

DT8248 MATH4853 Introduction to Partial Differential Equations Assignment 1

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Question 4

Assume that the function \$u(x,t)\$ is defined implicitly by:

u = t^3 + f(x - 4tu + 3t^4) (1)

where f is an unknown differentiable function.

(a) Use implicit differentiation to obtain expressions for u\_x, and u\_t in terms of x, t, and f.

(b) Prove that u satisfies a partial differential equation of the form:

(du/dt) + 4u(du/dx) = phi(t)

for some function phi(t) which you should determine.

(c) Use the method of characteristics to determine the general solution to this partial differential equation.

Part(a):

Simplify equation (1), using omega = x - 4tu + 3t^4:

u = t^3 + f(omega)
...
(3)

Part(b):

(du/dt) + 4u(du/dx) = phi(t)
...
3t^2 = phi(t)

Part (c):

(du/dt) + 4u(du/dx) = 3t^2

This leads to the following system of ODEs:

(dt/ds) = 1 (4)

(dx/ds) = 4u (5)

(du/ds) = 3t^2 (6)

ds = (dt/1) = (dx/4u) = (du/3t^2)

Taking equation (4) and (6) gives:

(dt/1) = (du/3t^2)
...
phi(x,t,u) = A = u - t^3 is a first integral (8)

Substitute (7) in (5) and then combine with (4) gives:

(dt/1) = (dx/(4t^3 + 4A))
...
psi(x,t,u) = B = x - 4tu + 3t^4 is a first integral (9)

Thus the general solution is:

u - t^3 = F(x - 4tu + 3t^4)

Check that first integrals (8) and (9) are functionally independent first integrals (fifi):

Check that nabla phi x nabla psi neq 0:

nabla phi = -3t^2j + k
...
nabla phi x nabla psi = i(12t^3 - 12t^3 + 4u) + j + 3t^2k

So nabla phi x nabla psi neq 0, So our first integrals are fifi.