

There is no such thing as TCP

TCP Congestion Control

15-441: Computer Networks

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Background

- RFC 793 – Original TCP RFC
- RFC 2001 – Close language to class
- RFC 5681 – More up-to-date RFC 2001
- <http://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=52356> – Van Jacobson, Congestion Avoidance and Control
- Linux: `man tcp`

The Learning TCP Problem

- Slide's versions
- Book's version
- RFC versions
- Research paper versions
- Version in your head
- Then, there's the multiple real-world implementations

Learn Exact Versions of TCP

- Tahoe
- Reno
- New Reno
- Vegas
- That's the goal here unfortunately

As always, experimenting on your own with a real implementation is the **only way you will learn anything valuable.**

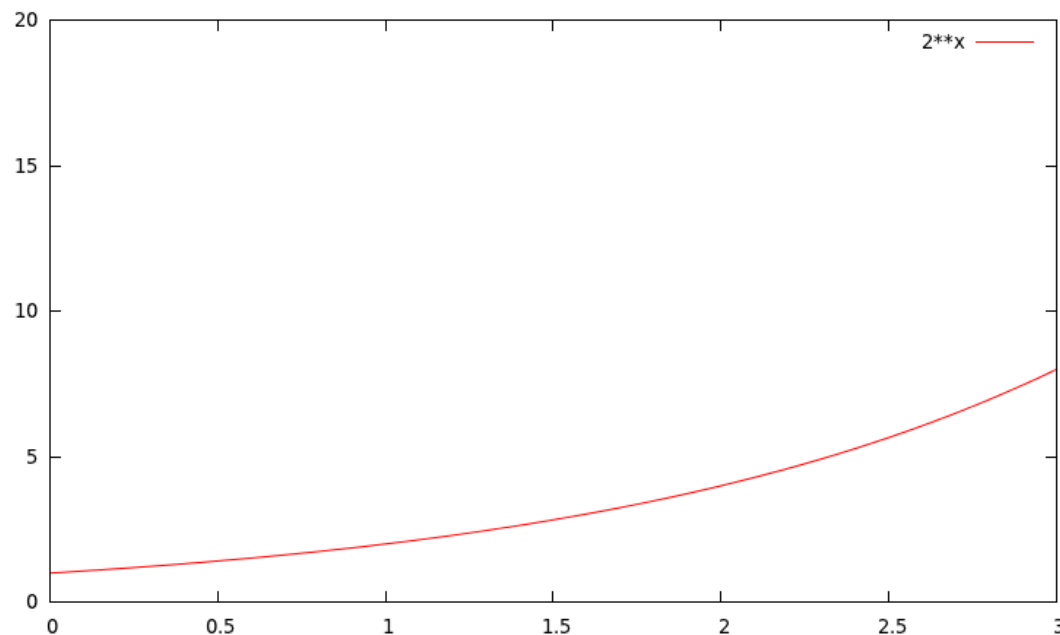
So, we're making
you implement your own.

Problem: Avoid congestion
with no central coordination,
no knowledge from peers, and
no direct network feedback.

**All you see are, essentially,
ACKs.**

New Connection: Slow Start [Tahoe]

- Intuition: Don't flood, but quickly optimize
- Start really small: 1 SMSS
- Grow really fast: exponentially
- Occurs: beginning of TCP, after timeout



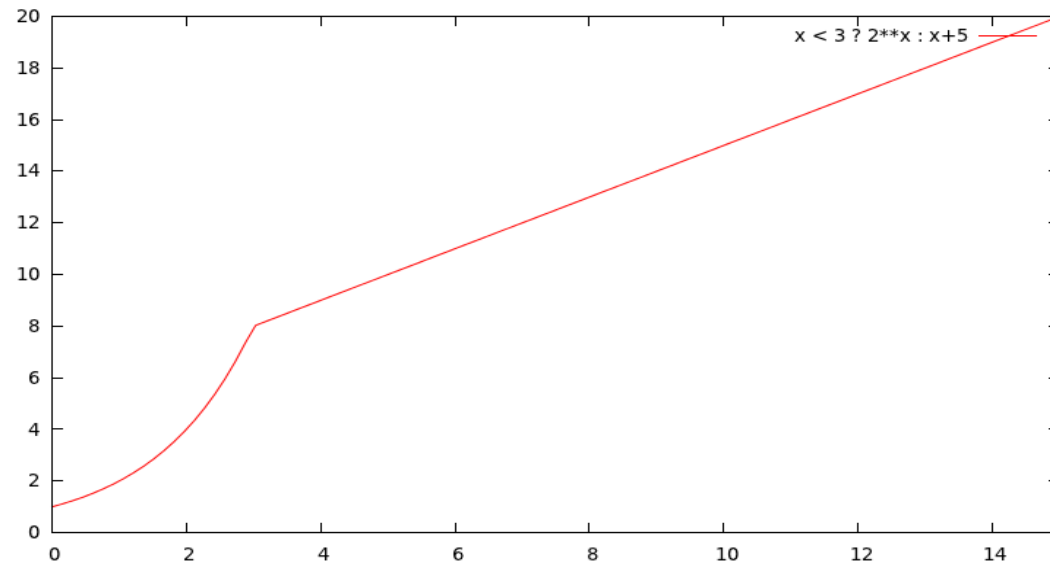
ssthresh

- **cwnd – congestion window**
 - Governs data transmission (with rwnd)
 - SMSS == sender maximum segment size
 - On segment ACK, **cwnd += SMSS**
- **ssthresh – slow start threshold**
 - Use slow start when $cwnd < ssthresh$
 - Use congestion avoidance when $cwnd > ssthresh$

Typically, ssthresh starts at 65535 bytes.

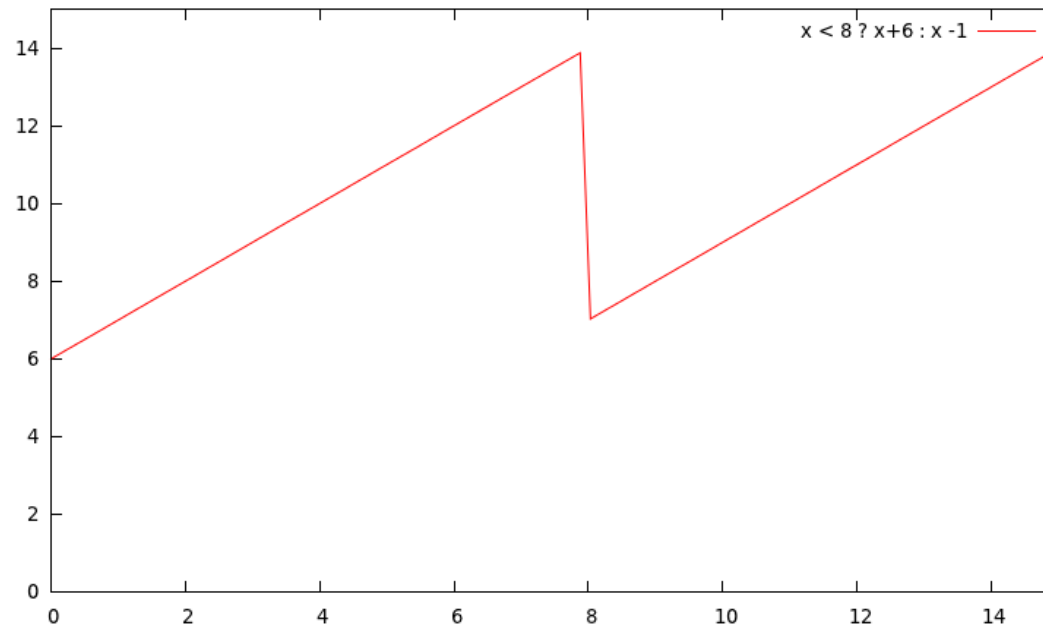
CA: Additive Increase

- On ACK: $\text{cwnd} += \text{SMSS} * \text{SMSS} / \text{cwnd}$
- Takes over when $\text{cwnd} > \text{ssthresh}$
- $\text{ssthresh} = \min(\text{cwnd}, \text{rwnd}) / 2$ when congestion
- If congestion is a timeout, $\text{cwnd} = \text{SMSS}$



CA: Multiplicative Decrease

- Appears depending on congestion control
 - Most likely [Reno]: 3 Duplicate ACKs
- On a timeout, set $\text{cwnd} = \text{cwnd} / 2$



Fast Retransmit [Tahoe]

- Receiver sends duplicate ACKs
- Immediately on out-of-order segment
- **Sender receives ≥ 3 duplicate ACKs**
- Immediately retransmit segment
 - $cwnd = SMSS$
 - Slow start
- **[Reno] Fast Recovery** until non-duplicate ACK

Fast Recovery [Reno, New Reno]

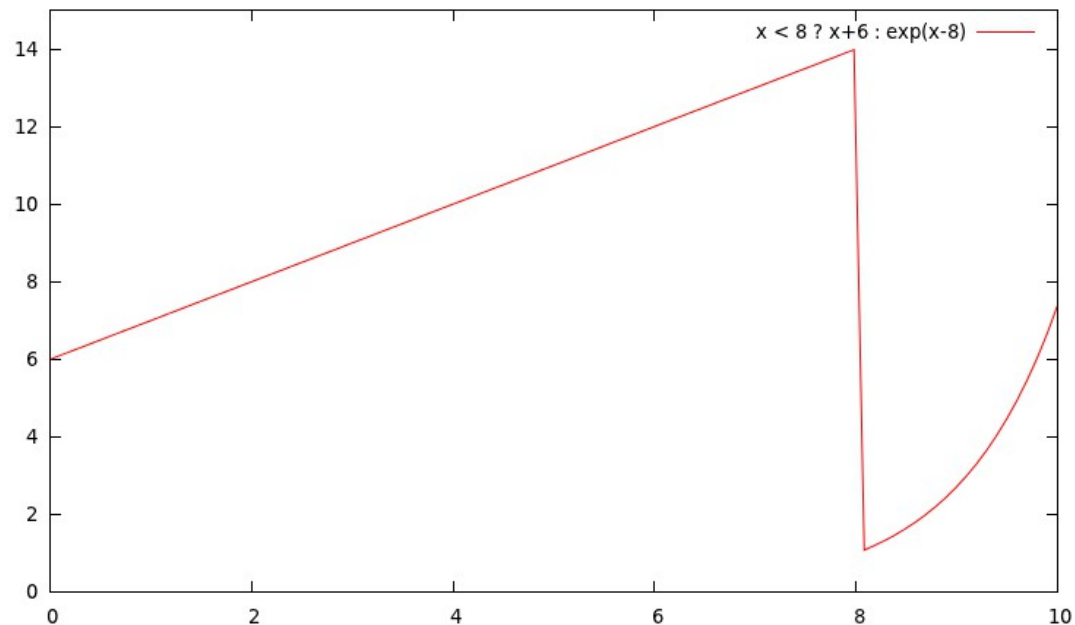
- $ssthresh = cwnd / 2$
- $cwnd = ssthresh [+ 3 * SMSS]$ (in RFC)
- Each time another duplicate ACK arrives,
 - $cwnd += SMSS$
 - Transmit new segment if allowed [New Reno]
- When ACK for new data arrives
 - $cwnd = ssthresh$
- If timeout again, slow start with $cwnd = SMSS$

Timeout Events [Tahoe, Reno]

Both treat these the same: drop to slow start

$$\text{ssthresh} = \text{cwnd} / 2$$

$$\text{cwnd} = \text{SMSS}$$



Experimenting on Your Own

- `getsockopt()` – on a TCP socket
- Transfer large amounts of data
- Check out `TCP_INFO`
- Returns a `struct tcp_info`;

/usr/include/netinet/tcp.h

```
struct tcp_info                                /* Times. */
{
    u_int8_t    tcpi_state;
    u_int8_t    tcpi_ca_state;
    u_int8_t    tcpi_retransmits;
    u_int8_t    tcpi_probes;
    u_int8_t    tcpi_backoff;
    u_int8_t    tcpi_options;

    u_int32_t    tcpi_last_data_sent;
    u_int32_t    tcpi_last_ack_sent; /*
    Not remembered, sorry.
    */
    u_int32_t    tcpi_last_data_recv;
    u_int32_t    tcpi_last_ack_recv;

    /* Metrics. */
```


Cheating TCP: Foul Play

- What happens with two TCP streams, one from each host, on a 10 Mbps link?

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- Name them host A and host B. What if host A opens 10 TCP streams? Host B keeps only 1 TCP stream?

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- Name them host A and host B. What if host A opens 10 TCP streams? Host B keeps only 1 TCP stream?
- Fair sharing across streams...
- No notion of logical peers

P2P Research: Bandwidth Trading

- UVA limited dorm links in dorm rooms
- We had high-speed WiFi between us
- **What if we all colluded?**
- Merging many TCP flows out-of-band :-)
- Fun senior thesis project
- P2P **Bandwidth Trading** (economics+CS)

GitHub:

Git it, got it, good.

```
git clone git://github.com/theonewolf/15-441-Recitation-Sessions.git
```