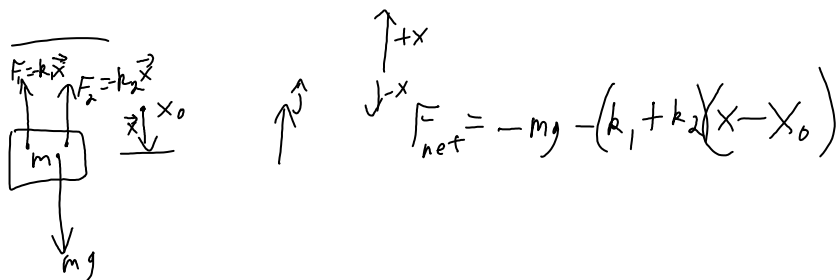


PSet 3 - Problem 31

Wednesday, September 30, 2009

2:07 PM

a)



$$m\ddot{x} = -mg - (k_1 + k_2)(x - x_0)$$

$$\ddot{x} = -g - \frac{k_1 + k_2}{m}(x - x_0)$$

$$0 = -g + \frac{k_1 + k_2}{m} x_0$$

$$x_0 = \frac{gm}{k_1 + k_2}$$

$$\ddot{x} = -g - \frac{k_1 + k_2}{m} x + g$$

$$\ddot{x} = -\frac{k_1 + k_2}{m} x$$

$$x = A \cos(\omega t) + B \sin(\omega t)$$

$$\text{so } \omega = \sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{m}}$$

$$x(t) = B \sin\left(\sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{m}} t\right)$$

$$\dot{x}(0) = v_0 = B \cos\left(\sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{m}} t\right) \sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{m}} = B \sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{m}}$$

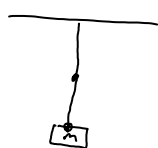
$$x(t) = v_0 \sqrt{\frac{m}{k_1 + k_2}} \sin\left(\sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{m}} t\right)$$

$$x\left(\frac{T}{2}\right) = x(0) = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{T}{2} \sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{m}} = \pi$$

$$\Rightarrow T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{m}{k_1 + k_2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{k_1 + k_2}{m}}$$

b)



$$F_s = -kx$$

$$F_1 = -k_1 x_1 = F_2 = -k_2 x_2$$

$$x_1 + x_2 = \frac{F}{k_1} + \frac{F}{k_2}$$



$$x_1 + x_2 = \frac{F}{k_1} + \frac{F}{k_2}$$

$$= F / \frac{1}{\frac{1}{k_1} + \frac{1}{k_2}}$$

$$k = \frac{k_1 + k_2}{k_1 k_2}$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{(k_1 + k_2)/(k_1 k_2)}{m}}$$

$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{m}{(k_1 + k_2)/(k_1 k_2)}}$$