Polymer Technology - PTL 709

Minor I Semester I - 2017-2018

Total marks: 25

Time: 1 hr

Answer all the questions.

1. Correct the following statements, if needed. Justify for your answers.

[5X2=10]

Order of brittle points: Polymethylmethcrylate < Polyoctylmethacrylate < Polyhexadecyl methacrylate

- Paraffin oil is more efficient in plasticising Polystyrene than ethyl benzene. 11.
- Phenyl salicylate acts as UV absorber. III.
- IV. Organophosphites act as chain-breaking antioxidant.
- ٧. Air permeability will be higher for the product made with high aspect ratio filler.

2. (a) A compounder wants to find out right plasticizer for PMMA. What will he do? [Hint: please refer the chart for molar attraction constants. Density of PMMA is 1.18 gm/cc] How will he calculate the solubility parameter of a plasticizer with known boiling point?

Table V. Molar Attraction Constants (28)			
Group	G	Group	G
-CH; -CH- -CH< >CC - -CH= -CE- -CE- -CH:	214 133 28 -93 190 111 19 285 225 222	-O- COO COO CI Br CF: S:	70 275 310 410 270 340 425 150 225
-C'HC	658	SH ONO	315 440

((b) Design a polymer structure which itself can act as flame retardant. [2]

(c) A tremendous improvement of aging property of Polyethylene has been observed when a few percentage of 2-napthalene thiol has been added along with tetra-substituted diphenoquinones. Explain with a mechanism and graph.

3. (a) A compounder wants to replace phthalate based plasticizer due to its high toxicity quotient. Define toxicity quotient. What are the parameters he will look for the replacement? Suggest an alternative structure. [1+2+1=4]

(b) Give an example of a multi-functional additive, Define its functions. [1+1=2]