

FSM of the Lexical Analyzer (Higher Overview)

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1 Regular Expressions

The way *Lexi* parses each line and determines the identifier type is through the use of *regular expressions*. Being able to determine the identifier is crucial in defining the token's contents. *Lexi* after processing the file and creating a vector of strings that parses line by line which is then fed through a function that reads each character and determines one of the each lexeme types.

1. **Comments** determines any line that has **!** and ends with a trailing **!**. Multiple comments in a line are supported.

`(!.*)`

2. **Keywords** finds any word that is considered reserved for the structure of the language including data types, control-flow operators, and other key-defining words for the language.

`(int|float|bool|true|false|(end)?if|else|then|while(end)?
|do(end)?|for(end)?|(in|out)put|and|or|not)`

3. **Number** is any integer, float, double, size_t, (etc.) value for identifying amount.

`(?:b)([-+]?d*.\?\d+)?(?:=b)`

4. **Identifier** grabs any word that is not within a *comment* or *keyword* field.

`([a-zA-Z]+(d*)?)`

5. **Separators** finds any symbol that helps keep the contents contained.

`(+|-|*|/|=|>|<|>=|<=|&+||+|%|^!$|^)`

6. **Operators** obtains symbols that the language uses for operation.

`((|)|{|}|[|]"'|,)`

7. **Terminators** are symbols signalling end of a line.

`(;|$)`