$\begin{array}{c} \text{Team Control Number} \\ 2506135 \end{array}$

 \mathbf{C}

Together, Individuals Make a Difference

Summary

Here is the abstract of your paper.

Firstly, that is ...

Secondly, that is ...

Finally, that is ...

$$F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t)e^{-i\omega t} dt$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(\omega) e^{i\omega t} d\omega$$

PCA

%

Keywords: A, B, C,

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1 Introduction

1.1 Problem Background

1.2 Restatement of Problem

A literatrue[1] say something about this problem ... There is a conception named "momentum" in tennis, which has a great impact on players' performance. It is a generalization of the influence in manifold aspects like mental stress and residual energy. So the fluctuation of momentum is the most probable factor that reveals the trend of match. However,the momentum is not easy to be quantified for it includes many subjective indicators, and there are few models that can be directly used, so we decide to cut in the following questions from statistical analysis and data procession:

- Develop a model that captures the flow of play as points occur and apply it to one or more of the matches. Your model should identify which player is performing better at a given time in the match, as well as how much better they are performing. Provide a visualization based on your model to depict the match flow. *Note: in tennis, the player serving has a much higher probability of winning the point/game. You may wish to factor this into your model in some way.*
- A tennis coach is skeptical that "momentum" plays any role in the match. Instead, he postulates that swings in play and runs of success by one player are random. Use your model/metric to assess this claim.
- Coaches would love to know if there are indicators that can help determine when the flow of play is about to change from favoring one player to the other.
 - 1) Using the data provided for at least one match, develop a model that predicts these swings in the match. What factors seem most related (if any)?
 - 2) Given the differential in past match "momentum" swings how do you advise a player going into a new match against a different player?
- Test the model you developed on one or more of the other matches. How well do you predict the swings in the match? If the model performs poorly at times, can you identify any factors that might need to be included in future models? How generalizable is your model to other matches (such as Women's matches), tournaments, court surfaces, and other sports such as table tennis.
- Produce a report of no more than 25 pages with your findings and include a one- to twopage memo summarizing your results with advice for coaches on the role of momentum, and how to prepare players to respond to events that impact the flow of play during a tennis match.

1.3 Our work

We do such things ...

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- **1.** We do ...
- **2.** We do ...
- **3.** We do ...

2 Question Preparation

2.1 Assumptions

2.2 Notations

The primary notations used in this paper are listed in Table 1.

Definition Symbol C_i the first one S_i the second one Gthe second one the second one В the second one M the second one \boldsymbol{A} the second one Dthe second one Ethe second one Sport Advantagen Coefficient γ the second one m_{c_i}

The Probability of First Medal

the second one the second one

Table 1: Notations

3 Data Preprocessing

3.1 Basic Data Preprocessing

 $m_{c_i s_j}$

 g_i

$$G_i \cap G_j = \emptyset, \bigcup_{i=1}^5 G_i = X$$

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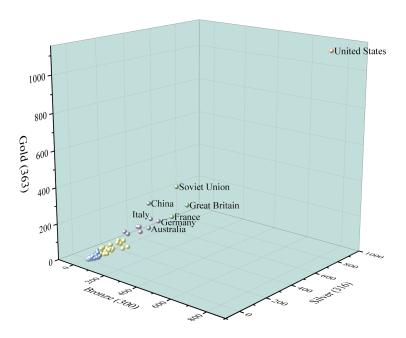


Figure 1: Scatter plot of national level classification (based on Kmeans++clustering algorithm)

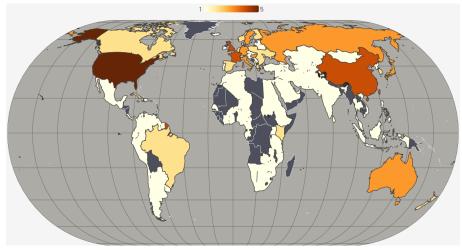


Figure 2: aa

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3.2 Data Mining

3.2.1 Athlete Service Status

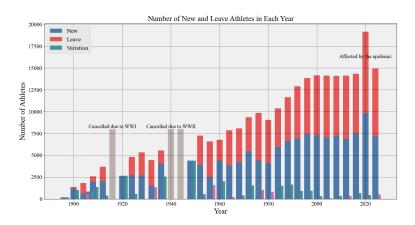


Figure 3: Number of New and Leave Athletes in Each Year

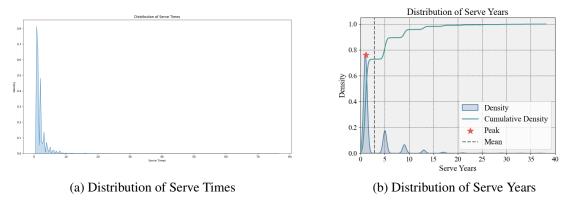


Figure 4: Two images

3.2.2 Distribution of Countries' Strength Sports

4 Task1:Medal Prediction Model Based on LightGBM

4.1 Medal Standings

The detail can be described by equation (1):Equation 1:

$$\alpha + \beta = \gamma$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \gamma$$

$$\alpha$$
(1)

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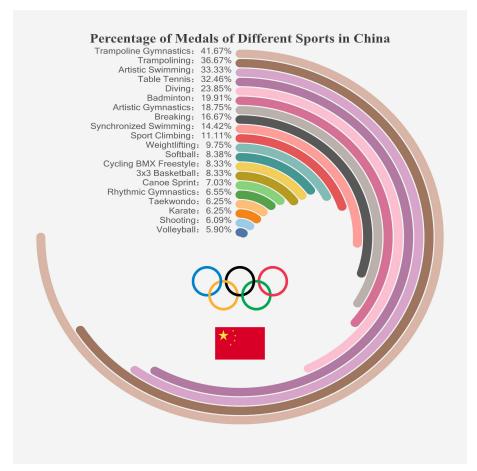


Figure 5: Percentage of Medals of Different Sports in China

$$\gamma = \frac{m_{c_i s_j}}{\sum m_{c_i s_j}}$$

$$A + B + C + D + E + F$$
= $G + Q + W + E + R + T + Y$
= $A + S + D + F + G + H + J$ (2)

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & , \text{if } x < 0\\ x+1 & , \text{if } x > 0\\ 1 & , \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (3)

Table 2: Variable Name

Variable Name	Code	Definition
Whether Host Country	is host	Whether the country is the host(1 for host,0 for
		non-host)

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Table 2: Variable Name (Continued)

Medal Expectation Increment *Personnel Expectation Increment	medal_increment * personnel_increment	Product of medal expectation increment and personnel expectation increment
Sport Advantage Coefficient	sport_adv	Advantage coefficient of a specific sport
Country Level	country_lvl	The level of the country in the competition (ordered by rank)
Project Medal Expectation /Project Personnel Expection	sport_medal _per_ person	Ratio of sport medals to projected personnel for a specific sport
Gold Medal Probability	gold_prob	Probability of an athlete winning a gold medal
Silver Medal Probability	silver_prob	Probability of an athlete winning a silver medal
Bronze Medal Probability	silver_prob	Probability of an athletewinning a bronze medal
No Medal Probability	no_medal_probe	Probability of an athlete winning no medal

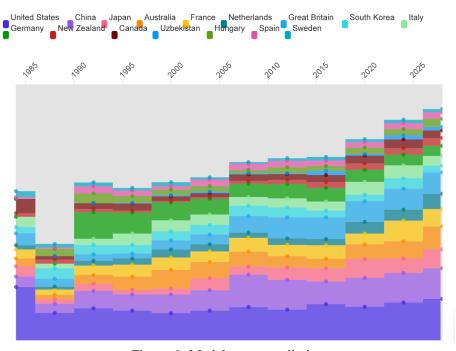


Figure 6: Medal count prediction

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Country	G_	S_	B_	G_	S_	B_	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
	pes.	pes.	pes.	opt.	opt.	opt.				
United States	47	36	23	53	41	25	51	40	25	117
China	35	35	15	46	38	20	40	36	17	95
Australia	28	20	22	33	24	24	29	22	23	71
France	23	19	19	27	20	22	24	19	21	64
Germany	18	24	14	23	26	16	21	25	15	61
United Kingdom	20	19	14	26	24	15	25	21	15	61
Japan	16	25	14	19	27	16	17	26	16	58
Italy	15	20	15	17	20	22	16	20	16	53
Spain	21	10	13	30	12	14	25	12	13	50
Netherlands	24	6	13	29	9	15	26	8	15	47
New Zealand	20	13	9	22	15	10	22	14	9	45
•••	••	••		••	••		••			

4.2 Countries that Win Their First Medal

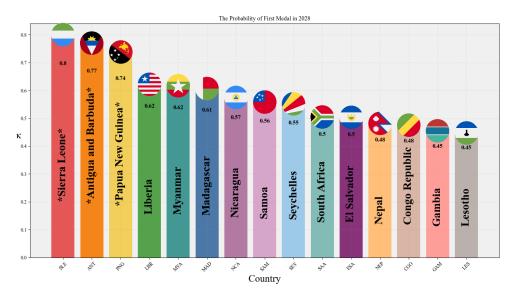


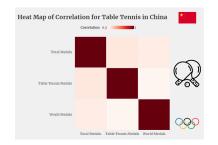
Figure 7: The Probability of First Medal in 2028

4.3 Events and Medal Counts by Countries

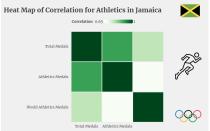
5 Task2:

The results are shown in Figure $\ref{eq:concentration}$, where t denotes the time in seconds, and c refers to the concentration of water in the boiler.

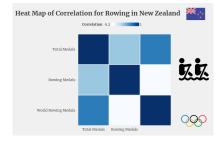
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(a) Heatmap of Correlation for Table Tennis in China



(b) Heatmap of Correlation for Athletics in Jamaica



(c) Heatmap of Correlation for Rowing in New Zealand

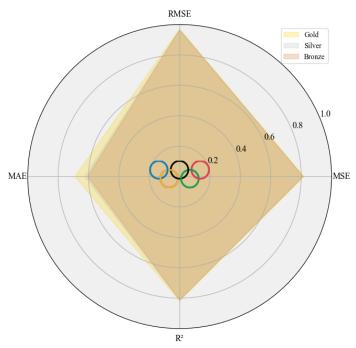
Figure 8: Three images

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Table 4: Model Performances(LightGBM)

Model	MSE	RMSE	MAE	\mathbf{R}^2
Gold Prediction	0.0235	0.180	0.030	0.690
Silver Prediction	0.0239	0.185	0.033	0.625
Bronze Prediction	0.0231	0.187	0.034	0.606

Model Performances (LightGBM)



Citius, Altius, Fortius - Communis.

Figure 9: Model Performance Radar Chart

6 Task3

$$\mathscr{L} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{(m-1)} + \eta f_m(x_i)) + \Omega(f_m)$$

$$\kappa = 0.8 \times \frac{\xi - \overline{\xi}}{\sigma}$$

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$$d_i = R(X_i) - R(Y_i)$$

$$R_s = 1 - \frac{6\sum d_i^2}{n(n^2 - 1)}$$

 $d_i R_s$

$$P(c_k \mid X) = \frac{P(X \mid c_k)P(c_k)}{P(X)}$$

$$C_t^+ = \max(0, C_{t-1}^+ + (X_t - \mu - k))$$

 C_t^+

- 7 Task4
- 8 Sensitivity Analysis
- 9 Model Evaluation
- 9.1 Strengths
 - First one...
 - Second one ...
- 9.2 Weaknesses
 - Only one ...
- 10 Conclusion

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Memorandum

To: Heishan Yan **From:** Team 1234567 **Date:** October 1st, 2019

Subject: A better choice than MS Word: IATEX

In the memo, we want to introduce you an alternate typesetting program to the prevailing MS Word: **LATEX**. In fact, the history of LATEX is even longer than that of MS Word. In 1970s, the famous computer scientist Donald Knuth first came out with a typesetting program, which named TEX...

Firstly, ...
Secondly, ...
Lastly, ...

According to all those mentioned above, it is really worth to have a try on LATEX!

References

- [1] Einstein, A., Podolsky, B., & Rosen, N. (1935). Can quantum-mechanical description of physical reality be considered complete? *Physical review*, 47(10), 777.
- [2] A simple, easy LaTeX template for MCM/ICM: EasyMCM. (2018). Retrieved December 1, 2019, from https://www.cnblogs.com/xjtu-blacksmith/p/easymcm.html

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Appendix A: Further on LATEX

Q	G_	S_	B_	G_	S_	B_	G 11	0.1	Ъ	TD . 1
Country	pes.	pes.	pes.	opt.	opt.	opt.	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total
United States	47	36	23	53	41	25	51	40	25	117
China	35	35	15	46	38	20	40	36	17	95
Australia	28	20	22	33	24	24	29	22	23	71
France	23	19	19	27	20	22	24	19	21	64
Germany	18	24	14	23	26	16	21	25	15	61
United Kingdom	20	19	14	26	24	15	25	21	15	61
Japan	16	25	14	19	27	16	17	26	16	58
Italy	15	20	15	17	20	22	16	20	16	53
Spain	21	10	13	30	12	14	25	12	13	50
Netherlands	24	6	13	29	9	15	26	8	15	47
New Zealand	20	13	9	22	15	10	22	14	9	45
Canada	15	10	16	19	10	18	17	10	16	43
Brazil	8	10	13	8	11	15	8	10	14	32
Belgium	6	8	7	15	10	8	11	8	7	26
Hungary	7	6	8	8	8	9	8	8	9	25
Poland	10	7	6	12	10	8	11	9	6	25
Ireland	6	10	6	7	11	6	6	10	6	23
Argentina	4	8	7	5	10	9	4	9	8	22
Denmark	10	7	5	12	8	8	10	8	6	22
Ukraine	3	7	8	5	8	9	4	8	8	21
South Korea	10	5	4	12	6	4	11	6	4	21
Romania	10	7	3	12	8	3	12	7	3	20
Norway	11	1	4	11	3	6	11	2	6	19
South Africa	6	4	4	8	8	5	8	7	5	18
Slovenia	4	3	8	6	3	8	4	3	8	17
Kenya	5	4	4	5	7	5	5	7	4	16
Serbia	4	5	6	5	9	7	4	8	6	16
Mexico	4	4	3	6	4	5	5	4	4	15
India	1	1	4	8	4	5	7	3	4	15
Greece	3	4	2	7	4	3	7	4	3	14
Switzerland	2	4	5	5	4	6	4	4	6	14
Jamaica	1	7	2	5	12	3	4	8	2	13
Czech Republic	5	3	3	6	4	5	6	4	4	13
Uzbekistan	4	2	2	5	3	2	4	2	2	10
Nigeria	4	2	4	4	3	4	4	2	4	10
Sweden	4	4	2	5	5	5	4	4	2	10
Turkey	3	2	5	3	2	6	3	2	5	10
Finland	2	6	2	2	6	2	2	6	2	10
Colombia	5	2	0	5	3	1	5	3	0	9
Egypt	0	3	3	1	4	4	0	4	4	8

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Kazakhstan	1	2	2	4	4	2	3	3	2	8
Iran	2	2	1	5	3	2	4	2	1	8
Dominican					1	12				
Republic	3	3	2	6	4	3	5	3	3	8
Portugal	2	3	3	2	4	3	2	3	3	8
Cuba	2	2	1	3	2	2	3	2	2	7
Unknown	1	2	2	1	2	4	1	2	2	7
Latvia	3	1	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	7
Ethiopia	2	1	0	2	6	2	2	2	2	6
Algeria	2	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	6
Morocco	0	2	4	0	2	5	0	2	5	6
Austria	3	0	1	3	1	2	3	0	2	6
Puerto Rico	2	3	1	4	3	2	2	3	2	6
Thailand	1	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	5
Croatia	2	2	0	2	2	1	2	2	1	5
Ecuador	2	0	2	3	1	3	2	0	3	5
Uganda	0	1	1	1	4	1	1	3	1	5
Angola	0	2	0	1	3	1	0	2	0	5
Israel	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	5
Mongolia	1	3	1	1	4	1	1	4	1	5
Fiji	0	1	0	2	5	1	1	4	0	5
Uruguay	0	2	0	1	3	1	0	2	0	5
Chile	0	2	0	1	3	1	0	2	0	5
Unknown	1	1	0	3	1	0	1	1	0	4
Zambia	1	3	0	1	3	0	1	3	0	4
Azerbaijan	1	0	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	4
Guinea	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	4
Georgia	1	1	0	2	2	0	2	2	0	3
Mali	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	3
Chinese	1	1			1	0		1	0	2
Taipei	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	3
Venezuela	0	2	1	1	2	2	0	2	2	3
Paraguay	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	3
Indonesia	0	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	3
Peru	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	3
Iraq	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	3
Bulgaria	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	3
Lithuania	2	1	0	2	2	1	2	1	1	3
Tunisia	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2
Guatemala	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	2
Bahamas	0	2	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	2
Trinidad and	0	1		1	1	0	0	1	0	2
Tobago	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	2
Montenegro	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	2

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Hong Kong	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	2
Moldova	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	1
South Sudan	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	1
Malaysia	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
Philippines	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Bahrain	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1
Estonia	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Liberia	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	1
United Arab Emirates	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Jordan	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Eritrea	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	1
Singapore	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
Luxembourg	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Cyprus	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Samoa	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
Qatar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tanzania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Djibouti	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ghana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ivory Coast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tajikistan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kyrgyzstan	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Armenia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slovakia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Botswana	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Grenada	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Zimbabwe	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burundi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kosovo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Appendix B: Program Codes

Here are the program codes we used in our research.

test.py

```
# Python code example
for i in range(10):
    print('Hello, world!')
```

test.m

```
% MATLAB code example
for i = 1:10
```

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```
disp("hello, world!");
end
```

test.cpp

```
// C++ code example
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int main() {
   for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
        cout << "hello, world" << endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```