

# Lab 9: Search

New Attempt

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**Due** Apr 27 by 11:59pm      **Points** 20      **Submitting** a file upload

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## Lab 9

- 1] Implement Sequential Search recursively.
- 2] Implement Binary Search recursively.
- 3] Write a program to find the number of Comparisons using binary Search and the sequential search algorithm as follows:

Suppose a list is an array of 1000 elements.

- A. Use a random number generator to fill the list.
  - B. Use any sorting algorithm to sort the list.
  - C. Search list for some items as follows:
    - A. Use the binary search algorithm to search the list. (You may need to modify the algorithm to count the number of comparisons.)
    - B. Use the binary search algorithm to search the list, switching to a sequential search when the size of the search list reduces to less than 15.
  - D. Print the number of comparisons for steps C.A and C.B and if the item is found in the list then print its position.
- 4] Find the peak in the array. Return the position of the peak element. **(Practice Question (Nongraded))**

Sample input : {12, 67, 90, 100, 400, 399}

Output: 4 (index start from 0)

parameters: array : a , size of the array : length