COSC 120-002 Lab 1_2 Report Charles Reigle

Lab 1_2.1

Source Code

```
main.cpp X rectangle.cpp X
           //Program takes 2 forms of input, length and width. It then prints a rectangle with the given dimensions
          //Charles Reigle
     3
     4
          #include <iostream>
          using namespace std;
     8
          //Because I hate the fact that C++ does not have a println() function line jaxa
     9
    10
          void println(string str)
    11
    12
               cout << str << endl;
    13
    14
    15
          int main()
    16
    17
               int width = 1;
    18
               int height = 1;
    19
               cout << "This program will print out a rectangle with a specified width and height." << endl;
    20
               cout << "Please input a width in numerical form:" << endl;</pre>
    21
    22
               cout << "Please input a height in numerical form:" << endl;</pre>
    23
               cin >> height;
    24
    25
               //In reality, we only need to form one string and just copy it.
    26
               //There's no need to form a new string for each row, the string should be the same each time
    27
    28
               string line = "";
               for(int j = 1; j <= width; j++)</pre>
    29
    30
                   line += "*";
    31
    32
    33
               for(int i = 1; i <= height; i++)</pre>
    34
    35
                   println(line);
    36
    37
    38
    39
```

Output

"C:\Users\ccrei\Documents\COSC 120\Lab1_2\Lab1_2\bin\Debug\Lab1_2.exe"

Source Code

```
profit.cpp X
     1
          //Program used to calculate profit based on the input revenue
     2
     3
          //Charles Reigle
     4
          #include <iostream>
     5
         using namespace std;
     6
     8
         int main()
    9
        □ {
              const double PROFIT PERCENT = 0.13;
    10
              double profit = 0;
    11
    12
              int revenue = 0;
    13
    14
              cout << "Enter the total revenue for the year: " << endl;</pre>
    15
              cin >> revenue;
              profit = revenue * PROFIT_PERCENT;
    16
              cout << "The profit is: $" << profit << endl;</pre>
    17
    18
    19
              return 0;
    20
    21
```

<u>Output</u>

```
Enter the total revenue for the year:
15000
The profit is: $1950
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 7.482 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Source Code

```
*distance.cpp X
           /Program that takes a time in hours and tells you how far you will go based on an input speed
          //Charles Reigle
          #include <iostream>
          using namespace std;
          void calcDist(int speed)
   10
   11
              int time = 0;
   12
              int distance = 0;
   13
   14
              cout << "To calculate how far you will be, enter a number in hours: " <<endl;</pre>
   15
   16
              cin >> time;
   17
   18
              distance = speed * time;
   19
   20
              cout << "The distance the car will travel in " << time << " hours is " << distance << " miles." << endl;
   21
   22
              calcDist(speed);
   23
   24
   25
          int main()
   26
        ₽{
   27
              int speed = 0;
   28
              cout << "Please input how fast you are going, in miles per hour: " << endl;</pre>
   30
   31
   32
              //The reason it is setup into 2 functions is to allow the user to calculate as many times as they want
   33
              //without restarting the program. This is mainly because I don't feel like taking multiple acceenshots for
   34
              //each output and want to touch up on main loops.
   35
   36
              calcDist(speed);
   37
              return 0;
   38
   39
```

Output

```
Please input how fast you are going, in miles per hour:

To calculate how far you will be, enter a number in hours:

The distance the car will travel in 6 hours is 348 miles.

To calculate how far you will be, enter a number in hours:

The distance the car will travel in 10 hours is 580 miles.

To calculate how far you will be, enter a number in hours:

The distance the car will travel in 15 hours is 870 miles.
```

Source Code

```
milespergallon.cpp X
          //A program that takes an input of miles driven and gallons used to calculate MPG
     3
         //Charles Reigle
     5
         #include <iostream>
         using namespace std;
     8
     9
          int main()
    10 ⊟{
    11
              double used = 0;
    12
              double distance = 0;
    13
              double mpg = 0;
    14
    15
              cout << "This program will calculate the Miles Per Gallon of your trip." << endl;</pre>
    16
              cout << "Enter in the amount of gas, in gallons, used: " << endl;</pre>
    17
              cin >> used;
    18
              cout << "Enter in the distance traveled: " << endl;</pre>
    19
              cin >> distance;
    20
    21
              cout << distance << endl;</pre>
    22
              cout << used << endl;</pre>
    23
    24
              mpg = (distance / used);
    25
              cout << "The MPG rate of the car is: " << mpg << " gallons." << endl;</pre>
    26
    27
    28
              return 0;
    29
```

Output

```
This program will calculate the Miles Per Gallon of your trip.
Enter in the amount of gas, in gallons, used:

10
Enter in the distance traveled:
100
100
100
The MPG rate of the car is: 10 gallons.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 3.452 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Source Code

```
//A program used to convert Celsius to Fahrenheit
      //Charles Reigle
#include <iostream>
 3
      using namespace std;
 8
      int main()
9
           double c = 0;
double f = 0;
10
11
12
13
          cout << "This program will take a temperature in Celsius and return it in Fahrenheit" << endl;</pre>
14
           cout << "Enter in the temperature in Celsius: " << endl;</pre>
15
16
           cin >> c;
17
           f = ((9.0/5.0)*c) + 32;
18
19
20
           cout << "The temperature in Fahrenheit is " << f << " degrees." << endl;</pre>
21
22
           return 0;
23
```

Output

```
This program will take a temperature in Celsius and return it in Fahrenheit
Enter in the temperature in Celsius:
100
The temperature in Fahrenheit is 212 degrees.

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.485 s
Press any key to continue.
```