## MIC-1 Fibonacci

The approach I took to solving the Fibonacci MIC-1 program was to first write the program in C, so I could better understand the task and have something to translate into MIC-1 assembly. I wrote the C version (which can be found on GitHub) to use the following formula: Fn = Fn-1 + Fn-2. I made a Fibonacci function which accepts an integer and returns the Fibonacci number for that number. After writing the C version I wrote several versions of the MIC-1 assembly. It took a while to figure out MIC-1 and I used the class website as well as Prof. Moloney's examples on his site. In particular Prof. Moloney's adder.asm program was helpful for testing out the MIC-1 executables (masm / mic1) and for modifying it to see how MIC-1 assembly works. I built the masm / mic1 binaries by git cloning the mic1 repository.

At the moment I'm not aware of any problems with the MIC-1 program itself. It pushes the first 25 Fibonacci numbers to the stack, and from my testing I can enter the debugger at location 999 and see the first Fibonacci number, 0, and I can then print out the next 24 Fibonacci numbers (1 1 2 3 5 etc). Technically I calculate the Fibonacci numbers in versus order since I start at 25 and work my way down to zero. I don't believe that is a problem though since when you enter the debugger it starts at the first Fibonacci number, since that one was the last number pushed to the stack. I did have some issues with the Makefile and trying to get the test.out to match the program's actual output. It seems that when redirecting input using the "<" operator whatever was inputed is not outputted to the screen, and as a result it doesn't get redirected to the file actual.out (using the ">" operator). I had to modify what I thought the program would output to match what it actuall outputs when running the following command:

```
./mic1 prom.dat fib.obj 0 1024 < test.in > actual.out || true
```

I learned a fair amount of MIC-1 assembly. I feel pretty confident with assembly again, after having taken the assembly class roughly a year ago. I had some experience with MIPS as well so it was pretty nice to pick up on the MIC-1 instructions quickly.

I feel since the program outputs the first 25 Fibonacci numbers to the stack, and that I use a recursive function to calculate out each Fibonacci number that I deserve a .87 for this work.