# Minor 11 xamination on 27° August 2016

# Kinematics and Dynamics of Machines (MC1111)

Use figure 1 for construction of velocity polygon and attach with your answer book

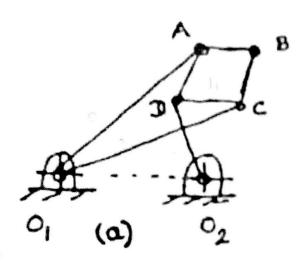
I me: I hour

Full Marks: 10

### Problem 1

a) Find the out the degrees of freedom of the Peaucether mechanism, used to generate straight line motion of the point B perpendicular to O<sub>1</sub>O<sub>5</sub>, and shown schematically in figure (a). In the diagram shown, link O<sub>5</sub>O is the driver.

(5)



For the Peaucelliar mechanism in (a)

O<sub>1</sub>A O<sub>1</sub>C, AB-BC (D DA, O D O<sub>2</sub>O

b) Show that for a Grashoffian 1R-1 bar double rocker, neither rocker shall cross the fixed base line

(5)

## Problem ?

- a) Draw the kinematic diagram of a slider-crank mechanism and show that an oscillating cylinder mechanism is obtained as an inversion. Indicate the link of the slider crank mechanism, that requires fixing for the inversion.
  (5)
- b) Draw the equivalent mechanism with lower pairs for the one shown at any instant in figure 2(b), is the equivalent mechanism valid for all the instants? Specify the important dimension. The necessary dimensions (distances and the angles) may be collected from the figure. (4+1)

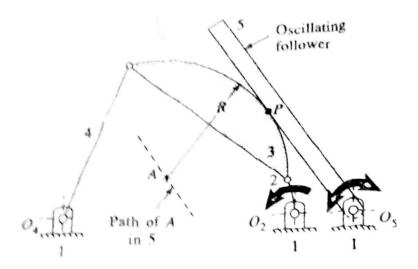


Figure 2(b)

#### Problem 3

- A 1 bar mechanism is used as an oscillating lawn sprinkler as shown in figure 3. AB 12 mm, BC 22 mm, CD 42 mm, DA 16 mm. The sprinkler pipe is rigidly connected to the follower BC by a plate makes an angle of 105° with BC. Find the angles about the vertical within which the sprinkler will function. (5)
- b) Is the throw of the sprinkler same on the right and left of the vertical?

  If not, design the link lengths, for the coupler CD and follower \*BC so that the throw of the sprinkler (or the angles of tilt of the sprinkler) on both sides of the vertical is 30° each and there is no quick return effect.

  (4)

### Problem 1

figure 4 on the adjoining sheet gives the kinematic diagram of a mechanism. The points C and O are connected by a prismatic pair, where the cylinder is able to oscillate about O Dimension of different links may be collected from the diagram. Given that angle (AO<sub>1</sub>O<sub>2</sub>)—Angle (OOO)—Angle (DOO)—90° and angle (C O<sub>2</sub>O)—60°. The kinematic diagram may be used for the position of different links at the instant of time.

- a) Find the degrees of freedom of the mechanism. (2)
- b) For the instant shown the link O<sub>3</sub>D is given a clockwise rotation of 1 radian/sec, and the point C expands at the rate of 0.1 m/s eatwards, i.e. C moves away from O<sub>2</sub>. Draw the velocity polygon for the instant shown. (4) find the angular velocity (magnitude and sense) of the link O<sub>2</sub>C. (1+1)

  Also find the angular velocity of the link BCD (magnitude and sense) from the velocity polygon.