NET P3

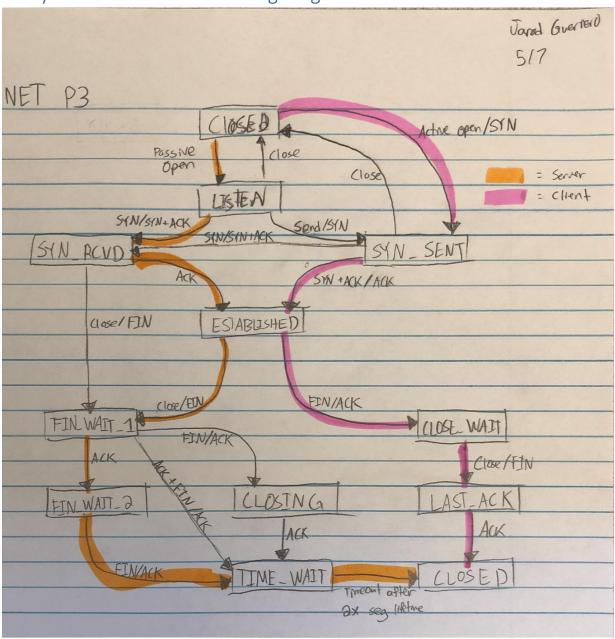
Test 1: Running tcpdump and hw3

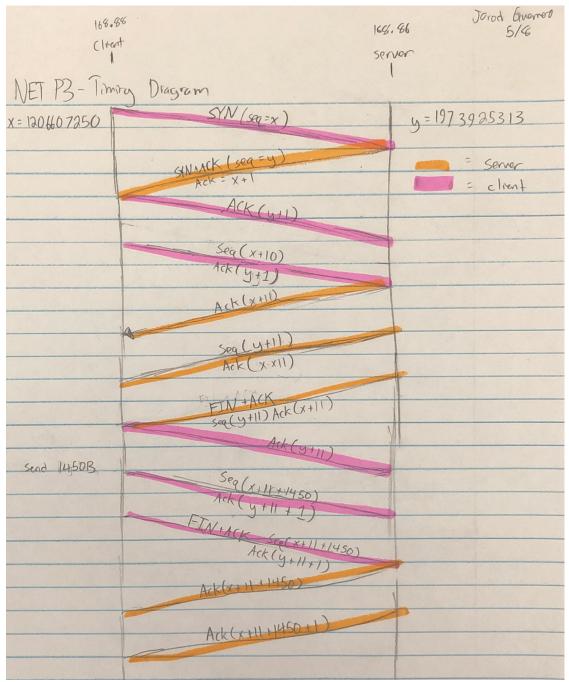
Output:

Ignore the packets captured/received by filter. I had to run hw3 multiple times to get the proper output Proper amount should be 12 captured, 12 received, and 0 dropped by kernel.

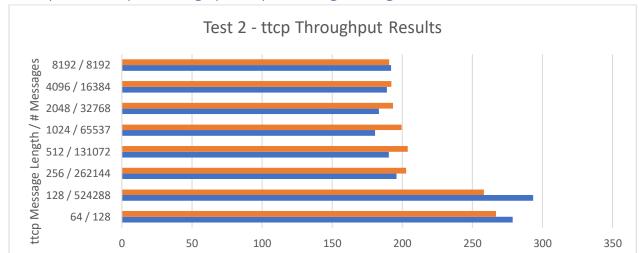
```
1557352477.768980 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 28370, offset 0, flags [DF], proto TCP (6), length 60) 172.21.198.88.35136 > 172.21.198.86.25163; Flags [SI], cksum 0xaa86 (correct), seq 3081009972, win 29200, options [mss 1460, sack0X,TS val 306451942 ecr 0,nop,wscale 7], length 0
1557352477.769010 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 0, offset 0, flags [DF], proto TCP (6), length 60) 172.21.198.86.25163 > 172.21.198.88.35136; Flags [S.], cksum 0xa508 (incorrect -> 0x0dc4), seq 2640566457, ack 3081009973, win 28960, options [mss 1460, sack0X,TS val 494471691] ecr 306451942, nop,wscale 7], length 0
1757352477.769183 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 28371, offset 0, flags [DF], proto TCP (6), length 52) 172.21.198.88.35136 > 172.21.198.86.25163; Flags [L], cksum 0xaccb (correct), ack 1, win 229, options [nop,nop,TS val 306451942] ecr 494471691], length 0
175.21.198.88.35136 > 172.21.198.86.25163; Flags [P.], cksum 0x8074 (correct), seq 1:11, ack 1, win 229, options [nop,nop,TS val 306451942] ecr 494471691], length 10
1557352477.769248 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 55937, offset 0, flags [DF], proto TCP (6), length 62) 172.21.198.86.25163 > 172.21.198.88.35136; elags [L], cksum 0x8504 (incorrect -> 0xacc3), ack 11, win 227, options [nop,nop,TS val 494471691] ecr 306451942, length 10
1557352477.769301 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 55937, offset 0, flags [DF], proto TCP (6), length 62) 172.21.198.86.25163 > 172.21.198.88.35136; Flags [P.], cksum 0xe50a (incorrect -> 0xacc3), ack 11, win 227, options [nop,nop,TS val 494471691] ecr 306451942], length 10
1557352477.769301 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 55939, offset 0, flags [DF], proto TCP (6), length 62) 172.21.198.86.25163 > 172.21.198.88.35136; Flags [P.], cksum 0xe50a (incorrect -> 0xacc3), seq 11.1, ack 11, win 227, options [nop,nop,TS val 494471691] ecr 306451942], length 0
1557352477.769345 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 53939, offset 0, flags [DF], proto TCP (6), length 52) 172.21.198.88.35136 > 172.21.198.86.25163; Flags [P.], cksum 0xacb7 (correct), ack 11, win 229, options [nop,nop,TS val 30461942] ecr 4044716
```

Analysis 1: TCP State and Timing Diagrams





Output from running my coded version of hw3 is in hw3dupOutput.txt. Produces the same output at above.



Transmitter/Receiver Throughput in mbps

Analysis 2: ttcp Throughput by Message Length and Size

Increasing the buffer length past 128 significantly lowers the average throughput.

It's hard to say whether the -D TCP_NODELAY option affected the results. The throughput at lengths 64 and 128 are slightly lower with TCP_NODELAY, but slightly higher for all other message lengths.

■ With -D ■ Without -D

Analysis 3: Running tcpdump with ttcp

```
tcpdump: listening on eno1, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 262144 bytes

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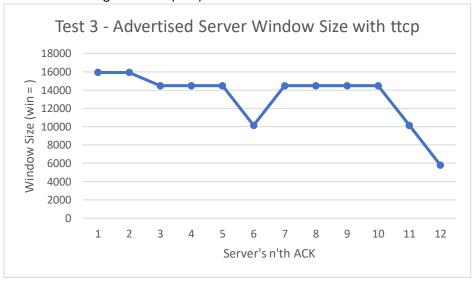
1557453217.413064 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 11483, offset 0, flags [DF], proto TCP (6), length 60)

172.21.198.88.32850 > 172.21.198.86.25163: Flags [S], cksum 0xe508 (incorrect -> 0x9117), seq 3162000559, win 29200, options [mss 1460,sackOK,TS val 313636852 er 0,nop,wscale 7], length 0

1557453217.413243 IP (tos 0x0, ttl 64, id 0, offset 0, flags [DF], proto TCP (6), length 60)

172.21.198.86.25163 > 172.21.198.88.32850: Flags [S.], cksum 0x2fe7 (correct), seq 777974542, ack 3162000560, win 15928, options [mss 1460,sackOK,TS val 519656600 err 331636852,nop,wscale 0], length 0
```

The minimum segment size (mss) in TCP and for this test is 1460.



It doesn't appear to be slow start nor AIMD. The window starts high so it can't be slow start. When it decreases, it doesn't halve so it does not follow the saw tooth AIMD pattern. It's probably another algorithm listed on https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/TCP congestion control

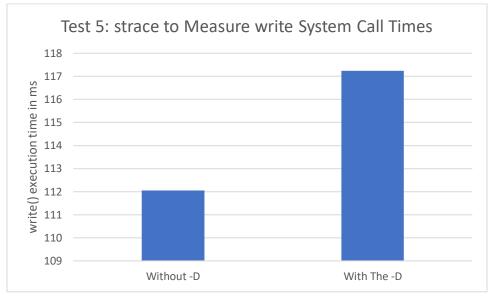
Test 4: ttcp with Message Lengths around 1460 Message Length / # of Messages 1462 / 45902 1461 / 45934 1460 / 45965 1459 / 45996 1458 / 46028 190 165 170 175 180 185 195 200 205 210 Throughput in mbps ■ With the -D ■ Without -D

Analysis 4: ttcp Throughput around 1460 mss

Buffer length and the TCP_NODELAY option did not significantly affect the results for buffer sizes 1459-1462. Without the -D option, a buffer size of 1458 had a throughput of only 180mbps, which was improved when turning on TCP_NODELAY to around 204mbps.

TCP_NODELAY disables Nagle's algorithm so that data is transmitted as soon as possible instead of waiting on the algorithm.





Adding the TCP_NODELAY flag increases the execution time by around 10%. It's hard to say whether this is significant or just variance in the network.

```
lorus@uwl-320-08:~/U/CSS432/Program3$ netstat -st | grep segments
    26072206 segments received
    36377196 segments sent out
    6443 segments retransmitted
    0 bad segments received
lorus@uwl-320-08:~/U/CSS432/Program3$ ./ttcp -t -164 -n1048576 -p25163 uwl-320-06
ttcp-t: buflen=64, nbuf=1048576, port=25163, sockbufsize=16384, tcp -> uwl-320-06
16384
ttcp-tbytes=67108864 time=1945143 Mbps=276.006 I/Ocalls=1048576
ttcp-rbytes=67108864 time=1945332 Mbps=275.979 I/Ocalls=1055203
lorus@uwl-320-08:~/U/CSS432/Program3$ netstat -st | grep segments
    26132357 segments received
    36468495 segments sent out
    6443 segments retransmitted
    0 bad segments received
lorus@uw1-320-08:~/U/CSS432/Program3$
```

Turning on TCP_NODELAY also slightly increases the number of packets received, sent out, and retransmitted.