

Syntactical Analyzer Documentation — CS 323

Jared Dyreson
Chris Nutter
California State University, Fullerton

Contents

1	Credit	2
2	Notes and Caveats	2
3	Types Allowed	2
4	Tokens Defined	3
4.1	Separators	3
4.2	Delimiters	3
4.3	Operators	3
4.4	Reserved Words — Primitive Types	3
4.5	Reserved Words — Control Flow	4
5	Rules	4
6	Process	5
7	Grammars	5
7.1	Expressions	5
7.2	ID	6
7.3	Assignment	6
7.4	Term	7
7.5	Factor	7
7.6	Statements	8
7.7	Statement	8
7.8	If Statement	8
7.9	For Loop	9
7.10	While Loop	9
7.11	Do While Loop	9

1 Credit

Synthetic is built upon the works of **ezaqurii**, with his beautiful work for Flex, GNU Bison integration and the ability to change file streams to make testing go by MUCH faster. If this project did not exist, we would not be here at this point. [Here is the](#) link to the original work, all other work is original.

2 Notes and Caveats

- Given there are so many different functions that would need to be created for each individual grammar rule, [GNU Bison](#) is was used to generate these trees
- Since this project is so interlaced with [Flex \(Fast Lexer\)](#), the use of **Lexi** (our original lexer built for project #1), could not be utilized.

3 Types Allowed

- bool
- long long int (unsigned 64-bit integers)
- float (for division and other computation requiring floating point arithmetic)

4 Tokens Defined

4.1 Separators

- LEFTPAR \rightarrow (
- RIGHTPAR \rightarrow)
- LEFT_CURLY \rightarrow {
- RIGHT_CURLY \rightarrow }

4.2 Delimiters

- SEMICOLON \rightarrow ;
- COMMA \rightarrow ,

4.3 Operators

- ASSIGN \rightarrow =
- GEOMETRIC_OP \rightarrow * /
- ARITHMETIC_OP \rightarrow + -
- RELATIONAL_OP \rightarrow > < <= >= && ||
- ID_INC \rightarrow ++
- ID_DEC \rightarrow --

4.4 Reserved Words — Primitive Types

- bool
- int
- float

4.5 Reserved Words — Control Flow

- if
- else
- then
- endif
- for
- forend
- while
- whileend
- do
- doend

5 Rules

- assignment
- statements \rightarrow statement
 - if
 - for
 - while
 - do while
- expression (arithmetic computation using long long integers)
- term (geometric computation using floating point integers)

6 Process

- Source file read in (all tests are inside the **inputs** directory)
- Gets lexxed using Flex
- Token stream is fed into GNU Bison
- Each individual token is then checked against grammar rules defined and intermediate code generation takes place here
- AST is then created after the code generation occurs

7 Grammars

Some of these rules do have immediate left recursion and GNU Bison is able to account for these

7.1 Expressions

$\langle expression \rangle ::= \text{NUMBER}$
| $\langle expression \rangle \text{ ARITHMETIC_OP } \langle expression \rangle$
| $\text{LEFTPAR } \langle expression \rangle \text{ RIGHTPAR}$

```
1 ! Testing addition and subtraction rules !
2 int func() {
3     ! No parens !
4     1 + 1
5     1 - 1
6
7
8     ! Parens !
9     (1 + 1)
10    (1 - 1)
11 }
```

7.2 ID

$\langle id \rangle ::= \text{ID}$

```
1 ! Identifiers !
2
3 void func() {
4     ! Matches numbers and variable names !
5     1
6     2
7
8     a
9     ab
10    abc
11 }
```

7.3 Assignment

$\langle assignment \rangle ::= \text{PRIMITIVE_TYPE ID SEMICOLON}$
| $\text{PRIMITIVE_TYPE ID ASSIGN } \langle expression \rangle \text{ SEMICOLON}$
| $\text{ID ASSIGN } \langle expression \rangle \text{ SEMICOLON}$
| $\text{PRIMITIVE_TYPE ID ASSIGN } \langle term \rangle \text{ SEMICOLON}$
| $\text{ID ASSIGN } \langle term \rangle \text{ SEMICOLON}$

```
1 ! Assignments !
2
3 void func() {
4     ! This is a test for assignment !
5
6     int value = 10;
7     int a = 15;
8     int b = 20;
9
10    int c = 10 * 20;
11    int d = 50 / 10;
12 }
```

7.4 Term

$\langle term \rangle ::= \langle factor \rangle$
| $\langle term \rangle$ GEOMETRIC_OP $\langle factor \rangle$
| LEFTPAR $\langle term \rangle$ RIGHTPAR
| $\langle id \rangle$

```
1 void func(){  
2     10 * 20 * 30;  
3     50 / 10 / 5;  
4     (10 * 10 * 10);  
5     exampleVar;  
6 }
```

7.5 Factor

$\langle factor \rangle ::= \langle id \rangle \text{ ID}$
| NUMBER
| LEFTPAR $\langle expression \rangle$ RIGHTPAR

```
1
2
3 void func() {
4     ! Gets the value of exampleVar and places it onto a temporary stack to be
      computed !
5
6     exampleVar
7
8     ! Does the same but puts 10 directly , no lookup required !
9     10
10
11    ! Computes 10 + 10 and places 20 onto the stack !
12
13    (10 + 10)
14 }
```


7.6 Statements

$\langle \text{statements} \rangle ::= \langle \text{statement} \rangle \langle \text{statements} \rangle$
| $\langle \text{statement} \rangle$

```
1
2 ! Mix and match statements !
3
4 void func() {
5     int value = 10;
6     if (true) then
7         value = 100;
8     else
9         for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
10             ! pass !
11         endfor
12     endif
13 }
```

7.7 Statement

$\langle \text{statement} \rangle ::= \langle \text{assignment} \rangle$
| $\langle \text{if_statement} \rangle$
| $\langle \text{for_statement} \rangle$
| $\langle \text{while_statement} \rangle$

7.8 If Statement

$\langle \text{if_statement} \rangle ::= \text{IF } \langle \text{condition} \rangle \text{ THEN } \langle \text{statements} \rangle \text{ ENDIF}$
| $\text{IF } \langle \text{condition} \rangle \text{ THEN } \langle \text{statements} \rangle \text{ ELSE } \langle \text{statements} \rangle \text{ ENDIF}$

```
1
2 void func() {
3     if (10 < 12) then
4         int value = 10;
5     else
6         int var = 10;
7     endif
8 }
```

7.9 For Loop

$\langle \text{for_statement} \rangle ::= \text{FOR LEFTPAR PRIMITIVE_TYPE } \langle ID \rangle \text{ ASSIGN } \langle \text{expression} \rangle \text{ SEMI-}$
 $\text{COLON ID RELATIONAL_OP } \langle \text{expression} \rangle \text{ SEMICOLON ID_INC RIGHTPAR } \langle \text{statements} \rangle$
 FOREND

```
1  for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
2      int first = 0;
3      for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
4          int second = 0;
5          forend
6      forend
7
8
9  for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
10     int first = 0;
11     for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i)
12         int second = 0;
13         forend
14     forend
15
16
17 for (int i = 0; i < 10; —i)
18     int first = 0;
19     for (int i = 0; i < 10; —i)
20         int second = 0;
21         forend
22     forend
```

7.10 While Loop

7.11 Do While Loop