COSC 120 Lab 7 Report Charles Reigle

Lab 7.1

Source Code

Exercise 1:

```
// Charles Reigle
   #include <iostream>
   using namespace std:
 mitypedef int GradeType[100]; // declares a new data type:
// an integer array of 100 elements
  float findAverage(const GradeType, int);  // finds average of all grades
int findHighest(const GradeType, int);  // finds highest of all grades
int findLowest(const GradeType, int);  // finds lowest of all grades
 □int main()
        GradeType grades; // the array holding the grades.
int numberOfGrades; // the number of grades read.
        int highestGrade; // contains the highest grade.
int lowestGrade; // contains the lowest grade.
        // Read in the values into the array
        pos = 0;
cout << "Please input a grade from 1 to 100, (or -99 to stop)" << endl;</pre>
        cin >> grades[pos];
        int curr;
while (true)
             cin >> curr;
if (curr == -99) { break; }
             pos++;
             grades[pos] = curr;
        numberOfGrades = pos + 1;
        avgOfGrades = findAverage(grades, numberOfGrades);
cout << endl << "The average of all the grades is " << avgOfGrades << endl;</pre>
        highestGrade = findHighest(grades, numberOfGrades);
        cout << endl << "The highest grade is " << highestGrade << endl;</pre>
        lowestGrade = findLowest(grades, numberOfGrades);
        cout << endl << "The lowest grade is " << lowestGrade << endl;</pre>
        return θ;
```

Exercise 3:

```
□int main()
     GradeType grades; // the array holding the grades.
     ifstream dataIn;
     int numberOfGrades; // the number of grades read.
                  // index to the array.
     float avgOfGrades; // contains the average of the grades.
     int highestGrade; // contains the highest grade.
     int lowestGrade; // contains the lowest grade.
     // Read in the values into the array
     dataIn.open("gradfile.txt");
     pos = 0;
     while (!dataIn.eof()) {
         dataIn >> grades[pos];
         pos++;
     numberOfGrades = pos;
     for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGrades; i++) {</pre>
         cout << grades[i] << endl;</pre>
     avgOfGrades = findAverage(grades, numberOfGrades);
     cout << endl << "The average of all the grades is " << avgOfGrades << endl;
     highestGrade = findHighest(grades, numberOfGrades);
     cout << endl << "The highest grade is " << highestGrade << endl;
     lowestGrade = findLowest(grades, numberOfGrades);
     cout << endl << "The lowest grade is " << lowestGrade << endl;</pre>
     return 0;
```

<u>Output</u>

Exercise 2:

```
Please input a grade from 1 to 100, (or -99 to stop)

90

45

72

62

-99

The average of all the grades is 67.25

The highest grade is 90

The lowest grade is 45
```

Exercise 3:

```
90
45
73
21
62
The average of all the grades is 58.2
The highest grade is 90
The lowest grade is 21
```

Lab 7.2

Source Code

```
int main()
     StringType30 firstname, lastname; // two arrays of characters defined
                                           // grades defined as a one dimensional array
// holds the average of a student's grade
// determines if there is more input
    GradeType grades;
    float average
    char moreInput;
    cout << setprecision(2) << fixed << showpoint;</pre>
    cout << "Please input the number of grades each student will receive." << endl</pre>
         "This must be a number between 1 and " << MAXGRADE << " inclusive"</p>
          << endl;
    cin >> numOfGrades;
     while (numOfGrades > MAXGRADE || numOfGrades < 1)
        cout << "Please input the number of grades for each student." << endl
         "This must be a number between 1 and " << MAXGRADE</p>
        cin >> numOfGrades;
     // Input names and grades for each student
    cout << "Please input a y if you want to input more students"</pre>
         << " any other character will stop the input" << endl;</pre>
     cin >> moreInput;
     while (moreInput == 'y' || moreInput == 'Y')
        cout << "Please input the first name of the student" << endl;</pre>
        cout << endl << "Please input the last name of the student" << endl;</pre>
         for (int count = 0; count < numOfGrades; count++)
             cout << endl << "Please input a grade" << endl;
            cin >> grades[count];
        cout << firstname << " " << lastname << " has an average of ";
        float average = findGradeAvg(grades, numOfGrades);
cout << average << " which gives a letter grade of " << findLetterGrade(average);</pre>
        cout << endl << endl << endl;
        cin >> moreInput;
    return 0;
```

Output

```
Please input the number of grades each student will receive.
This must be a number between 1 and 25 inclusive
Please input a y if you want to input more students any other character will stop the input
Please input the first name of the student
Mary
Please input the last name of the student
Please input a grade
Please input a grade
Please input a grade
Mary Brown has an average of 93.33 which gives a letter grade of A
Please input a y if you want to input more students any other character will stop the input
Please input the first name of the student
George
Please input the last name of the student
Smith
Please input a grade
Please input a grade
30
Please input a grade
George Smith has an average of 56.67 which gives a letter grade of F
```

```
Please input a y if you want to input more students any other character will stop the inputy
Please input the first name of the student
Dale
Please input the last name of the student
Barnes
Please input a grade
80
Please input a grade
Please input a grade
Dale Barnes has an average of 80.00 which gives a letter grade of B
Please input a y if you want to input more students any other character will stop the inputy
Please input the first name of the student
Please input the last name of the student
Dolittle
Please input a grade
Please input a grade
Please input a grade
Sally Dolittle has an average of 71.67 which gives a letter grade of C
Please input a y if you want to input more students any other character will stop the inputy
Please input the first name of the student
Conrad
Please input the last name of the student
Bailer
Please input a grade
60
Please input a grade
58
Please input a grade
Conrad Bailer has an average of 63.00 which gives a letter grade of D
```

Lab 7.3

Source Code

Exercise 1:

```
int rowsUsed;
                                 // holds the number of columns used
      int colsUsed;
      PriceType priceTable;
      getPrices(priceTable, rowsUsed, colsUsed);
printPrices(priceTable, rowsUsed, colsUsed);
                                                           // calls getPrices to fill the array
      return 0;
± // ...
□void getPrices(PriceType table, int& numOfRows, int& numOfCols)
      cout << "Please input the number of rows from 1 to " << MAXROWS << endl;</pre>
      cin >> numOfRows;
      cout << "Please input the number of columns from 1 to " << MAXCOLS << endl;</pre>
      cin >> numOfCols;
      for (int row = 0; row < numOfRows; row++)</pre>
          for (int col = 0; col < numOfCols; col++)</pre>
               cout << "Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places" << endl;</pre>
               cin >> table[row][col];
 1
± // ...
□void printPrices(PriceType table, int numOfRows, int numOfCols)
      cout << fixed << showpoint << setprecision(2);</pre>
      for (int row = 0; row < numOfRows; row++)</pre>
          for (int col = 0; col < numOfCols; col++)</pre>
               cout << left << setw(7) << table[row][col] << " ";</pre>
          cout << endl;</pre>
```

Exercise 4:

Exercise 7:

```
for (int y = 0; y < numOfYears; y++) {
    for (int c = 0; c < MAXCOL; c++) {
        if (c == 0) cout << setw(0) << table[y][c];
        else if (c == 1) cout << setw(6) << table[y][c];
        else cout << setw(10) << table[y][c];
}
cout << endl;
}</pre>
```

Output

Exercise 1:

```
Please input the number of rows from 1 to 10
Please input the number of columns from 1 to 10
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
2.56
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
37.86
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
102.34
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
67.89
1.45
        2.56
                12.98
37.86
        102.34
               67.89
```

Exercise 3:

```
Please input the number of rows from 1 to 10
Please input the number of columns from 1 to 10
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
102.34
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
67.89
1.45
        2.56
                12.98
37.86
       102.34 67.89
Highest Price: 102.34
```

Exercise 4:

```
Please input the number of rows from 1 to 10
Please input the number of columns from 1 to 10
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
1.45
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
12.98
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
37.86
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
102.34
Please input the price of an item with 2 decimal places
67.89
1.45
        2.56
                12.98
37.86
        102.34 67.89
Highest Price: 102.34
Lowest Price: 1.45
```

Exercise 7:

```
Please input the number of years (1-10)
Enter the number of transactions for Year 1 Quarter 1: 72
Enter the number of transactions for Year 1 Quarter 2: 80
Enter the number of transactions for Year 1 Quarter 3: 60
Enter the number of transactions for Year 1 Quarter 4: 100
Enter the number of transactions for Year 2 Quarter 1: 82
Enter the number of transactions for Year 2 Quarter 2: 90
Enter the number of transactions for Year 2 Quarter 3: 43
Enter the number of transactions for Year 2 Quarter 4: 98
Enter the number of transactions for Year 3 Quarter 1: 64
Enter the number of transactions for Year 3 Quarter 2: 78
Enter the number of transactions for Year 3 Quarter 3: 58
Enter the number of transactions for Year 3 Quarter 4: 84
       YEARLY QUARTERLY SALES
YEAR Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4
2000
        72
                  80
                            60
                                     100
2001
                            43
        82
                  90
                                      98
                  78
2002
        64
                            58
                                      84
```

Answers:

Exercise 2: getPrices passes the values by reference so that it can modify the values in the function, and then in the main function where they are declared, they can then be passed to the printPrices function. If they weren't passed by reference in getPrices, the values would never be assigned to anything in the main function.