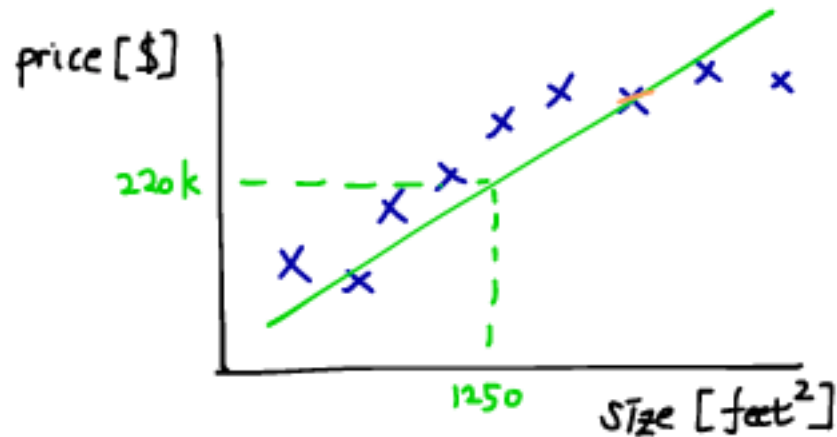


Logistic Regression

Linear Regression

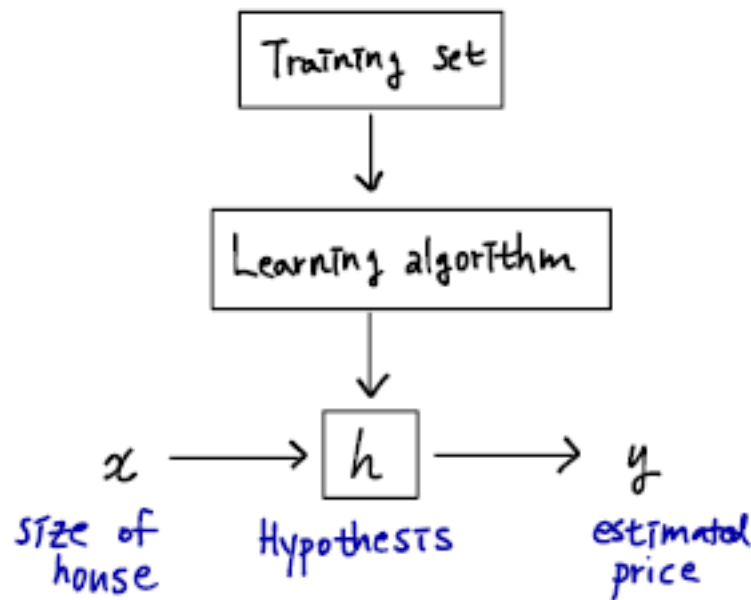
- Input -> output (실수 값)

eg. housing price prediction



Linear Regression

- Hypothesis 함수를 찾는 것이 목적!
- Hypothesis : function of relationship between input and output



Linear Regression

- Cost function
- MSE(Mean-Squared-Error) Cost function

$$J(\theta_0, \theta_1) = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}^{(i)} - y^{(i)})^2 = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)})^2$$

- AI 해커톤 코드 참조

Linear Regression

- Lab

데이터

x	y
1	1
2	2
3	3

Tensorflow Code

```
X_train = [1,2,3]
```

```
Y_train = [1,2,3]
```

```
W = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([1]), name='weight')
```

```
b = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([1]), name='bias')
```

```
hypothesis = X_train * W + b
```

```
cost = tf.reduce_mean(tf.square(hypothesis - Y_train))
```

```
optimizer =
```

```
tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(learning_rate=0.01)
```

```
train = optimizer.minimize(cost)
```

Logistic Regression

- **Classification**

- Input -> discrete class (ex: 이메일 스팸, 종양 양성/음성)

- **Logistic Regression Model**

- Sigmoid Function (Logistic Function)

$$h_{\theta}(x) = g(\theta^T x)$$

$$g(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

(sigmoid fit, or logistic fit)

$$\Rightarrow h_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\theta^T x}}$$



Logistic Regression

- 주어진 feature 가 x 라는 값을 가질 때 class 1에 들어갈 확률

$$h_{\theta}(x) = P(y = 1|x; \theta)$$

- Sigmoid Function

$$h_{\theta}(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\theta^T x}}$$

$$y = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } h_{\theta}(x) \geq 0.5 \\ 0 & \text{if } h_{\theta}(x) < 0.5 \end{cases}$$

Logistic Regression

- Cost Function

$$\text{cost}(h_{\theta}(x), y) = \begin{cases} -\log(h_{\theta}(x)) & \text{if } y = 1 \\ -\log(1 - h_{\theta}(x)) & \text{if } y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$J(\theta) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m [y^{(i)} \log h_{\theta}(x) + (1 - y^{(i)}) \log(1 - h_{\theta}(x))]$$