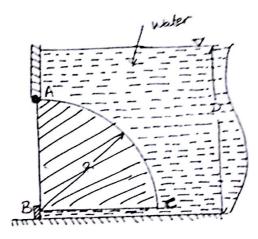
Answers to Part A have to written on the provided question paper. There is negative marking for MCQ type questions. Negative marks awarded for wrong answers or for marking more than 1 choices. For 1 mark questions 0.25 negative mark, For 2 mark questions 0.5 negative mark and for 3 and 4 mark questions, -1 negative mark. The marks are written in parenthesis at the end of each question.

Q1. A gate (ABC), in shape of a quarter circle, hinged at A and sealed at B, is 2 m wide. In the given figure D = 3m and the radius R = 2m. Determine the force on the stop at B assuming that it acts only in the horizontal direction. Neglect the weight of (15)the gate.



In a textile manufacturing process, a wire of radius R<sub>1</sub> is being pulled out from a Q2. cylindrical tank of fluid of constant density  $\rho$  and viscosity  $\mu$ . The radius of the tank is  $R_2$ . The wire is spinning about its axis with an angular speed  $\omega$  and also has an axial velocity  $V_{0}$ . We wish to obtain the velocity profile of the fluid occupying the region  $R_1 \le r \le R_2$ . The following approximations can be made:

Gravity can be neglected. i.

Since the wire is long,  $\partial V / \partial z = 0$ . ii.

The flow is steady so V and p do not change with time. iii.

The flow is axisymmetric so  $\mathbf{V}$  and  $\mathbf{p}$  do not change with  $\theta$ . iv.

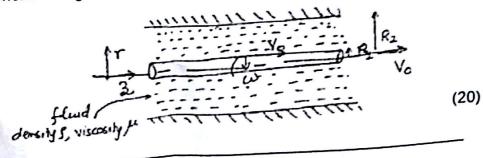
 $\partial p / \partial z = 0$ . ٧.

State the boundary conditions on V. a)

Simplify the continuity equation and solve for  $V_{\text{r}}$ .

Simplify the appropriate components of the Navier Stokes equations to obtain b) c) the velocity profile.

Estimate the power required per unit length of wire to carry out this operation. Hint: Due to Force, Power = (Force X Velocity) and due to Moment, Power = d) (Moment X Angular Velocity).



Tross belonce: P=1, morrortem belonce: P=V Reynolds Transport theorem