# DEPARTMENT OF HUMANITIES & SOCIAL SCIENCES II nd Semester 2006-2007. HUL 263 Organizational Psychology

#### **Major Test**

Date: 3-5-2007

Time: 8.00 A.M.-10.00 A.M.

Max. Marks: 35

#### Section 1 (10 marks)

#### Answer any two questions. Each question is of 5 marks.

- How do the phenomenon of social facilitation and social loafing influence the performance of individuals in organizational settings. Give examples.
- 2. In today's economy, where replacing employees can be an expensive proposition, it pays to be able to have a highly committed workforce. How can you promote commitment to an organization?
- 3. Do you believe that organizational politics is inevitable or that it can be curtailed? Explain the basis of your answer?
- 4. What makes charismatic and transformational leaders so special in organizations? Illustrate your answer with examples?

### Section 2 (10 marks)

#### Answer any 4 questions. Each is for 2.5 marks.

- What is groupthink? What is its effect on decision-making quality? Give suitable examples.
- 2. What role does organizational culture play in organizations and how is it created?
- What are the basic assumptions of contingency theories of leadership? Describe any one theory.
- 4. What are teams and how do they differ from groups?
- 5. Why do people join groups?

### Section 3 (10 marks)

## Explain 5 of the following . (2 marks)

- Conformity
- 2. Double S cube
- 3. Fragmented culture
- 4. Hygiene factors
- 5. Tools for transmitting culture
- 6. Organizational justice

# Section 4 (5 Marks)

l.	Hoistede defined power distance as
2.	Evaluative statements concerning objects, people or events are
	called
3.	A set of expected behavior patterns attributed to someone occupying a given
	position in a social unit is called
4.	It is now accepted that traits do a better job at
	than in distinguishing between effective and ineffective leader.
5.	In long term power becomes referent power.