

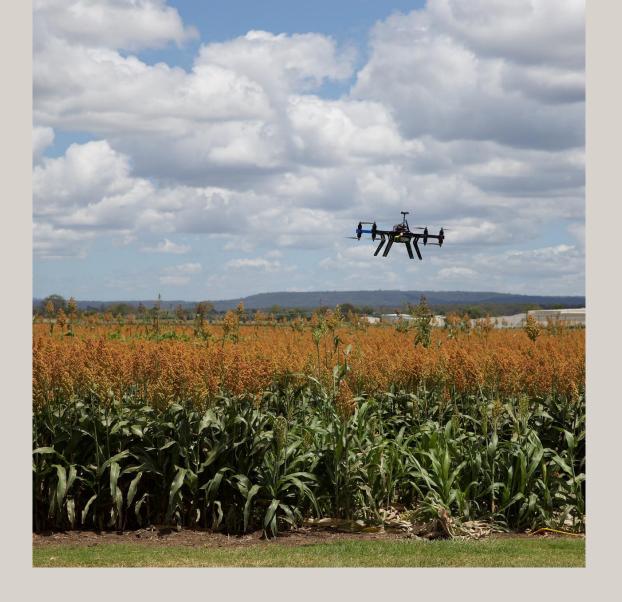
# Precision Farming Using Autonomous Vehicle

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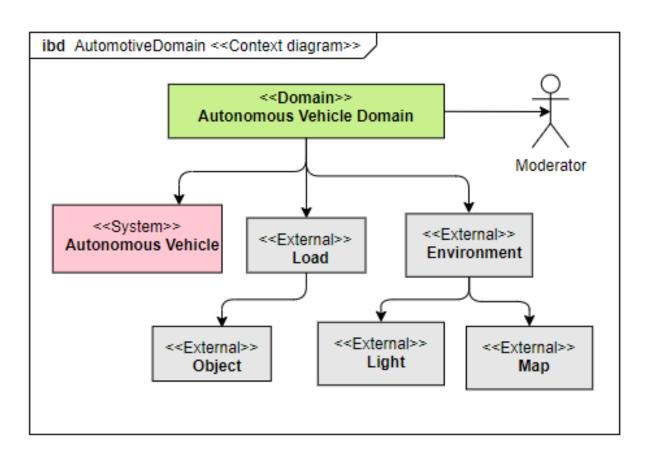




# The Software Modelling

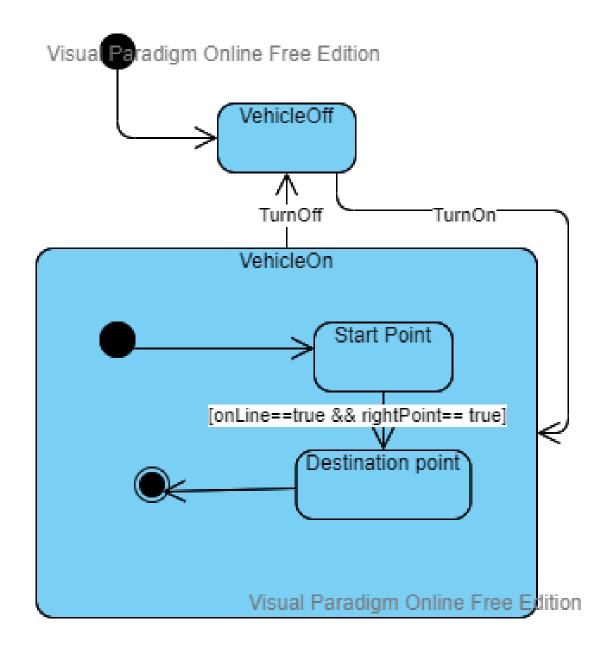


## Context Diagram



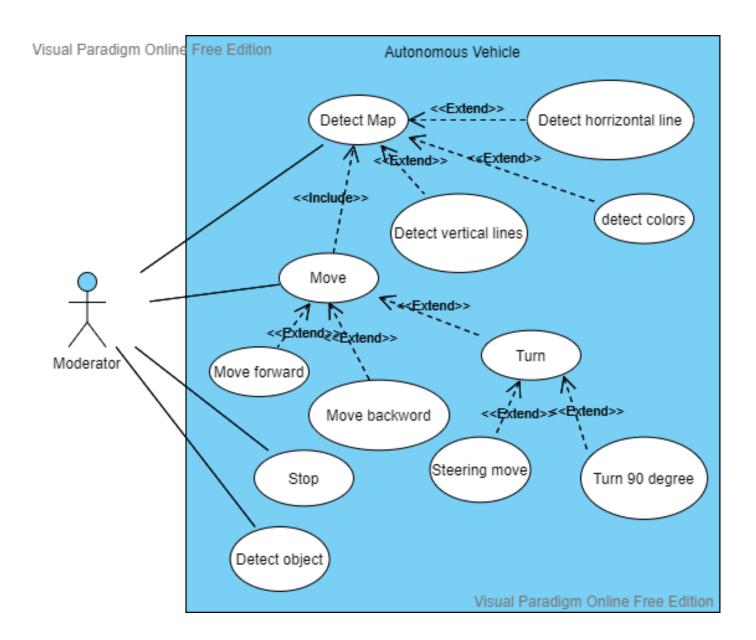


### State Machine Diagram



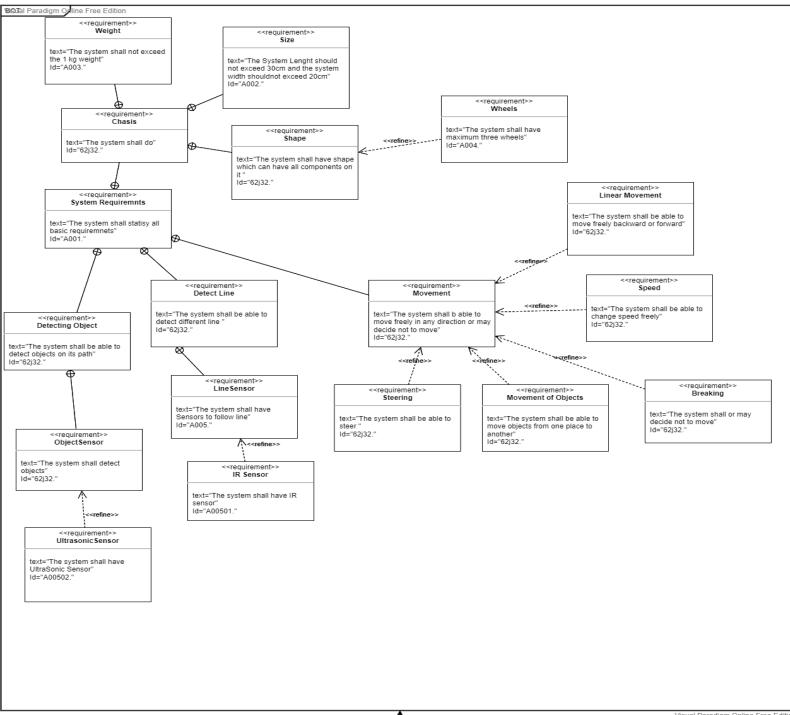


## Use Case Diagram





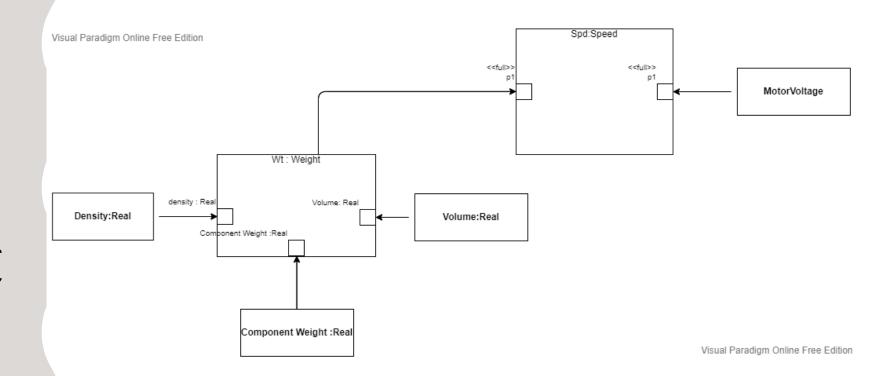
# Requirement Diagram



Visual Paradigm Online Free Edition

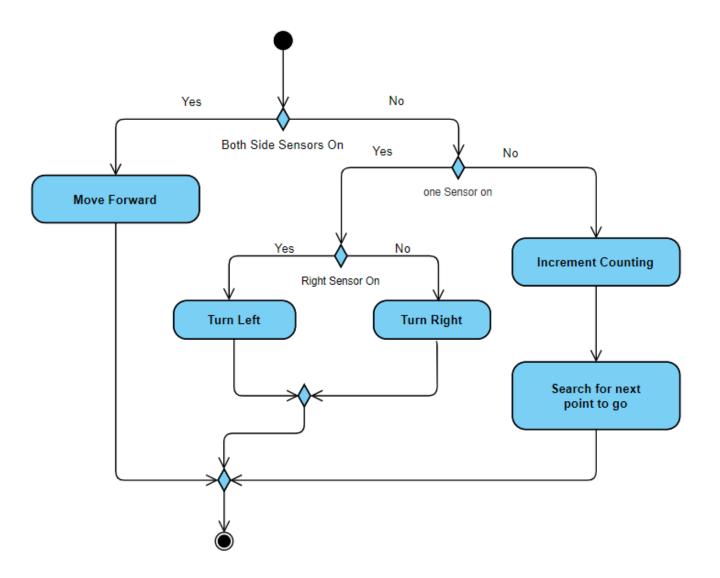


## Parametric Diagram



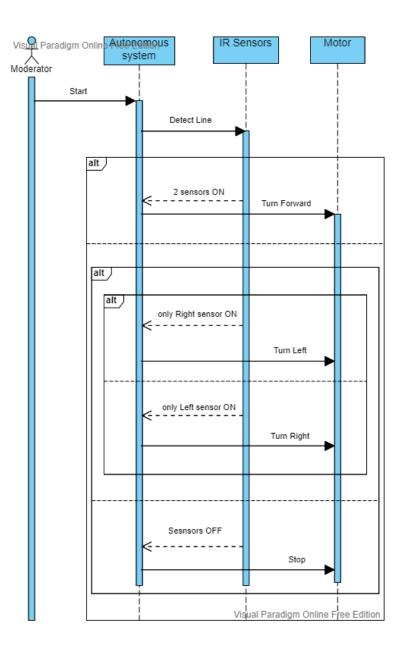


# Activity Diagram



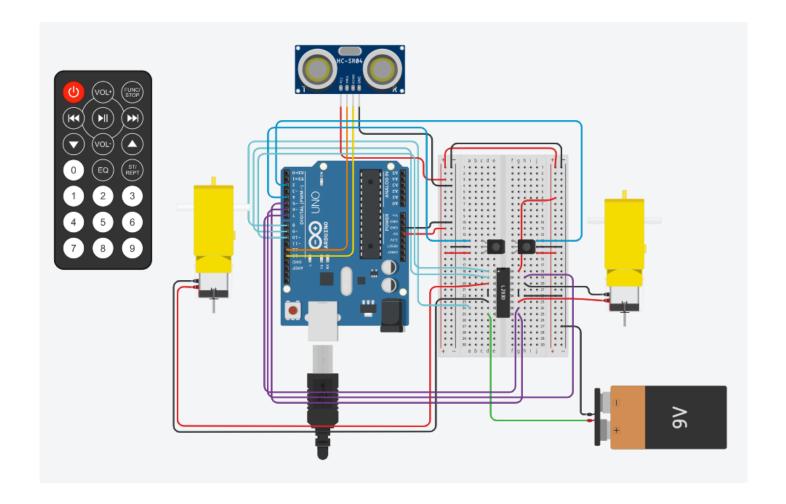


# Sequence Diagram





# TinkerCad simulation

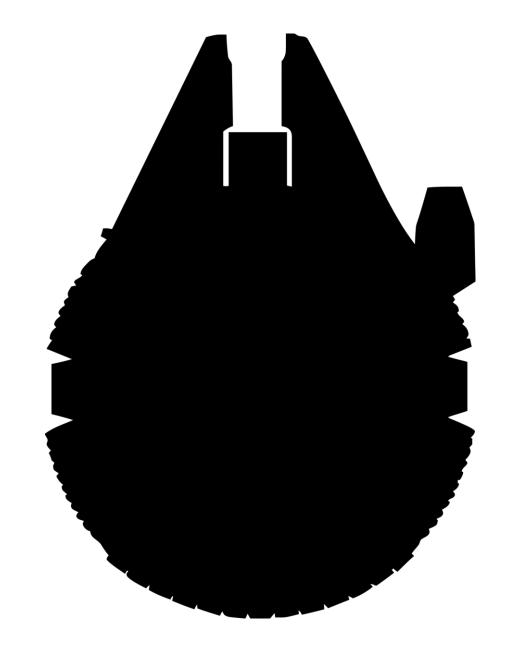




# The Hardware Modelling



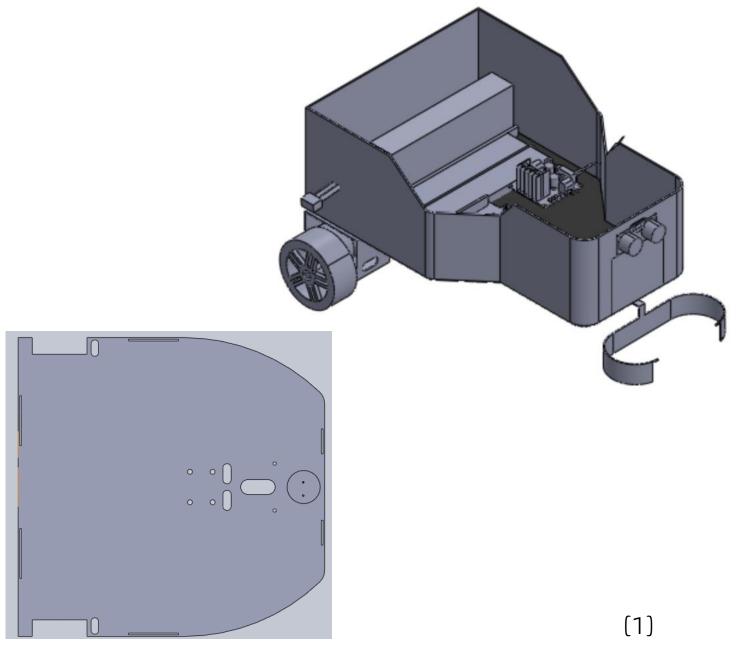
# Design Inspiration



(1)

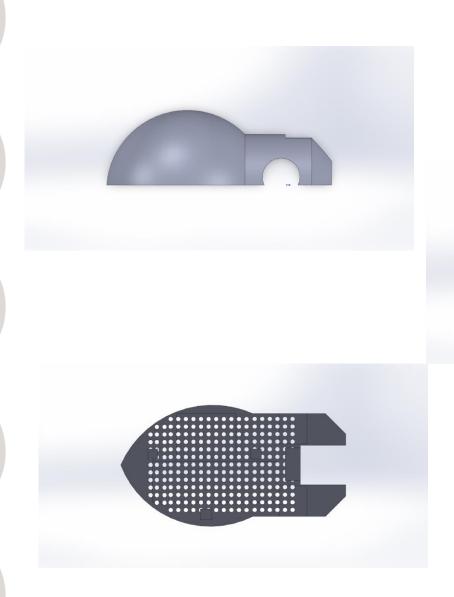


# Design1





# Design2

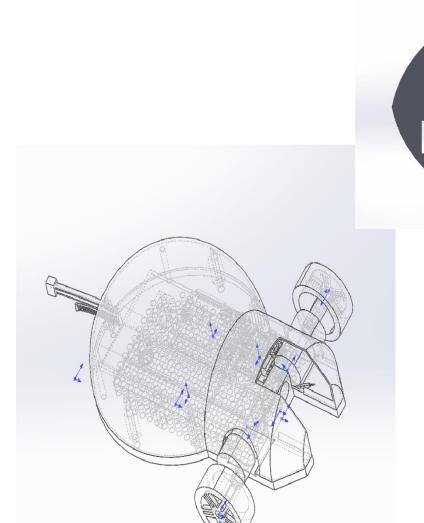




(1)



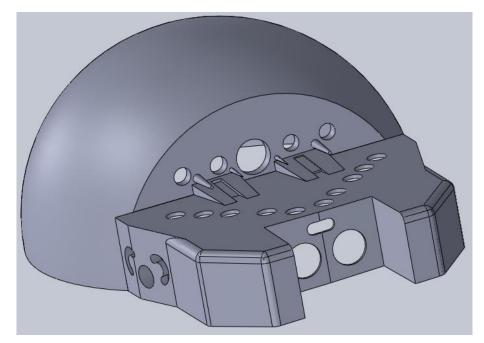
# Design2

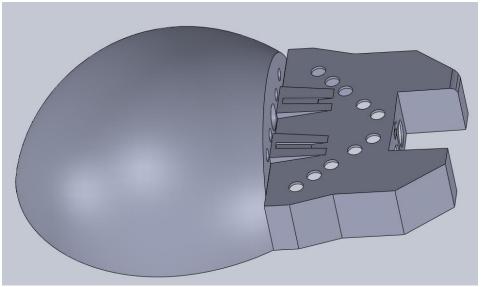


(1)



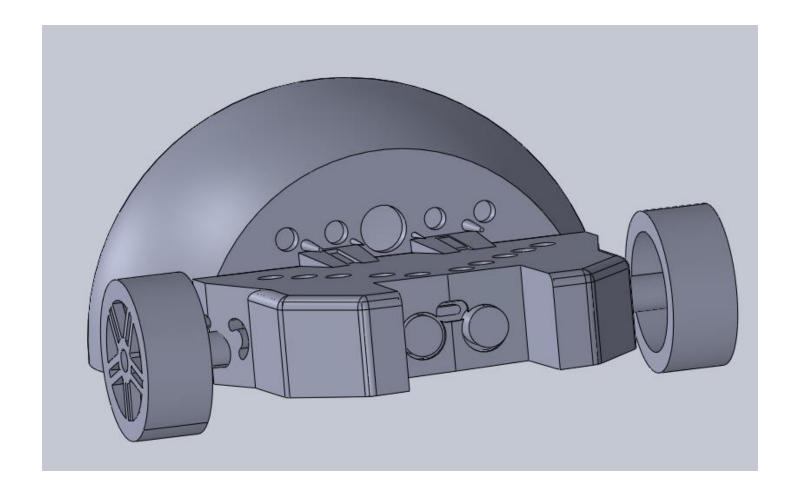
# Final Design







# Final Design





# Code Implementation



#### Motor Pins Configuration

```
// This is to rotate motor
void switchState()
    switch (state)
    case Stop:
        digitalWrite(motorA1, LOW);
        digitalWrite(motorB1, LOW);
        digitalWrite(motorA2, LOW);
        digitalWrite(motorB2, LOW);
        break;
    case Forward:
        digitalWrite(motorA1, HIGH);
        digitalWrite(motorB1, HIGH);
        digitalWrite(motorA2, LOW);
        digitalWrite(motorB2, LOW);
        break;
```

```
case Right:
    digitalWrite(motorA1, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(motorB1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(motorA2, LOW);
    digitalWrite(motorB2, HIGH);
    break;
case Left:
    digitalWrite(motorA1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(motorB1, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(motorA2, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(motorB2, LOW);
    break;
case Backward:
    digitalWrite(motorA1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(motorB1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(motorA2, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(motorB2, HIGH);
    break;
```



# Line Follower Logic

```
void onLine()
    if (digitalRead(ln1) == HIGH && digitalRead(ln2) == HIGH)
        change = true;
        state = Forward;
    if (digitalRead(ln1) == HIGH && digitalRead(ln2) == LOW)
        state = Left;
    if (digitalRead(ln1) == LOW && digitalRead(ln2) == HIGH)
        state = Right;
```

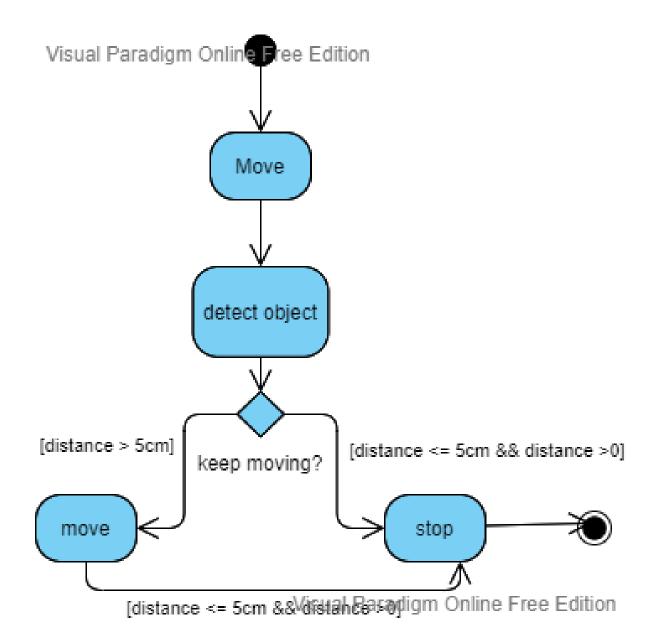


## Line Follower Logic

```
if (digitalRead(ln1) == LOW && digitalRead(ln2) == LOW)
    if (change == true)
       change = false;
       mapp(); // Here we are updating the position on map
    state = Stop;
    switchState();
   Movement();
switchState();
```



#### Object Detection



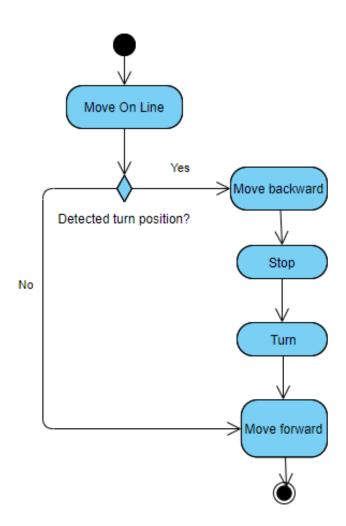


# Object Detection

```
#define sonicTrig 12
#define sonicEcho 11
volatile int duration, distance;
volatile bool objectDetected= false;
void setup() {
   pinMode(sonicTrig,OUTPUT);
   pinMode(sonicEcho, INPUT);
   Serial.begin (9600);
void loop() {
void ultraSonic()
  digitalWrite(sonicTrig, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(sonicTrig,LOW);
    duration = pulseIn(sonicEcho, HIGH);
    distance = duration*0.0343/2;
    Serial.print("The Distance: ");
    Serial.println(distance);
/* the distance should be positive because at some points
   the ultrasonic detects with negative numbers*/
    if (distance <=50 && distance >= 0)
        Serial.println ("Object detected");
        Serial.print ("Distance of the object from the car is " );
        Serial.print (distance);
        Serial.println ( " cm");// print out the distance in cm.
        objectDetected = true;}
      else{ objectDetected = false;}
```



#### 90° Turn





#### 90° Turn

```
case Backward:
//analogWrite(motorPowerA, 180);
//analogWrite(motorPowerB, 100);
digitalWrite(motorA1,LOW);
digitalWrite (motorB1, LOW);
digitalWrite (motorA2, HIGH);
digitalWrite (motorB2, HIGH);
break;
                               void rotateLeft()
                                     state = Backward;
                                     switchState();
                                     state = Stop;
                                     digitalWrite(motorA1,LOW);
                                     digitalWrite (motorB1, HIGH);
                                     digitalWrite(motorA2, HIGH);
                                     digitalWrite(motorB2,LOW);
                                     delay(500);
```

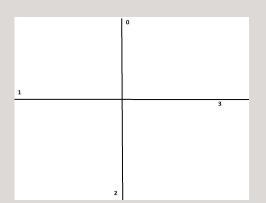


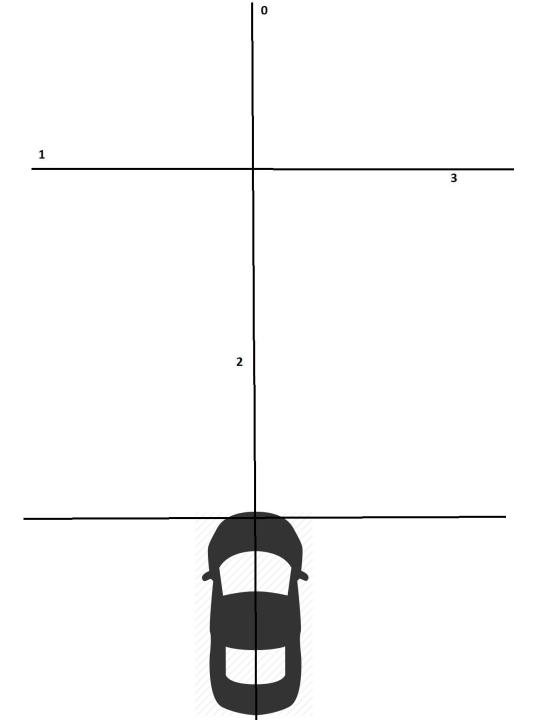
#### 90° Turn

```
void rotateRight()
     state = Backward;
     switchState();
     state = Stop;
     digitalWrite(motorA1, HIGH);
     digitalWrite(motorB1,LOW);
     digitalWrite(motorA2,LOW);
     digitalWrite(motorB2, HIGH);
     delay(500);
                if (digitalRead (ln1) == LOW && digitalRead(ln2) == LOW)
                  rotateRight();
                  state= Forward;
                  switchState();
```



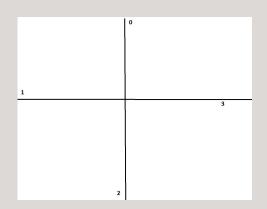
# Mapping

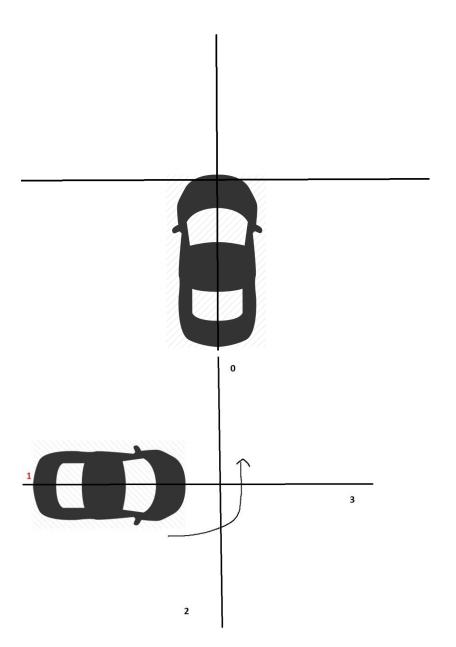






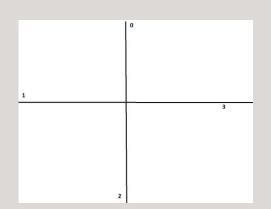
# Algorithm

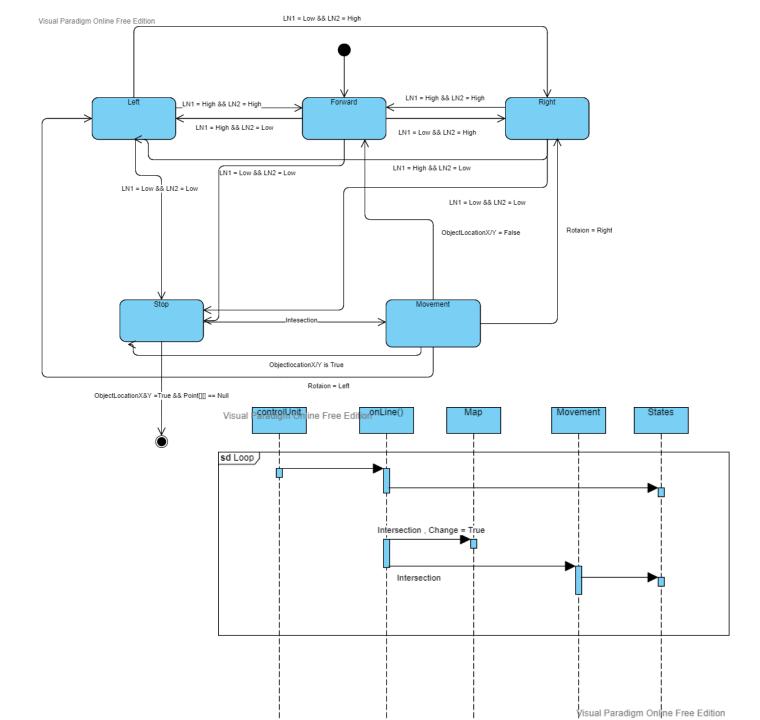






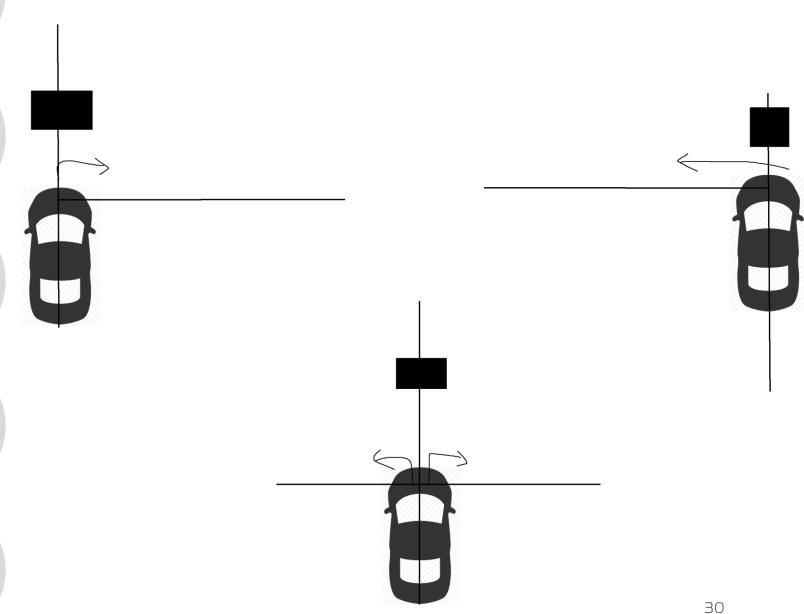
# Algorithm







#### Obstacle Avoidance





#### Color Detection

```
// This is to update the color variable and also to calibrate the readings
void getColor(){
   if ((redPW >= 114 && redPW <= 150) && (greenPW >= 324 && greenPW <= 350) && (bluePW >= 364 && bluePW <= 395))
       currentColor = 0;} // orange
    else if ((redPW >= 320 && redPW <= 340) && (greenPW >= 505 && greenPW <= 520) && (bluePW >= 235 && bluePW <= 355))
       currentColor = 3;} // purple
    else if ((redPW >= 174 && redPW <= 230) && (greenPW >= 190 && greenPW <= 210) && (bluePW >= 320 && bluePW <= 335))
        currentColor = 2;} // green
    else if ((redPW >= 232 && redPW <= 290) && (greenPW >= 170 && greenPW <= 190) && (bluePW >= 130 && bluePW <= 160))
       currentColor = 1;} // cyan
    else if ((redPW >= 90 && redPW <= 108) && (greenPW >= 95 && greenPW <= 115) && (bluePW >= 80 && bluePW <= 95))
       currentColor = 4;} // white
    else if (((redPW >= 900 && redPW <= 960) && (greenPW >= 1000 && greenPW <= 1065) && (bluePW >= 800 && bluePW <= 860))
    || ((redPW >= 622 && redPW <= 750) && (greenPW >= 710 && greenPW <= 810) && (bluePW >= 500 && bluePW <= 677)))
    { // if it detects gray or black will consider it black
       currentColor = 5;} // black
```



#### Color Detection

```
This is to get Green using filter s2 s3
int getGreenPW()
   digitalWrite(S2, HIGH);
                                           void loop()
   digitalWrite(S3, HIGH);
   int PW;
                                               Serial.println(currentColor);
   PW = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
   return PW;
// This is to get Blue using filter s2 s3
int getBluePW()
   digitalWrite(S2, LOW);
                                    // This is to get red using filter s2 s3
   digitalWrite(S3, HIGH);
                                    int getRedPW()
   int PW;
   PW = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
                                        digitalWrite(S2, LOW);
   return PW;
                                        digitalWrite(S3, LOW);
                                        int PW;
                                        PW = pulseIn(sensorOut, LOW);
                                        return PW;
                                    // This code is to get current color
                                    void colorCall()
                                        redPW = getRedPW();
                                        bluePW = getBluePW();
                                        greenPW = getGreenPW();
                                        getColor();
```



# Sources

1: pixabay.com



# THANKYOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION