



**THEME :**  
**ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND**  
**MACHINE LEARNING IN HEALTHCARE**

**TITLE:**  
**MEDPREDICT - ADVANCED MEDICAL PREDICTION SYSTEM**  
**USING**  
**RANDOMFOREST CLASSIFIER ALGORITHM**

**DR M.G.R EDUCATIONAL AND**  
**RESEARCH INSTITUTE**

**REG NO:221121101018**  
**ANUSHA.C**  
**REG NO:221121101062**  
**JASHWANTH.G**



## ❑ INTRODUCTION :

- **Medical prediction** plays a crucial role in early disease detection, reducing mortality rates, and enabling timely treatment.
- Traditional diagnosis relies on **blood tests, ECGs, MRIs, and doctor consultations**, which can be time-consuming and expensive.
- **AI-powered medical prediction systems** offer automated, fast, and accurate disease detection using machine learning models.
- **MedPredict** is an advanced **multi-disease prediction system** that uses the **RandomForest Classifier** to diagnose:
  1. **Heart Disease**
  2. **Diabetes**
  3. **Stroke**
  4. **High Blood Pressure (Hypertension)**
  5. **Fatty Liver**
  6. **Anemia**

## ❑ EXISTING WORK :

### ➤ **Traditional Disease Diagnosis:**

- Manual medical checkups, lab tests, and specialist consultations.
- High cost, longer wait times, and limited accessibility.

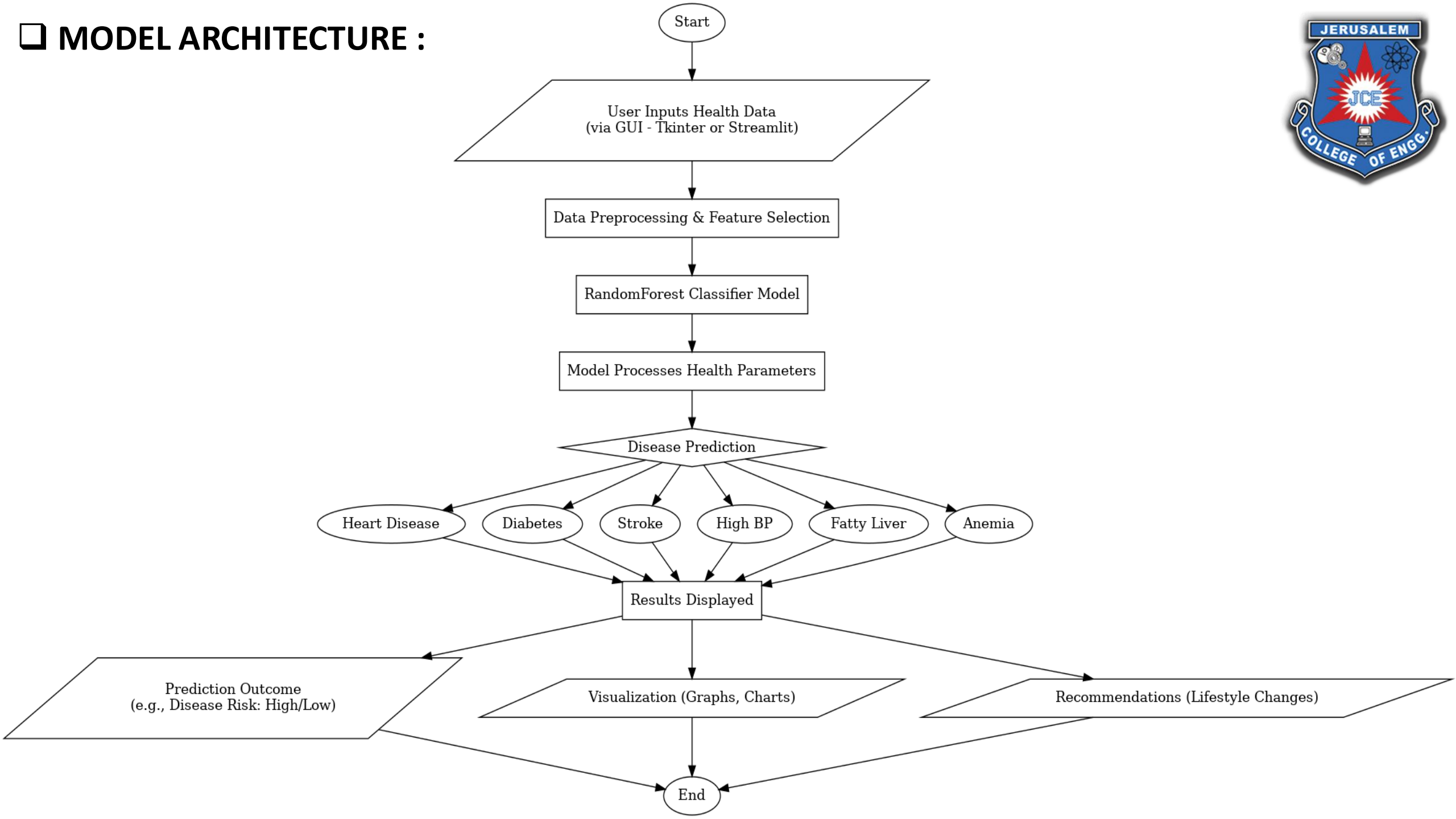
### ➤ **AI-Based Medical Prediction Systems:**

- Several ML algorithms have been used for disease classification, including **Decision Trees, SVM, Naïve Bayes, and Neural Networks**.
- However, most models either lack accuracy or are too complex for real-time implementation.

### ➤ **Limitations of Existing Systems:**

- Many lack user-friendly interfaces.
- Require **high computational power** or cloud dependency.
- Do not integrate **IoT-based real-time data collection**

# ❑ MODEL ARCHITECTURE :



## ➤ DATASET & FEATURE SELECTION

- Used Kaggle for Collecting datasets

### ❖ Key Features:

- **Heart Disease:** BP, cholesterol, ECG, age, smoking.
- **Diabetes:** Glucose, BMI, insulin, age, family history.
- **Stroke:** BP, heart disease history, BMI, smoking.
- **Kidney Disease:** Creatinine, urea, BP, RBC, sodium.
- **Hypertension:** BP, weight, sodium intake, heart rate.

kaggle



## ➤ MACHINE LEARNING MODEL

### ❖ Why RandomForest?

- Handles high-dimensional medical data.
- Works well with imbalanced datasets.
- Provides higher accuracy than traditional classifiers.

### ❖ Training Process:

- Data preprocessing & feature selection.
- Training with hyperparameter tuning.
- Model evaluation (accuracy 88.23)



*Random Forest*



## ➤ GUI IMPLEMENTATION :

### Tkinter (Desktop GUI):

- Lightweight, offline use, simple input & instant predictions.



## ➤ PROGRAM OUTPUT :

**Enter Patient Details**

Age:

Gender (1=Male, 0=Female):

BMI:

Hemoglobin:

Cholesterol Check (1=Yes, 0=No):

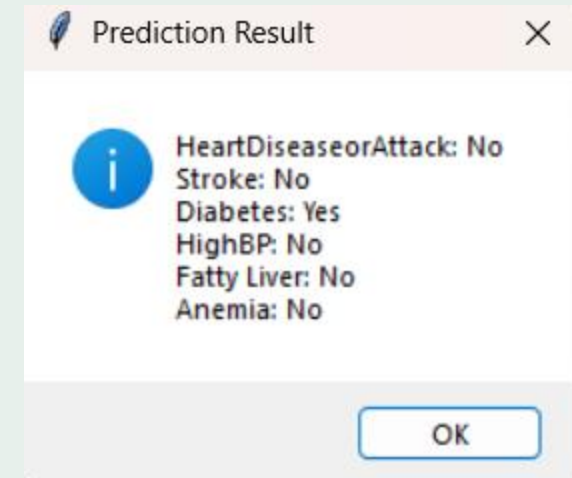
Smoker (1=Yes, 0=No):

Physical Activity (1=Yes, 0=No):

Diabetes (1=Yes, 0=No):

High Blood Pressure (1=Yes, 0=No):

Fatty Liver (1=Yes, 0=No):



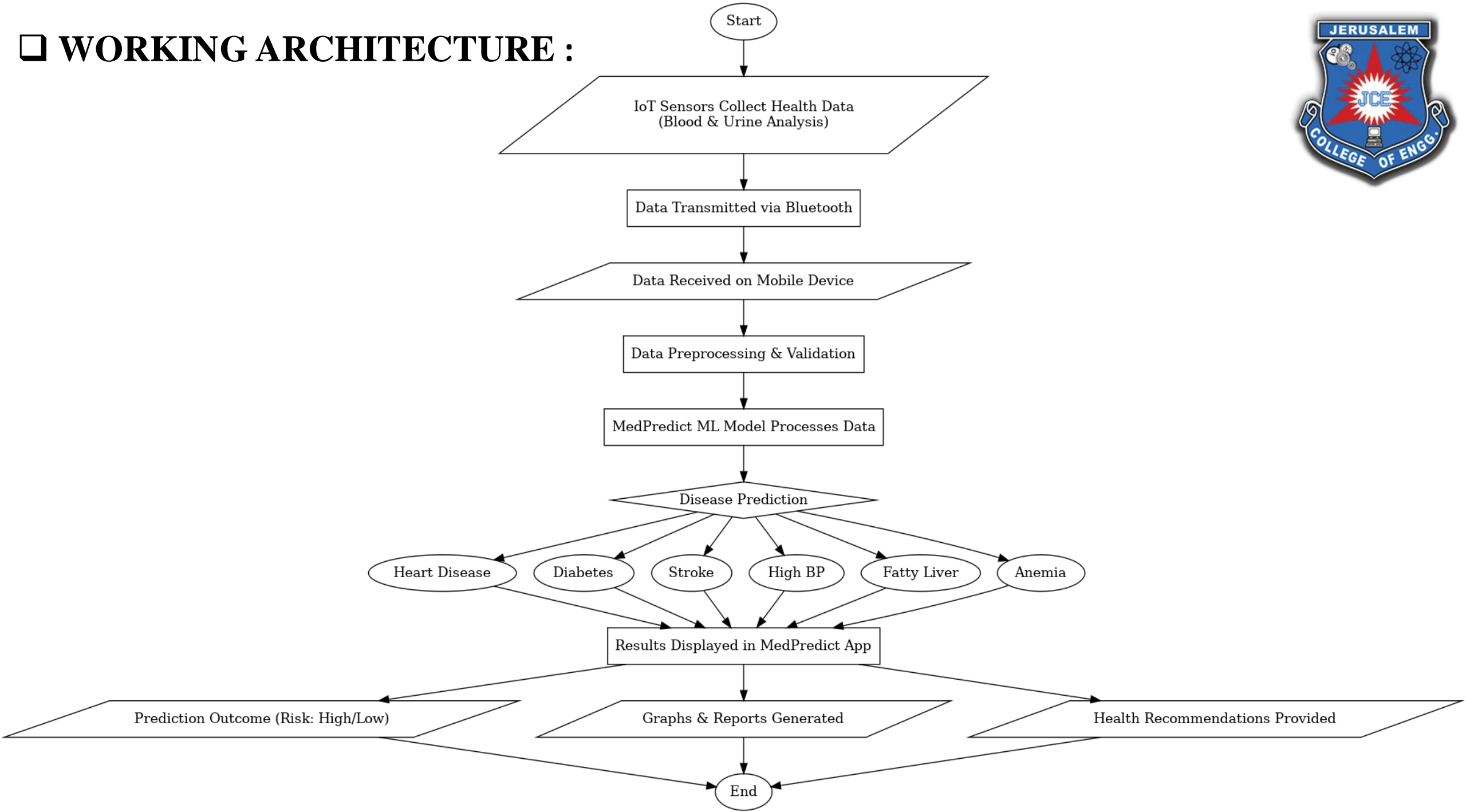




## ❑ FUTURE SCOPE :

1. Heart Disease
2. Hypertension (High Blood Pressure)
3. Diabetes (Type 1 & Type 2)
4. Stroke
5. Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD)
6. Liver Disease (Cirrhosis, Hepatitis)
7. Thyroid Disorders (Hypothyroidism, Hyperthyroidism)
8. Anemia
9. Leukemia (Blood Cancer)
10. Lung Diseases (COPD, Asthma)
11. HIV/AIDS
12. Hepatitis B & C
13. Rheumatoid Arthritis (RA)
14. Systemic Lupus Erythematosus (SLE)
15. Osteoporosis
16. Sepsis (Blood Infection)
17. Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS)
18. Prostate Cancer
19. Breast & Ovarian Cancer
20. Colorectal Cancer
21. Alzheimer's Disease & Dementia
22. Depression & Anxiety Disorders
23. Blood Clotting Disorders (DVT, Hemophilia)
24. Malnutrition & Vitamin Deficiencies
25. Pancreatic Diseases (Pancreatitis, Cancer)
26. Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD, Crohn's, Ulcerative Colitis)
27. Metabolic Syndrome (Obesity, Insulin Resistance)
28. Tuberculosis (TB)
29. Hyperlipidemia (High Cholesterol)
30. Hormonal Imbalances (Testosterone, Estrogen Disorders)

# ❑ WORKING ARCHITECTURE :







## ❑ EXISTING IOT DEVICES VS MEDPREDICT IOT DEVICE

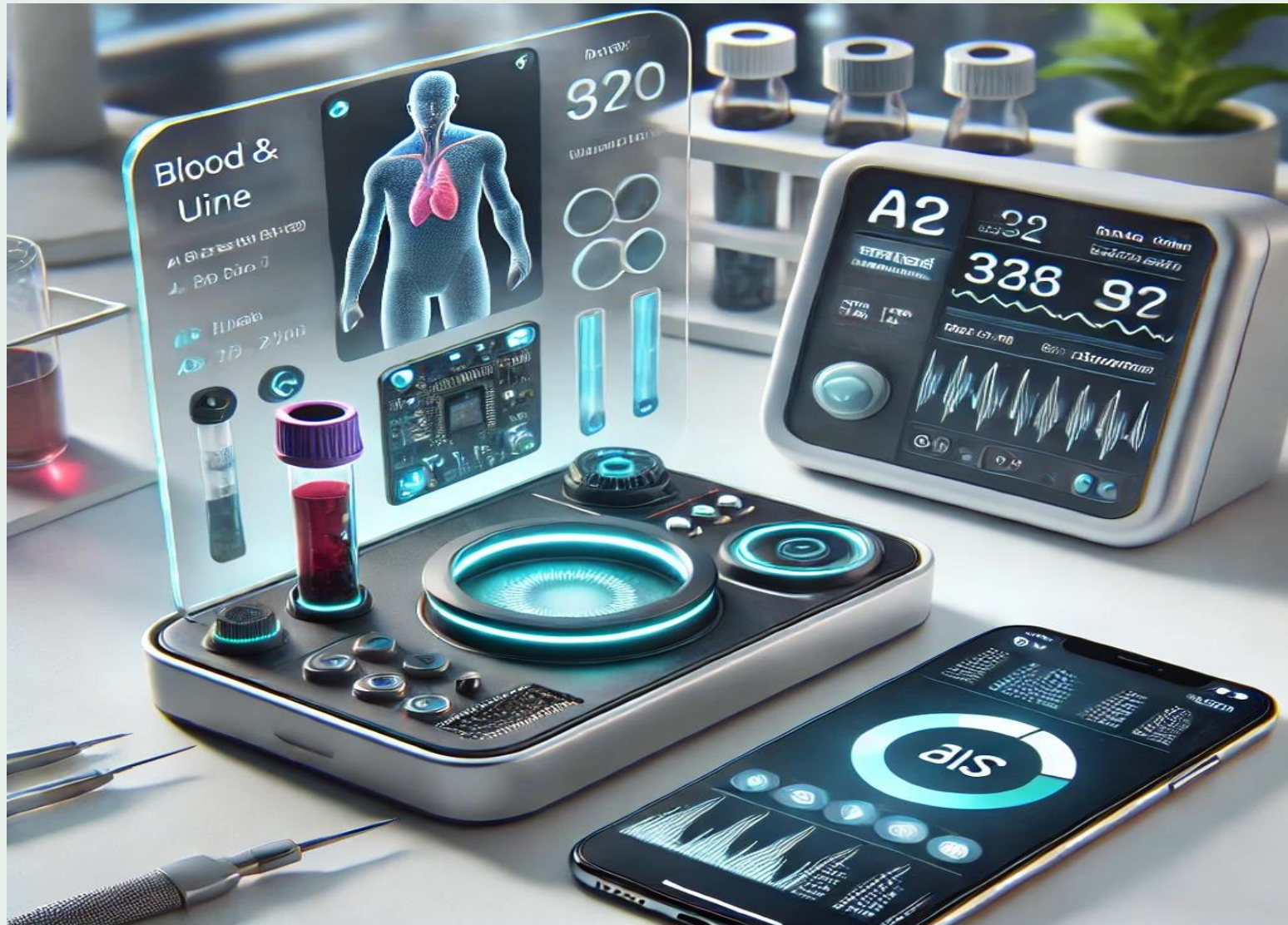
| Feature                                     | Existing IoT Devices  | MedPredict IoT Device  |
|---|---|--|
| <b>Multi-Disease Detection</b>              | Most devices are disease-specific (diabetes, ECG, BP, ketones).         | Detects multiple diseases using blood and urine analysis.              |
| <b>Integrated Blood &amp; Urine Testing</b> | Most devices analyze either blood or urine, not both.                   | Combines blood and urine analysis for comprehensive health monitoring. |
| <b>AI-Powered Disease Prediction</b>        | Limited or no AI predictions.   | Uses trained ML models (MedPredict AI) for disease forecasting.        |
| <b>Bluetooth &amp; Mobile Connectivity</b>  | Available in some devices but mostly for data viewing only.             | Bluetooth-enabled data transfer for real-time analysis and prediction. |
| <b>Cost-Effectiveness</b>                   | Devices like Cue are expensive due to disposable cartridges.            | A reusable system, reducing costs in the long run.                     |
| <b>Data Storage &amp; Trends Analysis</b>   | Most devices provide only instant readings without historical tracking. | Stores and analyzes long-term health trends via AI.                    |
| <b>Customizable ML Models</b>               | Generic algorithms with no user-specific tuning.                        | Personalized AI predictions based on user's historical data.           |
| <b>User-Friendly Home Testing</b>           | Some devices require complex setup or hospital use.                     | Designed for easy home use with instant mobile alerts.                 |
| <b>Offline Functionality</b>                | Most require internet/cloud access for processing.                      | Can operate offline, processing data locally before syncing.           |
| <b>Integration with Telemedicine</b>        | Limited integration with doctors or hospitals.                          | Connects with doctors via reports sent from the mobile app.            |

## ❑ COMMON TESTS :

| Test  | Diseases Predicted  |
|---|---|
| <b>Blood Glucose (Sugar)</b>                | Type 1 & Type 2 Diabetes, Metabolic Syndrome                        |
| <b>Cholesterol</b>                          | Heart Disease, Stroke, Atherosclerosis                              |
| <b>CBC (Complete Blood Count)</b>           | Anemia, Leukemia Infections, Blood Disorders                        |
| <b>Liver Function Tests</b>                 | Hepatitis, Cirrhosis, Fatty Liver Disease, Liver Cancer             |
| <b>Kidney Function Tests</b>                | Kidney Disease, Acute Kidney Injury, Chronic Kidney Disease         |
| <b>Thyroid Function</b>                     | Hypothyroidism, Hyperthyroidism                                     |
| <b>Vitamin &amp; Mineral Levels</b>         | Osteoporosis, Anemia, Neurological Disorders                        |
| <b>Coagulation Tests</b>                    | Blood Clotting Disorders, DVT, Pulmonary Embolism                   |
| <b>CRP &amp; ESR (Inflammatory Markers)</b> | Inflammatory Diseases, Cardiovascular Disease, Autoimmune Disorders |
| <b>Genetic Tests</b>                        | Cancer, Alzheimer's Disease, Heart Disease, Genetic Disorders       |
| <b>Tumor Markers</b>                        | Various Cancers (Breast, Ovarian, Prostate, etc.)                   |
| <b>Autoimmune Disease Tests</b>             | Lupus, Rheumatoid Arthritis, Autoimmune Hepatitis                   |
| <b>Urinalysis &amp; Microalbuminuria</b>    | Kidney Disease, Diabetes, Urinary Tract Infections, Bladder Cancer  |



## ❑ AI GENERATED IOT DEVICE IMAGE :



# ❑ MEDPREDICT IOT DEVICE - SENSOR LIST AND FUNCTIONS

## 1. Blood Analysis Sensors

| Sensor Name   | Function  | Use in MedPredict  |
|---|---|--|
| <b>Glucometer Sensor (e.g., CGM Sensors like FreeStyle Libre)</b> | Measures blood glucose levels   | Helps in diabetes prediction                                 |
| <b>Optical Blood Sensor (PPG - Photoplethysmography)</b>          | Measures oxygen saturation (SpO2), pulse rate, and blood volume changes   | Used for detecting heart conditions and respiratory issues   |
| <b>Electrochemical Sensor</b>                                     | Detects specific biomarkers like cholesterol, uric acid, hemoglobin, etc. | Useful for heart disease and kidney function monitoring      |
| <b>pH Sensor</b>  | Measures blood acidity levels   | Used in metabolic disorder detection                         |
| <b>Lactate Sensor</b>   | Detects lactic acid levels  | Helps in muscle fatigue and sepsis detection                 |
| <b>Biosensors (Lab-on-a-Chip)</b>                                 | Detects enzymes, proteins, and hormonal levels                            | Can be used for thyroid, liver, and kidney disease detection |

## 2. Urine Analysis Sensors

| Sensor Name                              | Function                                       | Use in MedPredict   |
|--|--|---|
| <b>pH Sensor</b>                         | Measures urine acidity                         | Helps in detecting kidney stones, UTIs, and metabolic disorders |
| <b>Urine Glucose Sensor</b>              | Measures glucose levels in urine               | Helps in diabetes monitoring                                    |
| <b>Protein Sensor (Albumin Detector)</b> | Detects protein leakage in urine (albuminuria) | Early detection of kidney disease                               |
| <b>Ketone Sensor</b>                     | Measures ketone levels in urine                | Useful for diabetes and ketoacidosis detection                  |
| <b>Nitrate &amp; Leukocyte Sensor</b>    | Detects infection-related compounds            | Helps in UTI detection  |
| <b>Creatinine Sensor</b>                 | Measures creatinine levels                     | Used for kidney function monitoring                             |
| <b>Uric Acid Sensor</b>                  | Detects uric acid levels                       | Helps in diagnosing gout and kidney issues                      |
| <b>Specific Gravity Sensor</b>           | Measures urine concentration                   | Used to detect hydration levels and kidney function             |



### 3. Supporting Sensors

| Sensor Name  | Function                                     | Use in MedPredict   |
|--|--|---|
| <b>Temperature Sensor (DS18B20 or MLX90614)</b>                | Measures body temperature                    | Helps in fever and infection monitoring                   |
| <b>Heart Rate &amp; ECG Sensor (AD8232, MAX30102)</b>          | Measures heart rate and ECG signals          | Used for cardiac disease risk prediction                  |
| <b>Blood Pressure Sensor (MPX5050GP, BP Monitoring Module)</b> | Measures systolic & diastolic blood pressure | Helps in hypertension monitoring                          |
| <b>Oxygen Sensor (SpO2 - MAX30100, MAX30102)</b>               | Measures oxygen saturation levels            | Useful in respiratory and cardiac disease detection       |
| <b>Bluetooth/Wi-Fi Module (ESP32, HC-05)</b>                   | Enables data transmission to the phone app   | Sends test data to MedPredict AI application for analysis |



## ❑ CONCLUSION :

- ❖ **MedPredict - AI-Powered Advanced Medical Prediction System** is a revolutionary step toward **early disease detection** and **comprehensive health monitoring**.
- **Multi-Disease Diagnosis:** Predicts heart disease, diabetes, stroke, kidney disease, and more.
- **AI & IoT Integration:** Real-time blood & urine analysis via IoT devices with AI-driven insights.
- **Affordable & User-Friendly:** A cost-effective solution for home-based health monitoring.
- **Future Scope:** Expanding to more diseases, integrating telemedicine, and real-time wearable monitoring.
- **MedPredict aims to transform healthcare by making disease prediction accessible, accurate, and AI-powered!**

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**THANK YOU**