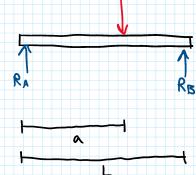
Case):

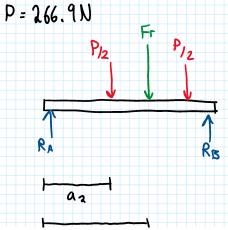


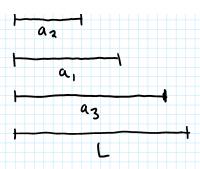
$$2M_A = R_B L - Pa = 0$$

$$a = \frac{R_B L}{P} = \frac{(184.4)(4)}{222.4}$$

$$a = 3.31 \text{ m}$$

Case 2





For resultant force:

$$\Sigma M_A = R_B L - F_R a_1 = 0$$

$$a_1 = \frac{R_B L}{F_R} = \frac{(135.9)(4)}{266.9}$$

so I load of P12 must be on either side of 203m

For left side:

$$M(x) = R_{Ax}$$

$$Q(x) = \frac{1}{EI} \int M(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{R_{A}}{2} x^{2} + C_{1} \right]$$

$$V(x) = \frac{1}{EI} \int \theta(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{R_A}{G} x^3 + C_1 x + C_2 \right]$$

$$\theta(a_2) = \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{R_A}{2} a_1^2 + C_1 \right] = 0$$

$$\theta(a_{2}) = \frac{1}{EJ} \left[\frac{RA}{2} a_{2}^{2} + \zeta_{1} \right] = 0$$

$$C_{1} = -\frac{RA}{2} a^{2}$$

$$T(0) = \frac{1}{EJ} \left(2 = 0 \right)$$

$$C_{2} = 0$$

$$T(x)_{1eff} = \frac{1}{EJ} \left[\frac{RA}{6} x^{3} - \frac{RA}{2} a^{2} x \right]$$
where
$$0 < a_{2} < 2.03$$

$$\begin{split} & \{ M(x) = M(x) + \frac{P}{2}(x - a_2) - R_A x = 0 \} \\ & M(x) = R_A x - \frac{P}{2}(x - a_2) \\ & O(x) = \frac{1}{EJ} \int M(x) dx \\ & = \frac{1}{EJ} \left[\frac{R_A}{2} x^2 - \frac{P}{4} x^2 + \frac{P}{2} a_2 x + C_1 \right] \\ & \mathcal{V}(x) = \frac{1}{EJ} \int O(x) dx \\ & = \frac{1}{EJ} \left[\frac{R_A}{6} x^3 - \frac{P}{12} x^3 + \frac{P}{4} a_2 x^2 + C_1 x + C_2 \right] \\ & O(a_3) = \frac{1}{EJ} \left[\frac{R_A}{2} a_3^2 - \frac{P}{4} a_3^2 + \frac{P}{2} a_2 a_3 + C_1 \right] = 0 \end{split}$$

$$\theta(a_{3}) = \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{RA}{2} a_{3}^{2} - \frac{P}{4} a_{3}^{2} + \frac{P}{2} a_{2} a_{3} + C_{1} \right] = 0$$

$$C_{1} = \frac{P}{4} a_{3}^{2} - \frac{P}{2} a_{2} a_{3} - \frac{RA}{2} a_{3}^{2}$$

$$V(0) = \frac{1}{EI} (2 = 0)$$

$$(z = 0)$$

$$V(x)_{right} = \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{RA}{6} x^{3} - \frac{P}{12} x^{3} + \frac{P}{4} a_{2} x^{2} + \left(\frac{P}{4} a_{3}^{2} - \frac{P}{2} a_{2} a_{3} - \frac{RA}{2} a_{3}^{2} \right) x \right]$$
where $2.03 < a_{3} < 4$