- Construct the distance vs angle signatures for the following boundaries: O1.
  - A rectangle with length a and width b,

(ii) A regular hexagon with length of side a. (2+2)

Find the Fourier descriptors for the following boundaries: Q2. (i)

(a) A square with length of side = 1.

(b) An equilateral triangle with length of side = 1.

In each case, reconstruct the original boundaries using only the first two (ii) (2+2+2)descriptor coefficients.

Q3. Given the following image

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Construct the co-occurrence matrix using the position operator Q as "one (i) to the right".

Compute (a) Contrast, (b) Uniformity, and comment of the result. (2+2) (ii)

Given the following four vectors, perform PCA: Q4.

$$[0,0,0]^T; [1,0,1]^T; [1,1,1]^T; [0,1,0]^T$$

- What is the covariance matrix? (i)
- What are the eigen values? (ii)
- What are the eigen vectors? (iii)
- What are the transformed points? (iv)

Plot the transformed points in the new space. (v)

(2+1+2+2+1)

Given the following four points in a two dimensional space: Q5.

$$[0,0]^T$$
;  $[0,1]^T$ ;  $[1,1]^T$ ;  $[1,0]^T$ 

Assume that the first three points belong to class 1 and the last belongs to class 2.

(a) Construct a minimum distance classifier and obtain the decision (i) boundary.

(b) Clearly specify all the intermediate steps and values.

(a) Construct a Bayes classifier (assuming each class samples are from a (ii) Gaussian distribution) and obtain the decision boundary.

(b) Clearly specify all the intermediate steps and values. (2+1+3+2)