## JASKIRAT SINGH (2020CSC1008)

## program to execute various functions on circular linked list

## **Time Complexities**

- Creation of Node O(1)
- insert\_at\_beg O(1)
- insert\_at\_end O(1)
- insert\_at\_pos O(n)
- delete\_from\_beg O(1)
- delete\_from\_end O(1)
- delete\_from\_pos O(n)
- delete\_by\_elem O(n)
- search O(n)
- display O(n)
- reverse O(n)
- merge O(1)
- union O(ab)
- intersection O(ab)
- middle element O(n/2)

```
{
public:
 T data = 0;
  node<T> *next = NULL;
  node<T> *prev = NULL;
  node(int data)
  {
   this->data = data;
 }
};
//a node class to create nodes
template <class T>
class linkedlist
private:
  node<T> *head = NULL;
  node<T> *tail = NULL;
  int count = 0;
public:
  linkedlist() {}
  ~linkedlist() {}
  node<T> *createNode(T d);
  void createlinkedlist();
  void printslinkedlist();
  //insertion methods
  void insertion();
```

```
void insert_at_beg(T e);
void insert_at_end(T e);
void insert_at_pos(T e);
//deletion methods
void deletion();
void delete_from_beg();
void delete_from_end();
void delete_from_pos();
void delete_by_elem();
//serach element and return node
node<T> *returnNode();
//reverse the linked list
void reverselinkedlist();
//merges two linked lists
void mergeMenu(linkedlist<T> &I);
void mergefunc(linkedlist<T> I);
linkedlist<T> operator+(linkedlist<T> I);
//method for the union of two linked lists
void unionOfLI(linkedlist<T> I);
//method for the intersection of two linked lists
void intersection(linkedlist<T> I);
//finds middle element of linked list without using count
void middleElem();
```

```
//main menu for all the methods
  void Menu();
};
//method that creates linked list by taking data from the user
template < class T>
void linkedlist<T>::createlinkedlist()
{
  T element = 0;
  cout << "\nEnter the number of elements in your Linked List: ";</pre>
  cin >> count;
  if (count == 0)
    return;
  node<T> *copy = NULL;
  cout << "Enter the Elements in your linked list one by one :-\n";</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++)
  {
    cin >> element;
    if (i == 0)
    {
      head = new node<T>(element);
      head->prev = tail;
      copy = head;
      tail = head;
    }
    else
    {
       node<T> *tmp = new node<T>(element);
      tmp->prev = copy;
```

```
copy->next = tmp;
      copy = tmp;
      tail = tmp;
    }
  }
  head->prev = tail;
  tail->next = head;
  //calling print method to print linked list
  printslinkedlist();
}
//method to create node for linked list
template <class T>
node<T> *linkedlist<T>::createNode(T d)
{
  node<T> *temp = new node<T>(d);
  temp->next = NULL;
  temp->prev = NULL;
  return temp;
}
//method to create entire linked list
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::printslinkedlist()
{
  if (count == 0)
  {
    cout << "\n" There is nothing to show, linked list is empty |***|\n";
    return;
```

```
}
  //Printing the Linked list
  node<T> *t = head;
  cout << "\n*** | Elements in the linked list are : \n";</pre>
  do
  {
    cout << t->data << "\t";
    t = t->next;
  } while (t != head);
  cout << endl;
  //printing the linked list in reverse order
  // node<T> *t1 = tail;
  // cout << "\n*** | Printing linked list in Reverse order: \n";
  // while (t1 != NULL)
  //{
  // cout << t1->data << "\t";
  // t1 = t1->prev;
  //}
  // cout << endl;
  cout << "| First Element: " << head->data << " | Last Element: " << tail->data << " |\n";
  cout << "| Head->prev->data: " << head->prev->data << " | Tail->next->data: " << tail->next->data
<< " |\n";
}
//method to show menu for insertion
template < class T>
void linkedlist<T>::insertion()
```

```
{
  Te = 0;
  int ch;
  char selc;
  do
  {
    //taking input for element
    cout << "\nEnter the element you want to insert: \n";</pre>
    cin >> e;
    //option for the menu
    cout << "\n|><| Insertion Menu |><|\n";</pre>
    cout << "Choose any one of the option: \n";</pre>
    cout << "1. Insert At Begining\n";</pre>
    cout << "2. Insert At End\n";</pre>
    cout << "3. Insert At Position\n";</pre>
    cin >> ch;
    switch (ch)
    {
    case 1:
       //calling insert_at_beg method to insert element at begining
       insert_at_beg(e);
       cout << "\n<><> After Insertion <><>\n";
       printslinkedlist();
       break;
     case 2:
       //calling insert_at_end method to insert element at end
       insert_at_end(e);
       cout << "\n<><> After Insertion <><>\n";
```

```
printslinkedlist();
       break;
    case 3:
       //calling insert_at_pos method to insert element at any position
       insert_at_pos(e);
       cout << "\n<><> After Insertion <><>\n";
       printslinkedlist();
       break;
    default:
       cout << "\n!!!Invalid Input!!! Please Try Again\n";</pre>
    }
    cout << "\nDo you want to see the Insertion methods menu again.\nPress(Y/y) or press any
other key: ";
    cin >> selc;
  } while (selc == 'Y' | | selc == 'y');
  cout << "\n||| Exited From Insert Menu |||\n";</pre>
}
//method to insert element at the begining
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::insert_at_beg(T e)
{
  //insertion at begining
  cout << "\n>>>Inserting element at the Begining<<< " << endl;</pre>
  if (head == NULL)
  {
    // cout << "Linked list is empty" << endl;
```

```
head = new node<T>(e);
    tail = head;
    tail->next = head;
    head->prev = tail;
  }
  else
  {
    // cout << "Linked list has " << count << " elements" << endl;</pre>
    node<T> *tmp = new node<T>(e);
    tmp->next = head;
    head->prev = tmp;
    head = tmp;
    head->prev = tail;
    tail->next = head;
  }
  count++;
}
//method to insert element at the end
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::insert_at_end(T e)
{
  //insertion at the end
  cout << "\n>>>Inserting element at the End<<<" << endl;</pre>
  if (head == NULL)
  {
    head = new node<T>(e);
    tail = head;
    head->prev = tail;
    tail->next = head;
  }
```

```
else
  {
    node<T> *tmp = new node<T>(e);
    tail->next = tmp;
    tmp->prev = tail;
    tail = tmp;
    tail->next = head;
    head->prev = tail;
  }
  count++;
}
//method to insert element at any position
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::insert_at_pos(T e)
{
  if (count == 0)
  {
    cout << "\n***The linked list is empty, there is only one place to add***\n";</pre>
    insert_at_beg(e);
    return;
  }
  cout << "\n>>>Inserting element at any Position<<<" << endl;</pre>
  int pos = 0;
  cout << "\nEnter the position at which you want to insert the element: ";</pre>
  cin >> pos;
  //checking for invalid position
  if (pos > (count + 1) | | pos < 1)
  {
```

```
cout << "\n!!! Invalid Position !!!\n";</pre>
  return;
}
if (pos == 1)
{
  insert_at_beg(e);
}
else if (pos == count + 1)
  insert_at_end(e);
}
else
{
  int i = 1;
  node<T> *t = head;
  while (i != (pos - 1))
  {
    t = t->next;
    i++;
  }
  node<T> *nw = new node<T>(e);
  nw->next = t->next;
  nw->prev = t;
  t->next->prev = nw;
  t->next = nw;
  count++;
}
```

```
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::deletion()
{
  int ch;
  char selc;
  do
  {
    //option for the menu
    cout << "\n|><| Deletion Menu |><|\n";
    cout << "Choose any one of the option: \n";</pre>
    cout << "1. Delete from Begining\n";</pre>
    cout << "2. Delete from End\n";</pre>
    cout << "3. Delete from position\n";</pre>
    cout << "4. Delete by Element\n";</pre>
    cin >> ch;
    switch (ch)
    {
    case 1:
      //calling delete_from_beg method to delete element from the begining
       delete_from_beg();
      cout << "\n<><> After Deletion <><> \n";
       printslinkedlist();
       break;
    case 2:
      //calling delete_from_end method to delete element from the end
       delete_from_end();
      cout << "\n<><> After Deletion <><>\n";
       printslinkedlist();
```

```
break;
    case 3:
      //calling delete_from_pos method to delete element by it's position
      delete_from_pos();
      cout << "\n<><> After Deletion <><>\n";
      printslinkedlist();
      break;
    case 4:
      //calling delete_by_elem method to delete element by searching the element
      delete_by_elem();
      cout << "\n<><> After Deletion <><>\n";
      printslinkedlist();
      break;
    default:
      cout << "\n!!!Invalid Input!!! Please Try Again\n";</pre>
    }
    cout << "\nDo you want to see the Deletion methods menu again.\nPress(Y/y) or press any
other key: ";
    cin >> selc;
  } while (selc == 'Y' || selc == 'y');
  cout << "\n||| Exited From Deletion Menu |||\n";</pre>
//method to delete element from the Begining
template < class T>
void linkedlist<T>::delete_from_beg()
```

{

```
cout << "\n>>>Deleting element from Begining<<<\n";</pre>
  if (head == NULL)
  {
    cout << "\n!!!There is nothing to Delete, Linked List is Empty\n";</pre>
    return;
  }
  else if (head->next == head)
  {
    delete (head);
    head = NULL;
    tail = NULL;
    count--;
  }
  else
  {
    node<T> *sec = head->next;
    sec->prev = tail;
    delete (head);
    head = sec;
    tail->next = head;
  }
  count--;
  cout << "\n*** | Element Deleted Successfully | ***\n";</pre>
}
//method to delete element from the end
template < class T>
void linkedlist<T>::delete_from_end()
{
  cout << "\n>>>Deleting element from End<<<\n";</pre>
  if (head == NULL)
```

```
{
    cout << "\n!!!There is nothing to Delete, Linked List is Empty\n";</pre>
    return;
  }
  else if (head->next == head)
  {
    delete (head);
    head = NULL;
    tail = NULL;
    count--;
  }
  else
  {
    node<T> *t = tail->prev;
    t->next = head;
    delete (tail);
    tail = t;
    head->prev = tail;
  }
  count--;
  cout << "\n*** | Element Deleted Successfully | ***\n";</pre>
//method to delete element from any position
template < class T>
void linkedlist<T>::delete_from_pos()
{
  if (head == NULL)
  {
    cout << "\n!!! There is nothing to Delete, Linked List is Empty !!!\n";</pre>
    return;
```

```
}
if (head->next == head)
{
  cout << "!!! There is only one element in the list !!!\n";</pre>
  delete (head);
  head = NULL;
  tail = NULL;
  count--;
  cout << "\n*** | Element Deleted Successfully | ***\n";</pre>
  return;
}
cout << "\n>>>Deleting element from Position<<<" << endl;</pre>
int pos = 0;
cout << "\nEnter the position at which you want to Delete the element: ";</pre>
cin >> pos;
//checking for invalid position
if (pos > count | | pos < 1)
{
  cout << "\n!!! Invalid Position !!!\n";</pre>
  return;
}
if (pos == 1)
  delete_from_beg();
}
else if (pos == count)
```

```
{
    delete_from_end();
  }
  else
  {
    int i = 1;
    node<T> *t = head;
    while (i != (pos - 1))
    {
      t = t->next;
      i++;
    }
    node<T> *copy = t->next;
    t->next = t->next->next;
    t->next->prev = t;
    delete (copy);
    count--;
    cout << "\n*** | Element Deleted Successfully | ***\n";</pre>
  }
}
//method to delete by searching the element
template < class T>
void linkedlist<T>::delete_by_elem()
{
  if (head == NULL)
  {
    cout << "\n!!! There is nothing to Delete, Linked List is Empty !!!\n";</pre>
    return;
  }
```

```
cout << "\n>>>Deleting by searching the element in the linked list<<<\n";</pre>
Te;
cout << "\nEnter the element you want to delete: ";</pre>
cin >> e;
if (e == head->data)
{
  delete_from_beg();
}
else if (e == tail->data)
{
  delete_from_end();
}
else if (head->next == head)
{
  cout << "\n!!!The element you want to delete is not found in the linked list\n";</pre>
}
else
{
  node<T> *t = head;
  while (e != t->next->data)
  {
    t = t->next;
    if (t->next == head)
    {
      cout << "\n!!!The element you want to delete is not found in the linked list\n";</pre>
      return;
    }
  }
  node<T> *copy = t->next;
```

```
t->next = t->next->next;
    t->next->prev = t;
    delete (copy);
    count--;
    cout << "\n*** | Element Deleted Successfully | ***\n";</pre>
 }
}
//method to search for an element and return it's node
template <class T>
node<T> *linkedlist<T>::returnNode()
{
  if (head == NULL)
  {
    cout << "\n!!! There is nothing to search, linked list is empty !!!\n";</pre>
    return NULL;
  }
  Te;
  cout << "\n|***| Enter the element you want to search its node: \n";</pre>
  cin >> e;
  node<T> *t = head;
  while (e != t->data)
  {
    t = t->next;
    if (t == NULL)
      return t;
    }
```

```
}
  return t;
}
//method to reverse the whole linked list
template < class T>
void linkedlist<T>::reverselinkedlist()
{
  if (head == NULL | | count == 0)
  {
    cout << "\n!!! Linked List is Empty !!!\n";</pre>
    return;
  }
  cout << "\n|***| Reversing the linked list |***|\n";</pre>
  node<T> *temp = NULL;
  node<T> *current = head;
  // swap next and prev for all nodes of doubly linked list
  do
  {
    temp = current->prev;
    current->prev = current->next;
    current->next = temp;
    current = current->prev;
  } while (current != head);
  node<T> *t = head;
  head = tail;
```

```
tail = t;
  //connecting head and tail to each other to make the list circular
  head->prev = tail;
  tail->next = head;
}
//method to provide menu of merge methods to the user
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::mergeMenu(linkedlist<T> &I1)
{
  int ch;
  char selc;
  do
  {
    //option for the menu
    cout << "\n|><| Merge Menu |><|\n";
    cout << "Choose any one of the option: \n";</pre>
    cout << "1. Merge by Function\n";</pre>
    cout << "2. Merge by '+' Operator\n";</pre>
    cin >> ch;
    switch (ch)
    {
    case 1:
    {
      //calling mergefunc to merge two linked lists by using merge function
      //second linked list
      cout << "\n||| Please Enter the Second linked list |||\n";</pre>
       linkedlist<T> I2;
       12.createlinkedlist();
```

```
//merged linked list
       l1.mergefunc(l2);
       cout << "\nMerged Linked List: \n";</pre>
       l1.printslinkedlist();
    }
    break;
    case 2:
    {
       //calling overloaded + operator to merge two linked lists by using operator overloading
       //second linked list
       cout << "\n||| Please Enter the Second linked list |||\n";</pre>
       linkedlist<T> I2;
       l2.createlinkedlist();
       //merged linked list
       linkedlist<T> 13 = 11 + 12;
       cout << "\nMerged Linked List: \n";</pre>
       13.printslinkedlist();
    }
    break;
    default:
       cout << "\n!!!Invalid Input!!! Please Try Again\n";</pre>
    cout << "\nDo you want to see the Merge methods menu again.\nPress(Y/y) or press any other
key: ";
    cin >> selc;
  } while (selc == 'Y' | | selc == 'y');
```

```
cout << "\n||| Exited From Merge Menu |||\n";</pre>
}
//method to merge to linked lists
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::mergefunc(linkedlist<T> l2)
{
  cout << "\n>>>Merging by Merge Function<<<\n";</pre>
  this->tail->next = I2.head;
  l2.head->prev = this->tail;
  this->tail = I2.tail;
  this->tail->next = this->head;
  this->head->prev = this->tail;
  this->count = this->count + I2.count;
}
//overloading + operator
template <class T>
linkedlist<T> linkedlist<T>::operator+(linkedlist<T> 12)
{
  cout << "\n>>>Merging by Operator Overloading<<<\n";</pre>
  this->tail->next = I2.head;
  l2.head->prev = this->tail;
  this->tail = I2.tail;
  this->tail->next = this->head;
  this->head->prev = this->tail;
  this->count = this->count + I2.count;
  return *this;
}
```

```
//method for the union of two linked lists
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::unionOfLI(linkedlist<T> I2)
{
  cout << "\n>>>Union Of Two Elements<<<\n";</pre>
  linkedlist<T> I1 = *this;
  linkedlist<T> I3;
  int arr[min(l1.count, l2.count)];
  int x = 0;
  node<T> *t1 = l1.head;
  node<T> *t2 = I2.head;
  do
  {
    t2 = 12.head;
    do
    {
      if (t1->data == t2->data)
      {
         arr[x] = t1->data;
         χ++;
      t2 = t2->next;
    } while (t2 != I2.head);
    t1 = t1->next;
  } while (t1 != l1.head);
```

```
cout << "\nCommon elements in both the linkedlists are: \n";</pre>
if (x == 0)
{
  cout << "\n!!! Nothing is common b/w two linked list !!!\n";</pre>
}
else
{
  for (int i = 0; i < x; i++)
  {
    cout << arr[i] << "\t";
  }
  cout << endl;
}
I3.count = I1.count;
node<T> *tmp0 = l1.head;
node<T> *copy = NULL;
//copying 1st linked list elements into 3rd one by one
for (int i = 0; i < l3.count; i++)
{
  if (i == 0)
  {
    I3.head = new node<T>(tmp0->data);
    I3.head->prev = I3.tail;
    copy = I3.head;
    I3.tail = I3.head;
    tmp0 = tmp0->next;
  }
  else
  {
```

```
node<T> *tmp = new node<T>(tmp0->data);
    tmp->prev = copy;
    copy->next = tmp;
    copy = tmp;
    l3.tail = tmp;
    tmp0 = tmp0->next;
  }
}
//copying elments of 2nd linked list which are not repeated into 3rd
node<T> *tmp1 = I3.tail;
node<T> *tmp2 = I2.head;
do
{
  int c = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < x; i++)
    if (tmp2->data == arr[i])
    {
      C++;
    }
  }
  if (c == 0)
  {
    node<T> *t = new node<T>(tmp2->data);
    t->prev = tmp1;
    tmp1->next = t;
    tmp1 = t;
  }
  tmp2 = tmp2->next;
```

```
} while (tmp2 != I2.head);
  l3.tail = tmp1;
  I3.tail->next = I3.head;
  I3.head->prev = I3.tail;
  l3.count = l1.count + l2.count - x;
  cout << "\n*** | Union of Two linked lists |***\n";</pre>
  13.printslinkedlist();
}
//method for the intersection of two linked list
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::intersection(linkedlist<T> I2)
{
  cout << "\n>>>Intersection Of Two Elements<<<\n";</pre>
  linkedlist<T> I1 = *this;
  int arr[min(l1.count, l2.count)];
  int x = 0;
  node<T> *t1 = l1.head;
  node<T> *t2 = I2.head;
  do
  {
    t2 = 12.head;
    do
       if (t1->data == t2->data)
```

```
{
       arr[x] = t1->data;
      χ++;
    }
    t2 = t2->next;
  } while (t2 != I2.head);
  t1 = t1->next;
} while (t1 != l1.head);
cout << "\nCommon elements in both the linkedlists are: \n";</pre>
if (x == 0)
{
  cout << "\n!!! Nothing is common b/w two linked list !!!\n";</pre>
  return;
}
else
{
  for (int i = 0; i < x; i++)
    cout << arr[i] << "\t";
  }
  cout << endl;
}
linkedlist<T> I3;
13.count = x;
node<T> *copy = NULL;
for (int i = 0; i < I3.count; i++)
```

```
{
    if (i == 0)
    {
      I3.head = new node<T>(arr[i]);
      I3.head->prev = I3.tail;
      copy = I3.head;
      I3.tail = I3.head;
    }
    else
    {
      node<T> *tmp = new node<T>(arr[i]);
      tmp->prev = copy;
      copy->next = tmp;
      copy = tmp;
      l3.tail = tmp;
    }
  }
  I3.head->prev = I3.tail;
  I3.tail->next = I3.head;
  cout << "\n*** | Interaction of Linked Lists | *** \n";
  I3.printslinkedlist();
//method to find the middle of the linked list
template < class T>
void linkedlist<T>::middleElem()
  cout << "\n>>>Finding the Middle element of the linked list<<<\n";</pre>
  node<T> *t1 = head;
```

{

```
node<T> *t2 = head;
  while (t2->next != head && t2->next->next != head)
  {
    t2 = t2->next->next;
    t1 = t1->next;
  }
  cout << "\n^{***}| Middle element of the Linked List is : " << t1->data << endl;
}
//main menu for all the functions of linked list
template <class T>
void linkedlist<T>::Menu()
{
  int ch;
  char selc;
  linkedlist<T> l1;
  l1.createlinkedlist();
  do
  {
    //option for the menu
    cout << "\n|><| Main Menu |><|\n";
    cout << "Choose any one of the option: \n";</pre>
    cout << "1. Insertion\n";</pre>
    cout << "2. Deletion\n";</pre>
    cout << "3. Searching\n";</pre>
    cout << "4. Display\n";
    cout << "5. Reverse\n";</pre>
```

```
cout << "6. Merge\n";
cout << "7. Union\n";
cout << "8. Intersection\n";</pre>
cout << "9. Find Middle Element\n";</pre>
cin >> ch;
switch (ch)
{
case 1:
{
  //calling insertion method to show insertion methods menu
  l1.insertion();
}
break;
case 2:
{
  //calling deletion method to show deletion menu
  l1.deletion();
}
break;
case 3:
{
  //calling returnNode method to return node if the element is found
  node<T> *s = I1.returnNode();
  if (s == NULL)
  {
    cout << "\n!!! Element not found !!!\n";</pre>
  }
  else
  {
```

```
cout << "\n|**| Data of Node: " << s->data << endl;
    cout << "\n|**| Address of Node: " << s << endl;
  }
}
break;
case 4:
{
  //calling display method to display the linked list
  l1.printslinkedlist();
}
break;
case 5:
{
  //calling reverselinkedlist method to reverse the linked list
  l1.reverselinkedlist();
  cout << "\n<><> After Reversing <><>\n";
  l1.printslinkedlist();
}
break;
case 6:
{
  //calling mergefunc method to show merge methods
  l1.mergeMenu(l1);
}
break;
case 7:
{
  //second linked list
  cout << "\n||| Please Enter the Second linked list |||\n";</pre>
  linkedlist<T> l2;
  l2.createlinkedlist();
```

```
//calling unionOfLI for the union of two linked lists
    l1.unionOfLl(l2);
  }
  break;
  case 8:
  {
    //second linked list
    cout << "\n||| Please Enter the Second linked list |||\n";</pre>
    linkedlist<T> I2;
    l2.createlinkedlist();
    //calling intersection for the intersection of two linked lists
    l1.intersection(l2);
  }
  break;
  case 9:
  {
    //calling middleElem methodto find the middle element of the linked list
    l1.middleElem();
  }
  break;
  default:
    cout << "\n!!!Invalid Input!!! Please Try Again\n";</pre>
  }
  cout << "\nDo you want to see the menu again.\nPress(Y/y) or press any other key: ";</pre>
  cin >> selc;
} while (selc == 'Y' | | selc == 'y');
cout << "\n||| Exited From Main Menu |||\n";</pre>
```

```
}
//prototype function for taking the type of linkedlist
void IIType();
//driver code for the program
int main()
{
  cout << "\n|***|Program Started|***|" << endl;</pre>
  //calling type function to take type of linked list user want to give
  IIType();
  cout << "\n|***|Program Ended|***|" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
//unction for taking the type of linkedlist
void IIType()
{
  int choice = 0;
  //options for the user to select the type of array he/she wants
  cout << "\nEnter the type of linked list you want to give\n";</pre>
  cout << "1. Integer Array\n";</pre>
  cout << "2. Char Array\n";</pre>
  cout << "3. Double Array\n";</pre>
  cin >> choice;
  switch (choice)
```

```
{
  case 1:
  {
    linkedlist<int> obj1;
    obj1.Menu();
  }
  break;
  case 2:
  {
    linkedlist<char> obj2;
    obj2.Menu();
  }
  break;
  case 3:
  {
    linkedlist<double> obj3;
    obj3.Menu();
  }
  break;
  default:
    cout << "\nPlease Enter a valid type.";</pre>
  }
}
// Output
// Time Complexities
// • Creation of Node - O(1)
```

```
// • insert_at_beg - O(1)
// • insert_at_end - O(1)
// • insert_at_pos - O(n)
// • delete_from_beg - O(1)
// • delete_from_end - O(1)
// • delete_from_pos - O(n)
// • delete_by_elem - O(n)
// • search - O(n)
// • display - O(n)
// • reverse - O(n)
// • merge - O(1)
// • union - O(ab)
// • middle element - O(n/2)
```

## **OUTPUT**



