## **Energy Informatics**

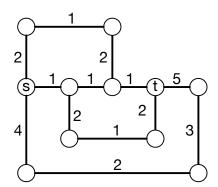
https://proglang.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/teaching/energy-informatics/2018ws/

## Exercise Sheet 12 – Graph algorithms

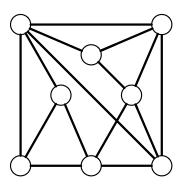
2019-01-28

## Exercise 1 (Manual computations)

Consider the following undirected graph with the shown flow capacities on the edges.



- 1. Find the shortest path p between s and t (with respect to the hop distance).
- 2. Find a series of flow augmenting paths and show each resulting flow.
- 3. Compute the maximum flow on from s to t.
- 4. Find the minimum cut between s and t and compare the result to the maximum flow.
- 5. Is the above graph 2-connected? Is it 3-connected? How about the following graph?



6. Which of the above graphs is 2-edge-connected or 3-edge-connected?

## Exercise 2 (Implementation)

We now want to implement the shortest path algorithm in Python.

Consider a graph as a dictionary that associates vertices to set of edges. Edges contains the destination vertice, and a weight. Vertices can be represented by strings or integers.

- 1. Implement the two graphs above.
- 2. Write functions to return the number of vertices and edges and the maximum degree of the graph.
- 3. Implement a function that prints vertices of a graph in Breadth-First order.
- 4. Implement shortest-path algorithm for graphs without weights with a BFS.
- 5. Implement the Bellman-Ford Algorithm.