



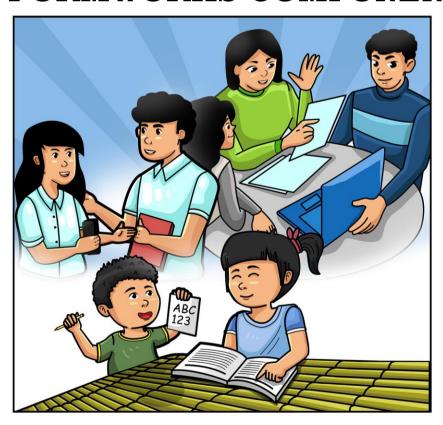
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SCHOOLS DIVISION OF NEGROS ORIENTAL **REGION VII**



Kagawasan Ave., Daro, Dumaguete City, Negros Oriental

TLE-IA-CARPENTRY

Quarter 4 - Module 2 (Week 3&4) **IDENTIFY INSTALLATION PROCEDURES** OF FORMWORKS COMPONENTS





GOVERNMENT PROPERTY E

TLE-IA-Carpentry 10 Alternative Delivery Mode

Quarter 4 – Module 2: IDENTIFY INSTALLATION PROCEDURES OF

FORMWORKS COMPONENTS

First Edition, 2020

Republic Act 8293, section 176 states that: No copyright shall subsist in any work of the Government of the Philippines. However, prior approval of the government agency or office wherein the work is created shall be necessary for exploitation of such work for profit. Such agency or office may, among other things, impose as a condition the payment of royalties.

Borrowed materials (i.e., songs, stories, poems, pictures, photos, brand names, trademarks, etc.) included in this module are owned by their respective copyright holders. Every effort has been exerted to locate and seek permission to use these materials from their respective copyright owners. The publisher and authors do not represent nor claim ownership over them.

Published by the Department of Education

Secretary: Leonor Magtolis Briones

Undersecretary: Diosdado M. San Antonio

Development Team of the Module

Writer: Romel U. Magdasal

Editors: Howel Jay M. Caluyo, Dennis S. Calinao

Reviewers: Alden B. Deguit, John Paul Jeremiah B. Teves

Typesetter: Alden B. Deguit
Layout Artist: Alden B. Deguit

Management Team: Senen Priscillo P. Paulin, CESO V Rosela R. Abiera

Joelyza M. Arcilla EdD Maricel S. Rasid

Marcelo K. Palispis EdD Elmar L. Cabrera

Nilita R. Ragay EdD

Antonio B. Baguio Jr. EdD

Printed in the Philippines by	,
-------------------------------	----------

Department of Education - Region VII Schools Division of Negros Oriental

Office Address: Kagawasan, Ave., Daro, Dumaguete City, Negros Oriental

Tele #: (035) 225 2376 / 541 1117 E-mail Address: negros.oriental@deped.gov.ph

TLE-IA-CARPENTRY

Quarter 4 – Module 2 (Week 3&4) IDENTIFY INSTALLATION PROCEDURES OF FORMWORKS COMPONENTS



What I Need to Know

In this module you will learn more about INSTALLATION PROCEDURES OF FORMWORKS COMPONENTS in **CARPENTRY.**

After going through this module, you are expected to:

- Discuss the installation procedures of formwork components
- Realize the importance and benefits of formworks.
- Practice occupational safety when performing the installation of formworks.



What I Know

Direction: Supply a word or group of words to complete the sentence. Write your answer in a sheet of paper.

1.	is a system of structural members temporarily to support loads during construction.	used
2.	acts as moulds for pouring concrete.	
3.	The formation of a sharp nice corner is pract	-
	difficult and the concrete at corners is easily chiped and broken pieces during the removal of concrete formwork.	i into

Lesson

INSTALLATION PROCEDURES OF FORMWORKS COMPONENTS



What's In

(Write your answers in a sheet of paper)

What are the different types of formworks?



What is Formwork in Building Construction

Formwork is a mould or open box, like container into which fresh concrete is poured and compacted.

When the concrete is set, the formwork is removed and a solid mass is produced in the shape of the inner face of the formwork.

The top of the formwork is normally left open.

Falsework is the necessary support system that holds the formwork in the correct position.

Formwork is used to describe the process of building temporary molds in to which fresh concrete is poured to construct designated structural concrete elements and achieve its shape.

Formwork can be made out of timber, plywood, steel, precast concrete, or fiberglass used separately or in combination. Steel forms are used in a situation where large numbers of re-use of the same forms are necessary. For small works, timber formwork proves useful. Fiberglass made of precast concrete and aluminum are used in cast – in – situ construction such as slabs or members involving curved surfaces.

2



FORMWORK INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

Preparing the site

- 1. With a measuring tape, strings, and spikes, first, measure and indicate the borders of the concrete slabs.
- 2. Excavation is a process most people that install concrete formwork overlook. To remove debris and grass from the indicated area, excavate it first. Make sure that it results in an excavated area wherein the flow of water is not directed towards your home.
- 3. Using 2x4's-sized pieces of wood, frame the area utilizing the string as a guide. Nail the wooden forms together and gradually remove the lines.
- 4. In this last step, you can now lay a gravel base in place.

Propping and centring-propping is a system of structural members used temporarily to support loads during construction. The forces arising from these loads must be fully resolved, using props or columns to provide all the support needed for the work under construction, such as beams formwork but are not limited to only the above mentioned.

Shuttering formwork (shuttering) acts as moulds for pouring concrete.

Provision of chamber – The formation of a sharp nice corner is practically difficult and the concrete at corners is easily chiped and broken into pieces during the removal of concrete formwork. Hence, the provision of chamber could protect the corner from chipping when striking formwork.

Cleaning and surface treatment.

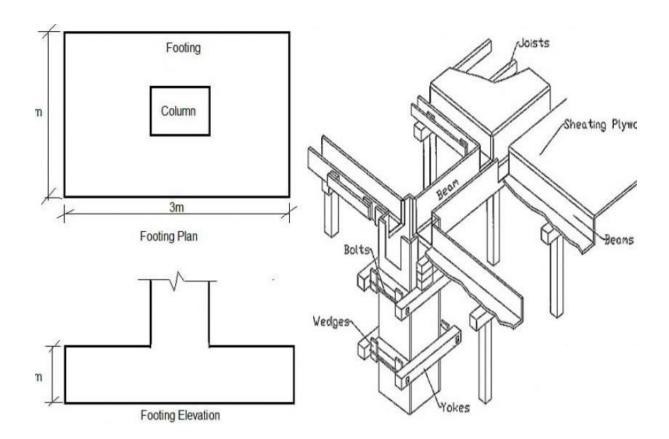
After effectively preparing the area, you can now start with the concrete application.

- 1. Use safety clothing when you are working with hazardous materials. Wear gloves, goggles, and shoes before you start working. Your safety is a priority.
- 2. Make sure to mix the correct ratio of concrete and water.
- 3. Start pouring concrete from the farthest side of the formwork up to your position.
- 4. Using a screen rod longer than the box of your concrete formwork, even out the mixture with working it at one end to another.
- 5. The excess liquid concrete needs to be rodded at the end of the forms. Repeat the whole process until the entire mixture is free from holes and looks finished and smooth.



Benefits of Formwork

- Increased speed and efficiency in construction
- The requirement of skilled labor is reduced due to simplicity of assembly and disasembly.
- Metal column forms can be assembled and erected more easily than traditional formwork.
- Disposable forms can ready assembled to site.
- High quality surface finishes are possible.





What I Have Learned

Direction: Supply a word or group of words to complete the sentence. Write your answer in a sheet of paper.

- 1. ______ is a system of structural members used temporarily to support loads during construction.
- 2. _____ acts as moulds for pouring concrete.
- 3. _____The formation of a sharp nice corner is practically difficult and the concrete at corners is easily chiped and broken into pieces during the removal of concrete formwork.
- 4. _____is used to describe the process of building temporary molds in to which fresh concrete is poured to construct designated structural concrete elements and achieve its shape.



Direction: Write your answers in a sheet of paper.

• Write the different procedures of formwork components?

Activity

• Make an improvised formwork using cardboard / empty boxes.



Assessment

Direction: Supply a word or group of words to complete the sentence. Write your answer in a sheet of paper.

1.	is used to describe the process of building
	temporary molds in to which fresh concrete is poured to construct
	designated structural concrete elements and achieve its shape.
2.	is a system of structural members used
	temporarily to support loads during construction.
3.	acts as moulds for pouring concrete.
4.	The formation of a sharp nice corner is practically
	difficult and the concrete at corners is easily chiped and broken into
	pieces during the removal of concrete formwork.
5.	Increased speed andin construction.
6.	forms can be assembled and erected more easily
	than traditional formwork.
7.	can ready assembled to site
	The requirement of skilled labor is reduced due toof
	assembly and disasembly.



What I Know

- 1. Propping and centering propping
- 2. Shuttering formwork
- 3. Provision of chamber

What I Have Learned

- 1. Propping and centering-propping
- 2. Shuttering formwork
- 3. Provision of chamber
- 4. formwork

Assessment

- 1. Formwork
- 2. Propping and centering- propping
- 3. Shuttering formwork
- 4. Provision of formwork
- 5. Efficiency
- 6. Metal column
- 7. Disposable forms
- 8. Simplicity

References:

Projectmanagement23.com (Formwork Installation Procedures)
w.w.w.slideshare.net (Formwork Construction Instruction)
methodstatementHq.com (Safety procedure for Erective and Dismantling Formwork)

https://thacampbell.typepad.com/class_handouts/Formwork.pdf

https://www.scribd.com/document/310259093/CIVL-392-Chapter-6-Formwork

For inquiries or feedback, please write or call:

Department of Education – Schools Division of Negros Oriental Kagawasan, Avenue, Daro, Dumaguete City, Negros Oriental

Tel #: (035) 225 2376 / 541 1117

Email Address: negros.oriental@deped.gov.ph

Website: Irmds.depednodis.net

