob e + prob a ff * (1 - prob b) * (1- prob e)
prob not a = (1 - prob a tt) * prob b * prob e + (1 - prob a tf) * prob b * (1 -
prob e) + (1 - prob a ft) * (1 - prob b) * prob e + (1 - prob a ff) * (1 -
prob b) * (1- prob e)
```

```
ans2 = (prob_j_t * prob_a) + (prob_j_f * prob_not_a)
print("\n2) Probability that John calls : ", ans2)
ans3 = (prob_m_t * prob_a) + (prob_m_f * prob_not_a)
print("\n3) Probability that Mary calls : ", ans3)
```

Output:



```
Probability of Burglary: 0.7
Probability of Earthquake: 0.2
Probability of Alarm if burglary and earthquake: 0.92
Probability of Alarm if burglary and not earthquake: 0.54
Probability of Alarm if not burglary and earthquake: 0.05
Probability of Alarm if not burglary and not earthquake: 0.001
Probability of John calls if Alarm rings: 0.95
Probability of John calls if Alarm does not ring: 0.3
Probability of Mary calls if Alarm rings: 0.6
Probability of Mary calls if Alarm does not ring: 0.2

1) Probability that Alarm is sounded but neither burglary or earthquake occurs and both John and Mary calls: 0.0001368000000000002
2) Probability that John calls: 0.5823860000000001
3) Probability that Mary calls: 0.373776
```