

Data Management, Warehousing and Analytics

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Lab Assignment 4

Gitlab Repository link:

https://git.cs.dal.ca/singh16/csci5408_s23_b00948857_jaskaran_singh.git

A distributed MySQL DBMS system has been setup with two databases.

Local Database: Order_Management

- First one is on local machine with name 'Order_Management'. It contains 2 tables named User and Order info.
- User table has id as primary key.
- Order_info has order_id as primary key and user_id as foreign key referencing user table.
- SQL queries are present in 'local_scripts' file.

Remote Database: Inventory_Management

- Second one is on GCP with name 'Inventory_Management'. It contains inventory table.
- Inventory table has id as primary key.
- Also, initially, 300 quantities of pens are inserted in inventory table.
- SQL queries are present in 'remote_scripts' file.



Figure 1: Record in Inventory table initially

Also, profiling has been set to 1 to measure performance on both the databases.

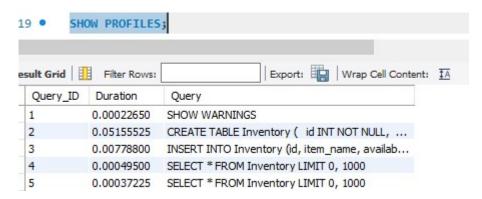


Figure 2: Latency from remote database(GCP)

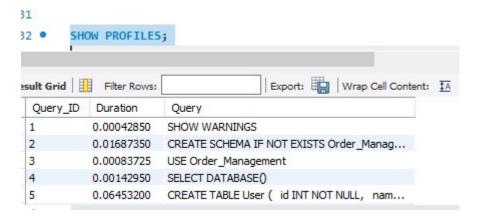


Figure 3: Latency from local database

JAVA PROGRAM

- Java program is present in 'ConnectionApplication' folder.
- A maven project has been created in Java to connect with both the databases(remote and local).
- 'mysql-connector-java' dependency has been used to connect Java program with MySQL database. It provides MySQL JDBC driver to connect with database.
- In this java program, firstly records are fetched from inventory table from GCP.
- DriverManager class from 'java.sql' package has been used to create a Connection instance with both local and remote databases.
- Firstly, records from inventory table has been fetched in the program.
- Then, an order has been created in the Order_info table for 3 quantities of pen and accordingly, updated quantities are then stored in remote database.

Working of JAVA PROGRAM:

1. Establishing database connections:

- The program establishes connections to both the local and remote databases using the provided connection details (URL, username, and password).
- The DriverManager.getConnection() method is used to establish the connections.

2. Fetching item details from the remote database:

- A SELECT query is executed on the Inventory table in the remote database to fetch item details (item name and available quantity).
- The query result is retrieved as a ResultSet object.

3. Processing fetched item details:

- Using a loop, the program iterates through the rows in the ResultSet to access each item's details (item name and available quantity).
- Within the loop, you can perform any necessary operations with the fetched data (e.g., displaying the details or performing calculations).

4. Creating an order in the local database:

- For each item, an INSERT query is prepared to insert the order information (order ID, user ID, item name, quantity, and order date) into the Order_info table in the local database.
- The prepared statement is executed using the executeUpdate() method to perform the insertion.

5. Updating the quantity in the remote database:

- An UPDATE query is prepared to update the available_quantity column in the Inventory table for the corresponding item.
- The prepared statement is executed using the executeUpdate() method to update the quantity in the remote database.

6. Closing resources and connections:

 After the processing is complete, the program closes database connections to release resources.

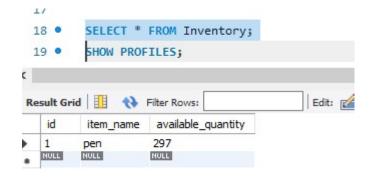


Figure 4: Record in Inventory table (GCP) after order of 3 inventory created

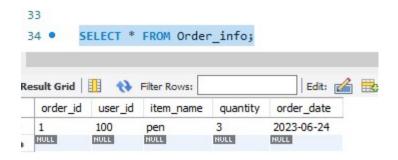


Figure 5: Record in Order_info table after order of 3 inventory created

References:

Java Database Connectivity with MySQL, Java T Point,

https://www.javatpoint.com/example-to-connect-to-the-mysql-database