

$$\begin{aligned}
 \vec{F}_{\text{ind}} &= \frac{I_{\text{ind}}}{c} \vec{w} \times \vec{B} = \\
 &= \frac{I_{\text{ind}}}{c} w (-\hat{x}) \times (-\hat{y}) = \\
 &= \frac{I_{\text{ind}}}{c} w B \hat{z} = -\frac{1}{Rc^2} B^2 w^2 v(t) \hat{z}
 \end{aligned}$$

• When $v(t) = v_{\text{terminal}}$, $\vec{a} = 0$.

Therefore

$$0 = \vec{F} = -\frac{1}{Rc^2} B^2 w^2 v_{\text{terminal}} - mg$$

$$v_{\text{terminal}} = -\frac{mg Rc^2}{B^2 w^2} < 0$$