Graphics for Qualitative Variables STAT 133

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Course web: gastonsanchez.com/teaching/stat133

Statistical Graphics

Univariate Statistical Graphics

Visualizing Variability by means of graphical displays

Univariate graphics by type of variable

Qualitative Variable

- Bar chart
- Dot chart
- Pie chart

Quantitative Variable

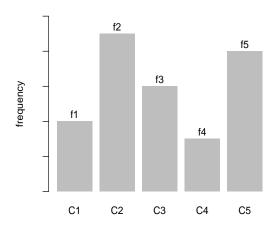
- All of qualitative
- Histogram
- Density curve
- Boxplot
- Ogive

Bar Charts

From Frequency Tables ...

Category	Absolute	Relative
	Frequency	Frequency
C_1	f_1	f_1/n
C_2	f_2	f_2/n
C_3	f_3	f_3/n
C_k	f_k	f_k/n
total	n	1

to Bar-charts



Bar-charts

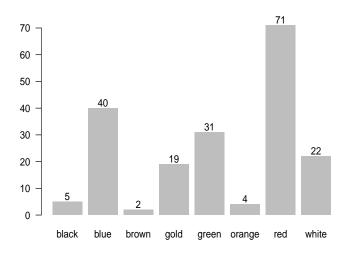
Elements of vertical bar-charts

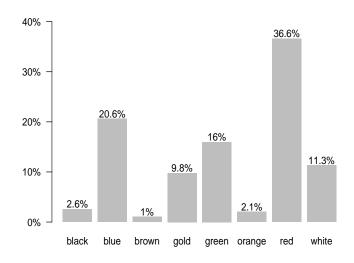
- categories on horizontal axis
- frequencies on vertical axis
- length of bar equal to frequency

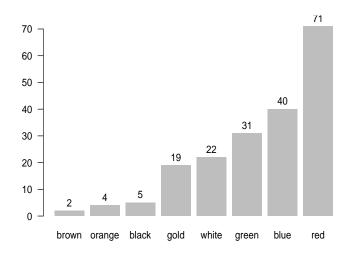
(Note that you can also make a horizontal bar-chart, in which case the axes play inverse roles)

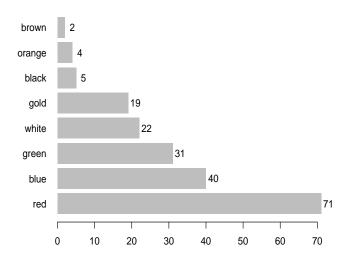


Bar-chart example





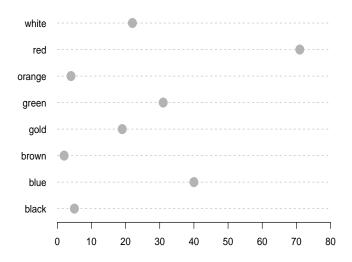




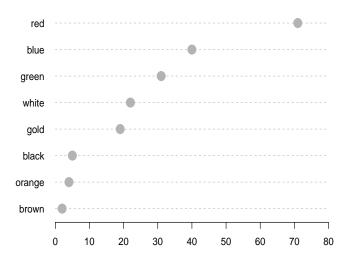
Dot charts

Dot charts

- ▶ Dot-charts are very similar to bar charts.
- Instead of using bars, dot-charts display frequencies with dots.
- ▶ They are simpler and cleaner than bar charts



Ranked Dot-charts



Ranked dot-chart patterns



all values roughly the same



differences from one value to the next vary significantly

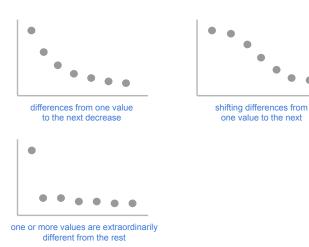


differences decrease by roughly the same amount



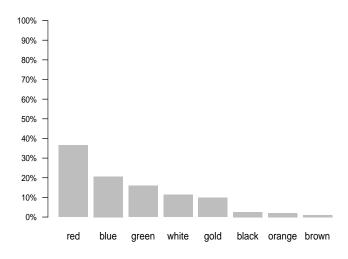
differences from one value to the next increase

Ranked dot-chart patterns

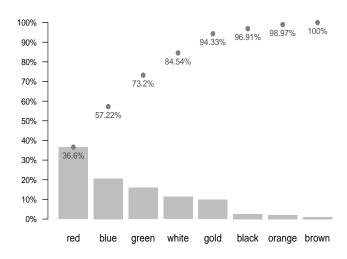


Pareto charts

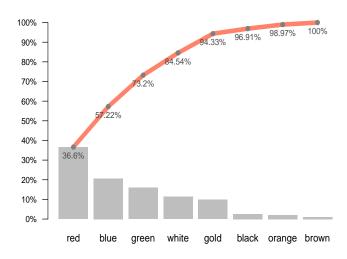
Bar-chart with Pareto Line



Bar-chart with Pareto Line

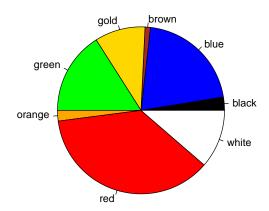


Bar-chart with Pareto Line

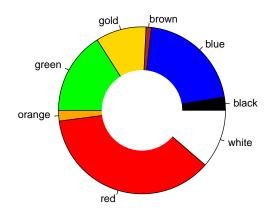


Pie charts

Pie Chart



Donut Chart



Pie charts disadvantages

- ▶ Pie charts force us to compare either 2-D areas formed by each slice or the angles formed
- Visual perception handles neitheir of these comparisons easily or accurately