Testing LabConnor Mathis

Initial Test Coverage:

Element A	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
Y to nl	3% (4/110)	1% (10/624)	1% (28/2274)
✓	3% (4/110)	1% (10/624)	1% (28/2274)

After Implementing isAlive() test:

Element A	Class, %	Method, %	Line, %
✓ 🖿 ni	16% (18/1	9% (60/624)	8% (190/230
✓ I tudelft	16% (18/1	9% (60/624)	8% (190/230

Final Test Coverage:



JaCoCo Report:

jpacman

Element \$	Missed Instructions	Cov. \$	Missed Branches +	Cov. \$	Missed +	Cxty \$	Missed \$	Lines	Missed +	Methods	Missed \$	Classes
nl.tudelft.jpacman.level		67%		58%	73	155	103	344	21	69	4	12
# nl.tudelft.jpacman.npc.ghost		71%		55%	56	105	43	181	5	34	0	8
nl.tudelft.jpacman.ui		77%		47%	54	86	21	144	7	31	0	6
default default default	=	0%	=	0%	12	12	21	21	5	5	1	1
nl.tudelft.jpacman.board		86%		58%	44	93	2	110	0	40	0	7
nl.tudelft.jpacman.sprite		88%		62%	29	70	10	113	5	38	0	5
nl.tudelft.jpacman		69%	=	25%	12	30	18	52	6	24	1	2
nl.tudelft.jpacman.points	I	60%	1	75%	1	11	5	21	0	9	0	2
nl.tudelft.jpacman.game	=	87%		60%	10	24	4	45	2	14	0	3
nl.tudelft.jpacman.npc	1	100%		n/a	0	4	0	8	0	4	0	1
Total	1,204 of 4,694	74%	290 of 637	54%	291	590	227	1,039	51	268	6	47

According to IntelliJ, line coverage went from 1% of lines to 37% after implementing all of the tests. There is a difference in coverage reported between IntelliJ and JaCoCo. JaCoCo shows a much higher instruction coverage than the line coverage of IntelliJ. I prefer JaCoCo's representation of uncovered branches because it makes it easy to see exactly what in the source code is not being tested. This makes it easier to write tests that cover all branches of a method.

Tests Implemented:

```
src/main/java/nl/pacman/level/LevelFactory.java createGhost() src/main/java/nl/pacman/game/Game.java start() src/main/java/nl/pacman/level/PlayerCollisions.java collide()
```

Code Snippets:

createGhost_test()

Tests that all four ghosts were created.

```
package nl.tudelft.jpacman.level;
import nl.tudelft.jpacman.npc.ghost.GhostFactory;
import nl.tudelft.jpacman.points.DefaultPointCalculator;
import nl.tudelft.jpacman.sprite.PacManSprites;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
import static org.assertj.core.api.Assertions.assertThat;
public class LevelFactoryTest {
    private PacManSprites sprites = new PacManSprites();
   private LevelFactory factory = new LevelFactory(sprites, new
GhostFactory(sprites), new DefaultPointCalculator());
    @Test
   public void createGhost test() {
        for (int i=0; i<4; i++) {
            assertThat(factory.createGhost()).isNotNull();
        }
}
```

start_test()

Tests that the game is in progress after start() is executed.

```
package nl.tudelft.jpacman.game;
import nl.tudelft.jpacman.Launcher;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
import static org.assertj.core.api.Assertions.assertThat;
public class GameTest {
    private Launcher launcher = new Launcher();
```

```
private Game game = launcher.makeGame();

@Test
public void start_test() {
    game.start();
    assertThat(game.isInProgress()).isEqualTo(true);
}
```

collide test()

Tests that the player is not alive after colliding with a ghost.

```
package nl.tudelft.jpacman.level;
import nl.tudelft.jpacman.npc.ghost.GhostFactory;
import nl.tudelft.jpacman.points.DefaultPointCalculator;
import nl.tudelft.jpacman.sprite.PacManSprites;
import org.junit.jupiter.api.Test;
import static org.assertj.core.api.Assertions.assertThat;
public class PlayerCollisionsTest {
   private PlayerFactory factory = new PlayerFactory(new
PacManSprites());
   private Player player = factory.createPacMan();
   private PacManSprites sprites = new PacManSprites();
   private GhostFactory gFactory = new GhostFactory(sprites);
   private PlayerCollisions collisions = new PlayerCollisions(new
DefaultPointCalculator());
    @Test
   public void collide test() {
        collisions.collide(player, gFactory.createBlinky());
        assertThat(player.isAlive()).isEqualTo(false);
}
```

Connor Mathis Repository Fork:

https://github.com/Syrodai/CS-472-Senior-Design-Project