

TERMS

Probability Model: a mathematical representation of a random event. **Sample Space:** a range of values of a random variable. **Probability:** a quantifiable amount for the likelihood of an event occurring. **Independent:** one event does not influence another. **Disjoint:** the probability of two specific events occurring is 0. **Neither (example):** a person does not eat red meat & is vegetarian. **Both (example):** because you passed your driver's test, you have a driver's license. **PMF:** $P(X = x) \rightarrow$ mapped value. : i++i

FORMULAS

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| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • $\mu_x = \Sigma x \cdot p(x)$ [expected value] • $\sigma_x^2 = \Sigma[x^2 \cdot P(x)] - \mu_x^2$ [variance] • $\sigma_x = \sqrt{\Sigma[x^2 \cdot P(x)] - \mu_x^2}$ [standard deviation] • $E(X \pm Y) = E(X) \pm E(Y)$ [expected value [trans]] • $Var(X \pm Y) = Var(X) \pm Var(Y)$ [variance [trans]] • $e = mc^2$ • i++i • i++i • i++i • i++i • i++i • i++i | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • i++i |
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