# 环境准备

### 系统环境准备

目前测试环境为:

● Ubuntu: 18.04、20.04 (注意XuperChain在MacOSX环境测试未通过,包括MacOSX上的docker)

• GCC: 4.9+

• Golang: 1.13.x (注意目前最新版本的1.14测试尚未支持)

然后依照<u>XuperChain</u>官方部署文档下载代码并进行编译,编译完成后进入到 output 子目录下。

### 启动链

1. 初始化链上配置:

```
./xchain-cli createChain
```

2. 启动链

```
nohup ./xchain &
```

3. 成功启动后可以通过以下命令查看链上状态:

```
./xchain-cli status
```

可在json类型的返回值中找到键为 height, 其值为当前链高

## 准备合约账户

1. 调用cli命令创建一个合约账户:

```
./xchain-cli account new --account 11111111111111 -- fee 1000
```

2. 通过如下命令查询并验证新生成的合约账户ACL相关信息:

```
./xchain-cli acl query --account
XC11111111111111@xuper
```

3. 准备符合权限的地址列表

首先在 data 目录下创建子目录 ac1:

```
mkdir data/acl
```

调用如下命令生成地址列表文件:

```
echo
"XC1111111111111110exuper/dpzuVdosQrF2kmzumhVeFQZa1aYcd
gFpN" > data/acl/addrs
```

4. 向新生成的合约账户中转账

```
./xchain-cli transfer --to XC111111111111111111@xuper --
amount 100000000 --keys data/keys/
```

5. 成功转账后可以查询合约账户中的余额

这里会返回余额和步骤4中指定的 amount 相同

# 合约调用

进入到smart-audit源码文件下,然后进入到 src/xchain 子目录

### 编译合约

1. 运行如下命令进行wasm合约编译:

```
make
```

如果编译成功会在相同目录下生

成 contract\_audit.wasm、contract\_identify.wasm、contract\_time.wasm、contract\_face.wasm、contract\_location.wasm 五个

2. 通过如下命令将步骤1中生成的所有文件拷贝到xchain程序子目录下:

```
cp *.wasm [your path]/data/blockchain/xuper/wasm/
```

其中 [your path] 为上一节<u>系统环境准备</u>中所描述的 output 所在目录,至此不再使用smart-audit目录,可再次进入到上文中 output 目录下。

### 部署合约

#### 部署时间合约

1. 通过如下命令进行试生成合约原始交易

```
./xchain-cli wasm deploy --account

XC111111111111111110xuper --cname Time -m -a '{}' -A

data/acl/addrs -o time.output --keys data/keys --name

xuper --runtime go

data/blockchain/xuper/wasm/contract_time.wasm
```

如果试生成成功会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5263887
You need add fee
```

2. 添加步骤1中的返回fee值后重复步骤1中的命令:

若成功会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成名为 time.output 的文件:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5263887
The fee you pay is: 5263887
```

3. 对步骤2中生成的原始交易签名

```
./xchain-cli multisig sign --tx time.output --output time.sign --keys data/keys/
```

签名成功后会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成对原始交易的签名文件 time.sign:

```
{
    "PublicKey": "{\"Curvname\":\"P-
256\",\"x\":7469561747716005875774720822037123683747421
0247114418775262229497812962582435,\"Y\":51348715319124
7703929938664170885424979278160170121822112441208526209
59209571}",
    "Sign":
"MEUCIQDPokaKIL08SZnExeZwqosSpabdUXFi/fn6EYByt6aZxwIgClllrHQbgb6/RUdj0Eh0o67awiY8r+zMH/GVSxJpxR3E="
}
```

4. 将原始交易及签名发送到链上

```
./xchain-cli multisig send --tx time.output time.sign
time.sign
```

发送成功后会返回交易的Hash值如下:

```
Tx id:
0c47677b47b39e3c1b0c3d2c5a797ba833f54578685029555c9fc6b
c6e04ff27
```

5. 查询合约账户验证部署结果

```
./xchain-cli account contracts --account
XC111111111111110xuper
```

当返回如下返回结果,包含刚才生成原始交易时指定的合约名则说明部署成功:

### 部署定位合约

1. 通过如下命令进行试生成合约原始交易

如果试生成成功会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5279432
You need add fee
```

2. 添加步骤1中的返回fee值后重复步骤1中的命令:

若成功会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成名为 location.output 的文件:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5279432
The fee you pay is: 5279432
```

3. 对步骤2中生成的原始交易签名

```
./xchain-cli multisig sign --tx location.output --
output location.sign --keys data/keys/
```

签名成功后会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成对原始交易的签名文件 location.sign:

```
{
    "PublicKey": "{\"Curvname\":\"P-
256\",\"x\":7469561747716005875774720822037123683747421
0247114418775262229497812962582435,\"Y\":51348715319124
7703929938664170885424979278160170121822112441208526209
59209571}",
    "Sign":
"MEUCICw5cGtWIxTtrtwSNvMi03CFbBgfNqZ3S4iEy0t90eZBAiEAZR
r5188LmAdmT5X9KJySMIIcQg9awT1RxzE3fSxJ1kY="
}
```

4. 将原始交易及签名发送到链上

```
./xchain-cli multisig send --tx location.output location.sign location.sign
```

发送成功后会返回交易的Hash值如下:

```
Tx id: 548fa01beab27affec7593cf4359b02b70ada5a5c45388cd1cb2841 9d6c0c3d3
```

5. 查询合约账户验证部署结果

```
./xchain-cli account contracts --account
XC111111111111110xuper
```

当返回如下返回结果,包含刚才生成原始交易时指定的合约名则说明部署成功:

#### 部署人脸识别合约

1. 通过如下命令进行试生成合约原始交易

如果试生成成功会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5263931
You need add fee
```

2. 添加步骤1中的返回fee值后重复步骤1中的命令:

若成功会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成名为 face.output 的文件:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5263931
The fee you pay is: 5263931
```

3. 对步骤2中生成的原始交易签名

```
./xchain-cli multisig sign --tx face.output --output face.sign --keys data/keys/
```

签名成功后会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成对原始交易的签名文件 face.sign:

```
{
    "PublicKey": "{\"Curvname\":\"P-
256\",\"x\":7469561747716005875774720822037123683747421
0247114418775262229497812962582435,\"Y\":51348715319124
7703929938664170885424979278160170121822112441208526209
59209571}",
    "Sign":
"MEYCIQDCoTq9oDH/yn7KePWGJ2nbYVW/uCZt5S3ETET78tAQFwIhAK
a1B+9BrPKel87idutYOJn7+sHpEc3/l/t+YxIc8jy5"
}
```

4. 将原始交易及签名发送到链上

```
./xchain-cli multisig send --tx face.output face.sign face.sign
```

发送成功后会返回交易的Hash值如下:

```
Tx id:
3956a358d16ab375b61001d972258af31c27a70987d5d7d972bdbe8
2295d36ad
```

5. 查询合约账户验证部署结果

```
./xchain-cli account contracts --account
XC11111111111111@xuper
```

当返回如下返回结果,包含刚才生成原始交易时指定的合约名则说明部署成功:

### 部署物体识别合约

1. 通过如下命令进行试生成合约原始交易

```
./xchain-cli wasm deploy --account

XC111111111111111110xuper --cname ObjectRecognize -m -a

'{}' -A data/acl/addrs -o identify.output --keys
data/keys --name xuper --runtime go
data/blockchain/xuper/wasm/contract_identify.wasm
```

如果试生成成功会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5264740
You need add fee
```

2. 添加步骤1中的返回fee值后重复步骤1中的命令:

若成功会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成名为 identify.output的文件:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5264740
The fee you pay is: 5264740
```

3. 对步骤2中生成的原始交易签名

```
./xchain-cli multisig sign --tx identify.output --
output identify.sign --keys data/keys/
```

签名成功后会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成对原始交易的签名文件identify.sign:

```
{
    "PublicKey": "{\"Curvname\":\"P-
256\",\"x\":7469561747716005875774720822037123683747421
0247114418775262229497812962582435,\"Y\":51348715319124
7703929938664170885424979278160170121822112441208526209
59209571}",
    "Sign":
"MEUCIAdNsSg3z/70i5F7/1EyXMtCu22BvXPLZZPrMzt9SRC7AiEA9a
DS6iOWbWcMRYgnhMQdVJ5RHOY3cnD1yOmRuYnLwgA="
}
```

4. 将原始交易及签名发送到链上

```
./xchain-cli multisig send --tx identify.output identify.sign identify.sign
```

发送成功后会返回交易的Hash值如下:

```
Tx id:
a4b772681b08a31038e60abe903bdab8e1edf9a724a9d883081a592
1541983c1
```

5. 查询合约账户验证部署结果

```
./xchain-cli account contracts --account XC1111111111111111@xuper
```

当返回如下返回结果,包含刚才生成原始交易时指定的合约名则说明部署成功:

#### 部署审计业务合约

1. 通过如下命令进行试生成合约原始交易

```
./xchain-cli wasm deploy --account
XC1111111111111111110xuper --cname audit -m -a
'{"1":"bb","0":"aa"}' -A data/acl/addrs -o audit.output
--keys data/keys --name xuper --runtime go
data/blockchain/xuper/wasm/contract_audit.wasm
```

如果试生成成功会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5803059
You need add fee
```

2. 添加步骤1中的返回fee值后重复步骤1中的命令:

若成功会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成名为 audit.output 的文件:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 5803059
The fee you pay is: 5803059
```

3. 对步骤2中生成的原始交易签名

```
./xchain-cli multisig sign --tx audit.output --output
audit.sign --keys data/keys/
```

签名成功后会返回如下响应消息,并在相同目录下生成对原始交易的签名文件 audit.sign:

```
{
    "PublicKey": "{\"Curvname\":\"P-
256\",\"x\":7469561747716005875774720822037123683747421
0247114418775262229497812962582435,\"Y\":51348715319124
7703929938664170885424979278160170121822112441208526209
59209571}",
    "Sign":
"MEQCIBTaWKboci8yk2scmijCrSb0AQ/tSXi0JCx7b5ggiICPAiBCeY
TZXdcGaHjWVKKlOWRFLiqbLqr7vdfvYUuBXtPuAQ=="
}
```

4. 将原始交易及签名发送到链上

```
./xchain-cli multisig send --tx audit.output audit.sign
audit.sign
```

发送成功后会返回交易的Hash值如下:

```
Tx id:
bece8c1417e219e7327ee442439121bac957e6bc4e49c20bc38b95c
baefe55f9
```

#### 5. 查询合约账户验证部署结果

```
./xchain-cli account contracts --account
XC11111111111111@xuper
```

当返回如下返回结果,包含刚才生成原始交易时指定的合约名则说明部署成功:

至此已完成所有的合约调用,以下为调用 ./xchain-cli account contracts --account xC1111111111111111@xuper 返回的所有合约信息:

```
"txid":
"3956a358d16ab375b61001d972258af31c27a70987d5d7d972bdbe8229
5d36ad".
    "desc": "TWF5YmUgY29tbW9uIHRyYW5zZmVyIHRyYW5zYWN0aW9u",
    "timestamp": 1590652819298624100
  },
    "contract_name": "identify",
    "txid":
"a4b772681b08a31038e60abe903bdab8e1edf9a724a9d883081a592154
1983c1".
    "desc": "TWF5YmUgY29tbW9uIHRyYW5zZmVyIHRyYW5zYWN0aW9u",
    "timestamp": 1590653245379857200
  },
  {
    "contract_name": "location",
    "txid":
"548fa01beab27affec7593cf4359b02b70ada5a5c45388cd1cb28419d6
c0c3d3",
    "desc": "TWF5YmUgY29tbW9uIHRyYW5zZmVyIHRyYW5zYWN0aW9u",
    "timestamp": 1590652021922963300
  },
  {
    "contract_name": "time",
    "txid":
"0c47677b47b39e3c1b0c3d2c5a797ba833f54578685029555c9fc6bc6e
04ff27".
    "desc": "TWF5YmUgY29tbW9uIHRyYW5zZmVyIHRyYW5zYWN0aW9u",
    "timestamp": 1590651526456028700
  }
]
```

## 调用合约

#### 合约维护人员查询

1. 通过如下命令查询合约维护人员初始化是否成功:

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a '{}' --method getMaintainers -m
```

如果试生成成功,则会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response: {"result":[{"Name":"aa","ID":0},
    {"Name":"bb","ID":1}]}
The gas you cousume is: 100921
You need add fee
```

可以看到返回结果中包含了在部署审计合约时传入的运维人员,由于只是查询操作,我们不需要进一步将其发送到链上。

#### 录入审计当事人

1. 通过如下命令注册一个审计当事人:

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a '{"0":"ZhangSan"}' -- method registerAuditee -m --output registerAuditee.out
```

如果注册成功会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response: 0
The gas you cousume is: 102281
You need add fee
```

注意contract response的返回值 0 为新注册的审计当事人对应的ID

2. 添加步骤2中的返回fee值后重复步骤2中的命令:

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a '{"0":"ZhangSan"}' --
method registerAuditee -m --output registerAuditee.out
--fee 102281
```

若生成成功则会在相同目录下生成名为 registerAuditee.out 的文件

3. 对步骤3中生成的原始交易签名

```
./xchain-cli multisig sign --tx registerAuditee.out --
output registerAuditee.sign --keys data/keys/
```

签名成功后在相同目录下生成对原始交易的签名文件 registerAuditee.sign,并返回响应消息如下:

```
{
    "PublicKey": "{\"Curvname\":\"P-
256\",\"x\":7469561747716005875774720822037123683747421
0247114418775262229497812962582435,\"Y\":51348715319124
7703929938664170885424979278160170121822112441208526209
59209571}",
    "Sign":
"MEYCIQDtNfxID18nLsJGvdAb3CSfnNzkLO+GraNp9zBOWQvosQIhAL
vjMyRoKqfjOKY6XscbQiRyUPJXhOqwRVOBip+RdJx8"
}
```

4. 将原始交易及签名发送到链上

```
./xchain-cli multisig send --tx registerAuditee.out
registerAuditee.sign registerAuditee.sign
```

发送成功后会返回交易的Hash值如下:

```
Tx id:
c2f19984b85cc256295940be05d00500a96274b47556481ceb26e23
975ad87ef
```

5. 通过getAuditee接口查询以测试审计当事人是否注册成功

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a '{"0":"0"}' --method getAuditee -m
```

可以看到如下响应结果:

```
contract response: {"Name":"ZhangSan","ID":0}
The gas you cousume is: 101409
You need add fee
```

其中contract response所对应的值为查询得到的审计当事人,由于这里只是查询操作,因此不需要再附加fee进一步上链

#### 录入规则

1. 通过如下命令注册一个规则:

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a
'{"0":"AND","1":"Time","2":"(>= 9) AND (<=
18)","3":"Location","4":"IN(39.9 116.3
1000)","5":"FaceRecognize","6":"","7":"ObjectRecognize"
,"8":""}' --method registerRules -m --output
registerRules.out</pre>
```

如果注册成功会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response: 0
The gas you cousume is: 506174
You need add fee
```

注意contract response的返回值0为新注册的规则对应的ID

2. 添加步骤2中的返回fee值后重复步骤2中的命令:

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a
'{"0":"AND","1":"Time","2":"(>= 9) AND (<=
18)","3":"Location","4":"IN(39.9 116.3
1000)","5":"FaceRecognize","6":"","7":"ObjectRecognize"
,"8":""}' --method registerRules -m --output
registerRules.out --fee 506174</pre>
```

若生成成功则会在相同目录下生成名为 registerRules.out 的文件

3. 对步骤3中生成的原始交易签名

```
./xchain-cli multisig sign --tx registerRules.out --
output registerRules.sign --keys data/keys/
```

签名成功后在相同目录下生成对原始交易的签名文件 registerRules.sign,并返回响应消息如下:

```
{
    "PublicKey": "{\"Curvname\":\"P-
256\",\"x\":7469561747716005875774720822037123683747421
0247114418775262229497812962582435,\"Y\":51348715319124
7703929938664170885424979278160170121822112441208526209
59209571}",
    "Sign":
"MEUCIQD76TxvgTT6Yrr1cWp+h65BsKysY/AontFgJ4LI6Mt/5AIgKq
ZDso7pMF0YWwwATZtz46nf3w97nos89ZrkVUQLIto="
}
```

4. 将原始交易及签名发送到链上

```
./xchain-cli multisig send --tx registerRules.out registerRules.sign registerRules.sign
```

发送成功后会返回交易的Hash值如下:

```
Tx id:
c1e56a85e594fa3752facf07ecc41a46870cae9ee9d950030c2ea1c
4e3164c35
```

5. 通过getAuditee接口查询以测试审计当事人是否注册成功

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a '{"0":"0"}' --method getRules -m
```

可以看到如下响应结果:

```
contract response: {"Operator":"AND","Rules":
    {"FaceRecognize":0,"Location":0,"ObjectRecognize":0,"Ti
    me":0},"ID":0}"
The gas you cousume is: 101186
You need add fee
```

其中contract response所对应的值为查询得到的规则细节,由于这里只是查询操作,因此不需要再附加fee进一步上链

#### 录入项目

1. 通过如下命令注册一个项目:

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a '{"0":"POS
Audit","1":"This is a bank project, used by bank
employees to check if they did check the POS related
bussiness themselfs within the specified time and
location","2":"0","3":"0"}' --method registerProject -m
--output registerProject.out
```

如果注册成功会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response: 0
The gas you cousume is: 103645
You need add fee
```

注意contract response的返回值 0 为新注册的规则对应的ID

2. 添加步骤2中的返回fee值后重复步骤2中的命令:

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a '{"0":"POS
Audit","1":"This is a bank project, used by bank
employees to check if they did check the POS related
bussiness themselfs within the specified time and
location","2":"0","3":"0"}' --method registerProject -m
--output registerProject.out --fee 103645
```

若生成成功则会在相同目录下生成名为 registerProject.out 的文件

3. 对步骤3中生成的原始交易签名

```
./xchain-cli multisig sign --tx registerProject.out --
output registerProject.sign --keys data/keys/
```

签名成功后在相同目录下生成对原始交易的签名文件 registerProject.sign,并返回响应消息如下:

```
{
    "PublicKey": "{\"Curvname\":\"P-
256\",\"x\":7469561747716005875774720822037123683747421
0247114418775262229497812962582435,\"Y\":51348715319124
7703929938664170885424979278160170121822112441208526209
59209571}",
    "Sign":
"MEUCIQDPO07c+2+Bsx1zLCkMY3/6s+mnx+/W3TOJONAG+vmXFAIgIK
WVj3H7Jzotd7q/PyAqfv1BD8yCoCwrawbiGxLwLdw="
}
```

4. 将原始交易及签名发送到链上

```
./xchain-cli multisig send --tx registerProject.out registerProject.sign registerProject.sign
```

发送成功后会返回交易的Hash值如下:

```
Tx id:
b7048f38481087af18fa6ce84c72a90d57953ec937f35427a9326f3
4cad2d304
```

5. 通过getAuditee接口查询以测试审计当事人是否注册成功

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a '{"0":"0"}' --method getProject -m
```

可以看到如下响应结果:

```
contract response: {"Name":"POS
Audit","ID":0,"Description":"This is a bank project,
used by bank employees to check if they did check the
POS related bussiness themselfs within the specified
time and location","AuditeeRulesMap":{"
{"Name":"ZhanSan","ID":0}":"{"Operator":"AND","Rules":
{"FaceRecognize":0,"Location":0,"ObjectRecognize":0,"Ti
me":0},"ID":0}"}}
The gas you cousume is: 101858
You need add fee
```

其中contract response所对应的值为查询得到的规则细节,由于这里只是查询操作,因此不需要再附加fee进一步上链

#### 新增审计事件

1. 通过如下命令新增一个审计事件:

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit2 -a '{"a":"0", "b":"0", "c":"1589532423", "d":"Time", "e":"2020-05-29T13:04:05.000Z", "f":"Location", "g":"39.90116.299", "h":"FaceRecognize", "i":"/9j/4SMF...", "j":"ObjectRecognize", "k":"iVBORwO..."}' --method addEvent -m --output addEvent.out
```

如果注册成功会返回如下响应消息:

```
contract response:
The gas you cousume is: 565194
You need add fee
```

注意contract response的返回值0为新注册的项目对应的ID

2. 添加步骤2中的返回fee值后重复步骤2中的命令:

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit2 -a '{"a":"0", "b":"0", "c":"1589532423", "d":"Time", "e":"2020-05-29T13:04:05.000Z", "f":"Location", "g":"39.901116.299", "h":"FaceRecognize", "i":"/9j/4SMF...", "j":"ObjectRecognize", "k":"iVBORw0..."}' --method addEvent -m --output addEvent.out --fee 565194
```

若生成成功则会在相同目录下生成名为 addEvent.out 的文件

3. 对步骤3中生成的原始交易签名

```
./xchain-cli multisig sign --tx addEvent.out --output addEvent.sign --keys data/keys/
```

签名成功后在相同目录下生成对原始交易的签名文件 registerProject.sign,并返回响应消息如下:

```
{
    "PublicKey": "{\"Curvname\":\"P-
256\",\"x\":7469561747716005875774720822037123683747421
0247114418775262229497812962582435,\"Y\":51348715319124
7703929938664170885424979278160170121822112441208526209
59209571}",
    "Sign":
"MEQCIARr+10pHr+EPsgGJJbz+2X62XujrRpltmkPMbx3vH2XAiBITC
+v8sUHotVxYe7x8QAlzSs0qg33iqehBeXmm23pIw=="
}
```

4. 将原始交易及签名发送到链上

```
./xchain-cli multisig send --tx addEvent.out addEvent.sign addEvent.sign
```

发送成功后会返回交易的Hash值如下:

```
Tx id:
19caa096ae9916355c99f853c6d3abe95d0a972a571164d92d51496
cddf995e1
```

- 5. 重复步骤1~4、再次新增事件
- 6. 通过queryEvents接口查询指定当事人在某个项目及规则下的所有事件

```
./xchain-cli wasm invoke audit -a '{"0":"0", "1":"0"}'
--method queryEvents -m
```

#### 可以看到如下响应结果:

```
contract response: {"result":[{"ID":
0,0,0,0,0], "Auditee": {"Name": "", "ID": 0}, "Project":
{"Name":"","ID":0,"Description":""},"Rule":
{"Operator":"", "Rules":
{},"ID":0},"Timestamp":1589532423,"Params":
["Time","2020-05-29T11:04:05.000Z","Location","39.901
116.299", "FaceRecognize", "/9j/4SMF...", "ObjectRecognize
","iVBORw0..."],"Index":0},{"ID":
0,0,0,0,0], "Auditee": {"Name": "", "ID": 0}, "Project":
{"Name":"","ID":0,"Description":""},"Rule":
{"Operator":"", "Rules":
{},"ID":0},"Timestamp":1589532423,"Params":
["Time","2020-05-29T13:04:05.000Z","Location","39.901
116.299", "FaceRecognize", "/9j/4SMF...", "ObjectRecognize
","iVBORw0..."],"Index":1}]}
The gas you cousume is: 104000
You need add fee
```

其中contract response所对应的值为查询得到的所有事件细节,由于这里只是查询操作,因此不需要再附加fee进一步上链

# 参考链接

- 1. XuperChain环境部署
- 2. <u>创建合约</u>
- 3. 超级链测试环境使用指南