Inference

COGS 108 Spring 2025

Jason Chen

Week 7

xic007@ucsd.edu

OH: Thu 3-5 pm

Discussion slides and materials adapted from Ruby Ying & previous quarter

Due dates

- Project CheckPoint #1 Due Wednesday, 05/14 @ 11:59 PM
 - Understand the feedback received in the project proposal.
 - Use TA/Professor OH to discuss on the feedback and next steps.
- D6 is due Friday, 05/17 @ 11:59 PM

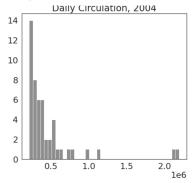
D6: INFERENTIAL ANALYSIS

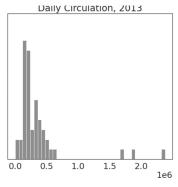
Get rid of the commas in the numbers for Daily Circulation:

df['Series'].str.replace(str).astype(float)

#Look at daily circulation distribution in 2004 and in 2013

Plot using sns.histplot(). Parameters used for plot below: bins=40.

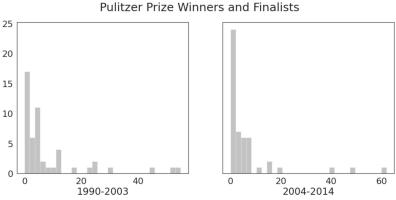






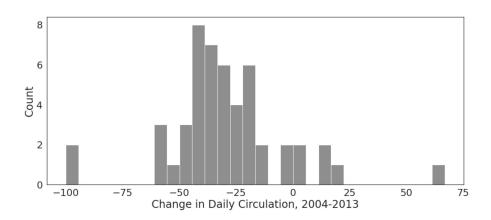
Let's look at the distribution of Pulitzer prize winners for the same time period.

```
Plot using sns.histplot()
Parameters used for plot below: bins=30.
fig, (ax1, ax2) = plt.subplots(ncols=2, sharey=True)
sns.histplot(....)
ax1.set_title(...)
sns.histplot(....)
ax2.set_title(...)
```



Plot the distribution of "change" in daily circulation:

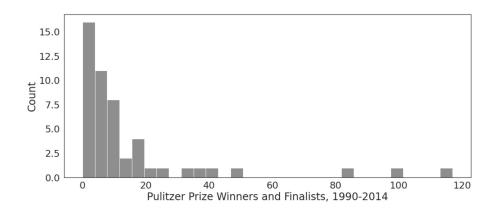
Plot using sns.histplot(), parameters used for plot below: kde=False, bins=30, color="dimgrey"





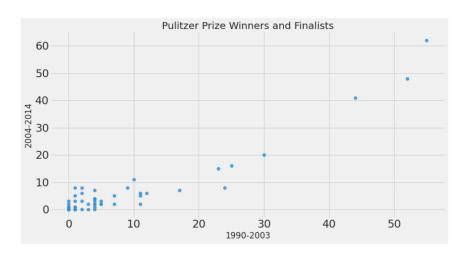
Look at pulitzer prize winner distributions:

Plot using sns.histplot()





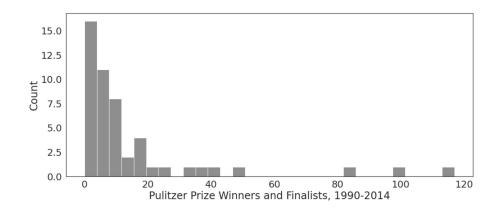
plot relationship between pulitzer prize winners/finalists in each time period and look at number of pulitzers between two time periods Plot using sns.lmplot(x = 'Series1', y = 'Series2',data = DataframeName, fit_reg = False, height = 6, aspect=2)





In the cell below look at pulitzer prize winner distributions

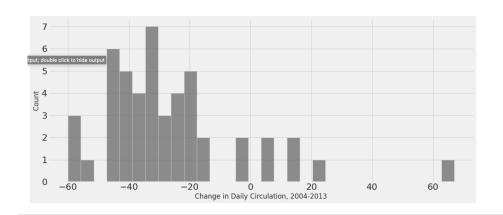
Plot using sns.histplot()





#Who has won the most pulitzers during the years we're looking at?
Use sort_values() to look at the top values
Parameter: ascending = False

#Plot the distribution of daily change in circulation after outlier removal



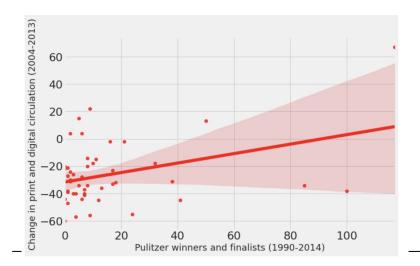


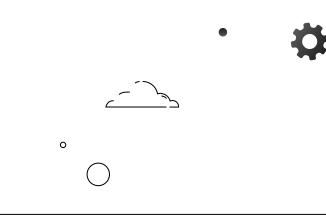




#Relationship between the total number of Pulitzers and change in readership (daily circulation)

Use sns.Implot(x = 'Series1', y = 'Series2', data = dataFrameName, fit_reg = True, height = 6, aspect = 1.7, line_kws={'color': 'red'}, scatter_kws={'color': 'red'})

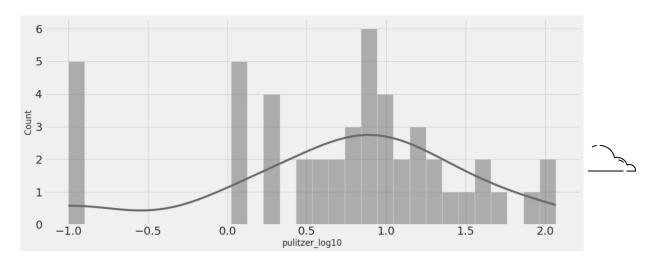




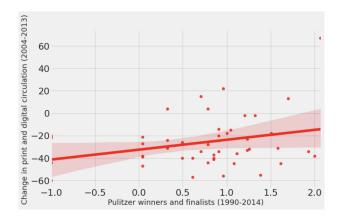
#Apply a log10-transformation the Pulitzer count data, with an offset of 0.1

Use pulitzer['pulitzer_log10'] = np.log10 (Series +0.1)

#In the next cell, visualize the distribution of the log10 column Use sns.histplot()



#plot the relationship between our two variables of interest Use sns.lmplot()





#Carry out linear regression; Now use statsmodels to initialize an OLS linear model This step initializes the model, and provides the data (but does not actually compute the model); fit the model; and Check out the results.

```
df = pulitzer[['Change in Daily Circulation, 2004-2013',
               'pulitzer log10']]
df.columns = ['circulation', 'pulitzer log10']
df.head()
outcome, predictors = patsy.dmatrices('circulation ~ pulitzer log10', df)
# Now use statsmodels to initialize an OLS linear model
# This step initializes the model, and provides the data (but does not actually compute the model)
mod log = sm.OLS(outcome, predictors)
# fit the model
res log = mod log.fit()
# Check out the results
                                                                            0
print(res log.summary())
```

```
#Carry out linear regression => (A modern way) Fit the model; and Check out the results.
```

We can use statsmodels.formula.api to run this linear regression without patsy

Go back up to the first cell and 'import statsmodels.formula.api as smf'

This step initializes the model, and provides the data (but does not actually compute the model) mod log = smf.ols(formula='circulation ~ pulitzer log10', data=df)



fit the model
res_log = mod_log.fit()

Check out the results
print(res log.summary())



Section Materials

https://github.com/JasonC1217/COGS 108 B03-B04 Sp25/tree/master

or:

https://tinyurl.com/4d8wx3ne



THANKS!

Questions on EdStem or office hours

Office hours: Thu, 3-5 PM

Someone literally bought a domain to do this



You spelled it wrong.