Imagededup

CNN Method:

1. Initialization:

- Sets up the CNN model (MobileNetV3 by default) for feature extraction.
- Initializes the PyTorch model, device (GPU if available, else CPU), and other configurations.

2. Encoding Generation:

- `encode_image`: Generates CNN encoding for a single image or whole image directory
- encoding = myencoder.encode_image(image_file='path/to/image.jpg')
- OR
- encoding = myencoder.encode_image(image_array=<numpy array of image>)

3. Duplicate Detection:

- `find_duplicates`: Finds duplicates using pre-generated encodings or images in a directory.
- duplicates = myencoder.find_duplicates(image_dir='path/to/directory', min_similarity_threshold=0.85, scores=True, outfile='results.json')
- `find_duplicates_to_remove`: Returns a list of duplicate image file names based on a similarity threshold.
- duplicates =
 myencoder.find_duplicates_to_remove(image_dir='path/to/images/director
 y'),min_similarity_threshold=0.85)
- '_find_duplicates_dict': A dictionary where each key is a filename and the corresponding value is a list of duplicate filenames. If the scores parameter is set to True, the value will be a list of tuples, where each tuple contains the duplicate filename and the cosine similarity score. If scores is False, the list will contain only the duplicate filenames.
- if scores is True, then a dictionary of the form {'image1.jpg':
 [('image1_duplicate1.jpg',score), ('image1_duplicate2.jpg', score)],
 'image2.jpg': [] ..}
- if scores is False, then a dictionary of the form {'image1.jpg':
 ['image1_duplicate1.jpg','image1_duplicate2.jpg'],'image2.jpg':['image
 1_duplicate1.jpg',..], ..}

4. Internal Methods:

- `_validate_model_config`: Validates the model configuration.
- `_get_cnn_features_single` and `_get_cnn_features_batch`: Methods to get CNN features for single or batched images.
 - `_check_threshold_bounds`: Checks if the similarity threshold is within valid bounds.

Hashing Method:

- `Hashing`: Base class for hashing algorithms. It provides common functionality for encoding images and finding duplicates.
- `PHash`, `AHash`, `DHash`, `WHash` Classes: Subclasses that implement specific hashing algorithms (perceptual hashing, average hashing, difference hashing, and wavelet hashing).
- `hamming distance` Method: Calculates the Hamming distance between two hash strings.
- `_array_to_hash` Method: Converts a matrix of binary numerals to a 64-character hexadecimal hash string.
- `encode_image` Method: Generates a hash for a single image.
- 'encode_images' Method: Generates hashes for all images in a directory.
- `find_duplicates` Method: Finds duplicates either using the encoding mapping generated previously or using a directory of images.
- `find_duplicates_to_remove` Method: Generates a list of image file names to remove based on a given hamming distance threshold.

Script:

```
# https://idealo.github.io/imagededup/
from imagededup.methods import CNN
from imagededup.utils import plot_duplicates
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
```

```
image_dir = "Images/"
from imagededup.methods import PHash
phasher = PHash()
# Generate encodings for all images in an image directory
encodings = phasher.encode_images(image_dir=image_dir)
# Find duplicates using the generated encodings
duplicates = phasher.find_duplicates(encoding_map=encodings)
cnn = CNN()
from imagededup.methods import CNN
cnn_encoder = CNN()
# Find duplicates using the generated encodings
duplicates_list = cnn_encoder.find_duplicates(image_dir=image_dir,
min_similarity_threshold=0.95, scores=True,
        outfile='results.json')
print(duplicates_list)
# plot_duplicates(image_dir=image_dir,
                 duplicate_map=duplicates_list,
                  filename='test.jpg')
for duplicate_filename in duplicates_list_cnn:
   # Create the full file path
   file_path = os.path.join(image_dir, duplicate_filename)
    # Delete the file
    os.remove(file path)
    print(f"Deleted: {file_path}")
```

REFERENCE

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