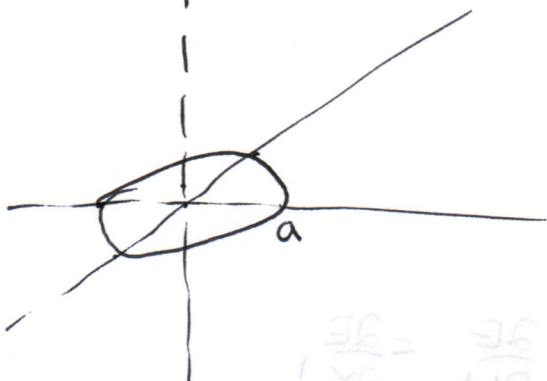


9



$$B_x = 0$$

$$B_y = 0$$

$$B_z = B_0 \cos(\omega t - kx)$$

$$a \ll \lambda$$

$$a) \quad \Phi_B = \int_S \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{a} \approx B_0 \cos(\omega t - kx) \pi a^2$$

$$b) \quad \mathcal{E}R = - \frac{d\Phi_B}{dt} - L \frac{dI}{dt}$$

$$- B_0 \omega \sin(\omega t - kx) \pi a^2 = - \mathcal{E}R - L \frac{dI}{dt}$$

$$I(t) = I_0 \sin(\omega t - \phi)$$

$$\rightarrow \tilde{I} = I_0 e^{i\omega t} e^{-i\phi}$$

$$V(t) = \frac{B_0 \omega \pi a^2}{V_0} \sin(\omega t - kx)$$

$$= \sin(\omega t - kx) \approx V_0 \sin(\omega t) \rightarrow \tilde{V} = V_0 e^{i\omega t}$$

$$V_0 \sin(\omega t) = \mathcal{E}R + L \frac{dI}{dt}$$

Complex

$$\tilde{V} = \tilde{I} (R + i\omega L) \quad I_0 = \frac{V_0}{|Z_{tot}|} = \frac{V_0}{\sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}}$$

$$V_0 e^{i\omega t} = I_0 e^{i\omega t} \frac{R + i\omega L}{|Z_{tot}|} e^{-i\phi}$$

$$\downarrow \delta = \phi = \tan^{-1} \frac{\omega L}{R} \rightarrow I = \frac{B_0 \omega \pi a^2}{\sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}} \sin(\omega t - \phi)$$

$$c) \quad \vec{B}_{center} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int \frac{I d\vec{l} \times (\vec{r} - \vec{r}')}{|\vec{r} - \vec{r}'|^3} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} I \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{a d\theta \hat{\theta} (-a\hat{r})}{a^3} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2a} \hat{z} \sin \omega t$$