## Major Examination - ASL410 - 2016 Allotted Time: 2.5 hours

The questions are divided into two sections: Practical and Theory. All the sections are compulsory.

## Section 1: Practical (20 Marks; 30 minutes)

- Q.1. What is the name of the IIT Delhi HPC system on which the practical was carried out? (1)
- Q.2. Which model was installed? Describe in details the major steps that were followed. (6)
- Q.3. What is the utility of Makefile? (2)
- Q.4. What is the utility of a namelist? (2)
- Q.5. Say, you want to change a parameter and do a sensitivity run. How do you proceed? (3)
- Q.6. What does "PBS" stand for? What is its function? (2)
- Q.7. What do you mean by model validation? What are the various ways of improving a climate model once the validation is done? (3)
- Q.8. What is the highest frequency at which one can get model outputs? (1)

## Section 2: Theory (30 Marks; 2 hours)

- Q1. Which out of: downdraft fraction, deep convective adjustment time, and entrainment parameter, is the most sensitive? (1)
- QZ. What is the full name of this course? (1)
- Q3. What do you mean by a 'feasible" range of a parameter? (2)
- Q4. What is the difference between concentration pathways and emission pathways in the context of CMIP/IPCC? (3)
- Q5. Answer any three questions (6 marks)
  - (2) Write and explain the updraft mass flux equation. (2)
  - (b) What do you mean by a process-oriented-diagnostic? (2)
  - (c) What do you mean by climate change signal in a given variable (e.g., rainfall)? (2)
  - (d) How do we find out the uncertainty in climate change signal of rainfall due to parameter sensitivity? (2)
- Q6. Answer any three questions (9 marks)
  - (a) Explain the method of Quantile-based Bias Correction (QBC). (3)
  - (b) How is bias correction different than model tuning? Explain. (3)
  - Differentiate between statistical and dynamical downscaling. (3)
  - (d) Define CAPE with equation. Which term in the equation gets affected because of entrainment? (3)
  - entrainment? (3)

    (e) Do you expect a cloud to be deeper or shallower if it entrains more? Explain using the
    - CAPE equation. (3)

      (f) What do you mean by Geo-engineering? Why is it done? How is it done in the model?
- Q7. Answer any two questions (8 marks)
  - (a) Explain figure 1. (4)
  - (b) Explain the hatching and stippling in figure 2. (4)

What are the conserved variables used in the one dimensional (1D) entraining plume model? Write down the conservation equation. (4)

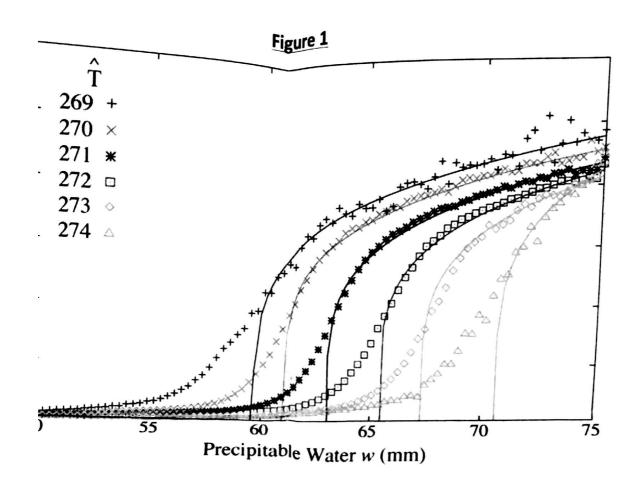


Figure 2

