

## PHASE 3

### **DEVELOPMENT PART 1:**

- Start building the IoT-enabled Environmental Monitoring in Parks system.
- Deploy IoT devices (e.g., temperature and humidity sensors) in various locations within public parks to measure environmental conditions.
- Develop a Python script on the IoT devices to send real-time environmental data to the monitoring platform.

### **PROGRAM :**

```
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
#include <DHT.h>
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27, 16, 2);
#define DHTPIN 2
#define DHTTYPE DHT22
#define light 8
DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
```

```
//Variables:
```

```
float H; //Humidity value
```

```
float T; //Temperature value
```

```
//Initialize LCD and DHT22 sensor:
```

```
void setup()
```

```
{
```

```
  lcd.init();
```

```
  lcd.backlight();
```

```
  dht.begin();
```

```
pinMode(light,OUTPUT);  
// Print some text in Serial Monitor  
Serial.begin(9600);  
Serial.println("DHT22 sensor with Arduino Uno R3!");  
}
```

```
void loop()  
{  
  delay(2000);  
  // Read data and store it to variables humidity and  
  temperature  
  H = dht.readHumidity();  
  T = dht.readTemperature();  
  // Print temp and humidity values to serial monitor  
  Serial.print("Humidity: ");  
  Serial.print(H);  
  Serial.println(" %; ");  
  Serial.print("Temperature: ");  
  Serial.print(T);  
  Serial.println(" Celsius.\n");  
  
  if (H >= 70.00 && T >= 30.00)  
  {  
    digitalWrite(light,HIGH);  
    lcd.println(" Too warm! ");  
    lcd.setCursor(0, 1);  
    lcd.println(" Cool down! ");  
    lcd.setCursor(0, 0);  
    delay(2000);  
    digitalWrite(light,LOW);  
  }  
}
```

```
else
{
  lcd.println("Temp & humi is");
  lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
  lcd.println("in normal limits");
  lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
}
if (H < 70.00 && T >= 30.00)
{
  lcd.println("Be ware! ");
  lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
  lcd.println("Temp. too high! ");
  lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
}
if (H >= 70.00 && T < 30.00)
{
  lcd.println("Be ware!" );
}
}
```

