

GALILEO 2 WRISTWATCH

Planetary power for your gardening-tool-built space shuttle.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Wrist Watch G2 Extruder

Introduction	03	
Galileo 2 Introduction	05	
Configuration Requirements	06	
Hardware preferences	07	
Heatset Prep	09	
Gearbox Assembly	11	
Front Body	14	
WWG2 Assembly	15	

INTRODUCTION Wrist Watch G2 Extruder

PART PRINTING GUIDELINES

3D PRINTING PROCESS

Fused Deposition Modeling (FDM)

MATERIAL

ABS/ASA

LAYER HEIGHT

Recommended: 0.2mm

EXTRUSION WIDTH

Recommended: Forced 0.4mm

INFILL TYPE

Grid, Gyroid, Honeycomb, Triangle or Cubic

INFILL PERCENTAGE

Recommended: 40%

WALL COUNT

Recommended: 4

SOLID TOP/BOTTOM LAYERS

Recommended: 5

INTRODUCTION Wrist Watch G2 Extruder

FILE NAMING

By this time you should have already downloaded the STL files from the WristWatch G2 GitHub repository.

PRIMARY COLOR ACCENT COLOR

Rear_Plate.stl Front_Body_ECAS.stl

Tension_Arm.stl

HOW TO GET HELP

Galileo is a series of planetary-geared projects designed by JaredC01. This document covers Galileo 2, or G2, which has an incredible 9:1 gear ratio in a custom-designed planetary gearbox. This manual covers the Wrist Watch Galileo 2 Extruder. Galileo 2 is a product supported by community at VORON Design. Help for Galileo and Wristwatch extruders can be found on VORON Discord or VORON forum.

WHAT BIG GEARS YOU HAVE!

In addition to the planetary gear reduction, WWG2 also features a custom 16mm RNC-coated filament drive gear. This means more grip on the filament, helping to minimize filament slip and maximize extruder output.

WWG2 CONFIGURATION

You must update both the gear_ratio and rotation_distance in your Klipper configuration and do a standard extruder calibration after installing the Galileo 2 Extruder. Additionally, your run_current will need to be updated.

[extruder]

rotation_distance: 47.088

gear_ratio: 9:1
microsteps: 16

[tmc2209 extruder]

run_current: 0.6



SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW (SHCS)

Metric fastener with a cylindrical head and hex drive.

ISO 4762



HEAT SET INSERT

Heat inserts with a soldering tip so that they melt the plastic when installed. As the plastic cools, it solidifies around the knurls and ridges on the insert for excellent resistance to both torque and pull-out.



PIN

16mm x 5mm OD



MR148 BEARING

Main shaft support



EXTRUDER THUMBSCREW

Spring will be stiff



MR115 BEARING

Planetary and idlers



PLANETARY GEAR

31-Tooth MJF Gear



NEMA 14 PANCAKE STEPPER

9T, 20mm



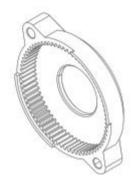
GALILEO 2 EXTRUDER GEAR

RNC-Coated 16mm Drive Gear



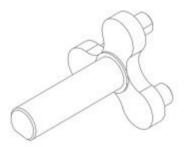
ECAS fitting

You won't need the black rubber part on the bottom



RING GEAR HOUSING

72-Tooth MJF Housing

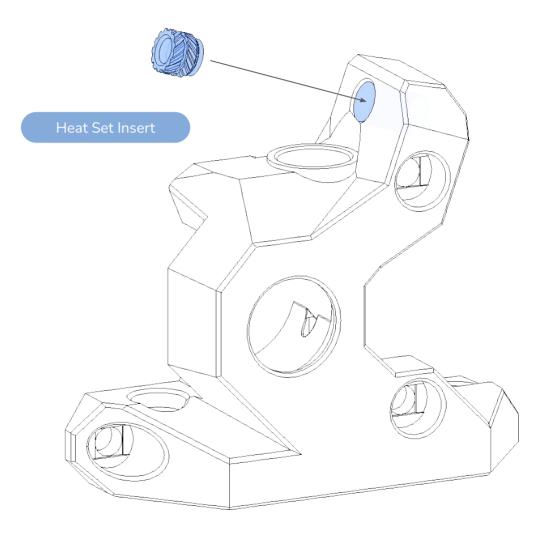


PLANETARY CARRIER SHAFT

Aluminum Carrier

HEAT SET INSERTS

This design relies on heat set inserts. Make sure you have the proper inserts (check the hardware reference for a close-up picture, and the BOM for dimensions).

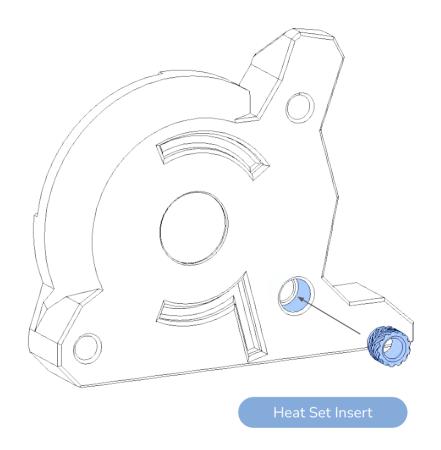


HEATSET PREP - REAR PLATE

Wrist Watch G2 Extruder

HEAT SET INSERTS

This design relies on heat set inserts. Make sure you have the proper inserts (check the hardware reference for a close-up picture, and the BOM for dimensions).

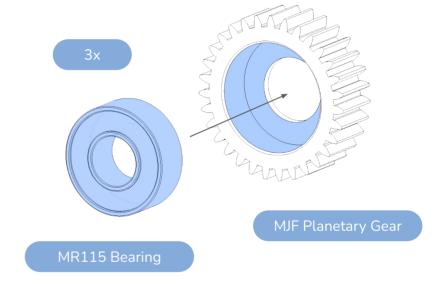


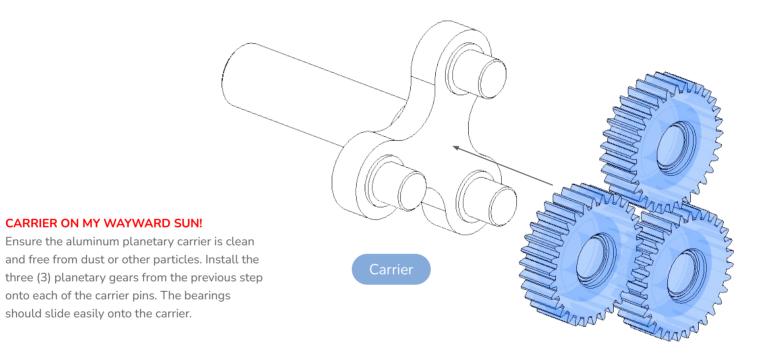
HOW DO YOU THROW A PARTY ABOUT SPACE?....YOU PLANET!

Planetary gearbox assembly can be a tedious process, but following these steps closely will ensure a smoothly running gearbox!

INTERGALACTIC, PLANETARY!

Start by inserting the bearings for each of the three (3) planetary gears. The bearings should press fit into place with little effort. It's okay if the bearings are loose enough to fall out on their own; they will be held captive when the gearbox is assembled.





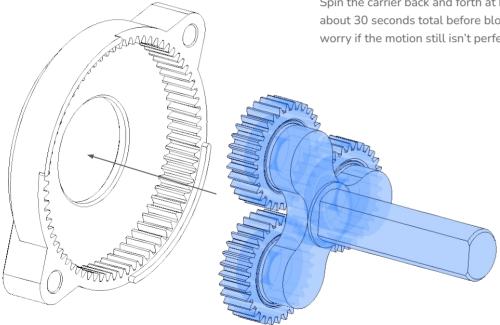
12

YOU KNOW WHAT REALLY GRINDS MY GEARS?

The G2 gearbox is made from MJF Nylon, and as such, is subject to printed part tolerances just like any other printed part. Unfortunately this means that some gearboxes will be tighter than others out of the box.

The best way to ensure a smooth-running gearbox is to manually run-in the gears using a drill!

Start by wrapping the carrier shaft with a strip of paper to protect it, then loosely chuck it into your drill. Spin the carrier back and forth at high speed in short bursts while you hold the ring gear in place. Do this for about 30 seconds total before blowing out any residual MJF dust and proceeding with assembly. Don't worry if the motion still isn't perfectly smooth after 30 seconds



PUT A RING ON IT AND DON'T FORGET THE LUBE

After running in the gearbox manually above, double check for and remove any residual MJF dust that may be in the gearbox before moving on to lubing the gearbox assembly.

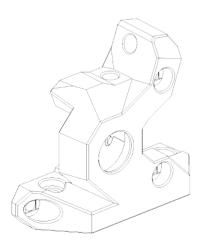
To lube the gearbox, put a pea-sized blob of grease on the bottom flat surface of the ring gear housing, then insert the carrier with planets into the ring gear housing, rotating while installing. Give the carrier 10-20 full rotations to allow the grease to move around and fill all of the nooks in the gear faces. You can use the drill for this step as well, but do take care not to sling grease everywhere!

FRONT BODY - ASSEMBLY Wrist Watch G2 Extruder

ECAS PREP

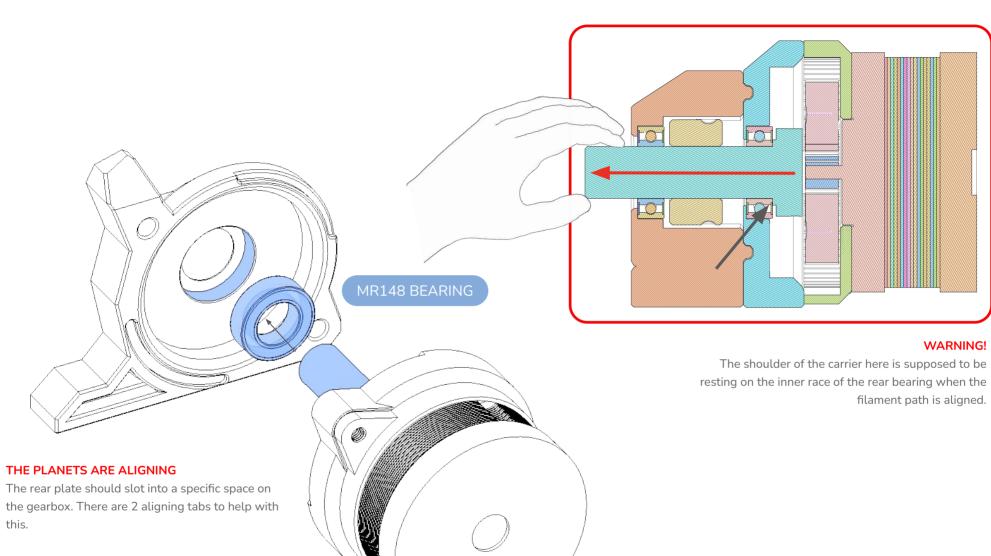
The rubber donut on the bottom highlighted here is not used in this build. Pry the rubber donut off and set it aside where pets won't find a way to use it to increase your vet bill.

Press the collet straight down into the extruder body. This may be a tight fit—you can start it by hand, then push against it using a doorway, the floor, etc. Just try not to ding the pointy top of the printed part.

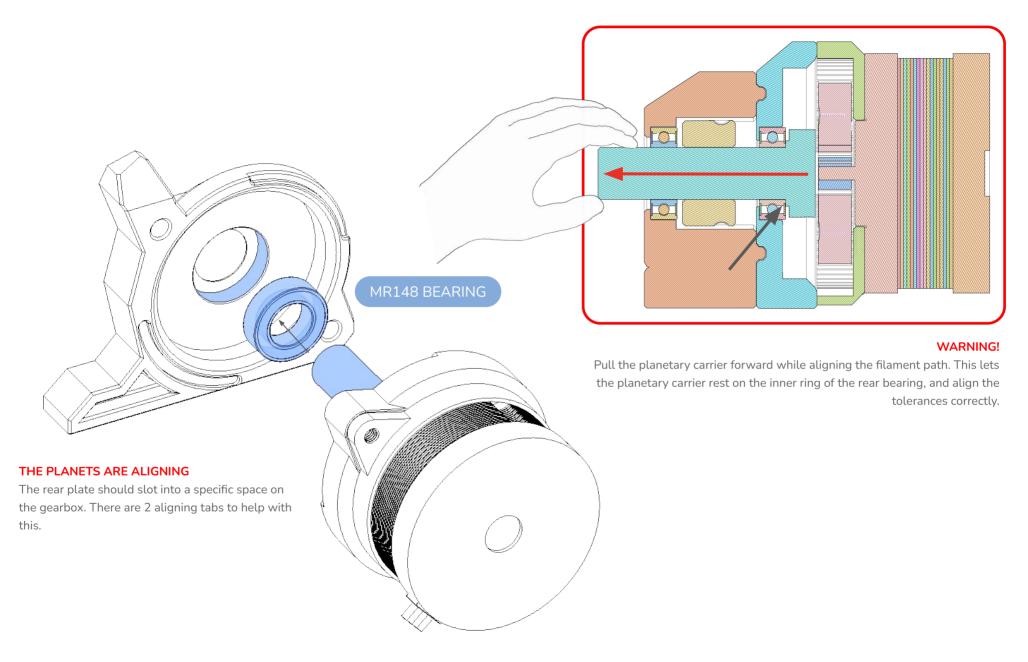






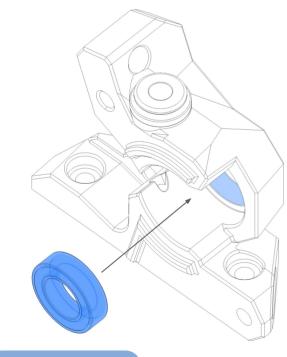


WARNING!

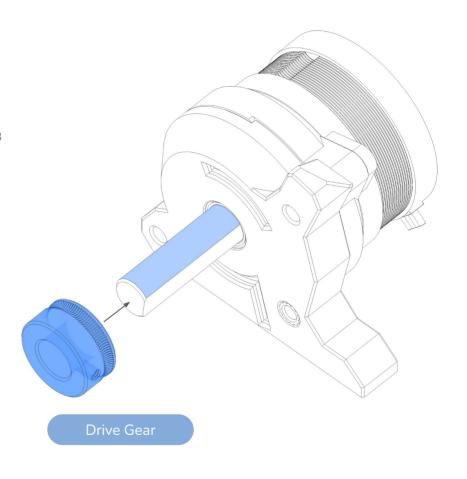


PLANETARY EXTRUSION? IT'S OUT OF THIS WORLD!

Install the custom 16mm drive gear onto the carrier shaft. Insert the MR148 Bearing into the front body.

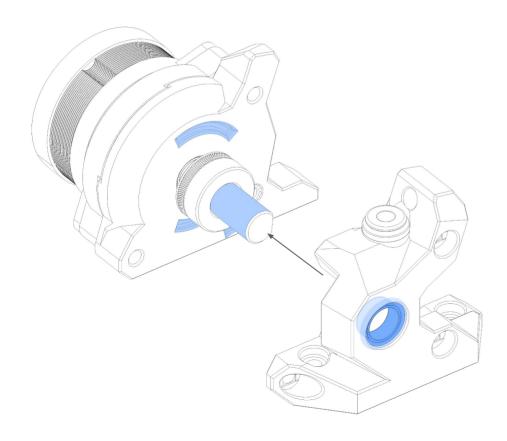


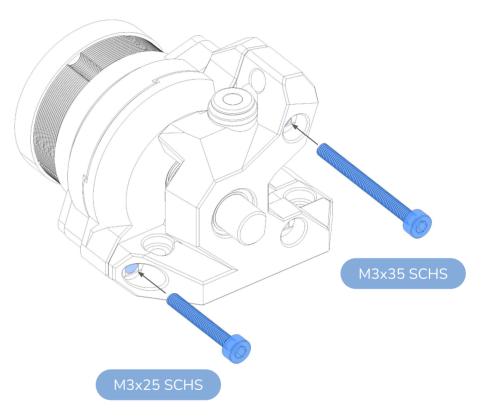


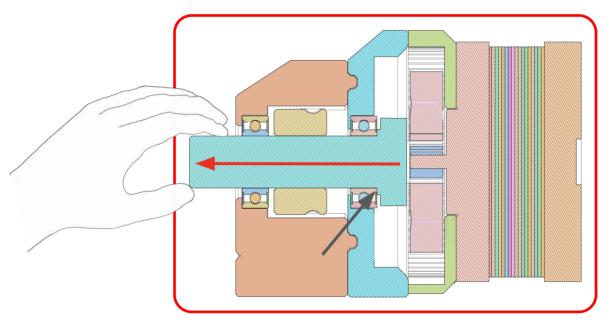


SHAFT SUPPORT

The drive gear should be left loose until this step and only after the front body is connected to the rear plate should the user fine tune by moving the drive gear to the correct location.





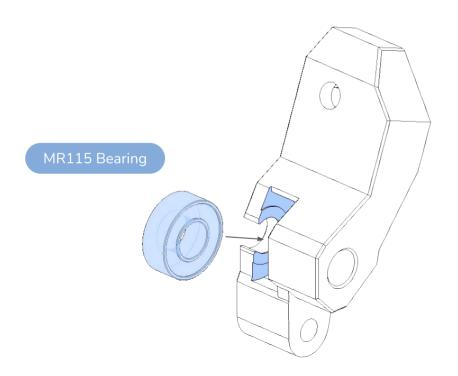


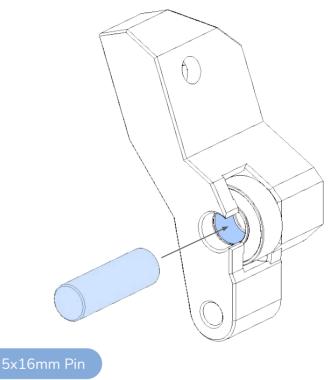
WARNING!

Pull the planetary carrier forward while aligning the filament path. This lets the planetary carrier rest on the inner ring of the rear bearing, and align the tolerances correctly.

I WANTED TO MAKE ANOTHER JOKE, BUT THE TENSION WAS TOO HIGH...

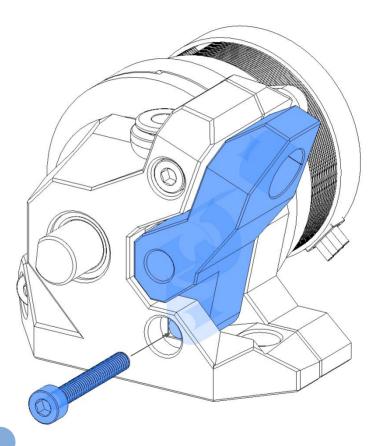
Bearing and pin will be installed in the tensioner arm next. Make sure the bearing spins freely on the pin once installed. If if it doesn't you may need to remove it and check and see if there are any print remnants in the pocket that the bearing slots into.





LET US EASE SOME OF THAT TENSION

One of the last steps is to install the tensioner arm. Don't over tighten this as it is supposed to be able to move freely



M3x20 SHCS

