## Department of Physics, IIT Delhi

## PHL755: Statistical and Quantum Optics (Instructor: Kedar Khare)

**Major Examination** 

Date: 22 Nov. 2015

1. The complex analytic signal z(t) corresponding to real valued stationary random process x(t) is given by:

$$z(t) = \frac{1}{2} [x(t) + i y(t)].$$

- (a) Find an expression for y(t) in terms of x(t).
- (b) If  $z_1(t)$  and  $z_2(t)$  are complex analytic signals, show that:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dt \ z_1(t) z_2(t) = 0.$$

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ points})$ 

2. The equi-time correlation function for a light field is given by:

$$\Gamma(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2, 0) = f(\vec{r}_1) g(\vec{r}_2).$$

Show that the light field is fully spatially coherent everywhere.

(10 points)

3. The total energy H of the free space electromagnetic field is given by:

$$H = 2 \sum_{k} \sum_{s} \omega^{2} |u_{ks}(t)|^{2}$$

where  $u_{ks}(t) = c_{ks} \exp(-i \omega t)$ .

- (a) Using the definitions  $q_{ks}(t)=[u_{ks}(t)+c.c.]$  and  $p_{ks}(t)=-i\omega\,[\,u_{ks}(t)-c.c.]$ , show that  $q_{ks}(t)$  and  $p_{ks}(t)$  satisfy Hamilton's equations of motion.
- (b) Replacing  $u_{ks}(t)$  by the operator  $\sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2\omega}} \ \hat{a}_{ks}(t)$  , find an expression for the operator  $\hat{H}$ .

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ points})$ 

4. The coherent state is defined as:

$$|\alpha> = \exp\left(-\frac{|\alpha|^2}{2}\right) \sum_{n} \frac{\alpha^n}{\sqrt{n!}} |n>$$

- (a) Show that two coherent states |lpha> and |eta> are not orthogonal when  $lpha\neq\beta$  .
- (b) Show that the coherent state may be expressed as:

$$|\alpha> = \exp(\alpha \hat{a}^+ - \alpha^* \hat{a}) |0>$$

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ points})$ 

5. (a)The density operator describing the state of electromagnetic field can be represented as:

$$\hat{\rho} = \int d^2\alpha \ \phi(\alpha) \ |\alpha> <\alpha|$$

Evaluate the expectation value of the operator  $(\hat{a}^+\hat{a}^-)^3$  when the state of the light field corresponds to a single mode laser.

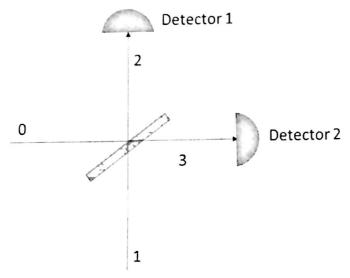
(b) A modified form of coherent state as described by:

$$|\alpha, \phi\rangle = \exp\left[\frac{\phi}{2} (\hat{a}^2 - \hat{a}^{+2})\right] |\alpha\rangle$$

Find the expectation values of the operators  $\widehat{Q} = \frac{\widehat{a}^+ + \widehat{a}}{2}$  and  $\widehat{P} = i \frac{\widehat{a}^+ - \widehat{a}}{2}$  in this state.

$$(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ points})$$

6. Consider a beamsplitter arrangement with two detectors:



- (a) Evaluate the coincidence counting rate at the two detectors if a state  $\mid 1_0$ ,  $1_1 >$  is incident at the input of the beamsplitter.
- (b) Find an expression for the differential photodetector signal if the input state consists of a squeezed vacuum at the port 0 and a coherent state  $|\alpha>$  at the port 1.

$$(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ points})$$

Useful identity:

$$\exp(x \hat{A}) \hat{B} \exp(-x \hat{A}) = \hat{B} + x [\hat{A}, \hat{B}] + \frac{x^2}{2!} [\hat{A}, [\hat{A}, \hat{B}]] + \cdots$$

If 
$$\left[\hat{A}, \left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}\right]\right] = 0$$
,  $\exp(\hat{A} + \hat{B}) = \exp(\hat{A}) \exp(\hat{B}) \exp(-\left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}\right]/2)$ 

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